0.1 Member State	IT
0.2.1 Species code	4027
0.2.2 Species name	Arytrura musculus
0.2.3 Alternative species scientific name	N/A
0.2.4 Common name	N/A

1. National Level

1.1 Maps

1.1.1 Distribution Map
Yes
1.1.1a Sensitive species
No
1.1.2 Method used - map
Estimate based on expert opinion with no or minimal sampling (1)
2007-2012
1.1.4 Additional map
No
1.1.5 Range map
Yes

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published sources

Continental (CON)

The present species assessment (fields 0.1-2.9) has been compiled by Fabio Stoch (on behalf of the Comitato Scientifico per la Fauna d'Italia) and Anna Alonzi, Piero Genovesi, Francesca Ronchi (ISPRA). Information, unpublished data and expert judgements have been provided by Alberto Zilli (Rome).

Huemer P., Morandini C., 2005. Wetlands habitats in Friuli Venezia Giulia: relict areas of biodiversity for Lepidoptera. Gortania, 27: 137-226. Bertaccini E., Fiumi G., Parenzan P., Zilli A., 2008. Lepidotteri Eteroceri d'Italia. Noctuidae 1. Calpinae-Catocalinae. Natura Edizioni Scientifiche, Bologna, 287 pp.

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)
2.3.2 Method - Range surface area
2.3.3 Short-term trend period
2.3.4 Short-term trend direction
2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude
2.3.6 Long-term trend period
2.3.7 Long-term trend direction
2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude
2.3.9 Favourable reference range

200

Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

2001-2012 stable (0)

min max

N/A

min max
area (km²) 1000
operator N/A
unkown No

method Expert opinion based on the area including all relict

wetlands in Friuli plain

2.3.10 Reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate dataUse of different method

2.4 Population

2.4.1 Population size Unit N/A

(individuals or agreed exception) min max

08/04/2014 11.10.26 Page 1 of 4

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- ,				
2.4.2 Population size	Unit n	umber of lo	ocalities	es (localities)	
(other than individuals)	min 2		max	2	
2.4.3 Additional information	Definition of	of locality	Site	e where a population was observed	
	Conversion method				
	Problems		it is	is impossible to convert grids into individuals	
2.4.4 Year or period	2005-2012				
2.4.5 Method – population size	pulation size Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelli		ata with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)		
2.4.6 Short-term trend period	2001-2012				
2.4.7 Short term trend direction	unknown	(x)			
2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude	min		max	confidence interval	
2.4.9 Short-term trend method	Estimate b	ased on ex	pert opi	pinion with no or minimal sampling (1)	
2.4.10 Long-term trend period					
2.4.11 Long term trend direction	N/A				
2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude	min		max	confidence interval	
2.4.13 Long-term trend method	N/A				
2.4.14 Favourable reference	number				
population	operator	N/A			
	unknown	Yes			
	method	Expert o	pinion	1	
2.4.15 Reason for change					
2.5 Habitat for the Species					
2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²)					

2.5 Habitat for the Species	
2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²)	
2.5.2 Year or period	
2.5.3 Method used - habitat	Absent data (0)
2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat	Moderate
2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method	Expert opinion based on data from Friuli Venezia giulia region
2.5.5 Short term trend period	2001-2012
2.5.6 Short term trend direction	decrease (-)
2.5.7 Long-term trend period	
2.5.8 Long term trend direction	N/A
2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²)	
2.5.10 Reason for change	Genuine

ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
high importance (H)	N/A
medium importance (M)	N/A
high importance (H)	N/A
high importance (H)	N/A
medium importance (M)	N/A
	high importance (H) medium importance (M) high importance (H) high importance (H) medium importance (M) medium importance (M) medium importance (M)

08/04/2014 11.10.26 Page 2 of 4

Outdoor sports and leisure activities, recreational activities (G01)	low importance (L)	N/A
intensive maintenance of public parks /cleaning of beaches (G05.05)	low importance (L)	N/A
large scale water deviation (J02.03.01)	low importance (L)	N/A
modifying structures of inland water courses (J02.05.02)	low importance (L)	N/A
anthropogenic reduction of habitat connectivity (J03.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
droughts and less precipitations (M01.02)	medium importance (M)	N/A

2.6.1 Method used – pressures based only on expert judgements (1)

2.7 Main Threats

Threat	ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
use of biocides, hormones and chemicals (A07)	high importance (H)	N/A
use of biocides, hormones and chemicals (forestry) (B04)	high importance (H)	N/A
anthropogenic reduction of habitat connectivity (J03.02)	high importance (H)	N/A

2.7.1 Method used – threats expert opinion (1)

2.8 Complementary Information

2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

2.8.2 Other relevant Information

Species discovered only recently in Friuli Venezia Giulia region, where relict population are present in a fragmented habitat distributed in the planitial area along a set of resurgences

2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment

2.9 Conclusions (assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period)

2.9.1 Range

assessment Bad (U2)
qualifiers stable (=)

2.9.2. Population

assessment Inadequate (U1)
qualifiers unknown (x)

2.9.3. Habitat

assessment Bad (U2)
qualifiers declining (-)
assessment Bad (U2)
qualifiers improving (+)

2.9.5 Overall assessment of

Bad (U2)

2.9.5 Overall assessment of Bad (Conservation Status

2.9.5 Overall trend in

Conservation Status

declining (-)

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population

3.1.1 Population Size Unit N/A

min max

3.1.2 Method used Absent data (0)

3.1.3 Trend of population size within N/A

08/04/2014 11.10.26 Page 3 of 4

3.2 Conversation Measures				
3.2.1 Measure	3.2.2 Type	3.2.3 Ranking	3.2.4 Location	3.2.5 Broad Evaluation
No measure known/ impossible to carry out specific measures (1.3)		()		

08/04/2014 11.10.26 Page 4 of 4