Report on the main results of the surveillance under article 11 for annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

0.1 Member State	IT
0.2.1 Species code	1059
0.2.2 Species name	Maculinea teleius
0.2.3 Alternative species scientific name	Phengaris teleius
0.2.4 Common name	N/A

1. National Level

1.1 Maps

1.1.1 Distribution Map Yes 1.1.1a Sensitive species No 1.1.2 Method used - map Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2) 1.1.3 Year or period 2007-2012 1.1.4 Additional map No 1.1.5 Range map Yes

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published sources

Continental (CON)

The present species assessment (fields 0.1-2.9) has been compiled by Fabio Stoch (on behalf ot the Comitato Scientifico per la Fauna d'Italia) and Anna Alonzi, Piero Genovesi, Francesca Ronchi (ISPRA). Information, unpublished data and expert judgements have been provided by Emilio Balletto and Simona Bonelli (Torino).

Nowicki P., Bonelli S., Barbero F., Balletto E., (2009). Relative importance of density-dependent regulation and environmental stochasticity for butterfly population dynamics. Oecologia, 161: 227-239.

Nowicki P., Bonelli S., Barbero F., Balletto E., 2005. Population dynamics in the genus Maculinea revisited: comparative study of sympatric M. alcon and M. teleius. J. Settele, E. Kühn, J. Thomas (eds) / Pensoft, 2: 136-139, ISBN:

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²) 2.3.2 Method - Range surface area 2.3.3 Short-term trend period 2.3.4 Short-term trend direction 2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude 2.3.6 Long-term trend period 2.3.7 Long-term trend direction 2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude 2.3.9 Favourable reference range

6100

Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

2001-2012 stable (0)

min max

N/A

Unit

min max

area (km²)

operator approximately equal to (\approx)

unkown No

method **Expert opinion**

2.3.10 Reason for change

Improved knowledge/more accurate dataUse of different method

2.4 Population

2.4.1 Population size (individuals or agreed exception)

N/A

min max

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(IIIuiviuuais oi agreeu exceptioii)	min		max			
2.4.2 Population size	Unit number of map 10x10 km grid cells (grids10x10)					
(other than individuals)		15	max	15	,	
2.4.3 Additional information	Definition	of locality	,			
	Conversion method not available					
	Problems		it is	it is impossible to convert grids into individuals		
2.4.4 Year or period 2.4.5 Method – population size		based on p			me extrapolation and/or modelling (2)	
2.4.6 Short-term trend period	2001-201					
2.4.7 Short term trend direction2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude	stable (0)		pa = 1.		confidence interval	
2.4.9 Short-term trend method 2.4.10 Long-term trend period	min max confidence interval Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)					
2.4.11 Long term trend direction	N/A					
2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude	min		max		confidence interval	
2.4.13 Long-term trend method 2.4.14 Favourable reference	N/A number					
population	operator	approx	kimately e	gual to (≈	·)	
	unknown No				,	
	method	Expert	opinion			
2.4.15 Reason for change						
2.5 Habitat for the Species						
2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²)						
2.5.2 Year or period						
2.5.3 Method used - habitat	Absent data (0)					
2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat	Moderate					
2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method	Expert of					
2.5.5 Short term trend period 2.5.6 Short term trend direction	2001-201 decrease					
2.5.7 Long-term trend period	ueciease	(3)				
2.3.7 Long-term trend period						

2.6 Main Pressures

2.5.10 Reason for change

2.5.8 Long term trend direction

2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²)

abandonment / lack of mowing (A03.03) high importance (H) intensive grazing (A04.01) medium importance (M)	N/A
intensive grazing (A04.01) medium importance (M)	NI/A
	N/A
Urbanised areas, human habitation (E01) medium importance (M)	N/A
modification of cultivation practices (A02) medium importance (M)	N/A
droughts and less precipitations (M01.02) low importance (L)	N/A

2.6.1 Method used – pressures mainly based on expert judgement and other data (2)

N/A

2.7 Main Threats

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Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method

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ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
high importance (H)	N/A
medium importance (M)	N/A
	high importance (H) medium importance (M) medium importance (M) medium importance (M)

2.7.1 Method used – threats

expert opinion (1)

2.8 Complementary Information

2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

2.8.2 Other relevant Information

2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment

2.9 Conclusions (assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period)

2.9.1 Range assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A
2.9.2. Population assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

2.9.3. Habitat assessment Inadequate (U1)

qualifiers N/A

2.9.4. Future prospects assessment Bad (U2)

qualifiers N/A

Bad (U2)

2.9.5 Overall assessment of

Conservation Status

2.9.5 Overall trend in declining (-)

Conservation Status

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population

3.1.1 Population Size Unit N/A

min max

3.1.2 Method used Absent data (0)

3.1.3 Trend of population size within N/A

3.2 Conversation Measures

3.2.1 Measure 3.2.2 Type 3.2.3 Ranking 3.2.4 Location 3.2.5 Broad Evaluation

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No measure known/ impossible to carry out

specific measures (1.3)

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Notes

Species name: Maculinea teleius (1059) Region code: CON								
Field label	Note	User						
2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)	The area of the range (2.3.1) has been calculated also summing up the grid cells of species' presence in the adjacent biogeographical region of marginal presence. Only cells entirely overlapped to the marginal area have been summed up, in order to avoid an overestimation of the overall species' range.	ISPRA_ AUNA						

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