0.1 Member State	Π
0.2.1 Species code	1279
0.2.2 Species name	Elaphe quatuorlineata
0.2.3 Alternative species scientific name	N/A
0.2.4 Common name	Cervone

1. National Level

1.1 Maps

1.1.1 Distribution Map
Yes
1.1.1a Sensitive species
No
Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
1.1.3 Year or period
2000-2012
No
1.1.4 Additional map
Yes

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published sources

Mediterranean (MED)

Marconi M., 2006. Elaphe quatuorlineata (Lacepede, 1789). In: Atlante degli Anfibi e dei Rettili d'Italia / Atlas of Italians Amphibians and Reptiles. Sindaco R., Doria G., Razzetti E. & Bernini F. (Eds), p. 536-539. Societas Herpetologica Italica. Edizioni Polistampa, Firenze.

Distribution data for the following Nature 2000 sites have been inserted by the Ministry of Environment (source: Italian Nature 2000 database): IT9310041

Capula M., Filippi E., 2011. Elaphe quatuorlineata (Lacepede, 1789). In: Fauna d'Italia, vol. XLV, Reptilia. A cura di Corti C., Capula M., Luiselli L., Razzetti E., Sindaco R., p. 489-493. Edizioni Calderini de Il Sole 24 ORE, Bologna.

Rondinini, C., Battistoni, A., Peronace, V., Teofili, C. (compilatori). 2013. Lista Rossa IUCN dei Vertebrati Italiani. Comitato Italiano IUCN e Ministero dell'Ambiente, del Territorio e del Mare, Roma.

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)
2.3.2 Method - Range surface area
2.3.3 Short-term trend period
2.3.4 Short-term trend direction
2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude
2.3.6 Long-term trend period
2.3.7 Long-term trend direction
2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude
2.3.9 Favourable reference range

91900

Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)

2001-2012 stable (0)

min max

N/A

min max

area (km²)

operator approximately equal to (≈)

unkown No

method Expert judgement

2.3.10 Reason for change Use of different method

2.4 Population

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2.4.1 Population size Unit N/A (individuals or agreed exception) min max 2.4.2 Population size Unit number of map 10x10 km grid cells (grids10x10) (other than individuals) 496 496 min 2.4.3 Additional information **Definition of locality** Conversion method **Problems** 2000-2012 2.4.4 Year or period 2.4.5 Method – population size Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3) 2.4.6 Short-term trend period 2001-2012 2.4.7 Short term trend direction stable (0) 2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude confidence interval min max 2.4.9 Short-term trend method Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2) 2.4.10 Long-term trend period 2.4.11 Long term trend direction N/A 2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude confidence interval min max 2.4.13 Long-term trend method N/A number 2.4.14 Favourable reference population operator approximately equal to (≈) unknown method Expert judgement 2.4.15 Reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate data 2.5 Habitat for the Species 2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²) 2.5.2 Year or period 2000-2012 2.5.3 Method used - habitat Absent data (0) 2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat Good 2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method Agricultural intensification, decrease of rifuges and fire affect habitat of this species. 2.5.5 Short term trend period 2001-2012

2.5.7 Long-term trend period 2.5.8 Long term trend direction N/A

use of biocides, hormones and chemicals (A07)

2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²)

2.5.6 Short term trend direction

2.5.10 Reason for change

2.6 Main Pressures

stable (0)

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

Pressure ranking pollution qualifier(s) anthropogenic reduction of habitat connectivity (J03.02) N/A medium importance (M) burning down (J01.01) N/A medium importance (M) Roads, paths and railroads (D01) high importance (H) N/A forestry clearance (B02.02) low importance (L) N/A removal of hedges and copses or scrub (A10.01) low importance (L) N/A

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low importance (L)

N/A

removal of stone walls and embankments (A10.02)		low importance (L)	N/A
agricultural intensification (A02.01)		low importance (L)	N/A
2.6.1 Method used – pressures	mainly based on exp	pert judgement and other data	(2)
2.7 Main Threats			
Threat		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
anthropogenic reduction of habitat co	nnectivity (J03.02)	medium importance (M)	N/A
burning down (J01.01)		medium importance (M)	N/A
Roads, paths and railroads (D01)		medium importance (M)	N/A
forestry clearance (B02.02)		low importance (L)	N/A
removal of stone walls and embankments (A10.02)		low importance (L)	N/A
use of biocides, hormones and chemicals (A07)		low importance (L)	N/A
removal of hedges and copses or scrub	o (A10.01)	low importance (L)	N/A
agricultural intensification (A02.01)		medium importance (M)	N/A
2.7.1 Method used – threats	expert opinion (1)		
2.8 Complementary Information			
2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for			

2.9 Conclusions (assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2.9.1 Range	assessment Favourable (FV) qualifiers N/A
2.9.2. Population	assessment Favourable (FV) qualifiers N/A
2.9.3. Habitat	assessment Favourable (FV) qualifiers N/A
2.9.4. Future prospects	assessment Favourable (FV) qualifiers N/A
2.9.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status	Favourable (FV)
2.9.5 Overall trend in Conservation Status	N/A

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population

3.1.1 Population Size	Unit N/A	
	min	max
3.1.2 Method used	Absent data (0)	
3.1.3 Trend of population size within	N/A	

3.2 Conversation Measures

2.8.2 Other relevant Information2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment

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3.2.1 Measure	3.2.2 Type	3.2.3 Ranking	3.2.4 Location	3.2.5 Broad Evaluation
Other agriculture-related measures (2.0)	Recurrent	high importance (H)	Both	Unknown
Adapt forest management (3.2)	Administrative	medium importance (M)	Both	Maintain Long term
Specific single species or species group management measures (7.4)	One-off t	medium importance (M)	Inside	Enhance

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published sources

Continental (CON)

Marconi M., 2006. Elaphe quatuorlineata (Lacepede, 1789). In: Atlante degli Anfibi e dei Rettili d'Italia / Atlas of Italians Amphibians and Reptiles. Sindaco R., Doria G., Razzetti E. & Bernini F. (Eds), p. 536-539. Societas Herpetologica Italica. Edizioni Polistampa, Firenze.

Distribution data for the following Nature 2000 sites have been inserted by the Ministry of Environment (source: Italian Nature 2000 database): IT5210015

Capula M., Filippi E., 2011. Elaphe quatuorlineata (Lacepede, 1789). In: Fauna d'Italia, vol. XLV, Reptilia. A cura di Corti C., Capula M., Luiselli L., Razzetti E., Sindaco R., p. 489-493. Edizioni Calderini de Il Sole 24 ORE, Bologna.

Rondinini, C., Battistoni, A., Peronace, V., Teofili, C. (compilatori). 2013. Lista Rossa IUCN dei Vertebrati Italiani. Comitato Italiano IUCN e Ministero dell'Ambiente, del Territorio e del Mare, Roma.

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)2.3.2 Method - Range surface area

2.3.3 Short-term trend period

2.3.4 Short-term trend direction2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude

2.3.6 Long-term trend period

2.3.7 Long-term trend direction

2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude

2.3.9 Favourable reference range

10600

Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)

2001-2012 stable (0)

min max

N/A

min max

area (km²)

operator approximately equal to (≈)

unkown No

method Expert judgement

Use of different method

2.4 Population

2.4.1 Population size

2.3.10 Reason for change

(individuals or agreed exception)

2.4.2 Population size (other than individuals)

2.4.3 Additional information

Unit N/A

min max

Unit number of map 10x10 km grid cells (grids10x10)

min 48 max 48

Definition of locality
Conversion method

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,	,			
	Problems			
2.4.4 Year or period	2000-2012			
2.4.5 Method – population size	Complete survey/Co	mplete survey or a statis	stically robust estimate (3)	
2.4.6 Short-term trend period	2001-2012			
2.4.7 Short term trend direction	stable (0)			
2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude	min	max	confidence interval	
2.4.9 Short-term trend method2.4.10 Long-term trend period	Estimate based on p	artial data with some ex	trapolation and/or modelling (2)	
2.4.11 Long term trend direction	N/A			
2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude	min	max	confidence interval	
2.4.13 Long-term trend method	N/A	max	communication interval	
2.4.14 Favourable reference	number			
population	operator approx	imately equal to (≈)		
	unknown No			
	method Expert	judgement		
2.4.15 Reason for change	Improved knowledg	e/more accurate data		
2.5 Habitat for the Species				
2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²)				
2.5.2 Year or period	2000-2012			
2.5.3 Method used - habitat	Absent data (0)			
2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat	Good			
2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method	_	Incorrect management of forests causes a decrease of suitable habitats.		
2.5.5 Short term trend period	2001-2012			
2.5.6 Short term trend direction	stable (0)			
2.5.7 Long-term trend period2.5.8 Long term trend direction	N/A			
2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²)	NA			
2.5.10 Reason for change	Improved knowledg	e/more accurate data		
	,	•		
2.6 Main Pressures				
Pressure		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)	
Forest and Plantation management &	use (B02)	medium importance (M) N/A	
2.6.1 Method used – pressures	mainly based on exp	pert judgement and othe	er data (2)	
2.7 Main Threats				
Threat		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)	
No threats or pressures (X)		()	N/A	
2.7.1 Method used – threats	expert opinion (1)			
2.8 Complementary Information				
2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends				
2.8.2 Other relevant Information				
2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment				
2.9 Conclusions (assessment of cor	nservation status at e	end of reporting perio	d)	

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assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

2.9.1 Range

2.9.2. Population

assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

2.9.3. Habitat

assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

2.9.4. Future prospects

assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

Favourable (FV)

2.9.5 Overall assessment of

Conservation Status

2.9.5 Overall trend in

Conservation Status

N/A

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population

3.1.1 Population Size

Unit N/A

min

max

3.1.2 Method used

Absent data (0)

3.1.3 Trend of population size within

N/A

3.2 Conversation Measures

3.2.1 Measure

3.2.2 Type

3.2.3 Ranking

3.2.4 Location

3.2.5 Broad Evaluation

Other forestry-related measures (3.0)

Administrative

medium importance (M) Inside

No effect

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published sources

Alpine (ALP)

Marconi M., 2006. Elaphe quatuorlineata (Lacepede, 1789). In: Atlante degli Anfibi e dei Rettili d'Italia / Atlas of Italians Amphibians and Reptiles. Sindaco R., Doria G., Razzetti E. & Bernini F. (Eds), p. 536-539. Societas Herpetologica Italica. Edizioni Polistampa, Firenze.

Capula M., Filippi E., 2011. Elaphe quatuorlineata (Lacepede, 1789). In: Fauna d'Italia, vol. XLV, Reptilia. A cura di Corti C., Capula M., Luiselli L., Razzetti E., Sindaco R., p. 489-493. Edizioni Calderini de Il Sole 24 ORE, Bologna.

Rondinini, C., Battistoni, A., Peronace, V., Teofili, C. (compilatori). 2013. Lista Rossa IUCN dei Vertebrati Italiani. Comitato Italiano IUCN e Ministero dell'Ambiente, del Territorio e del Mare, Roma.

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)

4800

2.3.2 Method - Range surface area

2.3.4 Short-term trend direction

2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude

2.3.6 Long-term trend period

2.3.3 Short-term trend period

2.3.7 Long-term trend direction

2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude

Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)

2001-2012

stable (0)

min max

1989-2012

stable (0)

min max

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2.3.9 Favourable reference range area (km²) operator approximately equal to (≈) unkown No method Expert judgement 2.3.10 Reason for change Use of different method 2.4 Population 2.4.1 Population size Unit N/A (individuals or agreed exception) min max 2.4.2 Population size Unit number of map 10x10 km grid cells (grids10x10) (other than individuals) 22 max 22 min 2.4.3 Additional information **Definition of locality** Conversion method **Problems** 2.4.4 Year or period 2000-2012 2.4.5 Method – population size Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3) 2.4.6 Short-term trend period 2001-2012 2.4.7 Short term trend direction stable (0) 2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude min max confidence interval 2.4.9 Short-term trend method Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2) 2.4.10 Long-term trend period 2.4.11 Long term trend direction N/A 2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude confidence interval min max 2.4.13 Long-term trend method N/A 2.4.14 Favourable reference number population operator approximately equal to (≈) unknown Nο method Expert judgement 2.4.15 Reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate data 2.5 Habitat for the Species 2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²) 2000-2012 2.5.2 Year or period 2.5.3 Method used - habitat Absent data (0) 2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat 2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method Incorrect management of forests causes a decrease of suitable habitats. 2.5.5 Short term trend period 2001-2012 2.5.6 Short term trend direction stable (0) 2.5.7 Long-term trend period N/A 2.5.8 Long term trend direction 2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²) 2.5.10 Reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate data 2.6 Main Pressures

Pressure ranking pollution qualifier(s)

Forest and Plantation management & use (B02) medium importance (M) N/A

2.6.1 Method used – pressures mainly based on expert judgement and other data (2)

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2.7 Main Threats			
Threat		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
Forest and Plantation management & use (B02)		medium importance (M)	N/A
2.7.1 Method used – threats	expert opinion (1)		
2.8 Complementary Information			
2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends			
2.8.2 Other relevant Information			
2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment			
2.9 Conclusions (assessment of cor	nservation status a	t end of reporting period)	
2.9.1 Range	assessment Favor qualifiers N/A	urable (FV)	
2.9.2. Population	assessment Favor qualifiers N/A	urable (FV)	
2.9.3. Habitat	assessment Favor qualifiers N/A	urable (FV)	
2.9.4. Future prospects	assessment Favor qualifiers N/A	urable (FV)	
2.9.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status	Favourable (FV)		
2.9.5 Overall trend in Conservation Status	N/A		
3. Natura 2000 coverage a	ınd conservati	on measures - Annex I	I species
			•
3.1 Population			
3.1.1 Population Size	Unit N/A min	max	
3.1.2 Method used	Absent data (0)		

3.2.3 Ranking

()

3.2.4 Location

3.2.5 Broad Evaluation

3.1.3 Trend of population size within

3.2 Conversation Measures

3.2.1 Measure

No measure known/ impossible to carry out specific measures (1.3) N/A

3.2.2 Type

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