0.1 Member State	ΙΤ
0.2.1 Species code	4124
0.2.2 Species name	Alosa agone
0.2.3 Alternative species scientific name	Alosa fallax lacustris
0.2.4 Common name	agone

1. National Level

1.1 Maps

1.1.1 Distribution Map Yes 1.1.1a Sensitive species No 1.1.2 Method used - map Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2) 1.1.3 Year or period 2001-2012 1.1.4 Additional map No 1.1.5 Range map Yes

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published sources

Mediterranean (MED)

The present species assessment (fields 0.1-2.9) has been compiled by Alessandra Ippoliti, Andrea Sibilia (Associazione Italiana Ittiologi Acque dolci - AIIAD) and Anna Alonzi, Piero Genovesi, Francesca Ronchi (Institute for Environmental Protection and Research - ISPRA). Information, unpublished data and experts' judgments have been provided by Francesco Nonnis Marzano, Massimo Lorenzoni, Giuseppe Maio, Massimo Pascale, Armando Piccinini, Elisabetta Pizzul, Cesare M. Puzzi, Lorenzo Tancioni, Paolo Turin (AIIAD).

Cottiglia, 1968. in Carta Ittica di I livello dei principali bacini idrografici della Provincia di Cagliari - Bioprogramm scrl;

Provincia di Cagliari, 2007. Carta Ittica di I livello dei principali bacini idrografici della Provincia di Cagliari - Bioprogramm scrl - (volumi 1 e 2). Provincia di Cagliari. Regione Autonoma della Sardegna - Assessorato Difesa Ambiente , 2012 -"Servizio di monitoraggio dello stato di conservazione degli habitat e delle specie di importanza comunitaria presenti nei siti della Rete Natura 2000 in Sardegna. Zerunian S., 2004. Pesci delle acque interne d'Italia. Quad Cons. Natura, 20, Min. Ambiente - Ist. Naz. Fauna Selvatica.

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²) 2.3.2 Method - Range surface area 2.3.3 Short-term trend period 2.3.4 Short-term trend direction 2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude 2.3.6 Long-term trend period 2.3.7 Long-term trend direction 2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude 2.3.9 Favourable reference range

400

Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

2001-2012 stable (0)

min max

1989-2012 stable (0)

min max

area (km²)

operator approximately equal to (≈)

unkown No

method **Expert opinion**

2.3.10 Reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate dataUse of different method

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2.4 Population						
2.4.1 Population size	Unit	N/A				
(individuals or agreed exception)	min	,	max			
2.4.2 Population size	Unit	number of	map 10x	10 km grid cells	s (grids10	x10)
(other than individuals)	min	3	max	3	.0	,
2.4.3 Additional information	Definition	n of locality	,			
		on method		available		
	Problems				convert o	grids into individuals
2.4.4 Veer or period	2001-201		11.51	iot possible to	CONVENT	grids lifto ilidividuals
2.4.4 Year or period2.4.5 Method – population size			nartial dat	a with some ex	xtranolati	on and/or modelling (2)
2.4.6 Short-term trend period	2001-201		Jai tiai dat	a with some co	ktrapolati	on ana/or modeling (2)
2.4.7 Short term trend direction	stable (0)					
2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude	min		max		confider	nce interval
2.4.9 Short-term trend method	Estimate	based on p	oartial dat	a with some ex	xtrapolati	on and/or modelling (2)
2.4.10 Long-term trend period	1989-201					
2.4.11 Long term trend direction	stable (0))				
2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude	min	hl	max			nce interval
2.4.13 Long-term trend method 2.4.14 Favourable reference	number	based on p	oartiai dat	a with some ex	xtrapolati	on and/or modelling (2)
population	approx	imately e	qual to (≈)			
	operator unknowi		amatery c	quai to ()		
	method	Expert	opinion			
2.4.15 Reason for change	Improved	d knowledg	e/more a	ccurate data U	se of diffe	erent method
2.5 Habitat for the Species						
2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²)						
2.5.2 Year or period						
2.5.3 Method used - habitat	Absent d	lata (0)				
2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat	Good					
2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method	Expert o					
2.5.6 Short term trend period 2.5.6 Short term trend direction	2001-20 stable (0					
2.5.7 Long-term trend direction	1989-20	-				
2.5.8 Long term trend direction	stable (0					
2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²)	1111010 (0	,				
2.5.10 Reason for change	Improve	d knowledg	ge/more a	ccurate data L	Jse of diff	erent method
2.6 Main Pressures						
Pressure			rankin	3		pollution qualifier(s)
TTC55dTC						
pollution to surface waters by industria	al plants (Ho	01.01)		nportance (H)		N/A

Professional passive fishing (F02.01)

invasive non-native species (I01)

2.6.1 Method used – pressures

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mainly based on expert judgement and other data (2)

low importance (L)

low importance (L)

N/A

N/A

2.7 Main Threats			
Threat pollution to surface waters by industrial plants (H01.01)		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
		high importance (H)	N/A
predation (K03.04)		medium importance (M)	N/A
Professional passive fishing (F02.01)		low importance (L)	N/A
invasive non-native species (I01)		low importance (L)	N/A
2.7.1 Method used – threats	expert opinion (1)		
2.8 Complementary Information			
2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends			
2.8.2 Other relevant Information	The species has be	en introduced in the volcanic lal	kes of Lazio Region.
2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment			
2.9 Conclusions (assessment of con	servation status at	end of reporting period)	
2.9.1 Range	assessment Favou qualifiers N/A	rable (FV)	
2.9.2. Population	assessment Favou qualifiers N/A	rable (FV)	
2.9.3. Habitat	assessment Favou qualifiers N/A	rable (FV)	
2.9.4. Future prospects	assessment Favou qualifiers N/A	rable (FV)	
2.9.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status	Favourable (FV)		
2.9.5 Overall trend in	N/A		

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population 3.1.1 Population Size Unit N/A min max 3.1.2 Method used Absent data (0) 3.1.3 Trend of population size within N/A 3.2 Conversation Measures 3.2.1 Measure 3.2.2 Type 3.2.3 Ranking 3.2.4 Location 3.2.5 Broad Evaluation Measures needed, but not () implemented (1.2)

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region2.2 Published sources

Conservation Status

Continental (CON)

The present species assessment (fields 0.1-2.9) has been compiled by Alessandra Ippoliti, Andrea Sibilia (Associazione Italiana Ittiologi Acque dolci - AIIAD) and Anna Alonzi, Piero Genovesi, Francesca Ronchi (Institute for Environmental

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Protection and Research - ISPRA). Information, unpublished data and experts' judgments have been provided by Francesco Nonnis Marzano, Massimo Lorenzoni, Giuseppe Maio, Massimo Pascale, Armando Piccinini, Elisabetta Pizzul, Cesare M. Puzzi, Lorenzo Tancioni, Paolo Turin (AIIAD).

ERSAF, 2012. Programma della Pesca e dell'Acquacoltura della Regione Lombardia 2012-2014. Piano approvato con DGR n. 4245 del 25/10/201.

2.3 Range			
 2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²) 2.3.2 Method - Range surface area 2.3.3 Short-term trend period 	N/A		
2.3.4 Short-term trend direction	N/A		
2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude	min	max	
2.3.6 Long-term trend period			
2.3.7 Long-term trend direction	N/A		
2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude	min	max	
2.3.9 Favourable reference range	area (km²) operator	N/A	
	unkown	No No	
	method	NO	
2.3.10 Reason for change			
2.4 Population			
2.4.1 Population size	Unit N/A		
(individuals or agreed exception)	min	max	
2.4.2 Population size	Unit N/A		
(other than individuals)	min	max	
2.4.3 Additional information	Definition of locality		
	Conversion method		
	Problems		
2.4.4 Year or period			
2.4.5 Method – population size	N/A		
2.4.6 Short-term trend period			
2.4.7 Short term trend direction	N/A		
2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude	min	max	confidence interval
2.4.9 Short-term trend method2.4.10 Long-term trend period	N/A		
2.4.11 Long term trend direction	N/A		
2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude	min	max	confidence interval
2.4.13 Long-term trend method	N/A	ax	commence interval
2.4.14 Favourable reference	number		
population	operator N/A		
	unknown No		
	method		
2.4.15 Reason for change			

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2.5 Habitat for the Species2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²)

 2.5.2 Year or period 2.5.3 Method used - habitat 2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat 2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method
2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat
2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method
2.5.5 Short term trend period
2.5.6 Short term trend direction N/A
2.5.7 Long-term trend period
2.5.8 Long term trend direction N/A
2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²)
2.5.10 Reason for change

2.6 Main Pressures

2.6.1 Method used – pressures N/A

2.7 Main Threats

2.7.1 Method used – threats N/A

2.8 Complementary Information

2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

2.8.2 Other relevant Information2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment

2.9 Conclusions (assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period)

assessment N/A 2.9.1 Range qualifiers N/A 2.9.2. Population assessment N/A qualifiers N/A 2.9.3. Habitat assessment N/A qualifiers N/A 2.9.4. Future prospects assessment N/A qualifiers N/A 2.9.5 Overall assessment of N/A **Conservation Status** 2.9.5 Overall trend in N/A

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population

Conservation Status

3.1.1 Population Size Unit N/A

min max

3.1.2 Method used Absent data (0)

3.1.3 Trend of population size within N/A

3.2 Conversation Measures

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3.2.1 Measure	3.2.2 Type	3.2.3 Ranking	3.2.4 Location	3.2.5 Broad Evaluation
Regulation/ Management of fishery in limnic systems (7.2)		high importance (H)	Both	Long term

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published sources

Alpine (ALP)

The present species assessment (fields 0.1-2.9) has been compiled by Alessandra Ippoliti, Andrea Sibilia (Associazione Italiana Ittiologi Acque dolci - AIIAD) and Anna Alonzi, Piero Genovesi, Francesca Ronchi (Institute for Environmental Protection and Research - ISPRA). Information, unpublished data and experts' judgments have been provided by Francesco Nonnis Marzano, Massimo Lorenzoni, Giuseppe Maio, Massimo Pascale, Armando Piccinini, Elisabetta Pizzul, Cesare M. Puzzi, Lorenzo Tancioni, Paolo Turin (AIIAD).

ERSAF, 2012. Programma della Pesca e dell'Acquacoltura della Regione Lombardia 2012-2014. Piano approvato con DGR n. 4245 del 25/10/201; Piccola guida ittiofauna dei biotopi della provincia di Trento, Carta ittica provincia di Trento, Monitoraggi ad hoc riserve naturali provinciali; Provincia di Como, 2005. Carta ittica della Provincia di Como. Unpublished data.

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)
2.3.2 Method - Range surface area
2.3.3 Short-term trend period
2.3.4 Short-term trend direction
2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude
2.3.6 Long-term trend period
2.3.7 Long-term trend direction
2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude
2.3.9 Favourable reference range

5500

Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

2001-2012 stable (0)

min max

1989-2012 stable (0)

min max

area (km²)

operator approximately equal to (≈)

unkown No

method Expert opinion

2.3.10 Reason for change

Improved knowledge/more accurate dataUse of different method

2.4 Population

2.4.1 Population size (individuals or agreed ex

(individuals or agreed exception)

Unit N/A

min max

2.4.2 Population size (other than individuals)

Unit number of map 10x10 km grid cells (grids10x10)

min 41 max 41

2.4.3 Additional information

Definition of locality

Conversion method not available

Problems it's not possible to convert grids into individuals

2.4.4 Year or period

2001-2012

2.4.5 Method – population size

Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

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ii, iv and v species (An	ilex b _j		
2.4.6 Short-term trend period	2001-2012		
2.4.7 Short term trend direction	stable (0)		
2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude 2.4.9 Short-term trend method	min		onfidence interval
2.4.10 Long-term trend period	1989-2012	partial data with some extra	apolation and/or modelling (2)
2.4.11 Long term trend direction	stable (0)		
2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude	min	max co	onfidence interval
2.4.13 Long-term trend method			apolation and/or modelling (2)
2.4.14 Favourable reference	number	•	
population	operator appro	ximately equal to (≈)	
		t opinion	
2.4.15 Reason for change	•	ge/more accurate data Use	of different method
2.5 Habitat for the Species			
2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km²)			
2.5.2 Year or period			
2.5.3 Method used - habitat	Absent data (0)		
2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat	Good		
2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method	Expert opinion		
2.5.5 Short term trend period 2.5.6 Short term trend direction	2001-2012		
	stable (0) 1989-2012		
2.5.7 Long-term trend period2.5.8 Long term trend direction	stable (0)		
2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km²)	Stable (U)		
2.5.10 Reason for change	Improved knowled	lge/more accurate data Use	of different method
-		8-7	
2.6 Main Pressures		uan kin a	
Pressure		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
pollution to surface waters by industric	al plants (H01.01)	medium importance (M	•
Professional passive fishing (F02.01)		medium importance (M	•
invasive non-native species (I01)		medium importance (M	•
Dykes, embankments, artificial beache	s, general (J02.12)	low importance (L)	N/A
predation (K03.04)		low importance (L)	N/A
2.6.1 Method used – pressures	mainly based on e	xpert judgement and other	data (2)
2.7 Main Threats			
Threat		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)

2.7 Main Threats			
Threat		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
pollution to surface waters by industrial plants (H01.01)		high importance (H)	N/A
invasive non-native species (I01)		high importance (H)	N/A
Professional passive fishing (F02.01)		medium importance (M)	N/A
Dykes, embankments, artificial beac	hes, general (J02.12)	medium importance (M)	N/A
predation (K03.04)		medium importance (M)	N/A
potting (F02.01.01)		low importance (L)	N/A
2.7.1 Method used – threats	expert opinion (1)		

2.8 Complementary Information

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2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends2.8.2 Other relevant Information

The species has been introduced in lake Caldonazzo (TN).

2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment

2.9 Conclusions (assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period)

2.9.1 Range assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

2.9.3. Habitat assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

2.9.4. Future prospects assessment Favourable (FV)

qualifiers N/A

Favourable (FV)

2.9.5 Overall assessment of

Conservation Status

2.9.2. Population

2.9.5 Overall trend in Conservation Status

N/A

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population

3.1.1 Population Size Unit N/A

min max

3.1.2 Method used Absent data (0)

3.1.3 Trend of population size within N/A

3.2 Conversation Measures

3.2.1 Measure 3.2.2 Type 3.2.3 Ranking 3.2.4 Location 3.2.5 Broad Evaluation

Regulation/ Management Legal high importance Both Maintain of fishery in limnic systems Administrative (H) Long term

(7.2)

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Notes

Species name: Alosa agone	(4124) Region code: ALP	
Field label	Note	User
2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)	The area of the range has been calculated also summing up the grid cells of species' presence in the adjacent biogeographical region of marginal presence. Only cells entirely overlapped to the marginal area have been summed up, in order to avoid an overestimation of the overall species' range.	ISPRA __ AUNA

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