CODE: 91D0

NAME: Bog woodland

1. National Level

1.1 Maps

1.1.1 Distribution Map

1.1.2 Distribution Method

1.1.3 Year or period

1.1.4 Additional map

1.1.5 Range Map

Yes

Estimate based on expert opinion with no or minimal sampling (1)

2005-2012

No

Yes

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

2.2 Published

Alpine (ALP)

The present Habitat assessment (fields 0.1-3.1) has been compiled by Pierangela Angelini (ISPRA). Published and unpublished data, information and experts' judgments have been provided by Edoardo Biondi, Liliana Zivkovic and Cesare Lasen(SBI), Pietro Massimiliano Bianco and Pierangela Angelini (ISPRA, field 2.7.1).

"Brentan D., Burbello A., Avanzi E., Gasparini S., Laureti L., Bianco P.M., 2008. Carta degli habitat della regione Veneto per il sistema informativo di Carta della Natura alla scala 1:50.000. ISPRA - Arpa Veneto.

Http://www.isprambiente.gov.it/site/it-

IT/Servizi_per_l%27Ambiente/Sistema_Carta_della_Natura®Biondi E, Blasi C, Burrascano S, Casavecchia S, Copiz R, Del Vico E, Galdenzi D, Gigante D, Lasen C, Spampinato G, Venanzoni R, Zivkovic L (2009a) Italian interpretation Manual of the habitats (92/43/EEC Directive). Ministero dell'Ambiente e della Tutela del Territorio e del Mare. Http://vnr.unipg.it/habitat/®Blasi et al., 2010. La Vegetazione d'Italia con Carta delle Serie di Vegetazione in scala 1:500000. Palombi ed., ®ISPRA, 2011. Dati del sistema informativo di Carta della Natura alla scala 1:50.000. Palombi ed., scripe land cover 2006 IV livello. Dati della Rete del sistema Informativo Nazionale Ambientale - SINAnet®Morra di Cella U., Cremonese E., Pari E., Siniscalco C., Amadei M., Angelini P., Cardillo A., 2008. Carta degli habitat della Regione Valle d'Aosta per il sistema informativo di Carta della Natura alla scala 1:50.000. ISPRA - ARPA Valle d'Aosta - Dipartimento Biologia Vegetale Università degli studi di Torino.

Http://www.isprambiente.gov.it/site/it-

IT/Servizi_per_I%27Ambiente/Sistema_Carta_della_Natura [2]"

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2.3 Range of the habitat type in the biogeographical region or marine region

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²) 12600

2.3.2 Range method used Estimate based on expert opinion with no or minimal sampling (1)

2.3.3 Short-term trend period 2001-2012 2.3.4 Short-term trend direction stable (0)

2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude min max

2.3.6 Long-term trend period

2.3.7 Long-term trend direction N/A

2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude min max

2.3.9 Favourable reference range area (km²)

operator more than (>)

unkown No

method

2.3.10 Reason for change genuine change No improved knowledge Yes

different method Yes

2.4 Area covered by Habitat

2.4.1 Surface area (km²) 11,34

2.4.2 Year or period 2005-2012

2.4.3 Method used Estimate based on expert opinion with no or minimal sampling (1)

2.4.4 Short-term trend period 2001-2012 2.4.5 Short-term trend direction stable (0)

2.4.6 Short-term trend magnitude min max confidence interval

2.4.8 Long-term trend period

2.4.9 Long-term trend direction N/A

2.4.10 Long-term trend magnitude min max confidence interval

2.4.11 Long term trend method used N/A

2.4.12 Favourable reference area area (km)

operator more than (>)

unknown No

method

2.4.13 Reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate dataUse of different method

2.5 Main Pressures

Pressure	ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
skiing complex (G02.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
roads, motorways (D01.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
dispersed habitation (E01.03)	low importance (L)	N/A
Peat extraction (C01.03)	medium importance (M)	N/A
Water abstractions from groundwater (J02.07)	medium importance (M)	N/A
paths, tracks, cycling tracks (D01.01)	medium importance (M)	N/A

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nabitat types (Annex D	1		
Improved access to site (D05) Biocenotic evolution, succession (K02) Forest and Plantation management & use (B02) Forestry activities not referred to above (B07) Other human intrusions and disturbances (G05)		low importance (L)	N/A
		low importance (L)	N/A N/A N/A
		low importance (L)	
		medium importance (M)	
		medium importance (M)	
2.5.1 Method used – pressures	Estimate based o	on partial data with some extrapo	lation and/or modelling(2)
2.6 Main Threats			
Threat		ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
skiing complex (G02.02)		high importance (H)	N/A
roads, motorways (D01.02)		high importance (H)	N/A
dispersed habitation (E01.03)	ispersed habitation (E01.03)		N/A
Peat extraction (C01.03)		medium importance (M)	N/A
Water abstractions from groundwater	(J02.07)	medium importance (M)	N/A
paths, tracks, cycling tracks (D01.01)		medium importance (M)	N/A
Improved access to site (D05)		low importance (L)	N/A
Biocenotic evolution, succession (K02)		low importance (L)	N/A
Forest and Plantation management & use (B02)		low importance (L)	N/A
Forestry activities not referred to above	/e (B07)	medium importance (M)	N/A
Other human intrusions and disturban	ces (G05)	medium importance (M)	N/A
2.6.1 Method used – threats	Estimate based o	on expert opinion with no or minir	mal sampling(1)
2.7 Complementary Information			
2.7.1 Species			
Betula pubescens			
Picea abies			
Pinus sylvestris, P. mugo			
Pinus mugo			
Agrostis canina			
Andromeda polifolia			

Juncus acutiflorus

Carex canescens
Carex echinata
Carex nigra

Carex pauciflora
Carex rostrata
Drosera spp.

Juncus filiformis

Eriophorum vaginatum

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Lycopodium annotinum	
Listera cordata	
Vaccinium oxycoccos	
Vaccinium uliginosum	
Sphagnum spp.	
2.7.2 Species method used	Selected by ISPRA's expert from bibliographical and field research
2.7.3 Justification of % - thresholds for trends	
2.7.4 Structure and functions - methods used	Estimate based on expert opinion with no or minimal sampling(1)
2.7.5 Other relevant information	
2.8 Conclusions (assessment of c	conservation status at end of reporting period)
2.8.1 Range	assessment Inadequate (U1) qualifiers N/A
2.0.2.4	and the description (114)

2.8.2 Area	assessment Inadequate(U1) qualifiers N/A
2.8.3 Specific structures and functions (incl Species)	assessment Inadequate(U1) qualifiers N/A
2.8.4 Future prospects	assessmentInadequate(U1)
2.8.5 Overall assessment of	qualifiers N/A Inadequate(U1)

Conservation Status

2.8.5 Overall trend in Conservation Status

stable(=)

3. Natura 2000 coverage conservation measures - Annex I habitat types on biogeographical level

3.1 Area covered by habitat

3.1.1 Surface area (km²)	min	11,2711	max	11,2711
3.1.2 Method used	Comple	ete survey/Co	mplete s	curvey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
3.1.3. Trend of surface area	N/A			

3.2 Conversation Measures

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Notes

Habitat code: 91D0		
Field label	Note	User
0.2 Habitat code	Oltre alle formazioni più tipiche delle torbiere alte (con stadi arbustivi o poco più), in questo codice dovrebbero essere incluse anche le peccete a sfagni (vedi Manuale Italiano di Interpretazione degli Habitat). I dati comunicati dalle regioni, tuttavia, sembrano non tenerne conto, avvalorando un'interpretazione molto restrittiva.	ISPRA_h abi

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