# Introduction



# A2.2 Learning activity

• Documentation of system architecture based on 4+1 model



#### Instructions

- Based on the documentation provided by the consultant, develop diagrams that can be used to design the 4+1 model-based system architecture for the case study.
- All activity or challenge must be done using the MarkDown style with .md extension and the VSCode development environment, or you can use any platform for example Notion, and it must be elaborated as a single page document, that is to say if the document has images, links or any external document it must be accessed from tags and links, and it must be named with the nomenclature

#### A2.2\_ActivityName\_StudentName.pdf..

- It is required that the .MD contains a tag of the link to the repository of your document in GITHUB, for example **Link to my GitHub** and at the conclusion of the challenge it should be uploaded to github.
- From the .md file export a .pdf file that should be uploaded to classroom within its corresponding section, serving as evidence of your delivery, since being the official platform here you will receive the qualification of your activity.
- Considering that the .PDF file, which was obtained from the .MD file, both must be identical.
- Your repository, in addition to having a **readme**.md file in its root directory, with information such as student data, work team, subject, career, advisor data, and even logo or images, must have a contents section or index, which are actually links or links to your .md documents, avoid using text to indicate internal or external links.
- We propose a structure such as this one indicated below, however you can use any other that supports you to organize your repository.

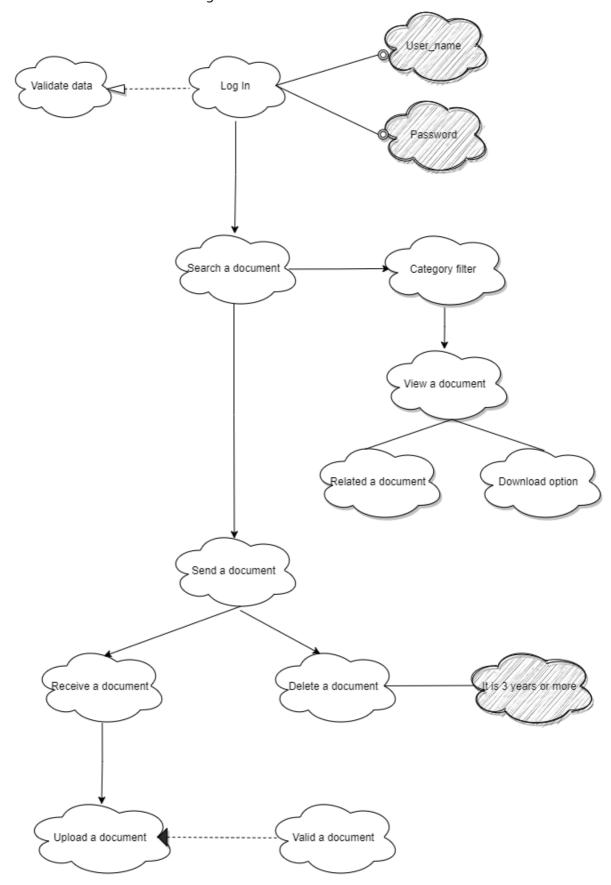
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| readme.md
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  | Ax.1_ActivityName.md
  diagrams
  docs
 | html
 | img
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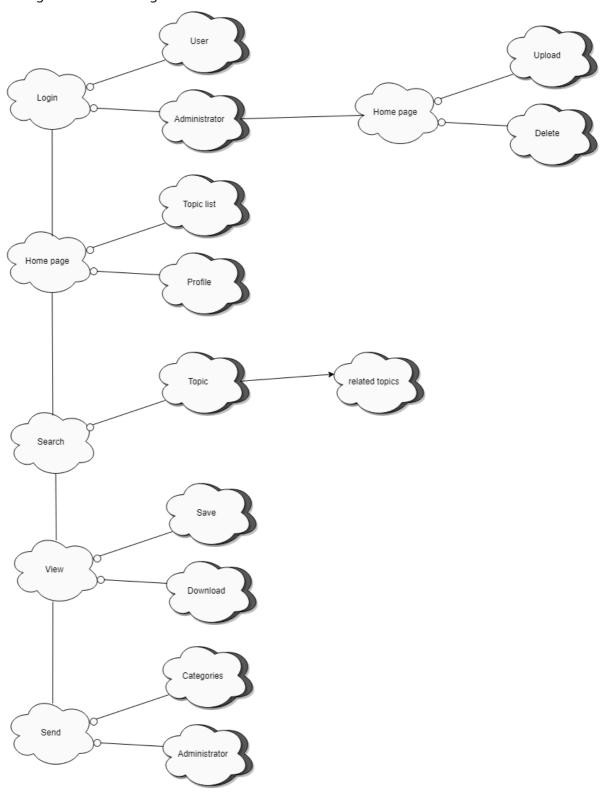
# Nevelopment 🔍

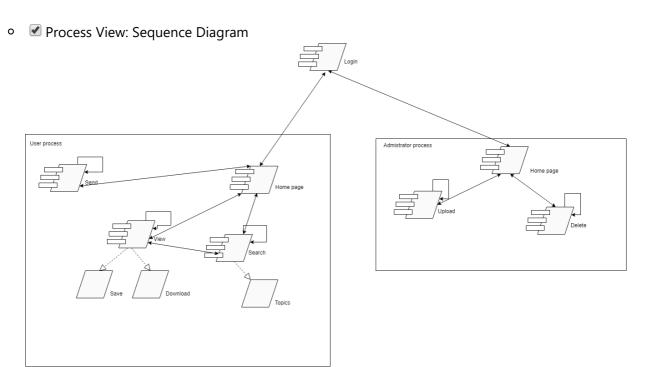
1. Develop diagrams for each of the views set out in the 4+1 architecture model.

## ∘ ✓ Scenario View: User Case Diagram



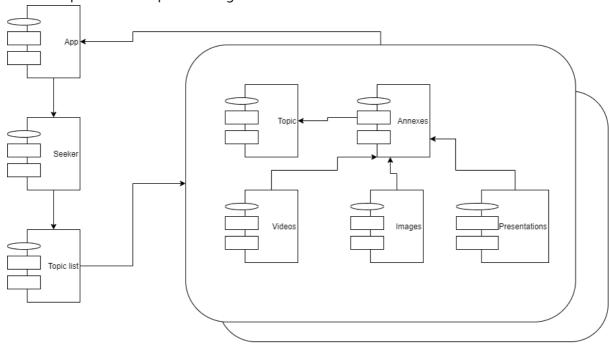
# ∘ ✓ Logic View: Class Diagram





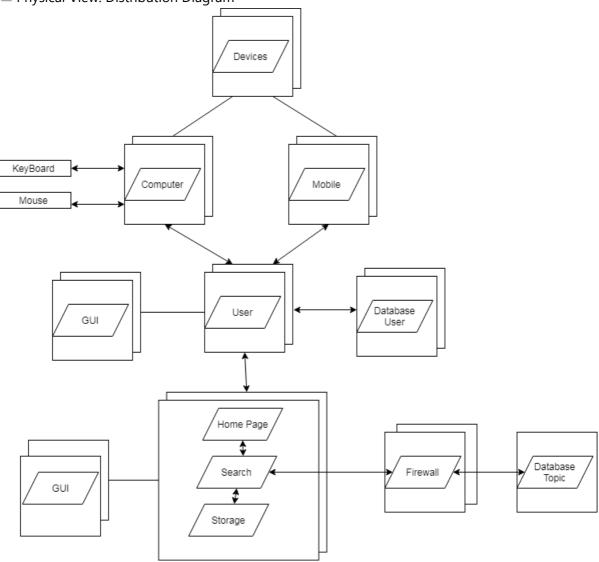
o 

Developer view: Component Diagram



∘ 

■ Physical View: Distribution Diagram



- 2. Each diagram shall contain at least 3 elements within its representation.
  - Use cases (Include at least 5 elements of the diagram)
  - ∘ ✓ Sequence Diagram (Include at least 5 diagram elements)
  - Class Diagrams (Include at least 5 diagram elements)
  - Class Diagrams (Include at least 5 diagram elements)
  - Package diagram containing component diagrams (Include at least 3 diagram elements)
  - Ø Distribution diagrams (Include at least 5 diagram elements)
  - ☑ Distribution diagrams (Include at least 3 diagram elements)
- 3. Indicate by annotations the proprietary technologies to be used, supported by pictures or illustrations depicting them.

## ASP.NET

ASP.NET offers three frameworks for creating web applications: Web Forms, ASP.NET MVC and ASP.NET Web Pages. All three frameworks are stable and mature, and you can create excellent web applications with any of them. Regardless of which framework you choose, you get all the benefits and features of ASP.NET Everywhere. Each framework targets a different development style. Which one you choose depends on a

combination of your programming resources (knowledge, expertise, and development experience), the type of application you are creating, and the development approach with which you are familiar.

#### **ASP.NET Web Pages**

ASP.NET Web Pages and the Razor syntax provide a fast, affordable, and lightweight way to combine server-side code with HTML to create dynamic Web content. Connect to databases, add video, link to social networking sites, and include many more features to help you create engaging sites that meet the latest Web standards. Notes on Web Forms, MVC and Web pages All three ASP.NET frameworks are based on the .NET Framework and share basic .NET and ASP.NET functionality. For example, all three frameworks provide a membership-based login security model, and all three share the same functions for managing requests, controlling sessions, etc., that are part of the core ASP.NET functionality. Furthermore, the three frameworks are not totally independent and choosing one does not preclude the use of another. Since frameworks can coexist in the same Web application, it is not uncommon to see individual components of applications written with different frameworks. For example, client-facing parts of an application may be developed in MVC to optimize markup, while data access and administrative parts are developed in Web forms to take advantage of data controls and simple data access.

#### Web API

ASP.NET Web API is a framework that facilitates the creation of HTTP services available to a wide variety of clients, including browsers and mobile devices. ASP.NET Web API is an ideal platform for building RESTful applications on the .NET Framework.

## **DATABASE**

MySQL is the most widely used relational database management system today as it is based on open source. Originally developed by MySQL AB, it was acquired by Sun MicroSystems in 2008 and in turn purchased by Oracle Corporation in 2010, which already owned its own InnoDB engine for MySQL.

#### **MySQL Features**

**Client and Server Architecture:** MySQL is based on a client and server model. That is, clients and servers communicate with each other in a differentiated way for better performance. Each client can make queries through the logging system to obtain data, modify it, save these changes or establish new record tables, for example.

**SQL support:** SQL is a widespread language within the industry. Being a standard MySQL offers full compatibility so if you have worked in another database engine you will have no problem migrating to MySQL.

**Triggers:** MySQL also allows to automate certain tasks within our database. At the moment that an event occurs another one is launched to update records or to optimize its functionality.

**Transactions:** A transaction represents the performance of various operations on the database as a device. The record base system ensures that all procedures are set up correctly or none of them. In case of a power failure, for example, when the monitor fails or some other inconvenience occurs, the system chooses to preserve the integrity of the database by safeguarding the information.

## Conclusions

- Renteria Sanchez Hector Ivan: During the development of this activity, my team and I had some problems developing the diagrams that were assigned to us, since we did not have enough information and examples to be able to develop them, in the end we decided to use the diagrams from the previous activity as examples to better understand How to carry out each of these, we still have some doubts about whether they are really well developed but we await feedback from our teacher.
- Rodríguez Báez Vanessa Marlenne: In this practice we learned the 4+1 architectural views, we adapted our UML diagrams to the 4+1 model, we investigated about the technologies that we will use to make it clearer what we will do, our setback was to understand the 4+1 diagrams because they have different symbols and we did not find them so our solution was to make the design of each one so they are not as in the images of the example in class, because we did not find in draw io the symbols, as we investigated the 2 technologies that we will use ASP. NET and SQL to have more knowledge since not everyone in the team has used ASP.NET.
- Soria Márquez Guillermo: n this practice we use the 4+1 architectural view model proposed by Krutchen in which five views (Scenario, logic, process, development and physical) should be captured in a simpler way. What we did as a team is to adapt the diagrams already made to the structure of these. Personally, it was difficult for me to adapt it since we used different components to the ones we had already used before. We also investigated the ASP.NET and SQL technologies, although I think that we will have to investigate more since they are not strengths of the team.
- Villanueva Mercado Daniel Alejandro: The elaboration of the 4+1 diagrams was complicated, since in my case I did not have a reference diagram that would allow me to make a simple conversion from a component diagram to a development view diagram. But, even if you have a visual example to try to make a development view diagram, the components needed to make the diagram are not found in the system figures so you have to create those components yourself as close as possible. This adds more work than originally expected.



Criteria	Description	Scoring
Instructions	Are each of the items listed in the Instructions section met?	10
Development	Did you respond to each of the points requested in the development of the activity?	60
Demonstration	Is the student presented during the explanation of the functionality of the activity?	20
Conclusions	Is a personal opinion of the activity included for each of the team members?	10

Link Renteria Sanchez Hector Ivan



Link Rodríguez Báez Vanessa Marlenne



Link Soria Márquez Guillermo

🕮 Link Villanueva Mercado Daniel Alejandro