

**CS:APP Chapter 4**  
**Computer Architecture**  
**Pipelined**  
**Implementation**  
**Part II**

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***Adapted from CMU course 15-213***

<http://csapp.cs.cmu.edu>

# Overview

*Make the pipelined processor work!*

## Data Hazards

- Instruction having register R as source follows shortly after instruction having register R as destination
- Common condition, don't want to slow down pipeline

## Control Hazards

- Mispredict conditional branch
  - Our design predicts all branches as being taken
  - Naïve pipeline executes two extra instructions
- Getting return address for `ret` instruction
  - Naïve pipeline executes three extra instructions

## Making Sure It Really Works

- What if multiple special cases happen simultaneously?

# Pipeline Stages

## Fetch

- Select current PC
- Read instruction
- Compute incremented PC

## Decode

- Read program registers

## Execute

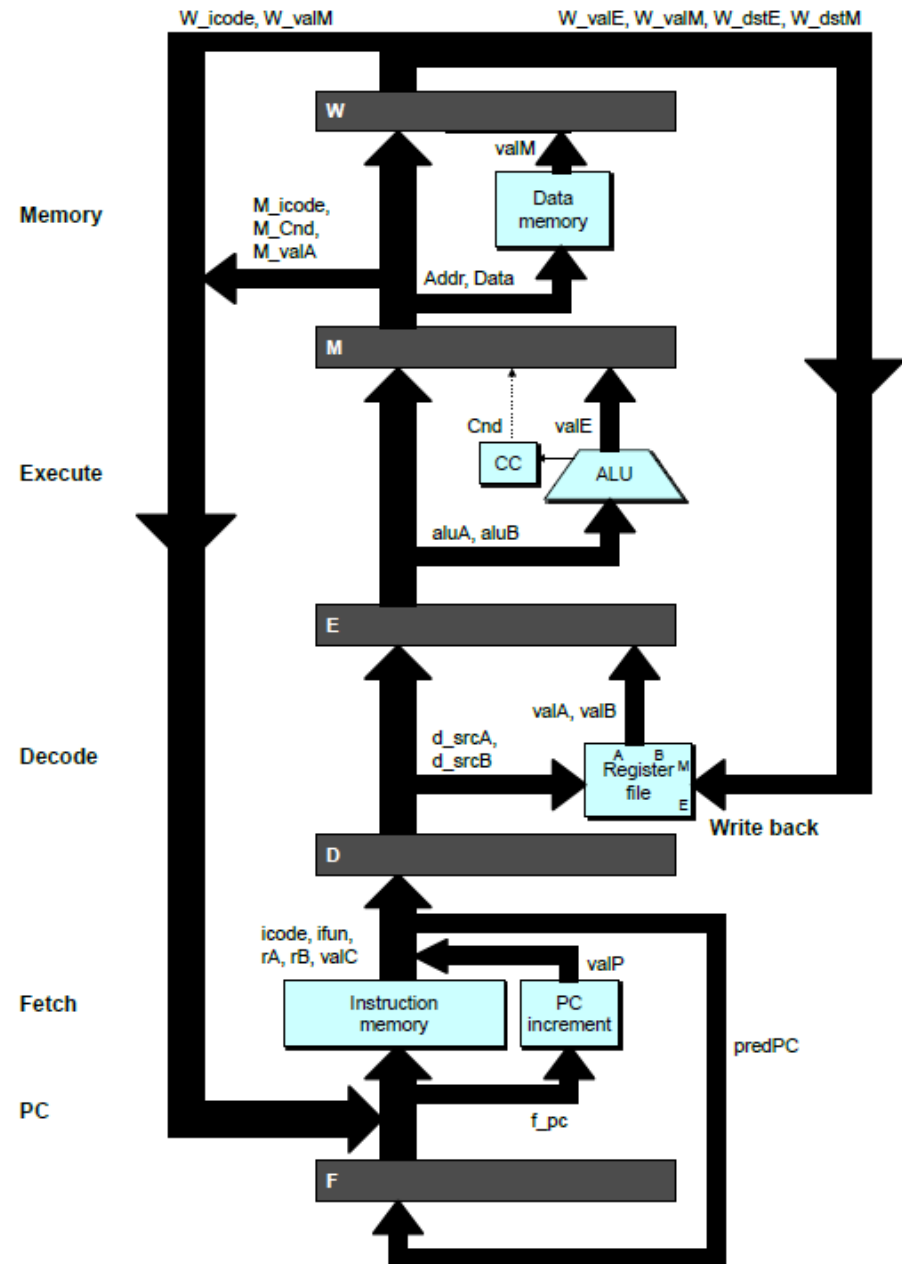
- Operate ALU

## Memory

- Read or write data memory

## Write Back

- Update register file

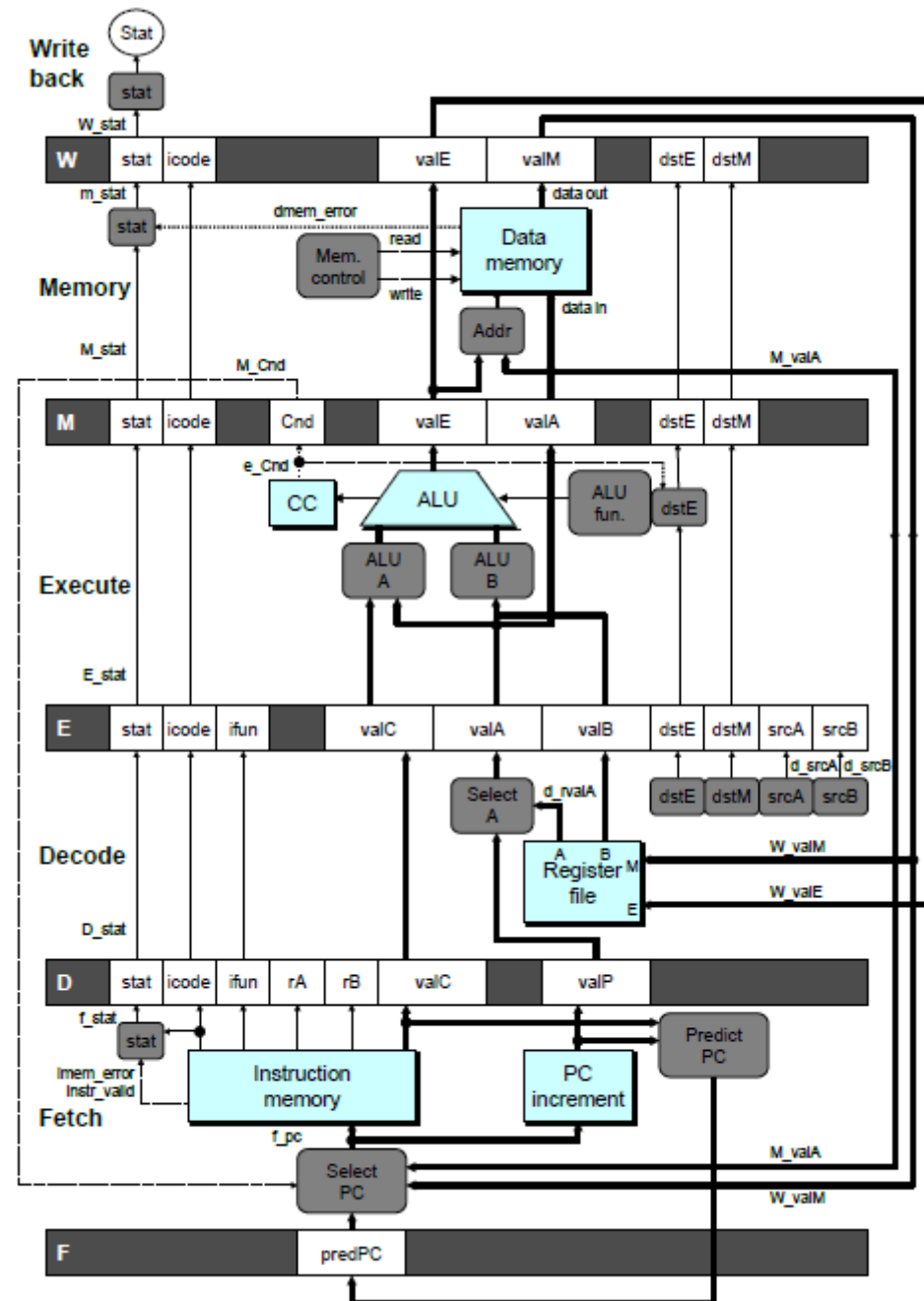


# PIPE- Hardware

- Pipeline registers hold intermediate values from instruction execution

## Forward (Upward) Paths

- Values passed from one stage to next
- Cannot jump past stages
  - e.g., valC passes through decode



# Data Dependencies: 2 Nop's

# demo-h2.y<sub>s</sub>

0x000: irmovl \$10,%edx

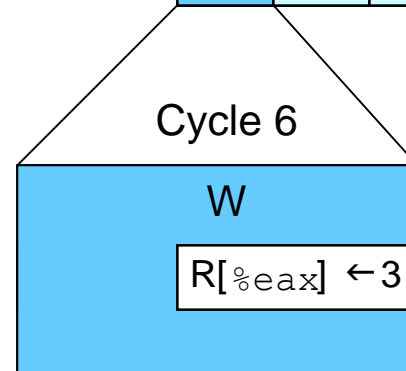
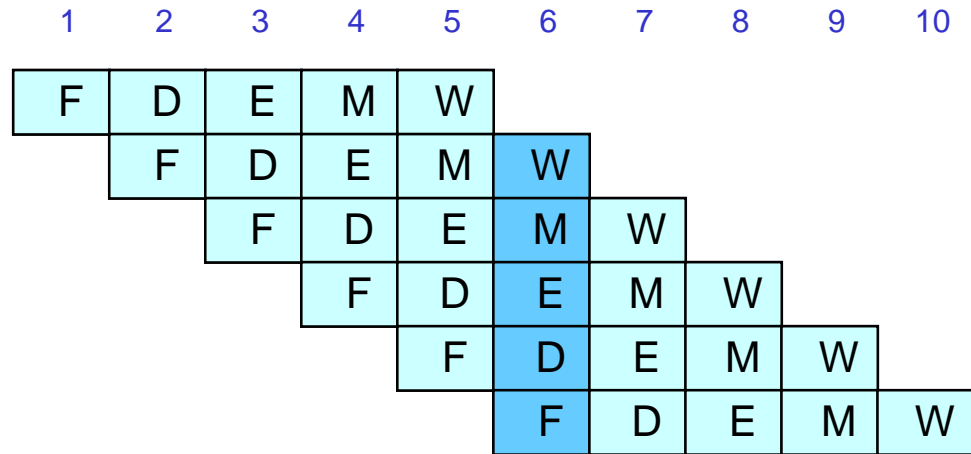
0x006: irmovl \$3,%eax

0x00c: nop

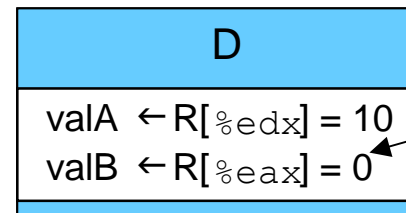
0x00d: nop

0x00e: addl %edx,%eax

0x010: halt



⋮



Error

# Data Dependencies: No Nop

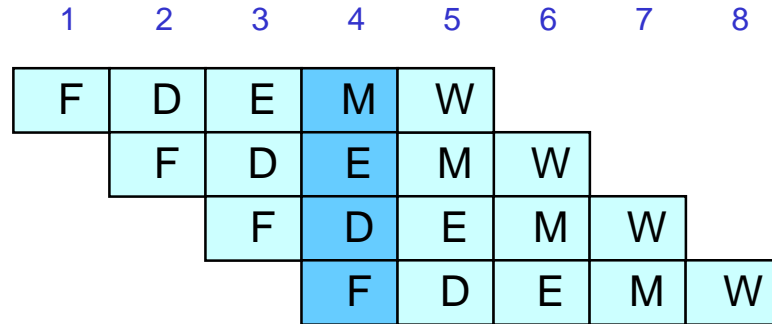
# demo-h0.ys

0x000: irmovl \$10,%edx

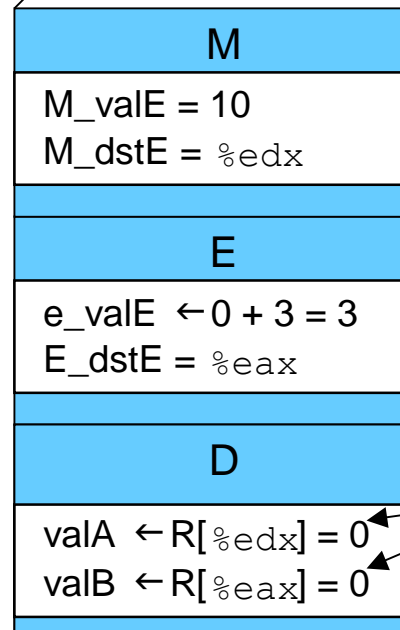
0x006: irmovl \$3,%eax

0x00c: addl %edx,%eax

0x00e: halt



Cycle 4



Error

# Stalling for Data Dependencies

# demo-h2.ys

0x000: irmovl \$10,%edx

0x006: irmovl \$3,%eax

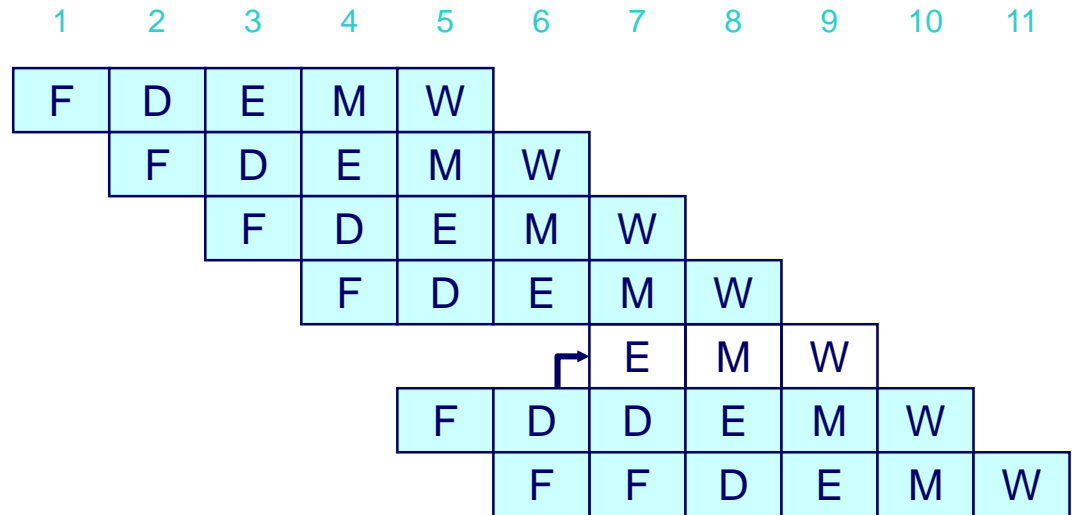
0x00c: nop

0x00d: nop

***bubble***

0x00e: addl %edx,%eax

0x010: halt



- If instruction follows too closely after one that writes register, slow it down
- Hold instruction in decode
- Dynamically inject nop into execute stage

# Stall Condition

## Source Registers

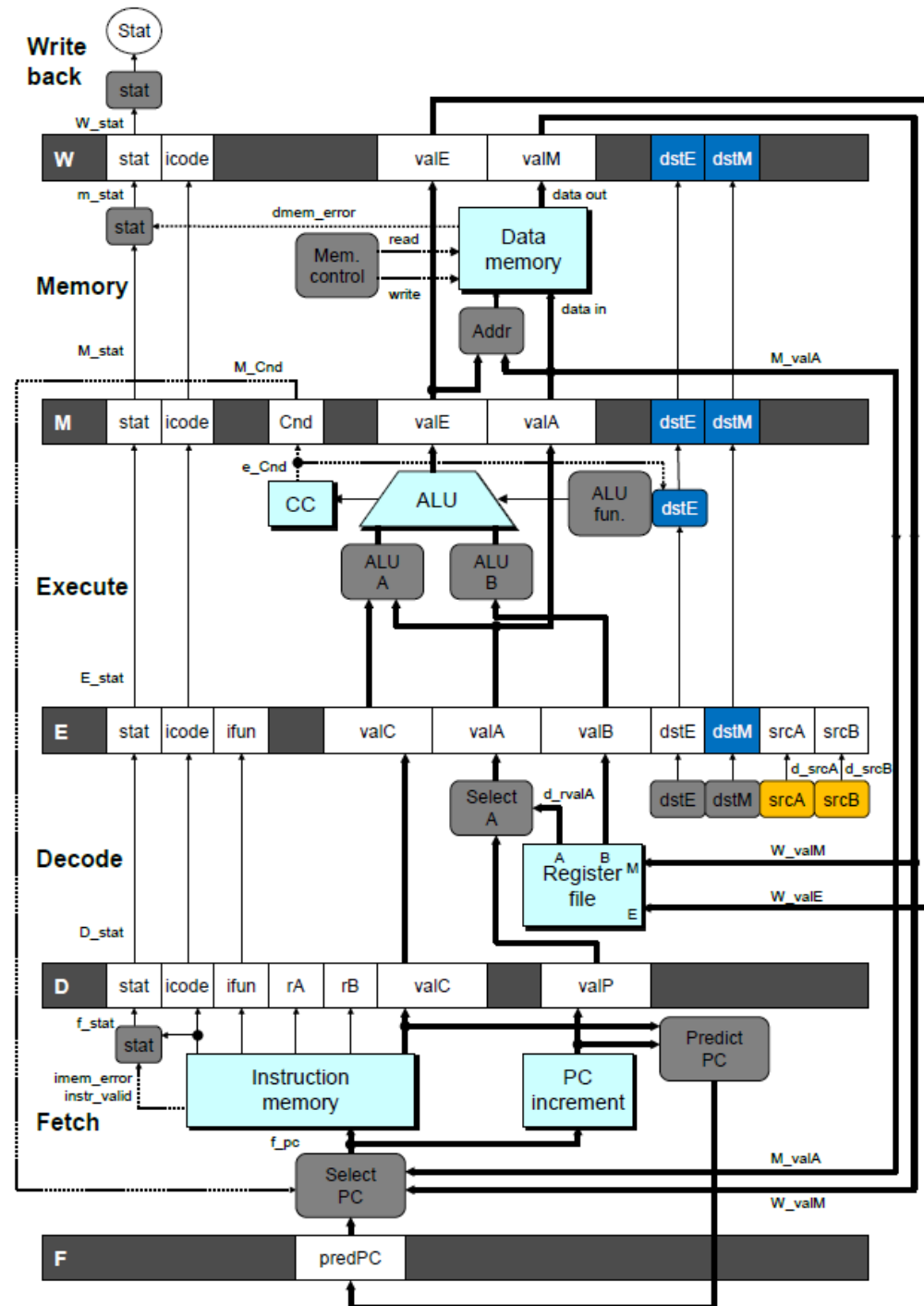
- srcA and srcB of current instruction in decode stage

## Destination Registers

- dstE and dstM fields
- Instructions in execute, memory, and write-back stages

## Special Case

- Don't stall for register ID 15 (0xF)
  - Indicates absence of register operand
- Don't stall for failed conditional move





# Detecting Stall Condition

# demo-h2.y

0x000: irmovl \$10,%edx

0x006: irmovl \$3,%eax

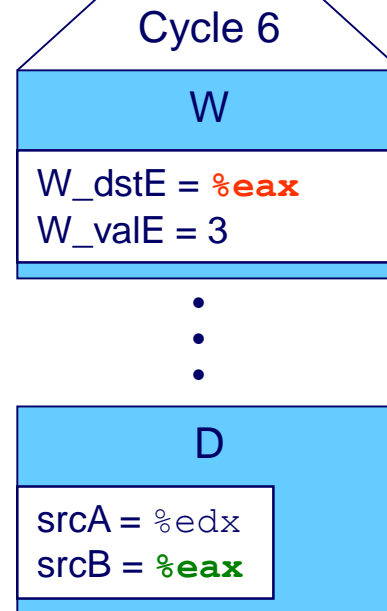
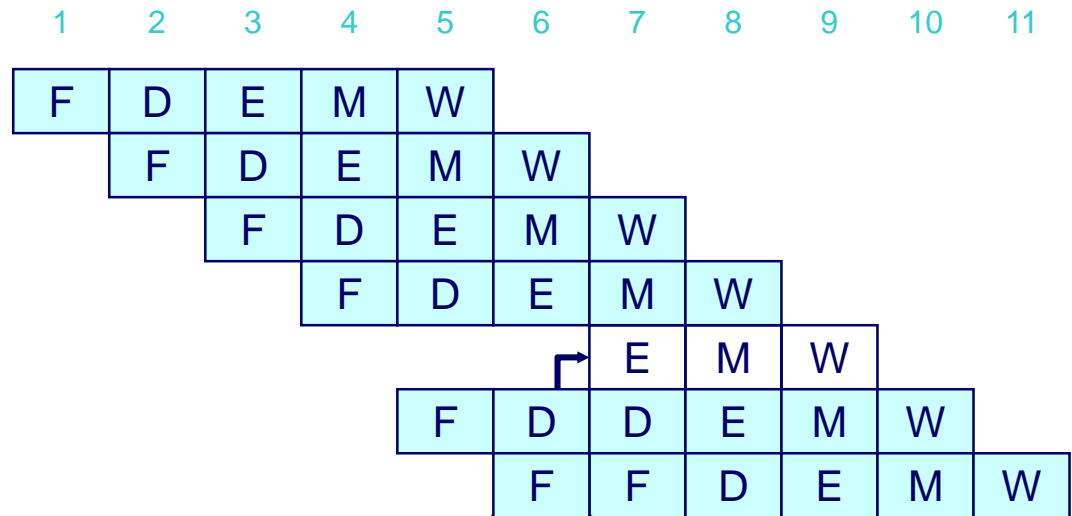
0x00c: nop

0x00d: nop

***bubble***

0x00e: addl %edx,%eax

0x010: halt



# Stalling X3

```
# demo-h0.ys
```

```
0x000: irmovl $10,%edx
```

```
0x006: irmovl $3,%eax
```

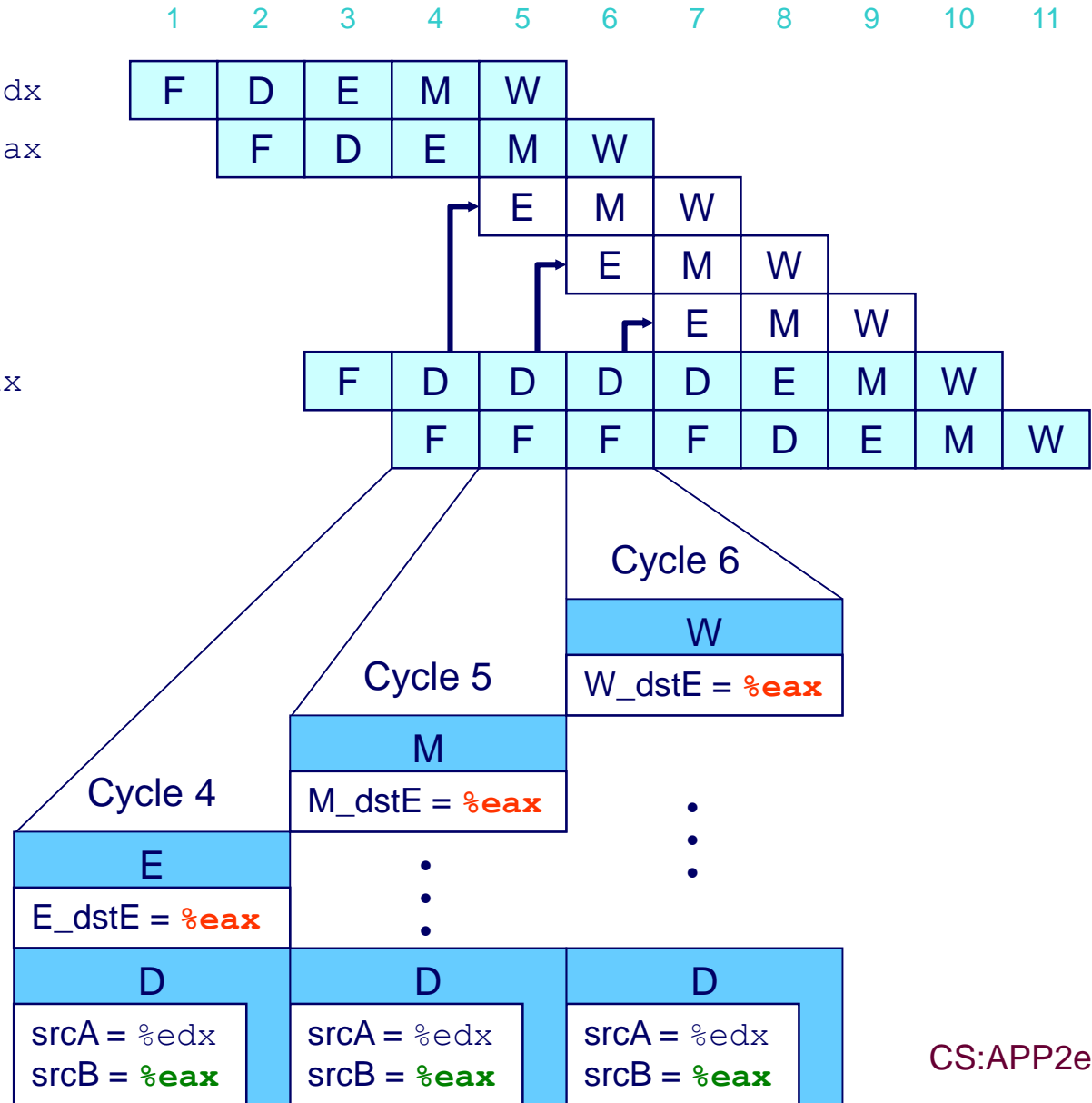
```
bubble
```

```
bubble
```

```
bubble
```

```
0x00c: addl %edx,%eax
```

```
0x00e: halt
```



# What Happens When Stalling?

```
# demo-h0.ys
```

```
0x000: irmovl $10,%edx
```

```
0x006: irmovl $3,%eax
```

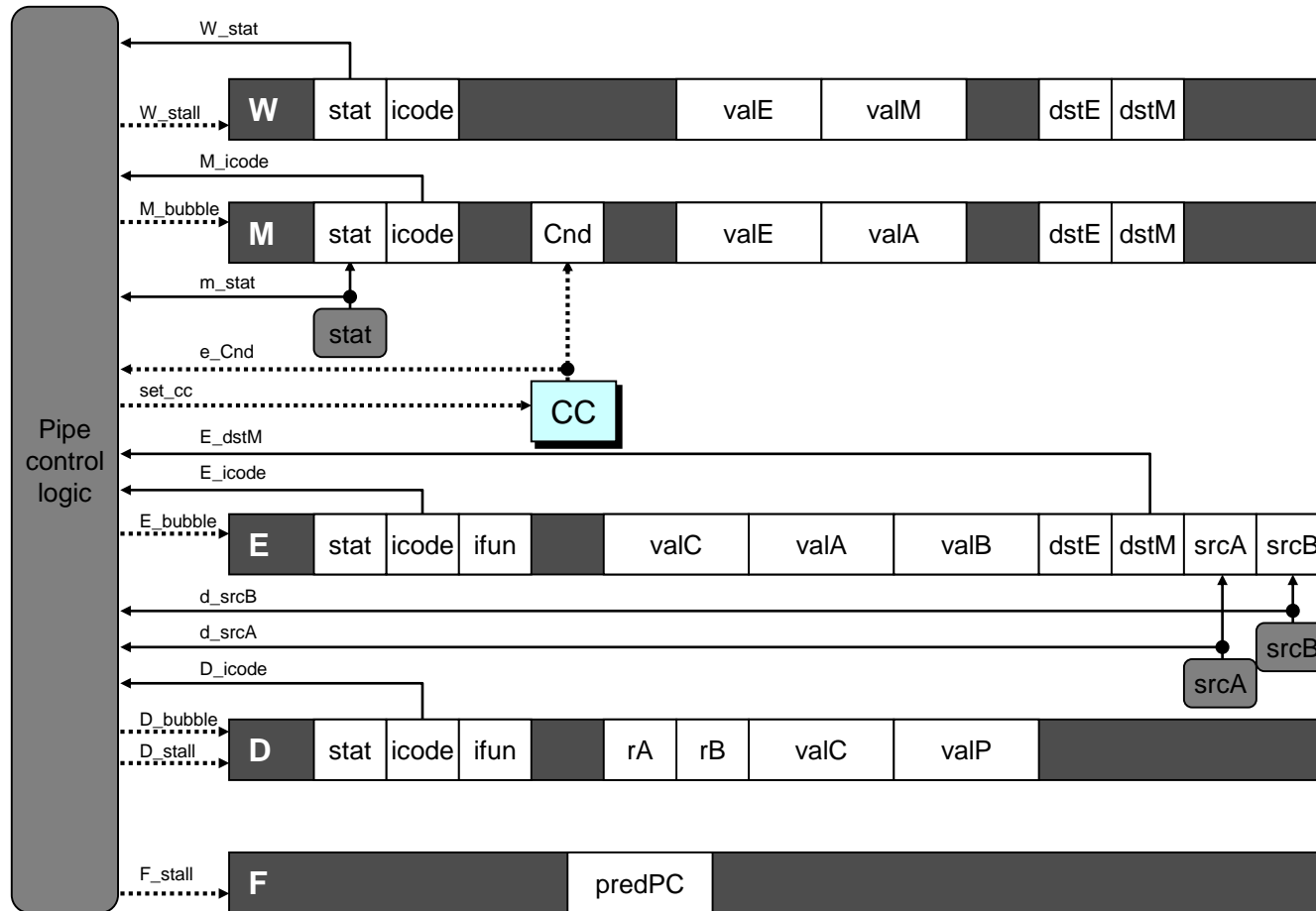
```
0x00c: addl %edx,%eax
```

```
0x00e: halt
```

Cycle 8	
Write Back	<i>bubble</i>
Memory	<i>bubble</i>
Execute	0x00c: addl %edx,%eax
Decode	0x00e: halt
Fetch	

- Stalling instruction held back in decode stage
- Following instruction stays in fetch stage
- Bubbles injected into execute stage
  - Like dynamically generated nop's
  - Move through later stages

# Implementing Stalling

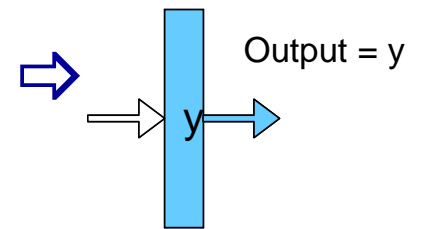
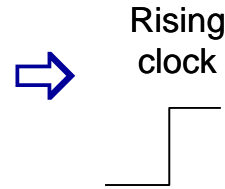
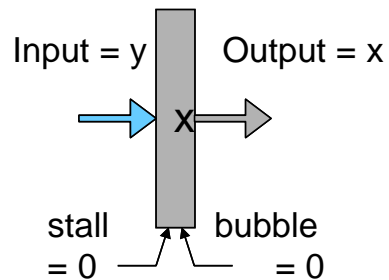


## Pipeline Control

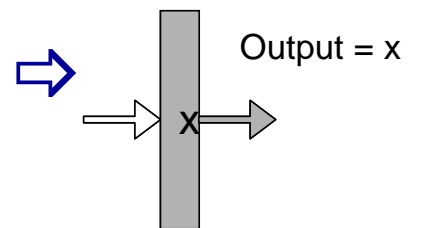
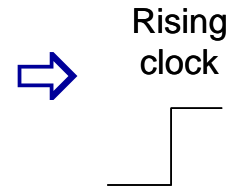
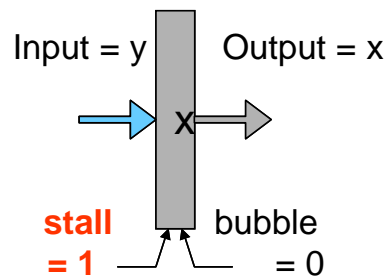
- Combinational logic detects stall condition
- Sets mode signals for how pipeline registers should update

# Pipeline Register Modes

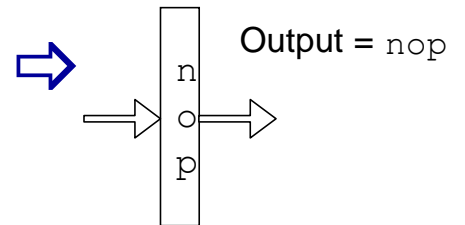
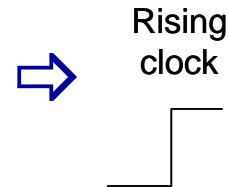
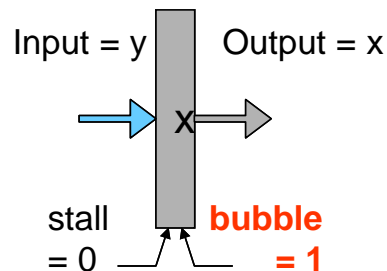
## Normal



## Stall



## Bubble



# Data Forwarding

## Naïve Pipeline

- Register isn't written until completion of write-back stage
- Source operands read from register file in decode stage
  - Needs to be in register file at start of stage

## Observation

- Value generated in execute or memory stage

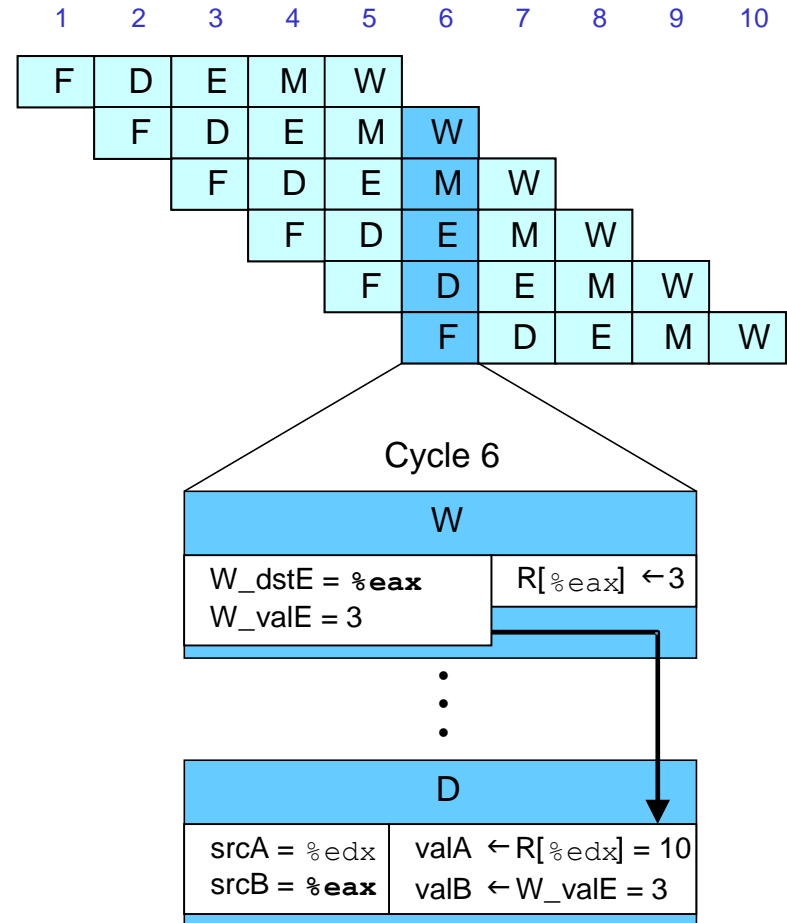
## Trick

- Pass value directly from generating instruction to decode stage
- Needs to be available at end of decode stage

# Data Forwarding Example

```
# demo-h2.js
0x000: irmovl $10,%edx
0x006: irmovl $3,%eax
0x00c: nop
0x00d: nop
0x00e: addl %edx,%eax
0x010: halt
```

- `irmovl` in write-back stage
- Destination value in W pipeline register
- Forward as `valB` for decode stage



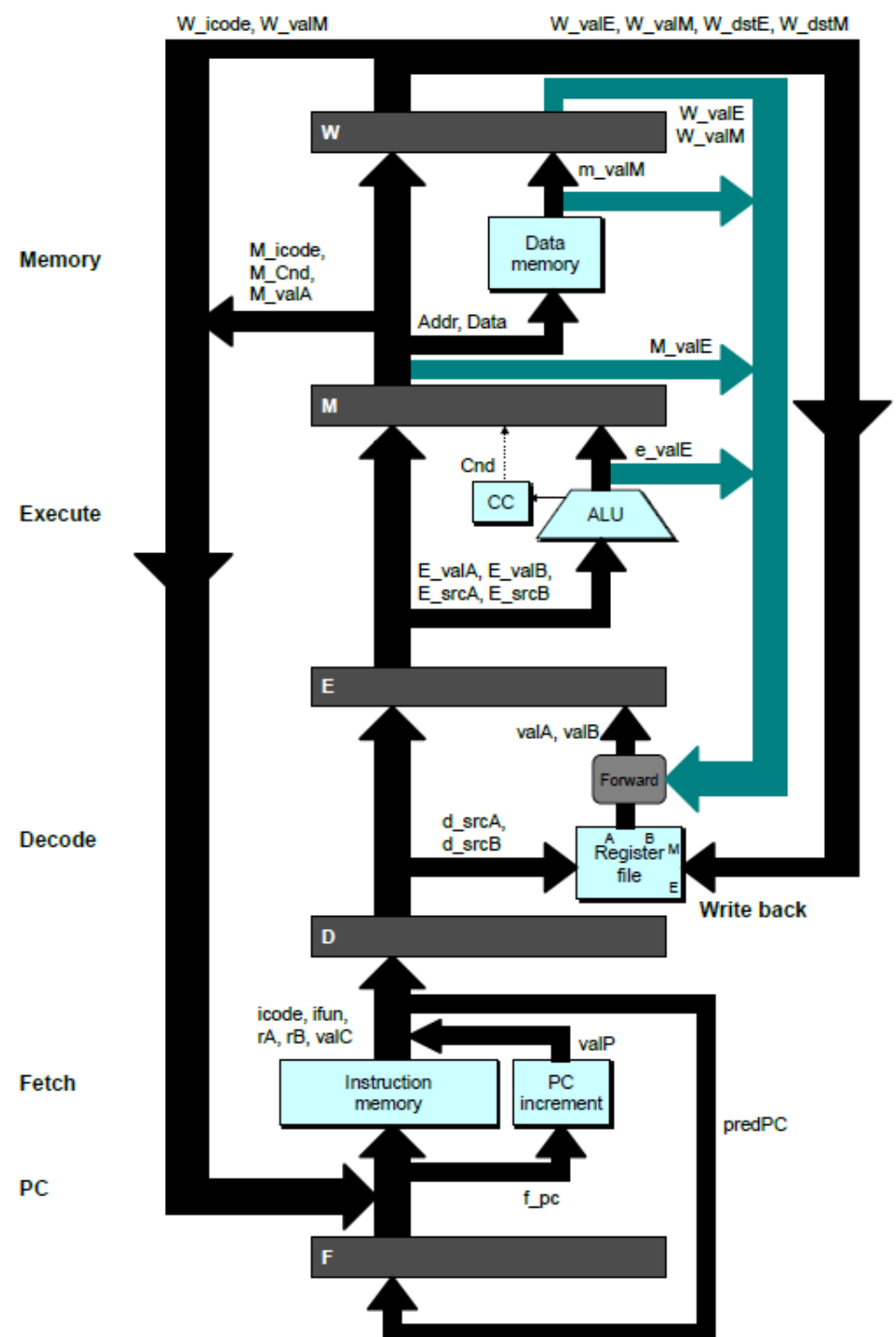
# Bypass Paths

## Decode Stage

- Forwarding logic selects valA and valB
- Normally from register file
- Forwarding: get valA or valB from later pipeline stage

## Forwarding Sources

- Execute: valE
- Memory: valE, valM
- Write back: valE, valM





# Data Forwarding Example #2

```
# demo-h0.ys
```

```
0x000: irmovl $10,%edx
```

```
0x006: irmovl $3,%eax
```

```
0x00c: addl %edx,%eax
```

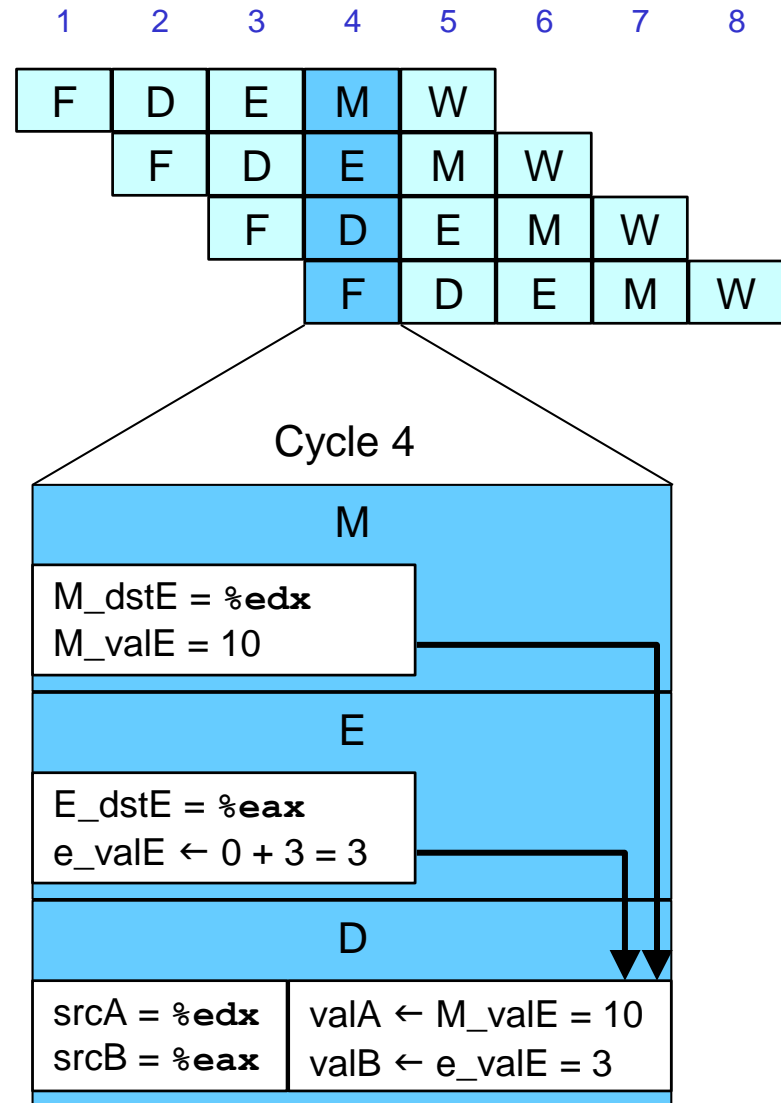
```
0x00e: halt
```

## Register %edx

- Generated by ALU during previous cycle
- Forward from memory as valA

## Register %eax

- Value just generated by ALU
- Forward from execute as valB



# Forwarding Priority

# demo-priority.js

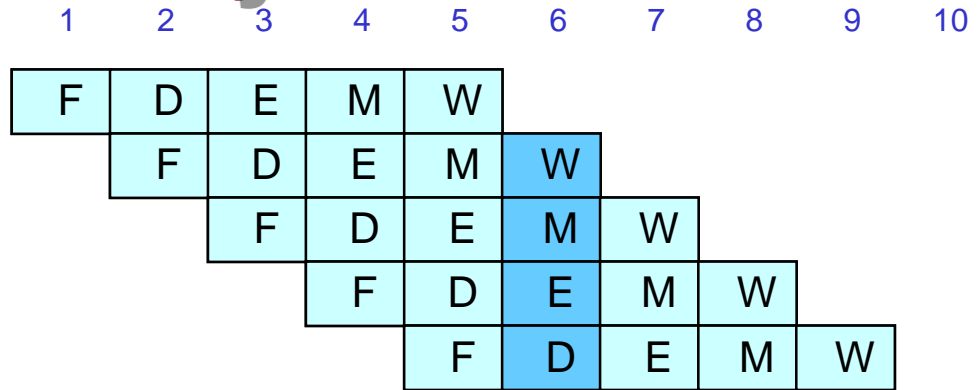
0x000: irmovl \$1, %eax

0x006: irmovl \$2, %eax

0x00c: irmovl \$3, %eax

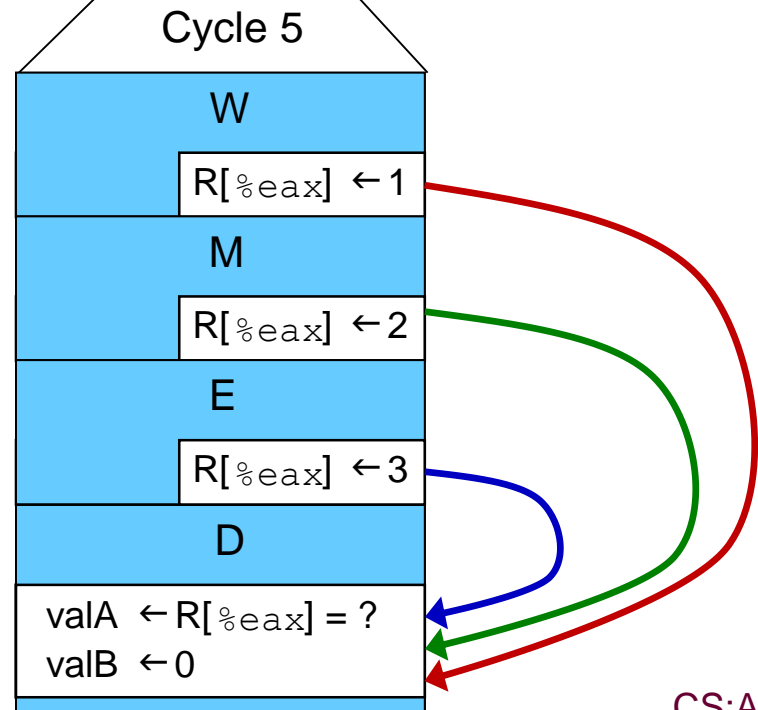
0x012: rrmovl %eax, %edx

0x014: halt

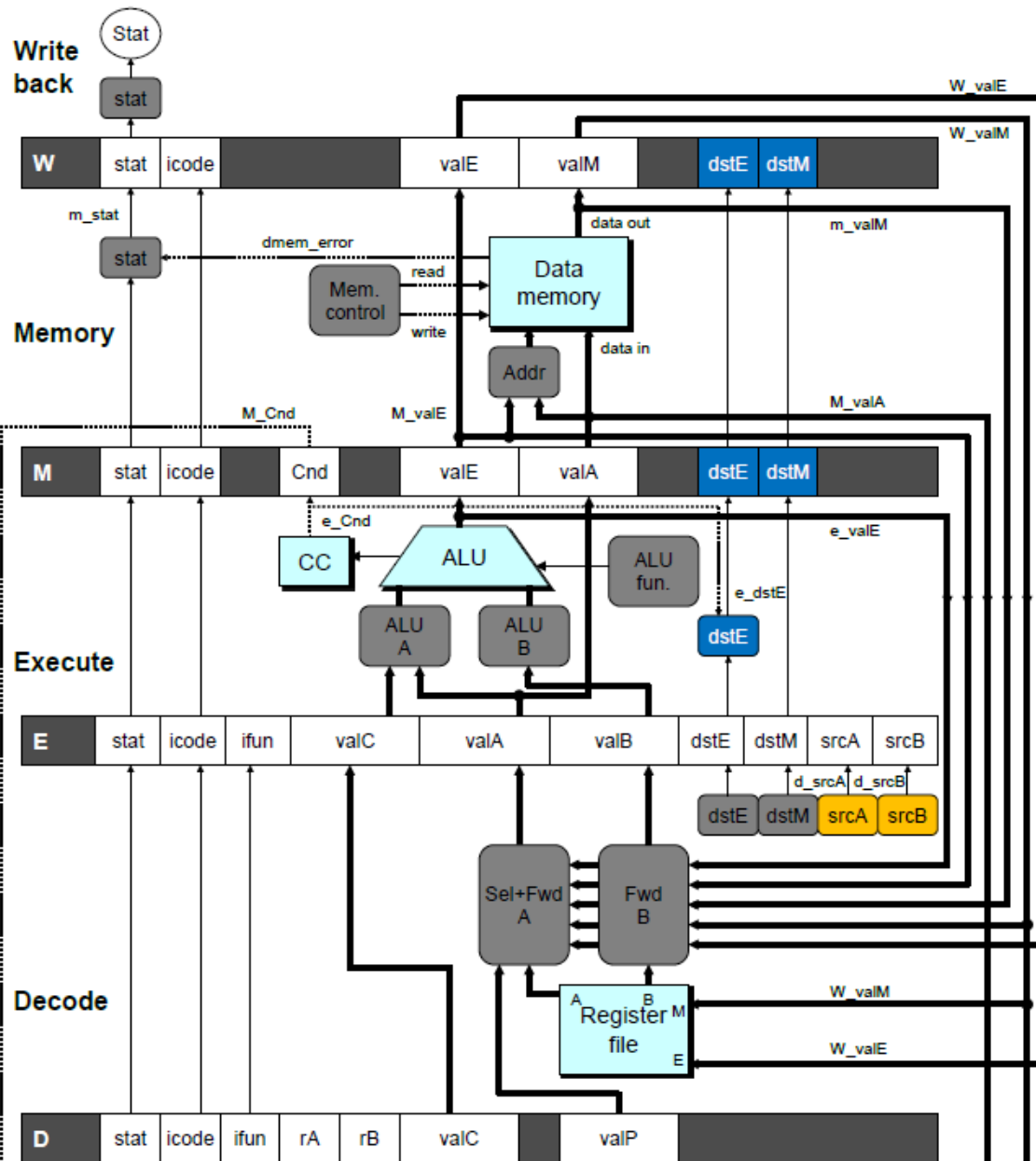


## Multiple Forwarding Choices

- Which one should have priority
- Match serial semantics
- Use matching value from earliest pipeline stage

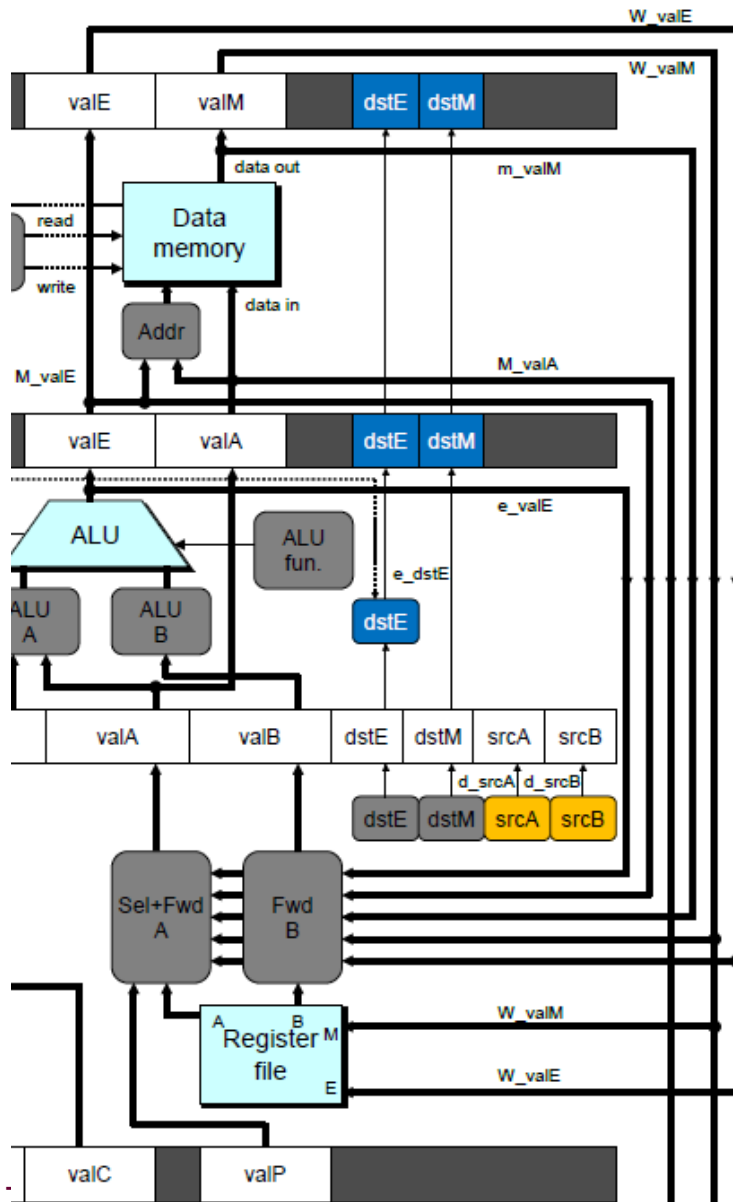


# Implementing Forwarding



- Add additional feedback paths from E, M, and W pipeline registers into decode stage
- Create logic blocks to select from multiple sources for `valA` and `valB` in decode stage

# Implementing Forwarding



```
## What should be the A value?
int new_E_valA = [
    # Use incremented PC
    D_icode in { ICALL, IJXX } : D_valP;
    # Forward valE from execute
    d_srcA == e_dstE : e_valE;
    # Forward valM from memory
    d_srcA == M_dstM : m_valM;
    # Forward valE from memory
    d_srcA == M_dstE : M_valE;
    # Forward valM from write back
    d_srcA == W_dstM : W_valM;
    # Forward valE from write back
    d_srcA == W_dstE : W_valE;
    # Use value read from register file
    1 : d_rvalA;
];
```

# Limitation of Forwarding

# demo-luh.ys

0x000: irmovl \$128,%edx

0x006: irmovl \$3,%ecx

0x00c: rmmovl %ecx, 0(%edx)

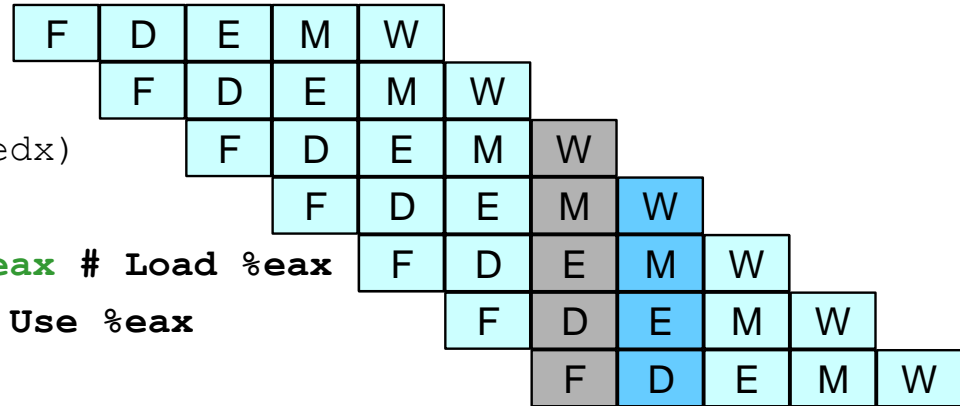
0x012: irmovl \$10,%ebx

0x018: mrmovl 0(%edx),%eax # Load %eax

0x01e: addl %ebx,%eax # Use %eax

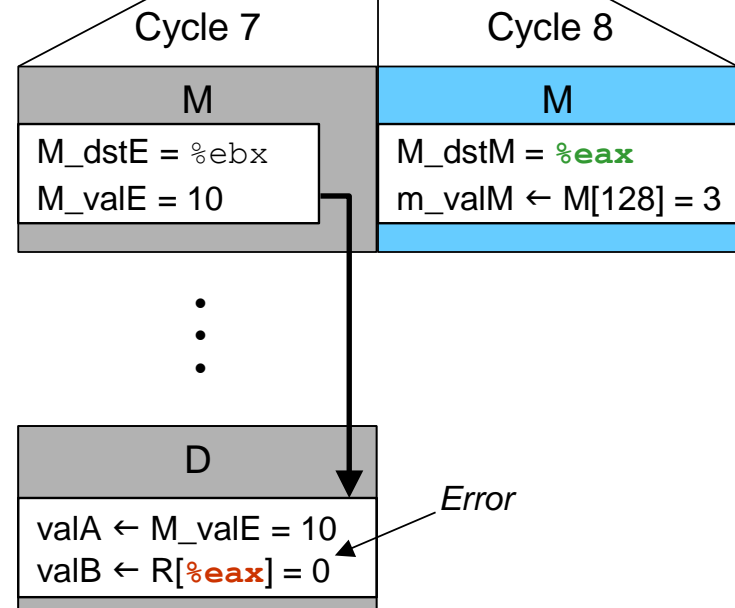
0x020: halt

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11



## Load-use dependency

- Value needed by end of decode stage in cycle 7
- Value read from memory in memory stage of cycle 8



# Avoiding Load/Use Hazard

# demo-luh.py

0x000: irmovl \$128,%edx

0x006: irmovl \$3,%ecx

0x00c: rmmovl %ecx, 0(%edx)

0x012: irmovl \$10,%ebx

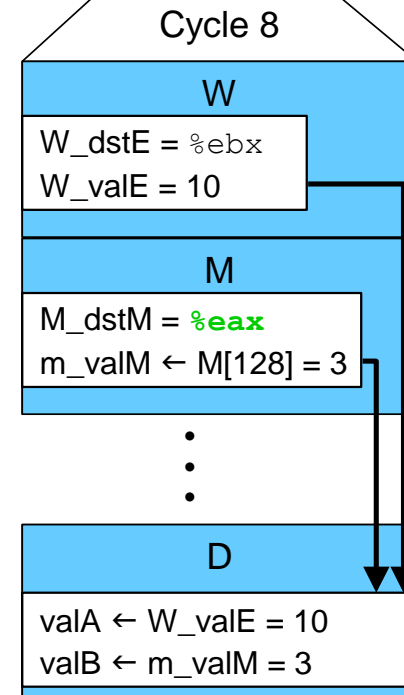
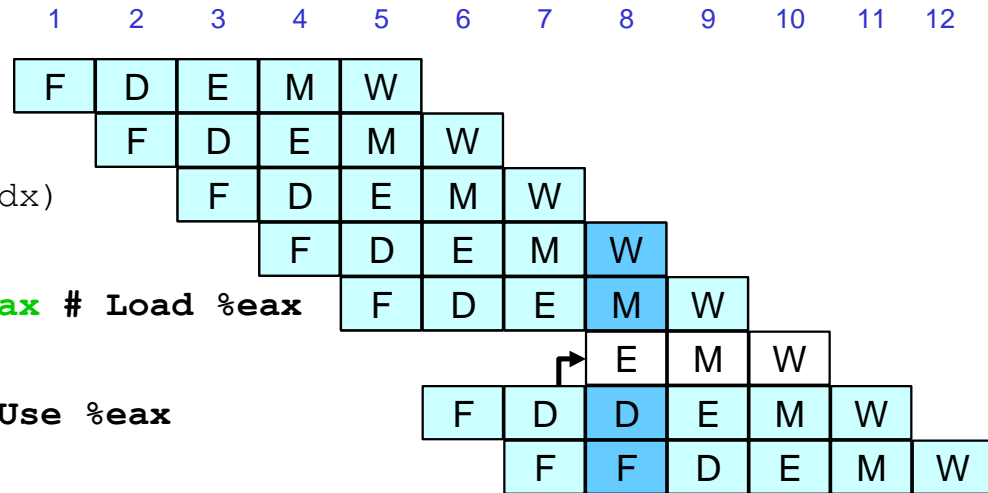
0x018: mrmovl 0(%edx),%eax # Load %eax

*bubble*

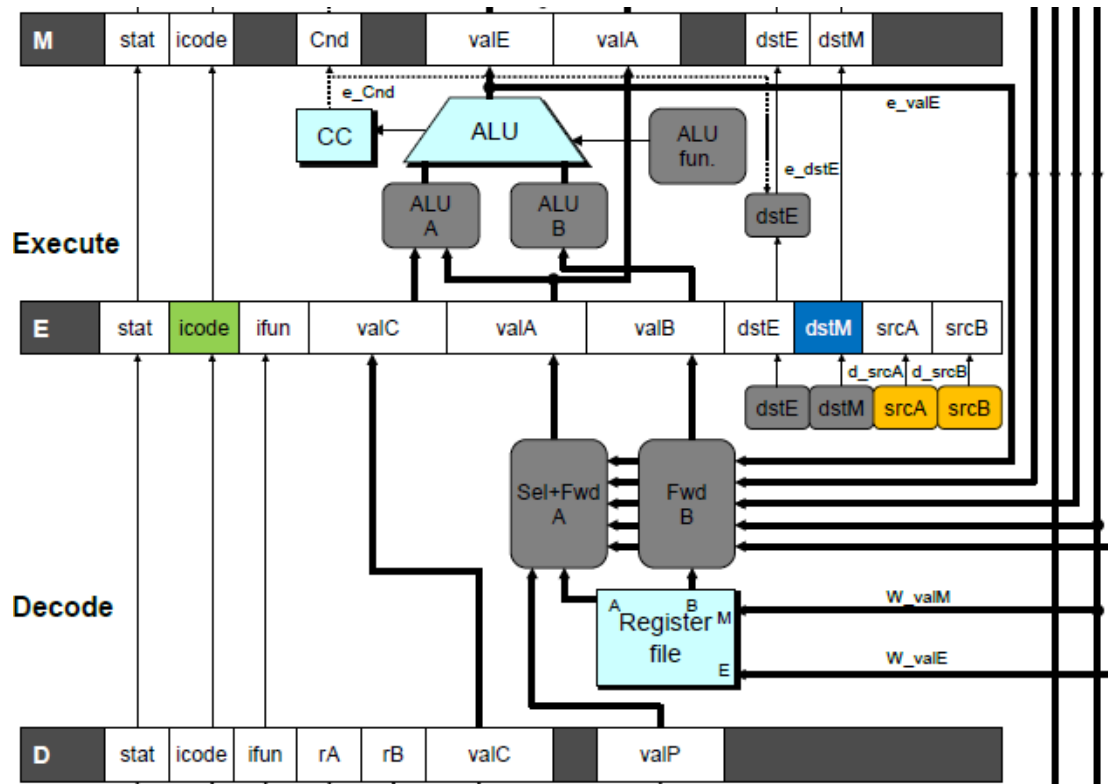
0x01e: addl %ebx,%eax # Use %eax

0x020: halt

- Stall using instruction for one cycle
- Can then pick up loaded value by forwarding from memory stage



# Detecting Load/Use Hazard



Condition	Trigger
Load/Use Hazard	$E\_icode \in \{ IMRMOVL, IPOPL \} \ \&\&$ $E\_dstM \in \{ d\_srcA, d\_srcB \}$

# Control for Load/Use Hazard

# demo-luh.js

0x000: irmovl \$128,%edx

0x006: irmovl \$3,%ecx

0x00c: rmmovl %ecx, 0(%edx)

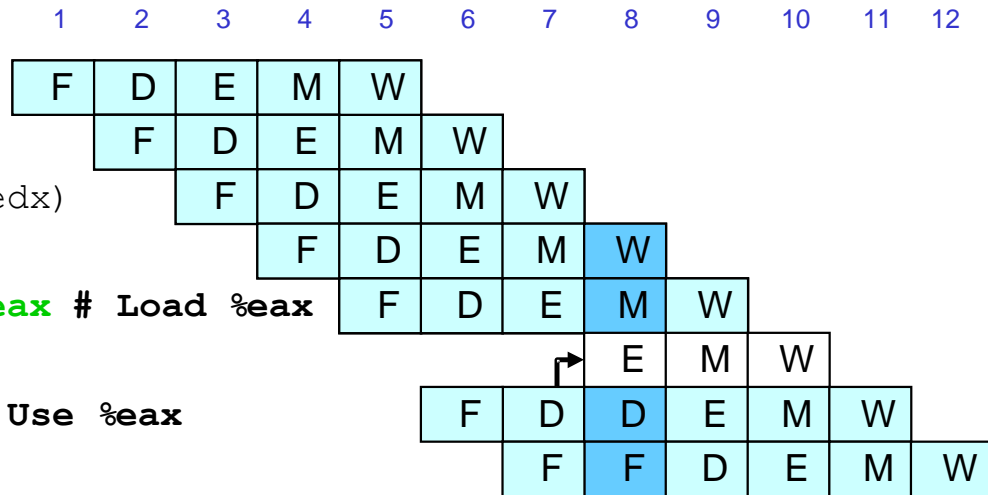
0x012: irmovl \$10,%ebx

0x018: mrmovl 0(%edx),%eax # Load %eax

*bubble*

0x01e: addl %ebx,%eax # Use %eax

0x020: halt



- Stall instructions in fetch and decode stages
- Inject bubble into execute stage

Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Load/Use Hazard	stall	stall	bubble	normal	normal



# Branch Misprediction Example

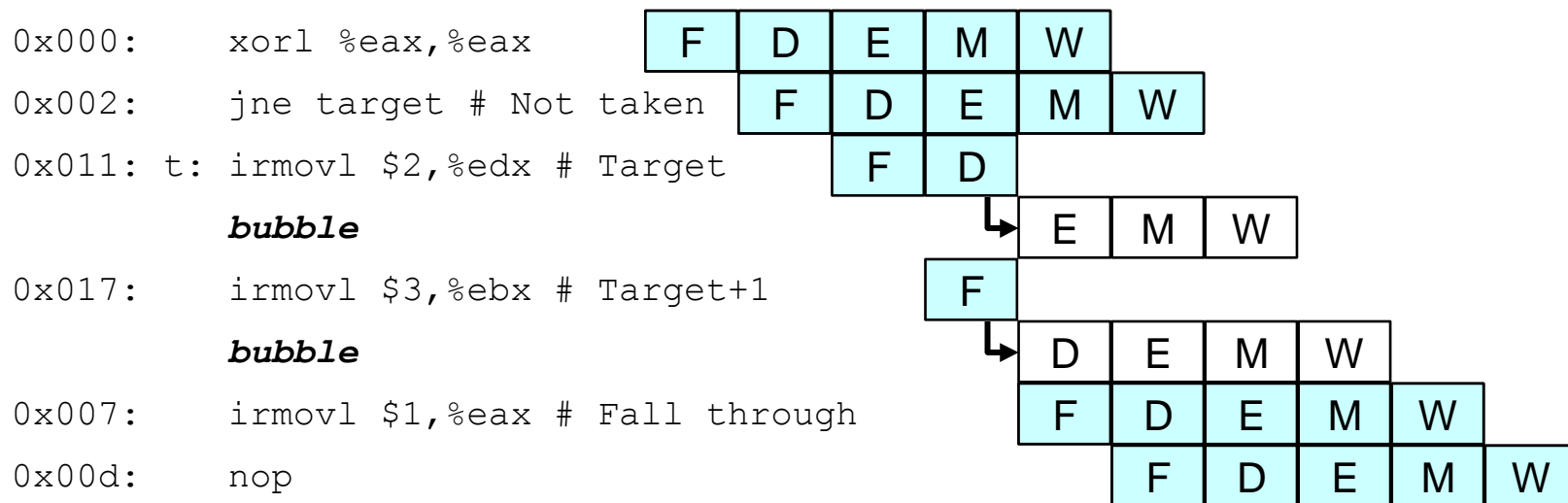
demo-j.ys

```
0x000:    xorl %eax,%eax
0x002:    jne  t                # Not taken
0x007:    irmovl $1, %eax       # Fall through
0x00d:    nop
0x00e:    nop
0x00f:    nop
0x010:    halt
0x011:  t:  irmovl $3, %edx    # Target (Should not execute)
0x017:    irmovl $4, %ecx     # Should not execute
0x01d:    irmovl $5, %edx     # Should not execute
```

- Should only execute first 8 instructions

# Handling Misprediction

# demo-j.js



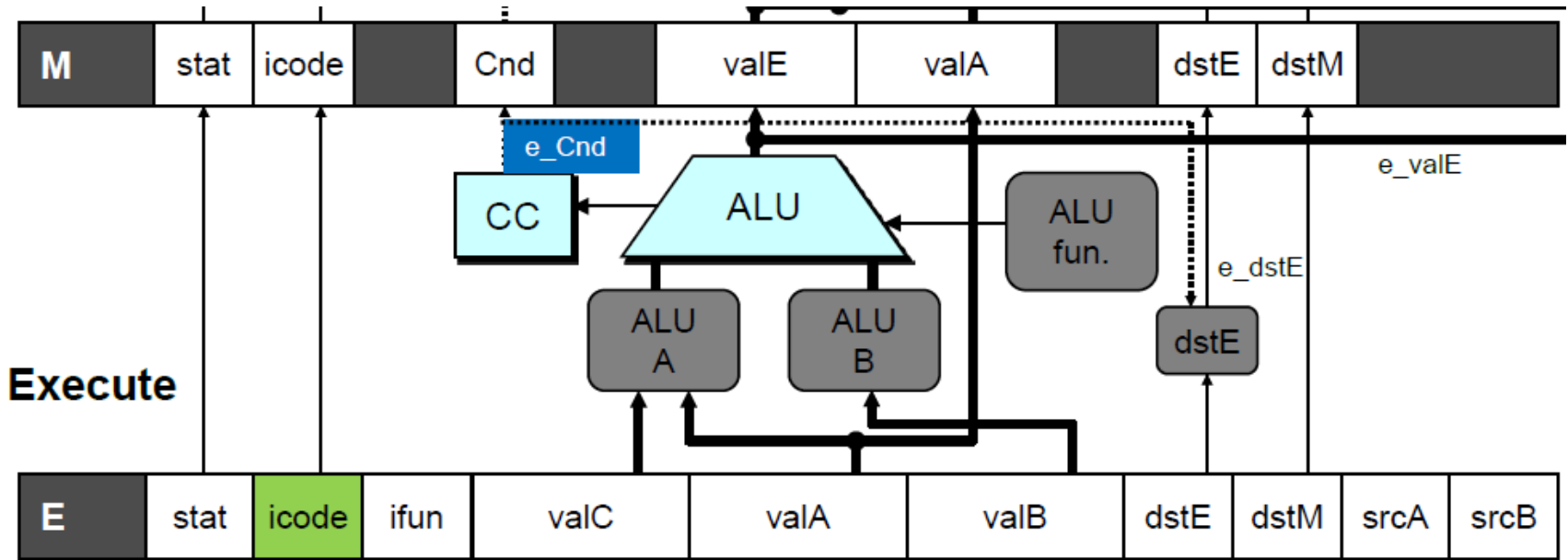
## Predict branch as taken

- Fetch 2 instructions at target

## Cancel when mispredicted

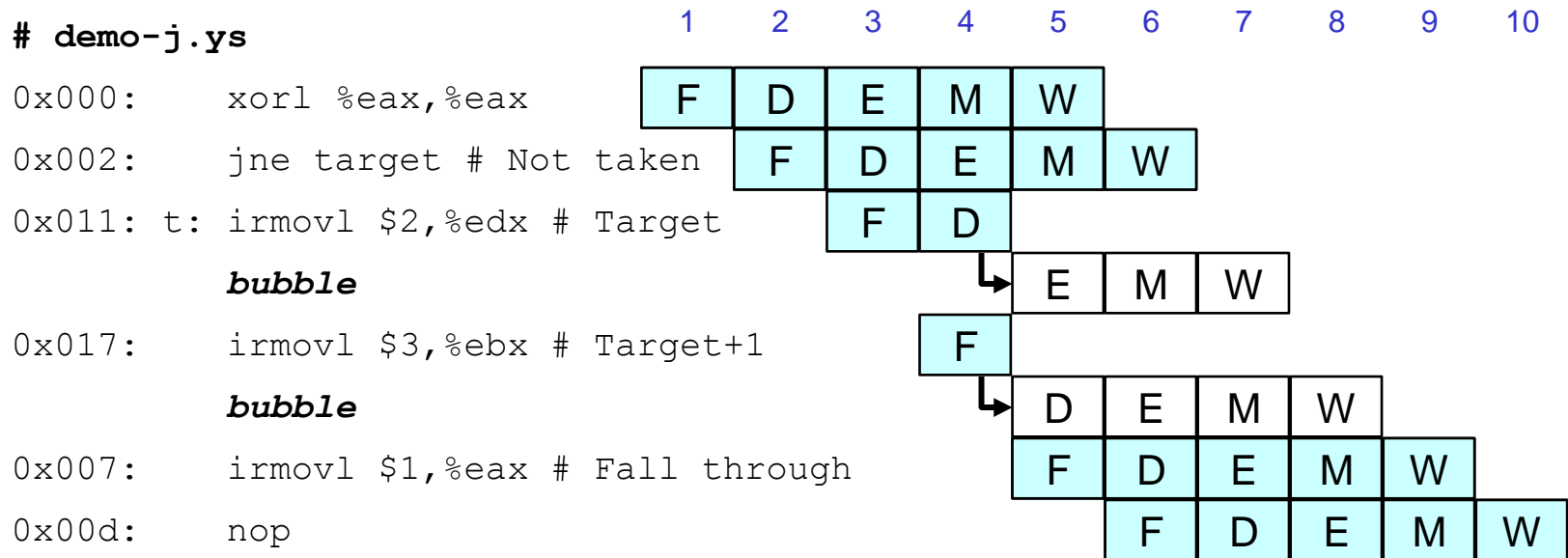
- Detect branch not-taken in execute stage
- On following cycle, replace instructions in execute and decode by bubbles
- No side effects have occurred yet

# Detecting Mispredicted Branch



Condition	Trigger
Mispredicted Branch	$E\_icode = IJXX \ \& \ !e\_Cnd$

# Control for Misprediction



Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Mispredicted Branch	normal	bubble	bubble	normal	normal

# Return Example

demo-retb.ys

```
0x000:    irmovl Stack,%esp    # Initialize stack pointer
0x006:    call p                # Procedure call
0x00b:    irmovl $5,%esi        # Return point
0x011:    halt
0x020:    .pos 0x20
0x020: p:  irmovl $-1,%edi      # procedure
0x026:    ret
0x027:    irmovl $1,%eax          # Should not be executed
0x02d:    irmovl $2,%ecx          # Should not be executed
0x033:    irmovl $3,%edx          # Should not be executed
0x039:    irmovl $4,%ebx          # Should not be executed
0x100:    .pos 0x100
0x100: Stack:                  # Stack: Stack pointer
```

- Previously executed three additional instructions

# Correct Return Example

# demo-retb

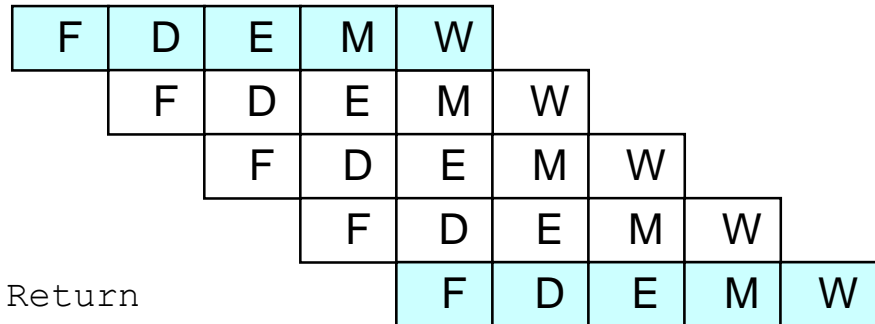
0x026:     ret

*bubble*

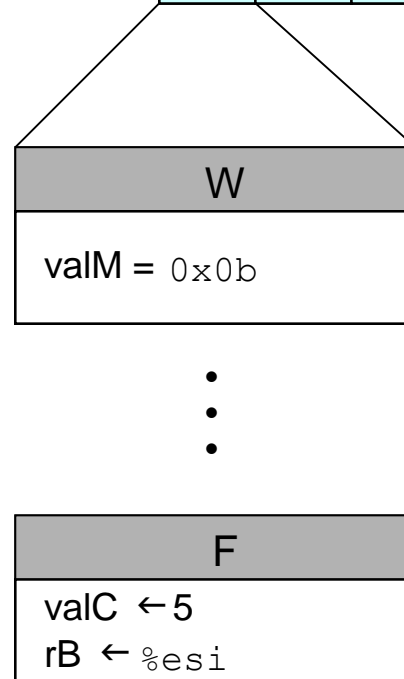
*bubble*

*bubble*

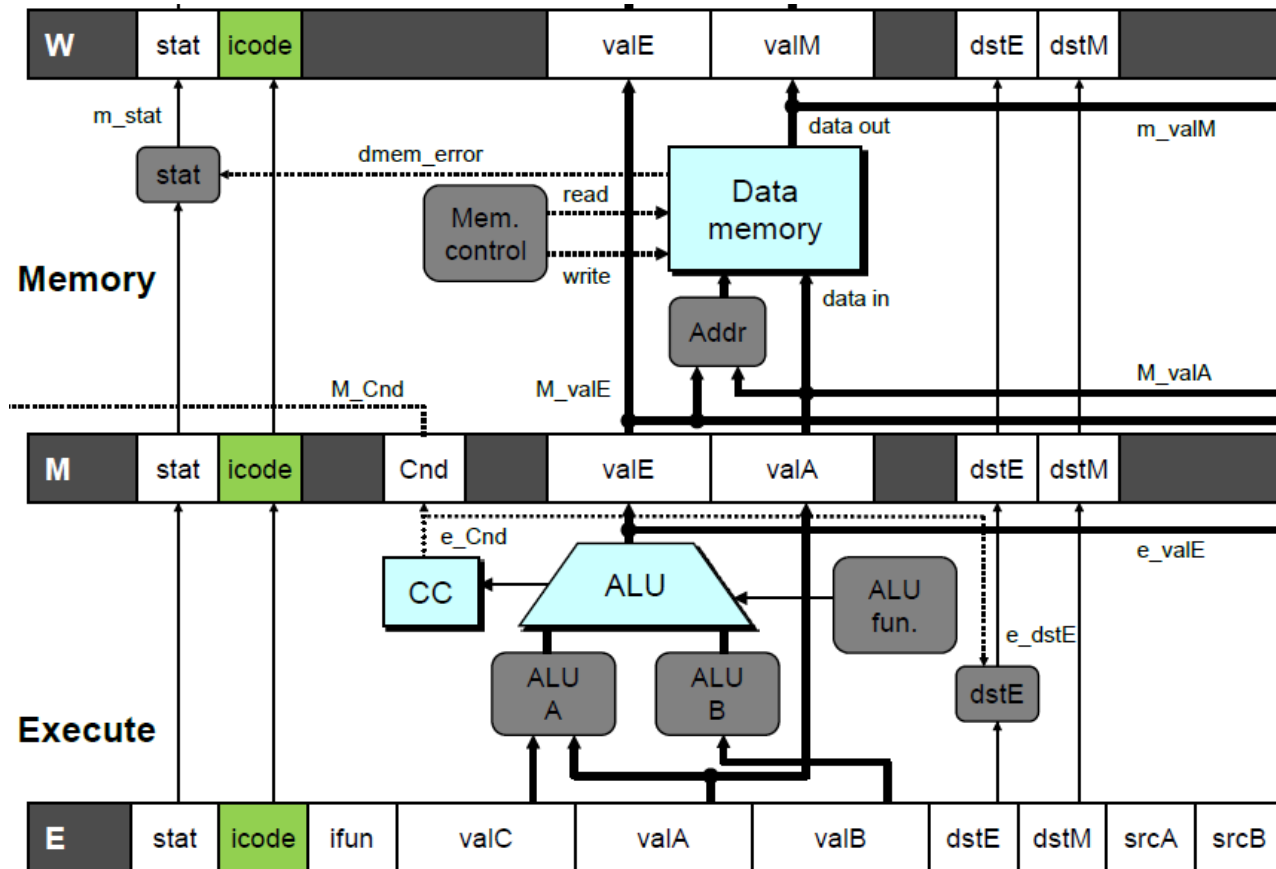
0x00b:     irmovl \$5,%esi # Return



- As ret passes through pipeline, stall at fetch stage
  - While in decode, execute, and memory stage
- Inject bubble into decode stage
- Release stall when reach write-back stage



# Detecting Return



Condition	Trigger
Processing ret	IRET in { D_icode, E_icode, M_icode }

# Control for Return

```
# demo-retb
```

```
0x026:    ret
```

***bubble***

***bubble******bubble***

```
0x00b:    irmovl $5,%esi # Return
```

F	D	E	M	W					
	F	D	E	M	W				
		F	D	E	M	W			
			F	D	E	M	W		
Return				F	D	E	M	W	

Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal



# Special Control Cases

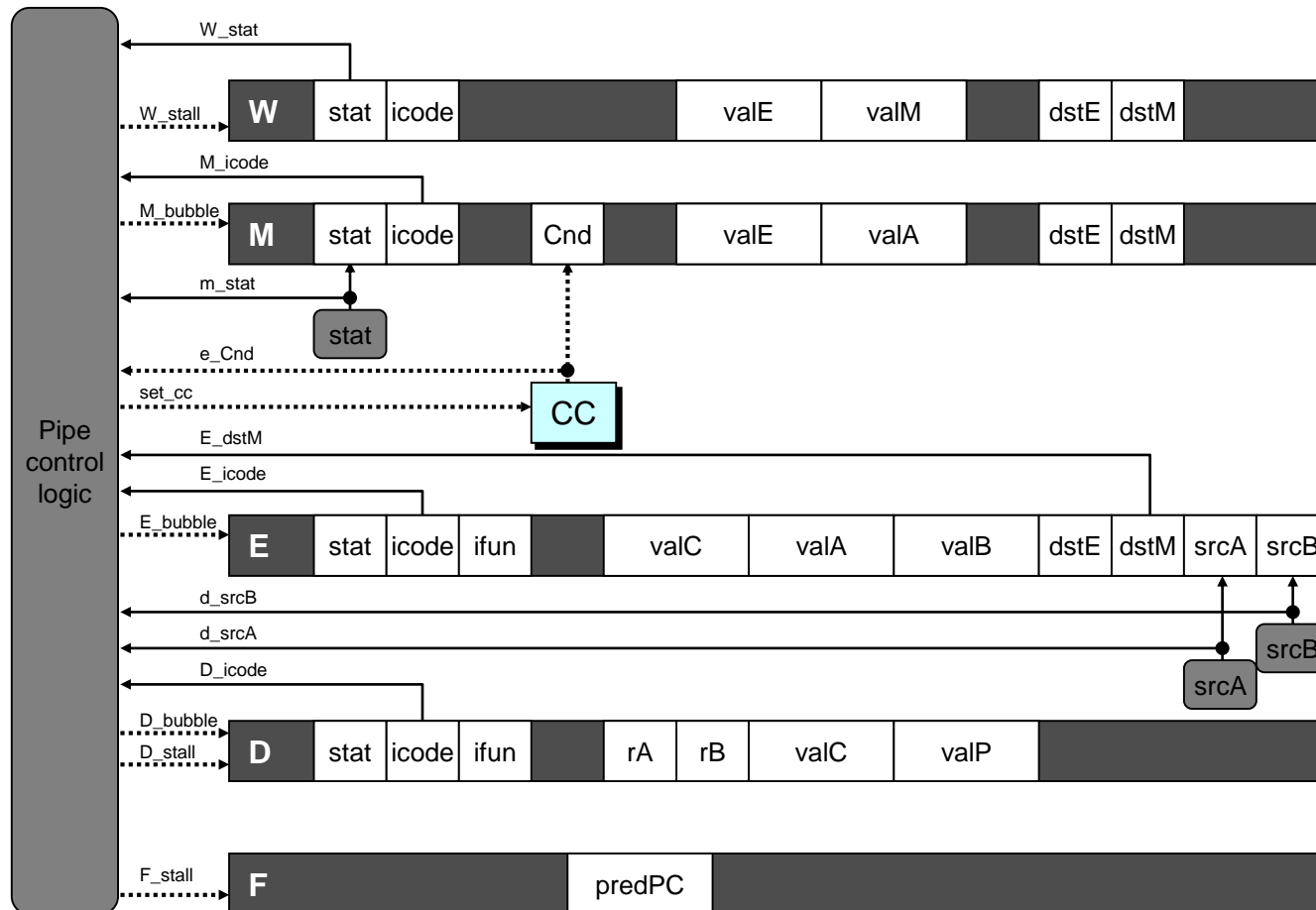
## Detection

Condition	Trigger
Processing ret	IRET in { D_icode, E_icode, M_icode }
Load/Use Hazard	E_icode in { IMRMOVL, IPOPL } && E_dstM in { d_srcA, d_srcB }
Mispredicted Branch	E_icode = IJXX & !e_Cnd

## Action (on next cycle)

Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal
Load/Use Hazard	stall	stall	bubble	normal	normal
Mispredicted Branch	normal	bubble	bubble	normal	normal

# Implementing Pipeline Control



- Combinational logic generates pipeline control signals
- Action occurs at start of following cycle

# Initial Version of Pipeline Control

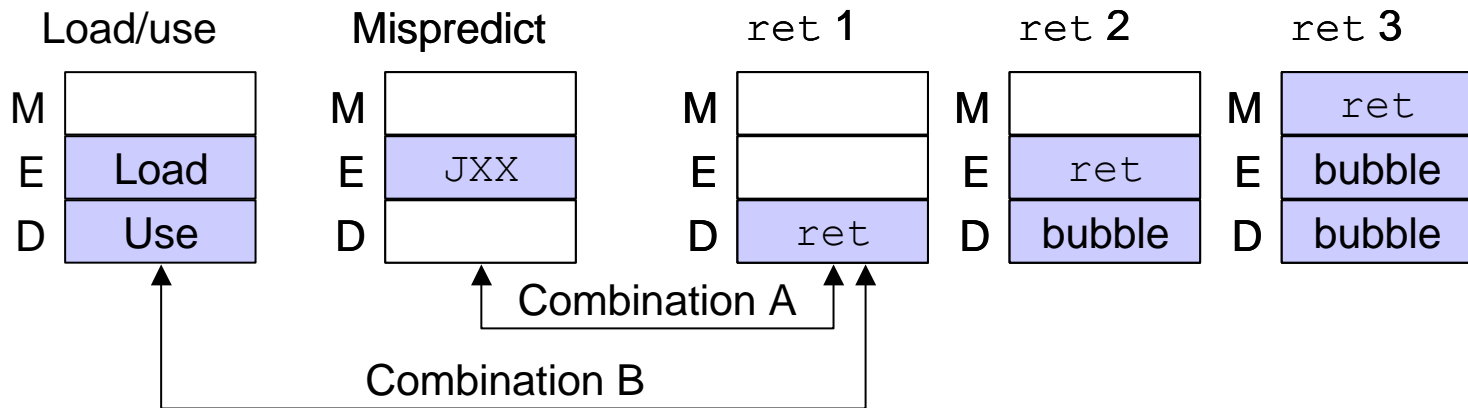
```
bool F_stall =
    # Conditions for a load/use hazard
    E_icode in { IMRMOVL, IPOPL } && E_dstM in { d_srcA, d_srcB } ||
    # Stalling at fetch while ret passes through pipeline
    IRET in { D_icode, E_icode, M_icode };

bool D_stall =
    # Conditions for a load/use hazard
    E_icode in { IMRMOVL, IPOPL } && E_dstM in { d_srcA, d_srcB };

bool D_bubble =
    # Mispredicted branch
    (E_icode == IJXX && !e_Cnd) ||
    # Stalling at fetch while ret passes through pipeline
    IRET in { D_icode, E_icode, M_icode };

bool E_bubble =
    # Mispredicted branch
    (E_icode == IJXX && !e_Cnd) ||
    # Load/use hazard
    E_icode in { IMRMOVL, IPOPL } && E_dstM in { d_srcA, d_srcB };
```

# Control Combinations



- Special cases that can arise on same clock cycle

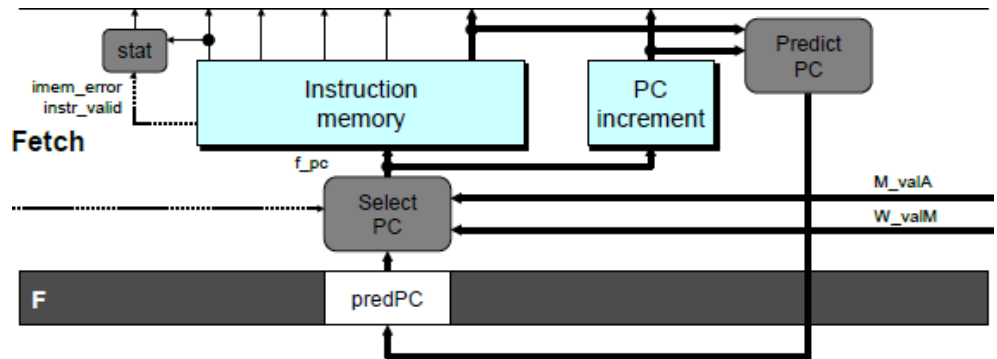
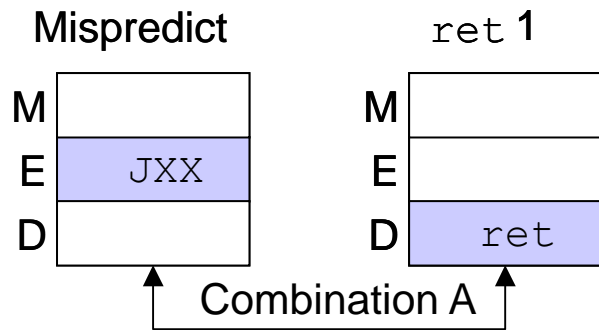
## Combination A

- Not-taken branch
- `ret` instruction at branch target

## Combination B

- Instruction that reads from memory to `%esp`
- Followed by `ret` instruction

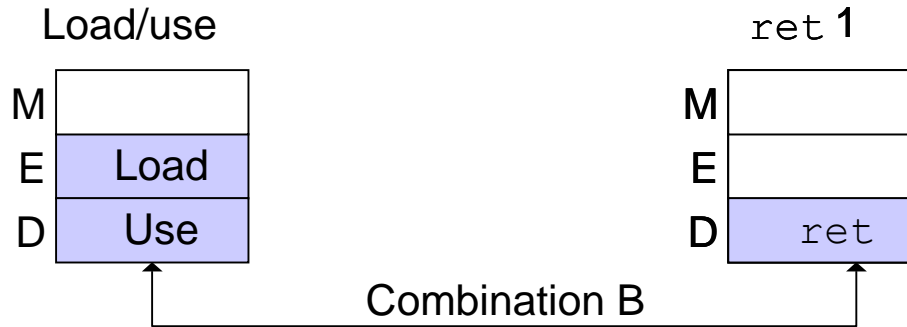
# Control Combination A



Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal
Mispredicted Branch	normal	bubble	bubble	normal	normal
Combination	stall	bubble	bubble	normal	normal

- Should handle as mispredicted branch
- Stalls F pipeline register
- But PC selection logic will be using M\_valM anyhow

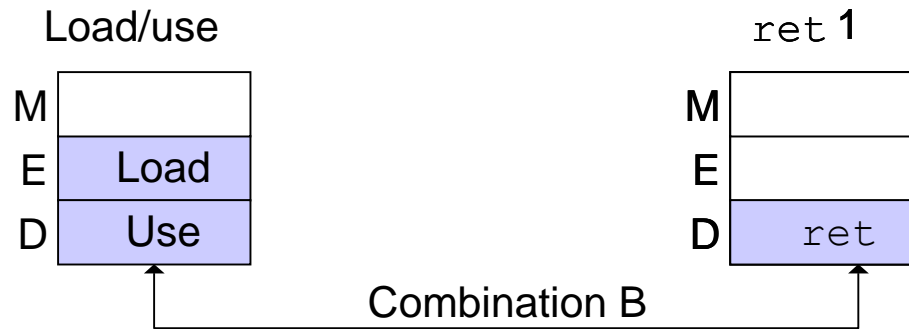
# Control Combination B



Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal
Load/Use Hazard	stall	stall	bubble	normal	normal
<i>Combination</i>	<i>stall</i>	<i>bubble + stall</i>	<i>bubble</i>	<i>normal</i>	<i>normal</i>

- Would attempt to bubble *and* stall pipeline register D
- Signaled by processor as pipeline error

# Handling Control Combination B



Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal
Load/Use Hazard	stall	stall	bubble	normal	normal
Combination	<i>stall</i>	<i>stall</i>	<i>bubble</i>	<i>normal</i>	<i>normal</i>

- Load/use hazard should get priority
- `ret` instruction should be held in decode stage for additional cycle

# Corrected Pipeline Control Logic

```
bool D_bubble =  
    # Mispredicted branch  
    (E_icode == IJXX && !e_Cnd) ||  
    # Stalling at fetch while ret passes through pipeline  
    IRET in { D_icode, E_icode, M_icode }  
    # but not condition for a load/use hazard  
    && !(E_icode in { IMRMOVL, IPOPL }  
        && E_dstM in { d_srcA, d_srcB }));
```

Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal
Load/Use Hazard	stall	stall	bubble	normal	normal
<i>Combination</i>	<i>stall</i>	<i>stall</i>	<i>bubble</i>	<i>normal</i>	<i>normal</i>

- Load/use hazard should get priority
- `ret` instruction should be held in decode stage for additional cycle



# Pipeline Summary

## Data Hazards

- Most handled by forwarding
  - No performance penalty
- Load/use hazard requires one cycle stall

## Control Hazards

- Cancel instructions when detect mispredicted branch
  - Two clock cycles wasted
- Stall fetch stage while `ret` passes through pipeline
  - Three clock cycles wasted

## Control Combinations

- Must analyze carefully
- First version had subtle bug
  - Only arises with unusual instruction combination