

# Task M2 T02

## Exercises of control structures with Python

### - Exercise 1

The exercise consists of creating a program that classifies you with a numerical variable based on the Failed/Passed/Notable/Excellent scale.

Remember that Fail < 5, Pass > 5 and < 7, Notable > 7 and < 9, and Excellent > 9.

```
In [106]: def classified_points(value):
            if value<=5 and value>=0:
                print("Fail")
            elif value>5 and value<=7:
                print("Pass")
            elif value>7 and value<=9:
                print("Notable")
            elif value>9 and value<=10 :
                print("Excellent")
            else:
                print("Value out of range")

classified_points(4)
classified_points(5)
classified_points(8)
classified_points(10)
classified_points(65)
classified_points(-15)
```

```
Fail
Fail
Notable
Excellent
Value out of range
Value out of range
```

### - Exercise 2

Using the following tutorial, create a program that prompts you for two numbers. It should show you a message saying if the first is bigger, the second is bigger or they are equal.

->Programiz: Python Input, Output and Import

```
In [64]: def equal_bigger_than(x,y):
            if x == y:
                print("They are equal")
            elif x>y:
                print("The first is bigger")
            else:
                print("The second is bigger")

number_one = int(input("Enter a first number : "))

number_two = int(input("Enter a second number : "))

equal_bigger_than(number_one,number_two)
```

```
Enter a first number : 5
Enter a second number : 9
The second is bigger
```

### - Exercise 3

Create a program that asks for your name, and asks for a number. If the number is 0, it should display an error message. Otherwise, it should show the name repeated as many times as the number. For example, "John John John".

```
In [82]: def name_for_name(name,number):
            if number<=0:
                print("Error!!! Enter a integer number")
            else:
                for i in range(number):
                    print(name)

name = input("Enter your name : ")
number = int(input("Enter a number : "))

name_for_name(name,number)
```

```
Enter your name : Ivana
Enter a number : 5
Ivana
Ivana
Ivana
Ivana
Ivana
```

### - Exercise 4

Create a program that, given any list, tells you whether it is symmetric or not. If it is, tell you how many elements it has.

```
In [104]: def first_form(list_one): #reverse the list
            new_list=[]
            j = 1
            for i in list_one:
                new_list.append(list_one[len(list_one) - j])
                j+=1
            if new_list == list_one:
                symmetric = 1
            else:
                symmetric = 0
            print_symmetric(list_one,symmetric)

def second_form(list_two): #compares last and first if finds a different is not symmetric
    j = 1
    for i in list_two:
        if i != list_two[len(list_two) - j]:
            symmetric = 0
            break
        else:
            symmetric = 1
        j+=1
    print_symmetric(list_two,symmetric)

def print_symmetric(list_ex,value):
    print (list_ex)
    if value == 1:
        print ("The list is symmetric")
    else:
        print("The list is not symmetric")

example_list = [7,5,3,1,3,5,7]
```

```
first_form([7,5,3,1,3,5,7])
second_form([7,5,3,1,3,5,7])

first_form([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8])
second_form([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8])

[7, 5, 3, 1, 3, 5, 7]
The list is symmetric
[7, 5, 3, 1, 3, 5, 7]
The list is symmetric
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
The list is not symmetric
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
The list is not symmetric
```

### - Exercise 5

Create a program that, given a list, tells you how many numbers match its position. For example [3,4,2,0,2,3,6] 2 and 6 match.

```
In [103]: def match_numbers(list_of_numbers):
            i = 0
            match=0
            for x in list_of_numbers:
                if i==x:
                    print(x)
                    match+=1
                i+=1
            print("Match: ",match)

match_numbers([3,4,2,0,2,3,6])
match_numbers([0,4,2,0,2,3,6,9,3,15,10])
match_numbers([0,4,2,0,4,6,2,3,8,9])
```

```
2
6
Match:  2
0
2
6
10
Match:  4
0
2
4
8
9
Match:  5
```