#### Task M3 T01

### Numerical programming, dataframes and statistical analysis

#### - Exercise 1

Create a function that, given a one-dimensional Array, gives you a basic statistical summary of the data. If it detects that the array has more than one dimension, it must display an error message.

```
In [26]:
        import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
        def summary array(array number):
            print(array number.describe())
            return()
        def dimension right(array number):
            size array = array_number.ndim
            if size array == 1:
                print('Array 1D')
            else:
                print('Error!!!')
         #array_send=np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7, 8]])
         array_send=np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
         df = pd.DataFrame(array_send)
         summary_array(df)
        dimension right (array send)
                     0
        count 8.00000
        mean 4.50000
        std 2.44949
        min 1.00000
        25% 2.75000
        50% 4.50000
        75% 6.25000
        max 8.00000
        Array 1D
```

#### - Exercise 2

Create a function that generates an NxN square of random numbers between 0 and 100.

```
In [89]: from numpy import random

def random_N_x_N(N):
    x = random.randint(100, size=(N,N))
    print (x)

random_N_x_N(5)

[[12 47 87 74 60]
    [24 92 67 16 30]
    [11 97 80 17 62]
    [96 33 24 38 32]
    [ 5 86 65 63 34]]
```

## - Exercise 3

```
Create a function that, given a two-dimensional table (NxM), calculates the totals per row and the totals per column.
In [18]: import pandas as pd
         from numpy import random
         def generate array(N,M):
             x= random.randint(100, size=(N,M))
             print(x)
             return(x)
         def total sum row(result array):
             print('Totals per row:',np.sum(result array,axis=1))
         def total sum column(result array):
             print('Totals per column:',np.sum(result array,axis=0))
         columns = 5
         array one = generate array(rows, columns)
         total sum row(array one)
         total_sum_column(array_one)
         [[35 89 57 43 89]
          [58 18 49 71 56]]
         Totals per row: [313 252]
         Totals per column: [ 93 107 106 114 145]
```

# - Exercise 4 Manually implement a function that calculates the correlation coefficient. Learn about its uses and interpretation.

x\_mean=np.mean(x)

In [1]: def correlation\_coeficient(x,y):

```
y_mean=np.mean(y)
    print('Mean of x:', x_mean)
    print('Mean of y:', y_mean)
    # Subtract the mean from each value
    xi_xm = x-x_mean
    print ("xi-xm = ",xi_xm)
    yi_ym =y-y_mean
    print ("yi-ym = ",yi_ym)
    # Calculate the numerator of the equation, multiply the last two array
    xi_xm_x_yi_xm = np.prod([xi_xm,yi_ym],axis=0)
    print("(xi-xm)(yi-xm) = ",xi_xm_x_yi_xm)
    # Sum the values of the array
    numerator = np.sum(xi_xm_x_yi_xm)
    print ("Numerator of the coefficient equation : ", numerator)
    # Calculate the denominator of the equation. We take the square of both arrays
    xi_xm_2 = np.power(xi_xm,2)
    print("(xi-xm)^2 = ",xi_xm_2)
    yi_ym_2 = np.power(yi_ym,2)
    print("(yi-ym)^2 = ", yi_ym_2)
    # Calculate the sum of the values of each array
    sum xi xm 2 = np.sum(xi xm 2)
    print ("summation (xi-xm)^2 = ", sum_xi_xm_2)
    sum yi ym 2 = np.sum(yi ym 2)
    print ("summation (yi-ym)^2 = ", sum_yi_ym_2)
    # Multiply both sums
    prod_sum = sum_xi_xm_2*sum_yi_ym_2
    print('Summation', prod sum)
    # Take the square root of the last value obtained
    denominator = np.sqrt(prod sum)
    print("Denominator of the coefficient equation: ",denominator)
    # Divide the numerator and denominator to get the coefficient.
    result = numerator / denominator
    return (result)
Formula
```

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```
In [2]: array_one = [156,167,160,150,149]
    array_two = [55,64.5,58,60.9,46]

    coefficient = correlation_coeficient(array_one,array_two)

Mean of x: 156.4
    Mean of y: 56.8799999999999
    xi-xm = [-0.4 10.6 3.6 -6.4 -7.4]
    yi-ym = [-1.88 7.62 1.12 4.02 -10.88]
    (xi-xm)(yi-xm) = [ 0.752 80.772 4.032 -25.728 80.512]
    Numerator of the coefficient equation : 140.34
    (xi-xm)^2 = [ 0.16 112.36 12.96 40.96 54.76]
    (yi-ym)^2 = [ 3.5344 58.0644 1.2544 16.1604 118.3744]
    summation (xi-xm)^2 = 221.2
    summation (yi-ym)^2 = 197.387999999998
    Summation 43662.2255999999
    Denominator of the coefficient equation: 208.9550803402492
```

```
In [81]: print ("Correlation coefficient, manual calculation = ", coefficient )
Correlation coefficient, manual calculation = 0.6716276042270868
```

coeficiente corr = np.corrcoef(array one,arra

Calculation of the coefficient with the numpy function