

# Trabalhando com pacote Lattice

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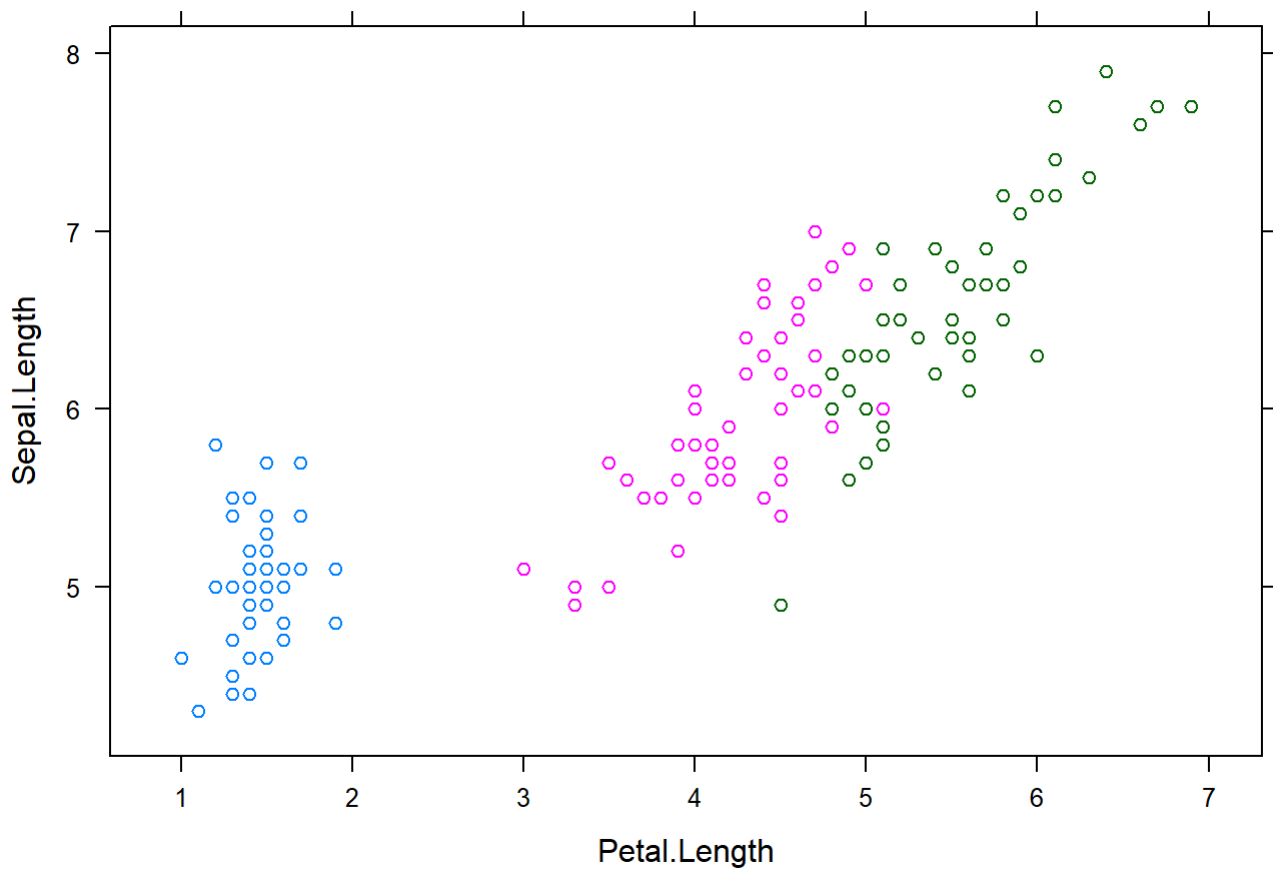
2 de marco de 2021

## Pacote Lattice

```
library(lattice)
```

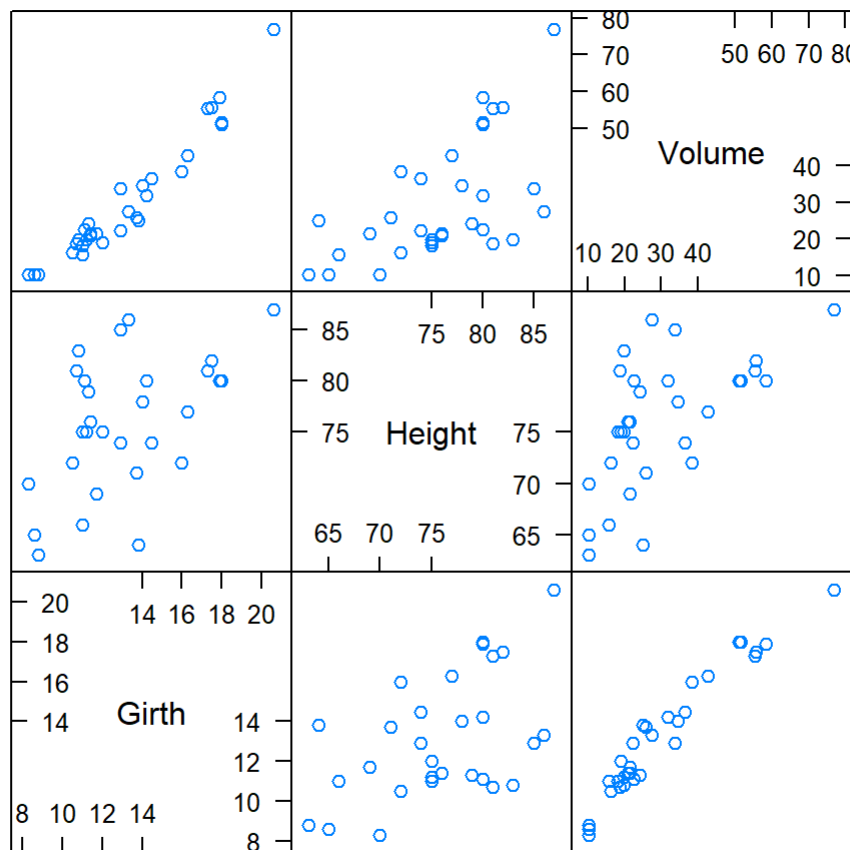
Plotando com a biblioteca

```
xypLOT(data=iris, groups=Species, Sepal.Length~Petal.Length)
```



Scatterplot

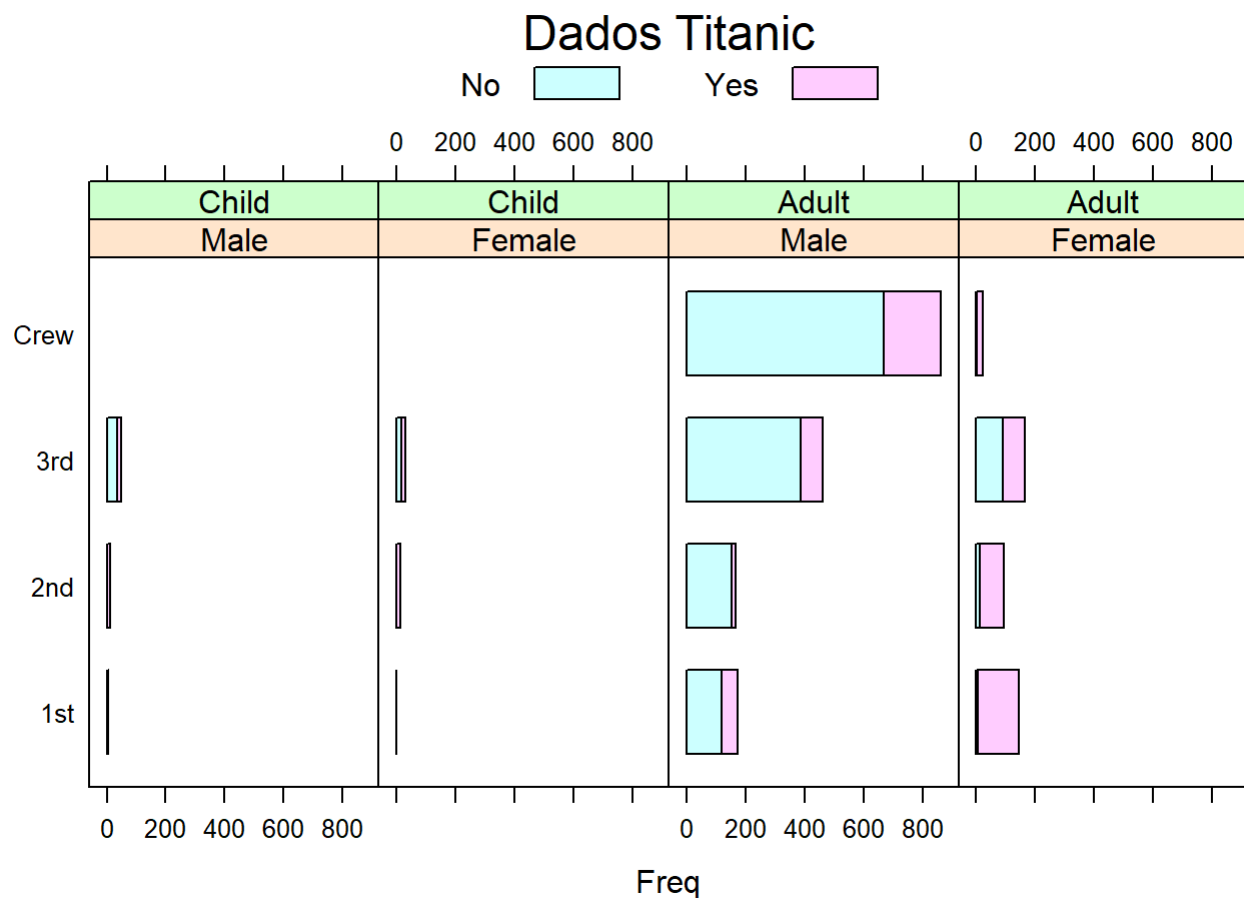
```
spLOM(trees)
```



Scatter Plot Matrix

## Dataset Titanic

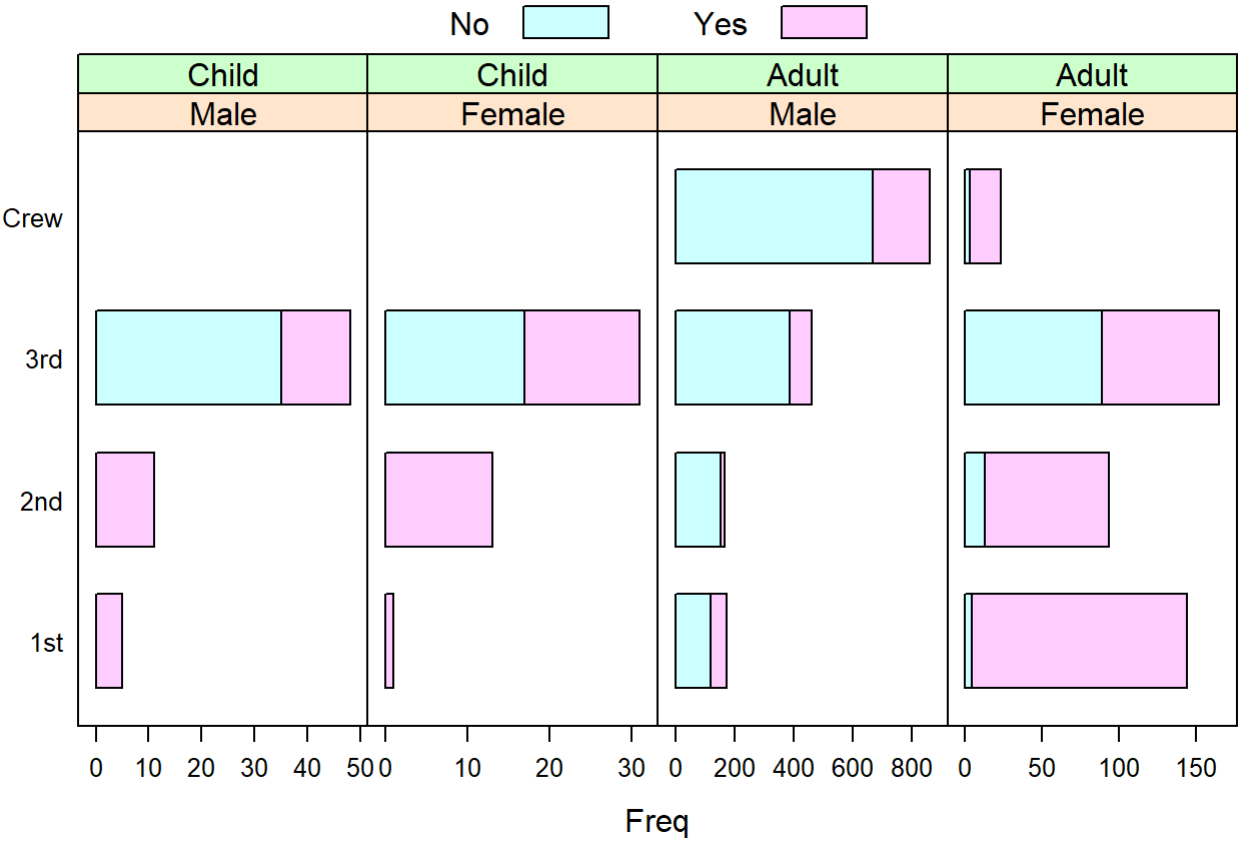
```
barchart(Class~Freq| Sex+Age, data=as.data.frame(Titanic), groups=Survived, stack=T,
          layout=c(4,1), auto.key=list(title="Dados Titanic", columns=2))
```



Ajustando a escala

```
barchart(Class~Freq| Sex+Age, data=as.data.frame(Titanic), groups=Survived, stack=T,
  layout=c(4,1), auto.key=list(title="Dados Titanic", columns=2),
  scales=list(x="free"))
```

# Dados Titanic



Base de dados e tabela estatística

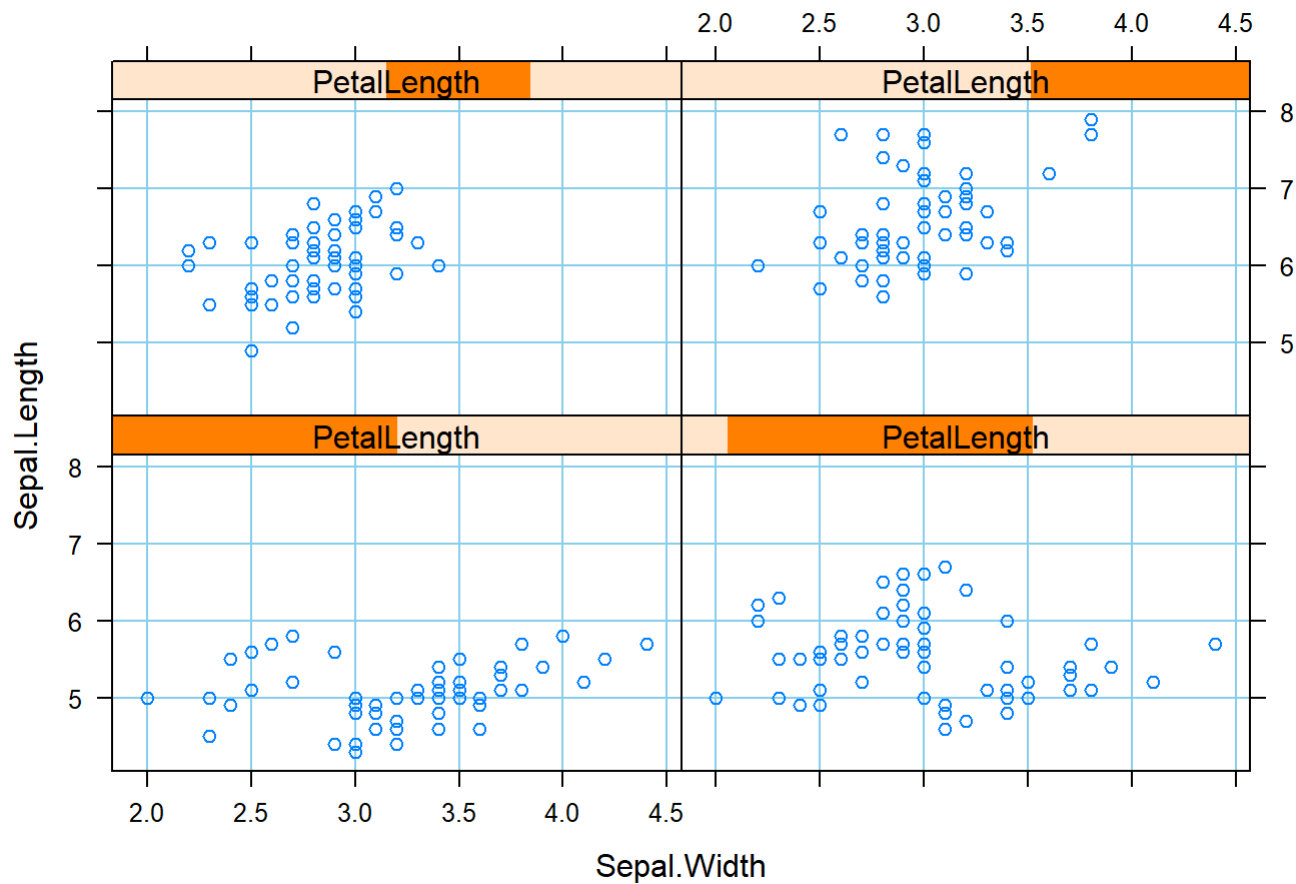
```
x=equal.count(rivers)
x
```

```
##
## Data:
## [1] 735 320 325 392 524 450 1459 135 465 600 330 336 280 315 870
## [16] 906 202 329 290 1000 600 505 1450 840 1243 890 350 407 286 280
## [31] 525 720 390 250 327 230 265 850 210 630 260 230 360 730 600
## [46] 306 390 420 291 710 340 217 281 352 259 250 470 680 570 350
## [61] 300 560 900 625 332 2348 1171 3710 2315 2533 780 280 410 460 260
## [76] 255 431 350 760 618 338 981 1306 500 696 605 250 411 1054 735
## [91] 233 435 490 310 460 383 375 1270 545 445 1885 380 300 380 377
## [106] 425 276 210 800 420 350 360 538 1100 1205 314 237 610 360 540
## [121] 1038 424 310 300 444 301 268 620 215 652 900 525 246 360 529
## [136] 500 720 270 430 671 1770
##
## Intervals:
##      min      max count
## 1 134.5 325.5    40
## 2 269.5 380.5    40
## 3 326.5 470.5    41
## 4 382.5 620.5    41
## 5 489.5 900.5    41
## 6 624.5 3710.5    40
##
## Overlap between adjacent intervals:
## [1] 20 20 21 20 21
```

```
PetalLength = equal.count(iris$Petal.Length,4)
PetalLength
```

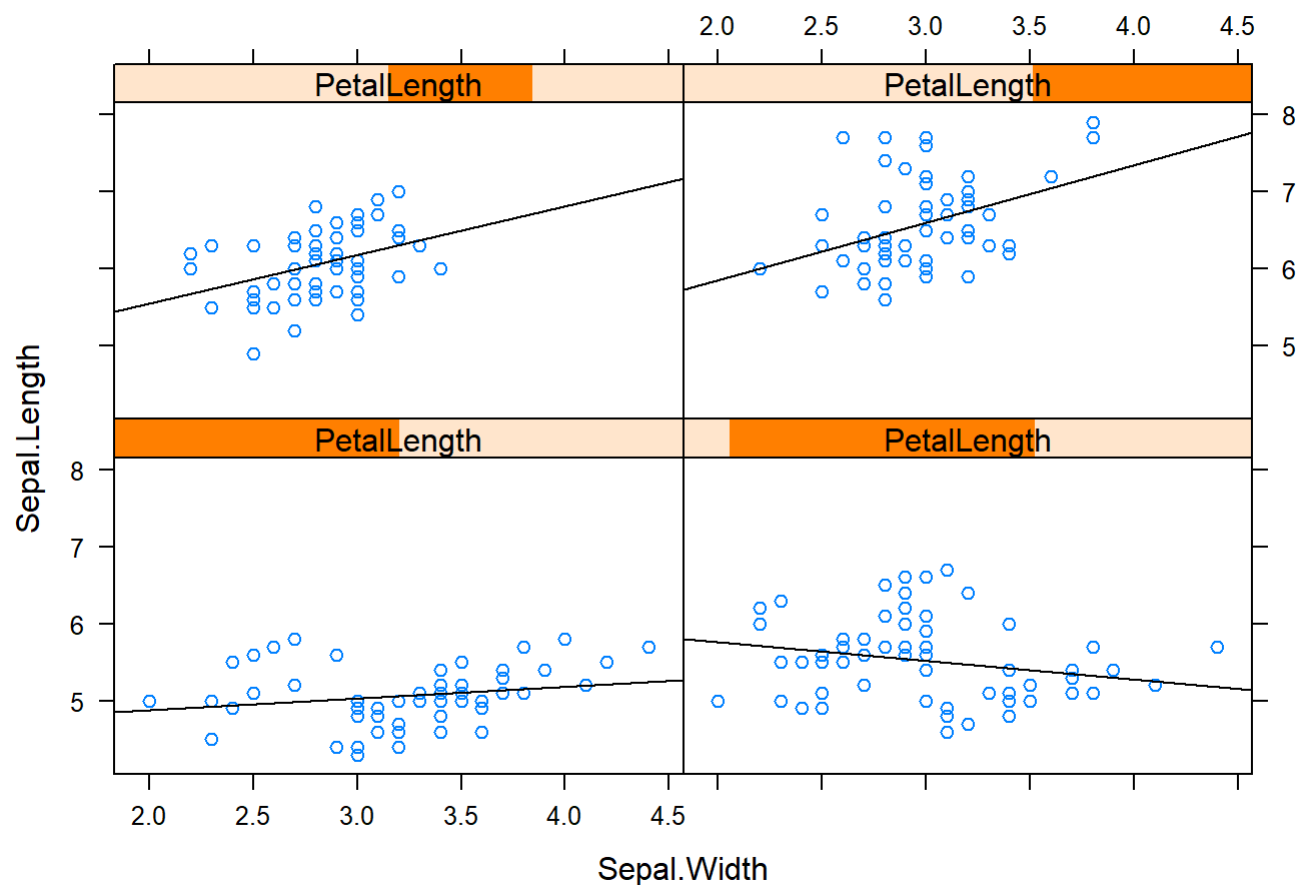
```
##
## Data:
## [1] 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.7 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.6 1.4 1.1 1.2 1.5 1.3 1.4
## [19] 1.7 1.5 1.7 1.5 1.0 1.7 1.9 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.5 1.2
## [37] 1.3 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.6 1.9 1.4 1.6 1.4 1.5 1.4 4.7 4.5 4.9 4.0
## [55] 4.6 4.5 4.7 3.3 4.6 3.9 3.5 4.2 4.0 4.7 3.6 4.4 4.5 4.1 4.5 3.9 4.8 4.0
## [73] 4.9 4.7 4.3 4.4 4.8 5.0 4.5 3.5 3.8 3.7 3.9 5.1 4.5 4.5 4.7 4.4 4.1 4.0
## [91] 4.4 4.6 4.0 3.3 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.3 3.0 4.1 6.0 5.1 5.9 5.6 5.8 6.6 4.5 6.3
## [109] 5.8 6.1 5.1 5.3 5.5 5.0 5.1 5.3 5.5 6.7 6.9 5.0 5.7 4.9 6.7 4.9 5.7 6.0
## [127] 4.8 4.9 5.6 5.8 6.1 6.4 5.6 5.1 5.6 6.1 5.6 5.5 4.8 5.4 5.6 5.1 5.1 5.9
## [145] 5.7 5.2 5.0 5.2 5.4 5.1
##
## Intervals:
##      min  max count
## 1 0.95 3.95    61
## 2 1.45 4.65    66
## 3 3.85 5.35    62
## 4 4.65 6.95    60
##
## Overlap between adjacent intervals:
## [1] 37 32 30
```

```
xyplot(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width | Petal.Length, data=iris,
       panel = function(...){panel.grid(h=-1, v=-1, col.line='skyblue')}
       panel.xyplot(...))
```



Com reta de regressao

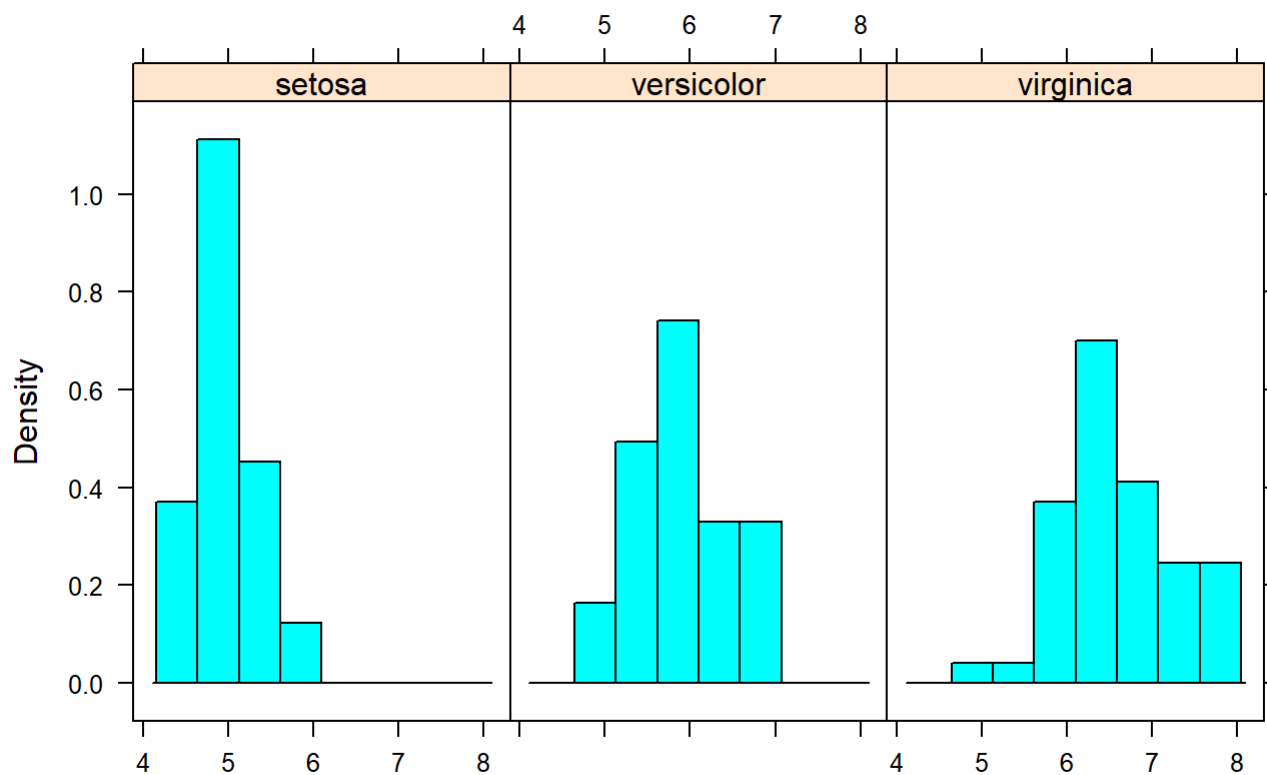
```
xyplot(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width | Petal.Length, data=iris,
       panel = function(x,y,...){
         panel.xyplot(x,y,...)
         mylm<-lm(y~x)
         panel.abline(mylm)})
```



### Histograma

```
histogram(~Sepal.Length | Species, xlab = " ", data=iris, layout=c(3,1),
  type="density", main = "Lattice histogram",
  sub="Iris Dataset, Sepal Length")
```

## Lattice histogram

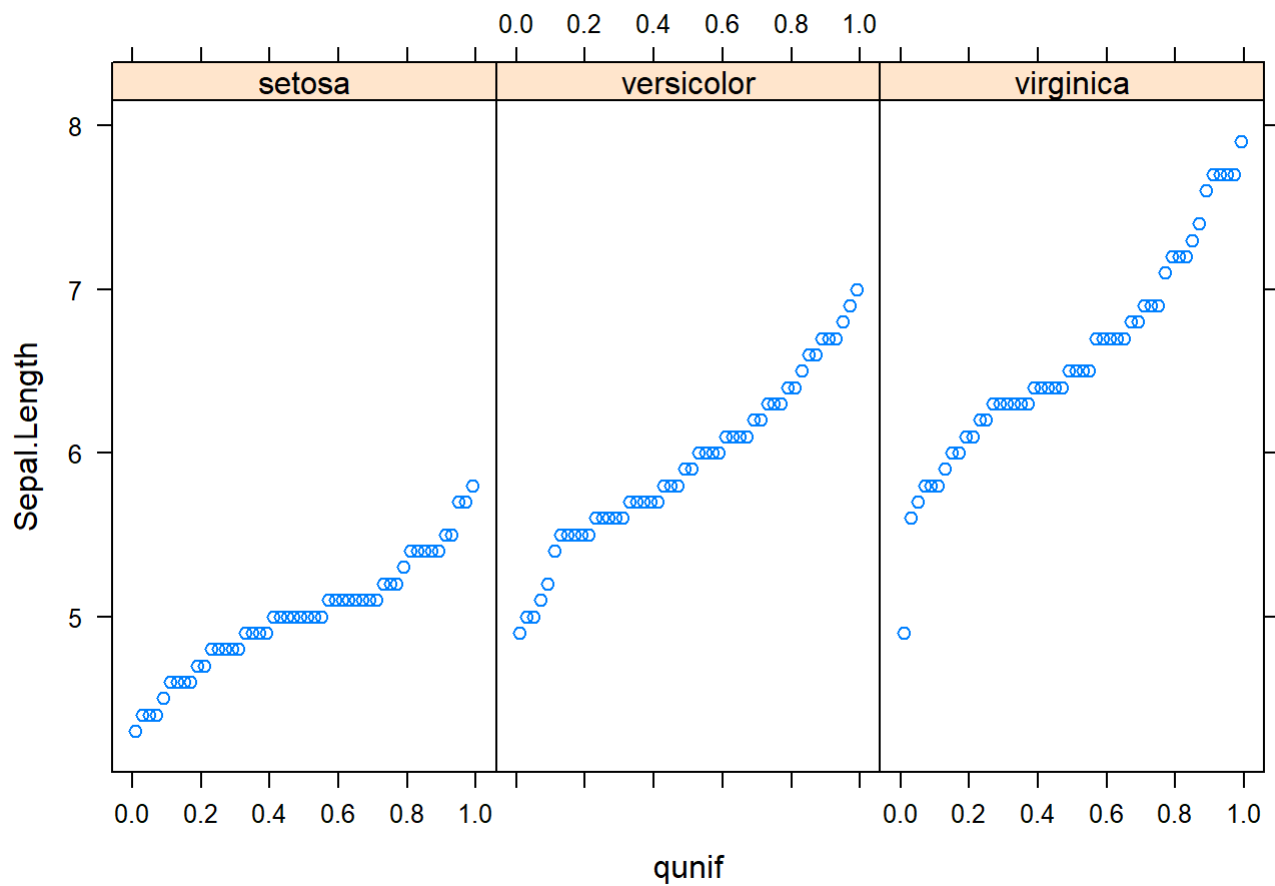


## Iris Dataset, Sepal Length

QQplot

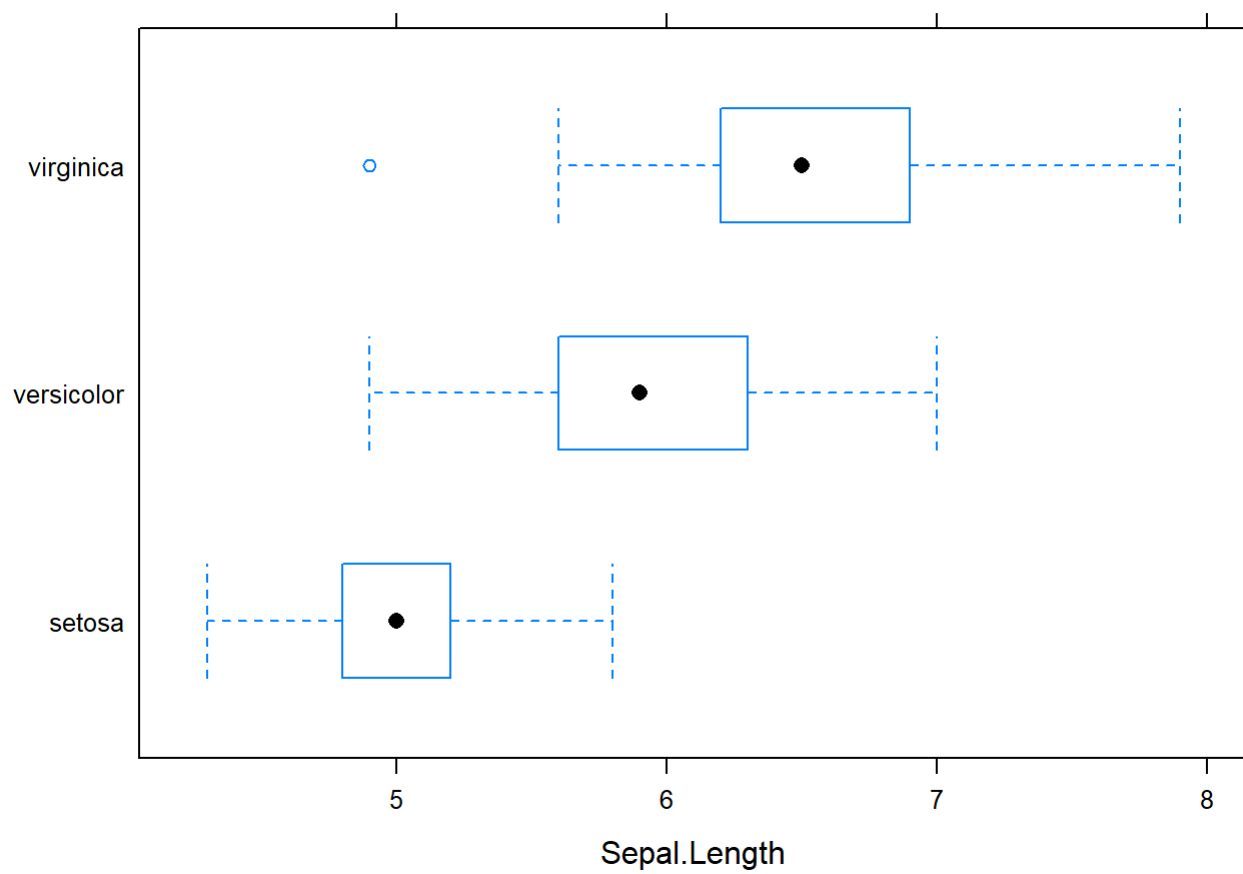
```
qqmath(~Sepal.Length | Species, data=iris, distribution = qunif)
```





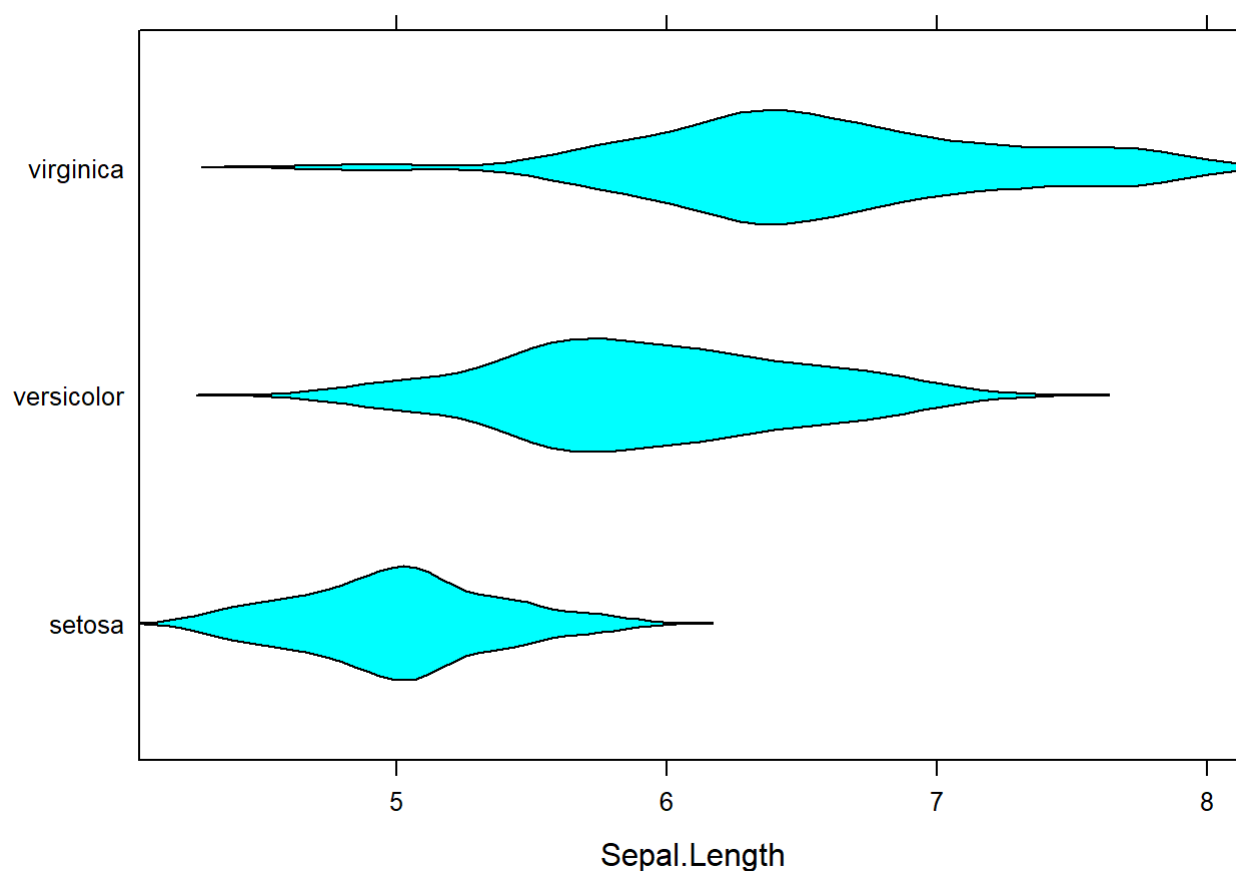
### Boxplot

```
bwplot(Species~Sepal.Length, data=iris)
```



### Violinplot

```
bwplot(Species~Sepal.Length, data=iris, panel = panel.violin)
```



```
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
cyls = split(mtcars, mtcars$cyl)
for (ii in 1:length(cyls)){
  tmpdf =cyls[[ii]]
  sname=names(cyls)[ii]
  plot(tmpdf$wt, tmpdf$mpg, main=paste("MPG vs WT", sname, "cyl"),ylim = c(0,40),
        xlab="WT/1,000",ylab = 'MPG',pch=19, col="blue")
  grid()
}
```

