Queue

```
#include <iostream>
#define LIMIT 5
struct Queue {
       int value;
       Queue* next = nullptr;
       };
void enqueue(Queue*& antrian, int value) {
       Queue* pelanggan = new Queue(value, nullptr);
       // atau
       // pelanggan->value = value;
       // Baru pertama kali
       if (antrian == nullptr) {
               antrian = pelanggan;
               return;
       Queue* read = antrian;
       while (read->next != nullptr) {
               read = read->next;
       }
       read->next = pelanggan;
}
// Sekalian ngeprint why not
void dequeue(Queue*& antrian) {
       // baru bikin langsung dequeue maka return aja memory safe juga...
       if (antrian == nullptr) {
               return;
       }
       Queue* temp = antrian;
       std::cout << temp->value << std::endl;</pre>
       antrian = antrian->next;
       delete temp;
}
int queue() {
       Queue* antrian = nullptr;
       enqueue(antrian, 0);
       enqueue(antrian, 1);
```

```
enqueue(antrian, 2);
enqueue(antrian, 3);
enqueue(antrian, 4);

dequeue(antrian);
dequeue(antrian);
dequeue(antrian);
dequeue(antrian);
return 0;
}
```

Binary Tree

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
typedef struct BinaryTree {
        int value;
        BinaryTree* left = nullptr;
        BinaryTree* right = nullptr;
        BinaryTree(int a, BinaryTree* b = nullptr, BinaryTree* c = nullptr)
: value(a), left(b), right(c) {}
        // atau
        // BinaryTree(int a) {
        // value = a;
        //
               left = right = nullptr;
        // }
}BT;
void addBTree(BT*& tree, int value) {
        if (tree == nullptr) {
                tree = new BT(value);
                return;
        }
        std::queue<BT*> queue;
        queue.push(tree);
        // 9,7,8,5,3,4,1 (no dupe solution)
        // Level Order Insertion
        while (!queue.empty()) {
                BT* current = queue.front(); // 7
                queue.pop();
                if (current->left == nullptr) {
                        current->left = new BT(value); // 9 L7; 7 L5
```

```
return;
                }
                else {
                         queue.push(current->left); // 5
                }
                if (current->right == nullptr) { // 9 L7 R8; 7 L5 R3;
                         current->right = new BT(value);
                         return;
                }
                else {
                         queue.push(current->right); // 8
                }
        }
}
void inorderPrint(BT* tree) {
        if (tree == nullptr) return;
        inorderPrint(tree->left);
        std::cout << tree->value << " ";</pre>
        inorderPrint(tree->right);
}
// 9,7,8,5,3,4,1 (no dupe solution)
// Gini lah gambarannya... :
// 9
// 7 | 8
// 5 | 3 | 4 | 1
int BTree() {
        BT* tree = nullptr;
        addBTree(tree, 9);
        addBTree(tree, 7);
        addBTree(tree, 8);
        addBTree(tree, 5);
        addBTree(tree, 3);
        addBTree(tree, 4);
        addBTree(tree, 1);
        std::cout << "Inorder Traversal: ";</pre>
        inorderPrint(tree);
        std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
        return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
const int MAX_NODES = 5; // misal 5 simpul (0,1,2,3,4)
struct DoubleLinkedList {
    int data;
   DoubleLinkedList* next;
   DoubleLinkedList* prev;
    DoubleLinkedList(int d) : data(d), next(nullptr), prev(nullptr) {}
};
struct AdjacencyList {
    DoubleLinkedList* head;
   AdjacencyList() : head(nullptr) {}
};
void insertEdge(AdjacencyList* graph, int from, int to) {
    DoubleLinkedList* newNode = new DoubleLinkedList(to);
   if (graph[from].head == nullptr) {
        graph[from].head = newNode;
    }
    else {
        DoubleLinkedList* temp = graph[from].head;
        while (temp->next != nullptr) {
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp->next = newNode;
        newNode->prev = temp;
    }
}
void printGraph(AdjacencyList* graph, int nodes) {
    for (int i = 0; i < nodes; ++i) {</pre>
        std::cout << "Node " << i << " -> ";
        DoubleLinkedList* temp = graph[i].head;
        while (temp != nullptr) {
            std::cout << temp->data << " ";
            temp = temp->next;
        std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
    }
}
void clearGraph(AdjacencyList* graph, int nodes) {
   for (int i = 0; i < nodes; ++i) {</pre>
        DoubleLinkedList* current = graph[i].head;
        while (current != nullptr) {
            DoubleLinkedList* toDelete = current;
```

```
current = current->next;
            delete toDelete;
       }
    }
}
int main() {
    AdjacencyList graph[MAX_NODES];
   // Membuat graf:
    // 0 -> 1, 4
    // 1 -> 2, 3
    // 2 -> 3
    // 3 -> 4
    // 4 -> (kosong)
    insertEdge(graph, 0, 1);
   insertEdge(graph, 0, 4);
   insertEdge(graph, 1, 2);
    insertEdge(graph, 1, 3);
    insertEdge(graph, 2, 3);
    insertEdge(graph, 3, 4);
    std::cout << "Adjacency List of Graph:\n";</pre>
    printGraph(graph, MAX_NODES);
    clearGraph(graph, MAX_NODES);
    return 0;
}
```