

**April 2024, IPT Course Introduction to Spring** 

# Introduction to Spring Web MVC

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#### Agenda for This Session

- Spring MVC architecture: DispatcherServlet, HandlerMapping Controller, ViewResolver, View
- Using JSP+JSTL and Thymeleaf templates
- Building simple controller @Controller, @RequestMapping
- Passing data to the View using Model, ModelMap, and ModelAndView
- ❖ Getting data with a request parameter @RequestParam
- Building a sample Spring MVC application.
- Configuring dispatcher, resolver, static resources, locale, multipart, error handling and encoding with Spring Boot and Spring embedded servlet container (Jetty, Tomcat).



# Where to Find the Demo Code?

Introduction to Spring 5 demos and examples are available @ GitHub:

https://github.com/iproduct/course-spring5



#### MVC Comes in Different Flavors



What is the difference between following patterns:

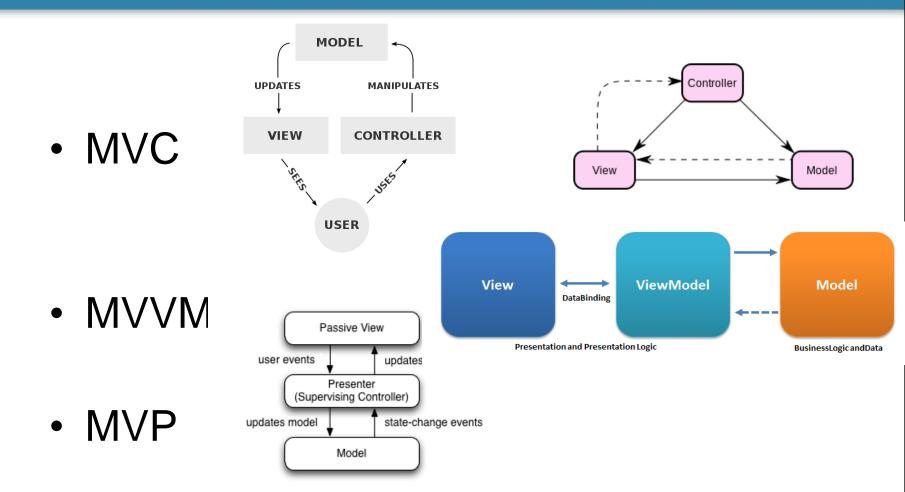
- Model-View-Controller (MVC)
- Model-View-ViewModel (MVVM)
- Model-View-Presenter (MVP)

http://csl.ensm-

douai.fr/noury/uploads/20/ModelViewController.mp3



#### MVC Comes in Different Flavors - II



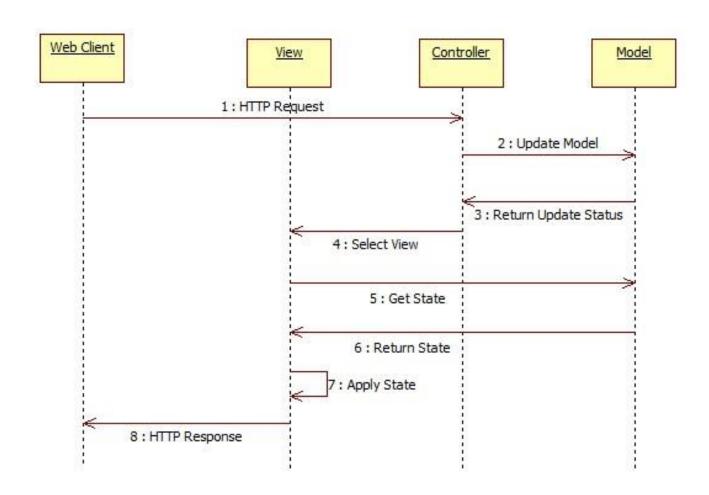
Sources:https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Model\_View\_ViewModel#/media/File:MVVMPattern.png,

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Model%E2%80%93view%E2%80%93presenter#/media/File: Model\_View\_Presenter\_GUI\_Design\_Pattern.png

and CC DV CA 2.0 Authoral Impund 10 Daniel Cardon

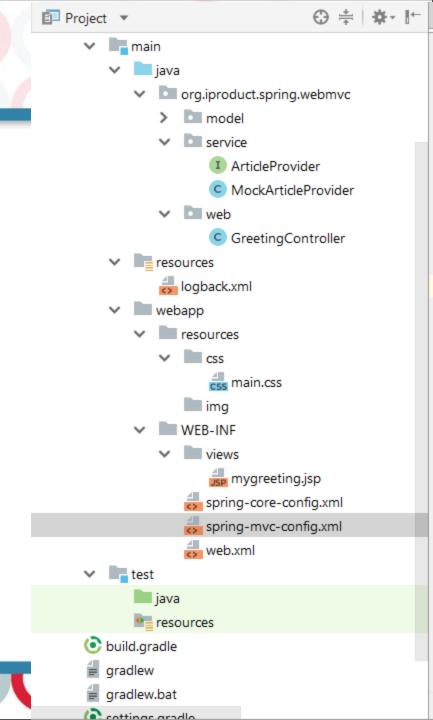


## Web MVC Interactions Sequence Diagram

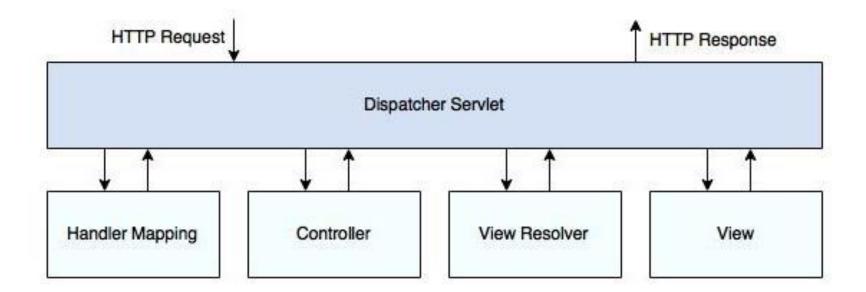




## Web MVC Project Structure

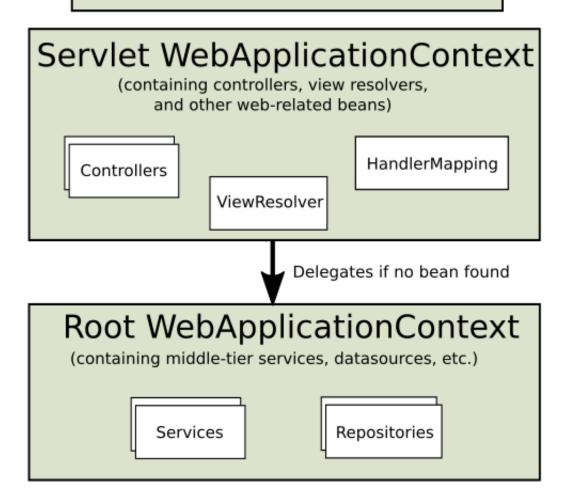


# Web MVC Main Components



# How Dependency Injection Works?

#### DispatcherServlet





### Web MVC Request Handling

- Handler mapping maps all the request mappings in the controllers. This happens at server startup.
- Based on the request that gets hit, dispatcher servlet asks the handler mapping as to which equivalent controller method needs to be invoked.
- The controller after completing it's task finally returns a view, model and view or a simple string to the dispatcher servlet.
- The dispatcher servlet then checks with the view resolver and finally resolves the view returned in step 3, integrates the model to the view and renders it on the browser.



#### Web MVC Main Annotations

- RequestMapping Annotation for mapping web requests onto methods in @Controller classes: path (value), method, params, headers, consumes, produces, name
- @GetMapping shortcut for @RequestMapping(method = RequestMethod.GET)
- @PutMapping = @RequestMapping(method = PUT)
- PatchMapping = @RequestMapping(method = PATCH)



### Web MVC Main Annotations - Example

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/persons")
class PersonController {
     @GetMapping("/{id}")
    public Person getPerson(@PathVariable Long id) {
         // ...
     @PostMapping
     @ResponseStatus(HttpStatus.CREATED)
    public void add(@RequestBody Person person) {
         // ...
```



#### Problem 2 - REST API for Comments

We want to develop a simple REST/JSON API for comments (id, pageUrl, authorEmail, commentText) service with MongoDB with Create-Read-Update-Delete functionality.

- ❖ Implement a collection level resource: /api/comments, serving collection GET (GET all comments) and POST requests. In response of a POST request the REST endpoint should return HTTP status: 201 Created with a Location header containing the individual level resource URI of newly created resource – Eg.: /api/comments/16, if new resource has ID=16.
- Implement individual level resource: /api/comments/{commentId}, serving read (GET), update (PUT) and delete (DELETE) requests.



# Spring MVC Special Bean Types - I

- HandlerMapping map a request to a handler along with a list of HandlerInterceptor`s for pre- and post-processing
- HandlerAdapter helps the DispatcherServlet to invoke a handler mapped to a request (shields it from details of resolving @Controller annotations, etc.)
- HandlerExceptionResolver strategy to resolve exceptions possibly mapping them to handlers, or to HTML error views
- ViewResolver resolves logical String-based view names returned from a handler to an actual View to render
- LocaleResolver & LocaleContextResolver Resolves the Locale a client is using and possibly their time zone, in order to be able to offer internationalized views



## Spring MVC Special Bean Types - II

- ThemeResolver resolves themes your web application can use, for example, to offer personalized layouts
- MultipartResolver abstraction for parsing a multi-part request (e.g. browser form file upload) with the help of some multipart parsing library.
- FlashMapManager Stores and retrieves the "input" and the "output" FlashMap that can be used to pass attributes from one request to another, usually across a redirect.
- For each type of special bean, the DispatcherServlet checks for the WebApplicationContext first. If there are no matching bean types, it falls back on the default types listed in DispatcherServlet.properties



## DispatcherServlet Processing Sequence - I

- The WebApplicationContext is searched for and bound in the request as an attribute that the controller and other elements in the process can use. It is bound by default under the key: DispatcherServlet.WEB\_APPLICATION\_CONTEXT\_ATTRIBUTE
- The locale resolver is bound to the request to enable elements in the process to resolve the locale to use when
  - processing the request (preparing data, rendering the view, and so on).
- ❖ The theme resolver is bound to the request to let elements such as views determine which theme to use. If you do not use themes, you can ignore it.



# DispatcherServlet Processing Sequence - II

- If you specify a multipart file resolver, the request is inspected for multiparts; if multiparts are found, the request is wrapped in a MultipartHttpServletRequest for further processing by other elements in the process.
- An appropriate handler is searched for. If a handler is found, the execution chain associated with the handler (preprocessors, postprocessors, and controllers) is executed in order to prepare a model or rendering. Or alternatively for annotated controllers, the response may be rendered (within the HandlerAdapter) instead of returning a view.
- ❖ If a model is returned, the view is rendered. If no model is returned, no view is rendered, because the request could already have been fulfilled.



#### DispatcherServelt init-params

- contextClass class implementing WebApplicationContext,(XmlWebApplicationContext by default)
- contextConfigLocation String indicating where context(s) can be found (using a comma as a delimiter)
- namespace WebApplicationContext namespace ( [servlet-name]-servlet by default )
- throwExceptionIfNoHandlerFound whether to throw a
   NoHandlerFoundException if no request handler was found.
   Exception can be caught by HandlerExceptionResolver, e.g. via an @ExceptionHandler controller method, and handled.
   By default is set to "false" → response status to 404 (NOT FOUND), without rising an exception.

#### View Resolvers

- AbstractCachingViewResolver
- XmlViewResolver
- ResourceBundleViewResolver
- UrlBasedViewResolver
- InternalResourceViewResolver
- FreeMarkerViewResolver
- ContentNegotiatingViewResolver



# Spring MVC Models

- Model holder for model attributes. Primarily designed for adding attributes to the model. Allows for accessing the overall model as a java.util.Map.
- ModelMap implementation of Map for use when building model data for use with UI tools. Supports chained calls and generation of model attribute names.
- ModelAndView holds both Model and View, making possible for a controller to return both model and view in a single return value.
- ModelAttribute binds a method parameter or method return value to a named model attribute and then exposes it to a web view



#### Handler Method Parameters - I

- WebRequest, NativeWebRequest
- javax.servlet.ServletRequest, javax.servlet.ServletResponse
- javax.servlet.http.HttpSession
- javax.servlet.http.PushBuilder
- java.security.Principal
- HttpMethod
- java.util.Locale
- java.util.TimeZone + java.time.ZoneId
- java.io.InputStream, java.io.Reader
- java.io.OutputStream, java.io.Writer



#### Handler Method Parameters - II

- @PathVariable
- @MatrixVariable
- @RequestParam
- @ RequestHeader
- @RequestBody
- HttpEntity<B>
- @RequestPart
- RedirectAttributes



#### Handler Method Parameters - III

- Errors, BindingResult
- SessionStatus + class-level @SessionAttributes
- UriComponentsBuilder
- @ SessionAttribute
- @RequestAttribute
- Any other argument



#### Handler Mapping Interceptors

- Applications can register any number of existing or custom interceptors for certain groups of handlers, to add common pre-processing behavior without needing to modify each handler implementation.
- Interceptors must implement HandlerInterceptor interface:
  - preHandle(..) before the actual handler is executed, returns boolean value indicating if the request handling should proceed
  - postHandle(..) after the handler is executed, can expose additional models to the view via ModelAndView
  - afterCompletion(..) after the request completion (after rendering the view), allows for proper resource cleanup



## **Exceptions Handling**

- If exception is thrown by a @Controller, DispatcherServlet delegates it to a chain of HandlerExceptionResolver beans to provide alternative handling, typically an error response.
- SimpleMappingExceptionResolver mapping between exception class names and error view names (error pages)
- DefaultHandlerExceptionResolver maps exceptions to HTTP status codes.
- ResponseStatusExceptionResolver resolves exceptions with the @ResponseStatus annotation and maps them to HTTP status codes based on the value in the annotation.
- ExceptionHandlerExceptionResolver @ExceptionHandler method in @Controller / @ControllerAdvice class.



## Exceptions Handling - Spring 5

```
ResponseStatusException (new in Spring 5+):
try {
...
} catch (MyResourceNotFoundException ex) {
throw new ResponseStatusException(
HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND, "MyResource Not Found", ex);
}
```



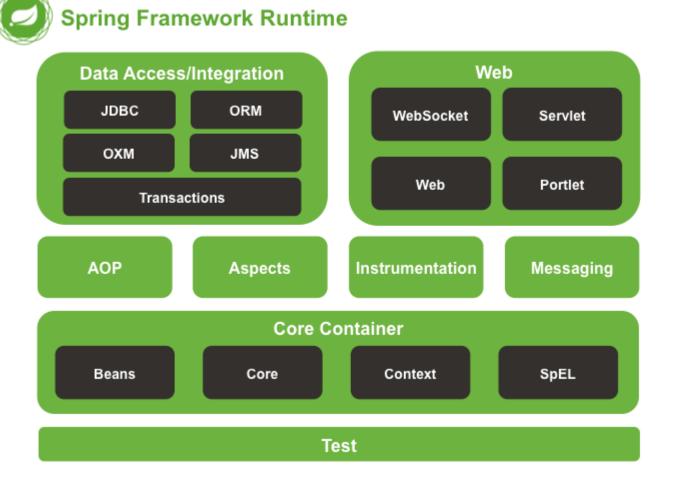
#### @ExceptionHandler

## Spring MVC Configuration

```
@EnableWebMvc
@Configuration
@ComponentScan("org.iproduct.spring.webmvc.web")
public class SpringWebConfig implements WebMvcConfigurer {
   @Override
   public void addResourceHandlers(
         ResourceHandlerRegistry registry) {
      registry.addResourceHandler("/resources/**")
         .addResourceLocations("/resources/");
   @Override
   public void addViewControllers(
         ViewControllerRegistry registry) {
      registry.addViewController("/new-article")
              .setViewName("articleForm");
      registry.addViewController("/home").setViewName("home");
```



## Spring Framework 4.2 Main Modules





# Additinal Examples

Learning Spring 5 book examples are available @ GitHub: https://github.com/PacktPublishing/Learning-Spring-5.0

Spring 5 Core Referenc Documentation:

https://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/current/spring-framework-reference/web.html

Spring Expression Language Guide (Baeldung):

http://www.baeldung.com/spring-expression-language

### Thank's for Your Attention!



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