Part-2 Coursework EE303: Communication Systems "DS/QPSK Spread Spectrum Systems"

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1 Aims

• The main objective of this assignment-study is to design and analyse the performance of a QPSK Digital Communication System which is then extended to a Direct-Sequence QPSK Spread Spectrum Communication System operating in the presence of a Jammer.

2 Equipment and Software

- PC (operating system XP, Vista or Windows 7) or Mac
- MATLAB, Visual C++ or any other suitable language.
- One text file of 300 characters (including spaces) representing the "desired" message for transmission.
- One text file of 300 character (including spaces) representing one co-channel interfering message (jammer).

3 Tasks

- With reference to Figure-1 a message of 300 characters is applied at point A2 of a Digital Communication System (this is the "desired" message).
- The system involves a QPSK modulator with its constellation diagram shown in Figure-2.
- The transmitted signal is corrupted by additive (complex) white Gaussian channel noise and a jamming signal.
 - 1. Demodulate the received signal and get the message at point \widehat{A}_2 (see Figure-1) and
 - 2. plot on the constellation diagram the receiver's decision variables

EE303 2

under the following conditions (defining 7 different Tasks)

Task 1: Absence of both noise and jammer [5%]

Task 2: For SNR_{in} =30dB at point \widehat{T} and absence of jammer [5%]

Task 3: For $SNR_{in} = 20dB$ at point \widehat{T} and absence of jammer [5%]

Task 4: For $SNR_{in} = 0$ dB at point \hat{T} and absence of jammer [5%]

Task 5: For the Tasks 2, 3 and 4, at point \widehat{B} , what is:

• the total number of bits in error? [6%]

• the bit error probability? [6%]

• the theoretical bit error probability? [18%]

Task 6:

• For a SNR_{in} =30dB at the receiver's input ("desired" signal). In this task the jammer transmits a jamming message of 300 characters, at the same time, on the same frequency band with a power 10dB above the desires signal power . [10%]

Task 7:

• The system of Figure 1 is extended to the spread spectrum communication system shown in Figure 3 and the jammer operates as a "broadband" jammer. With reference to Task 6, the desired PN code and the PN-code employed by the jammers are gold sequences generated using two primitive polynomials as shown below:

[40%]

	1st polynomial (m-sequence)	2nd polynomial (m-sequence)
desired:	$D^5 + D^2 + 1$	$D^5 + D^3 + D^2 + D + 1$
Jammer:	$D^5 + D^3 + 1$	$D^5 + D^4 + D^2 + D^1 + 1$

- Please note that the 2nd m-sequence is delayed by k-bits and added (modulo-2) to the 1st m-sequence, where k is the smallest integer that:
 - gives a "balanced" gold sequence and
 - satisfies the inequality:

 $k \geq \text{(alphabetical order of the 1st letter of your surname}$ +alphabetical order of the 1st letter of your formal firstname) mod 31 (1) EE303

4 Main Assumptions

- The system is fully synchronised
- There are no multipaths
- The path coefficient (β) is assumed equal to 1
- The angle ϕ (see Figure-2) is given, in degrees, according to the following expression
 - $\phi \triangleq \text{(alphabetical order of the 1st letter of your surname)}$ +2 × (alphabetical order of the 1st letter of your formal firstname) (2)
- The pn-codes are generated by setting the initial state of the shift register be all ones

5 Deliverable

- MATLAB/C file(s) with brief comments.
- A "pdf" document with the results of the above seven tasks supported by 2-5 lines of some brief comments per task.
- A user interface is useful but not essential.
- Please upload a zip file (including all the files) named by your login name (eg. kl209.zip).

6 Deadline

• 5.30pm, 29th Dec 2017.

7 References

- Lecture Notes on Communication Systems
- your own references.

EE303

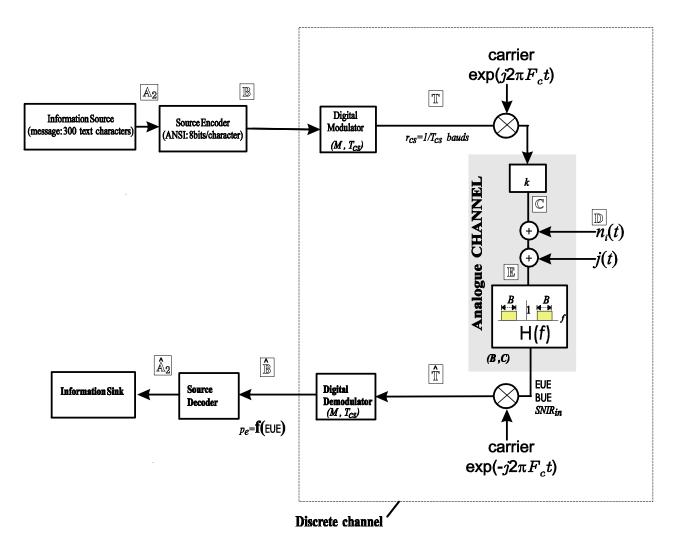


Figure 1: A Conventional Digital Communication System Operating in the Presence of a Jammer.

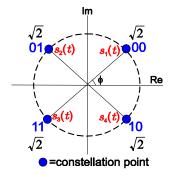


Figure 2: QPSK constellation diagram.

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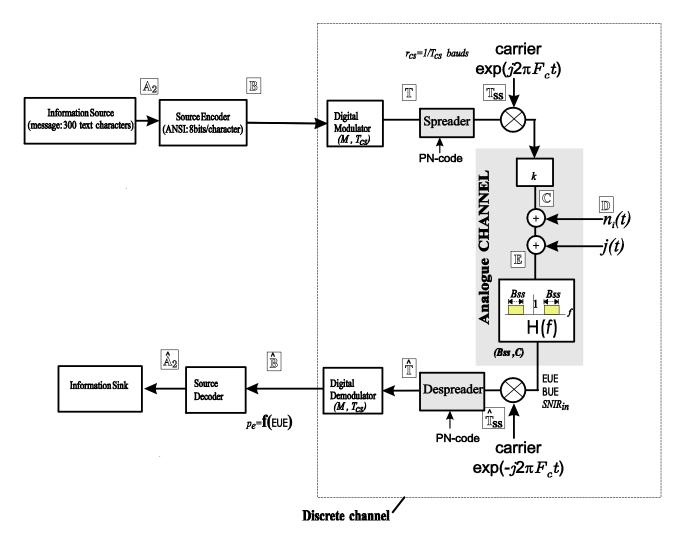


Figure 3: A Spread Spectrum Communication System Operating in the Presence of a Jammer.