

Visit The [Github-page](#) ! -- by *Jan Ritt*

Teachable Machines

Ascii-Box(Char)-Recognizer

The Idea:

- *I wanted to make something maybe more useful than an LLM to differ between cat & dog pictures.*
- Because on Teachable Machines the LLM training can be done based on picture- & audio-data,
 - *I choose to train it to recognize ASCII-Box-Characters^[1];*

and then whole Boxes and their properties like 'closed-box', 'one-line-stroke-style', 'bold-line-style', 'irregular-box', ...^[2]
- The first hurdle was to provide a good dataset for this - in size and variety - **DIY**.
 - *I coded an [application](#) that can generate **random boxchars** in **random RGB-colors**, on random background-color:*

*It prints each char in a consistent surrounding space, takes a screenshot with Skia from this sample and stores it as .png to feed them into the LLM afterwards.**
- The LLM should be able to tell me if a drawn Ascii-box is a valid (eg. **closed** and **coherent**) box, or if my box-creation-code needs some adjustments,
 - *This would be very helpful, in conjunction to normal unit-testing of each combination of box-/line-attributes,*

to test my codebases creation and to provide a more robust ASCII-Box-Drawing-Solution, for my usecase.

As I started coding my Boxdrawer, i found this paragraph on wikipedia and could not belive it at first:

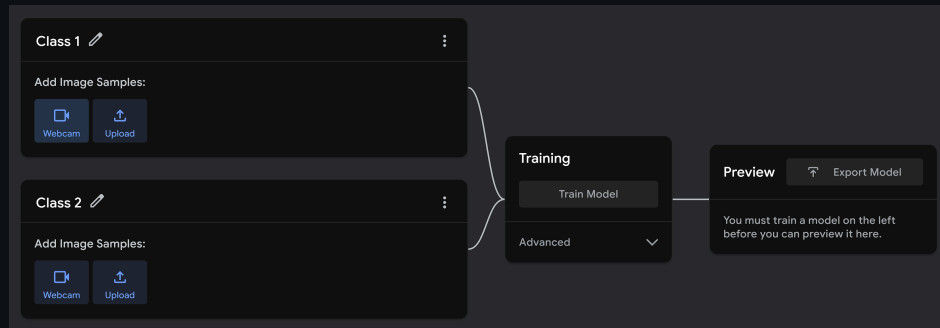
"... However, DOS line- and box-drawing characters are not ordered in any programmatic manner, so calculating a particular character shape needs a look-up table ..."

source [Wiki :Box-drawing-characters](#)

1.) Getting familiar with Teachable-Machines

On teachable machines you can train a large language model either on audio, or images.

I chose to use the image-variant, which has this GUI on startup:



The LLM can learn the difference between uploaded classes.

In the first step, i wanted it to just to differ between alphanumeric-chars and the special ASCII-box-chars.

2.) Creating the Trainings-Datasets

To satisfy the "additional requirement" of the assignment - to implement the Model in our own project, *I generated the needed trainings-data instead of using the trained model afterwards.*

(Because it wasn't specified in the assignment, i assume that either side of the LLM pipeline would be fine.)

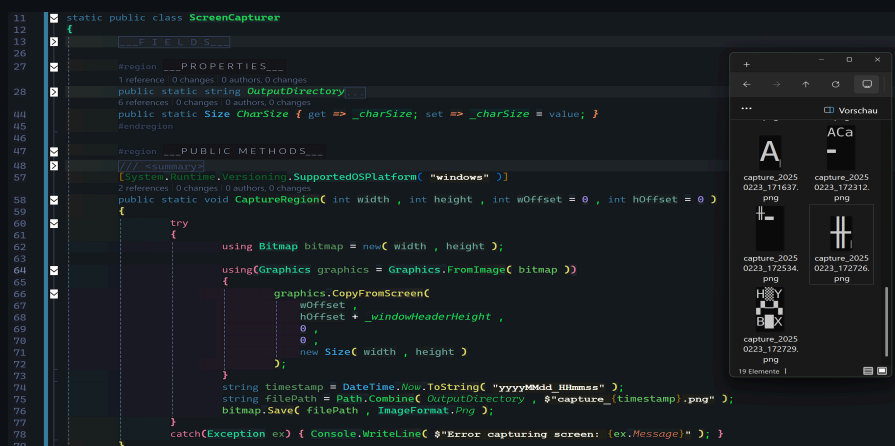
• 2.1.) 'The Charifier' -

My C#-Application for Testdata Creation

- Comprehensive documentation can be found [here](#) .

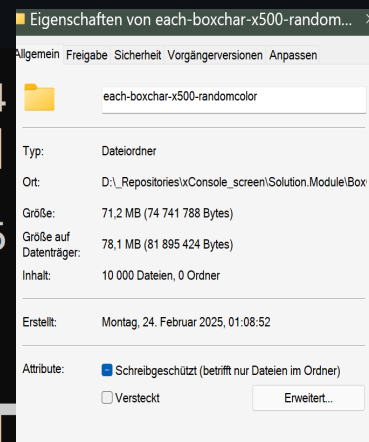
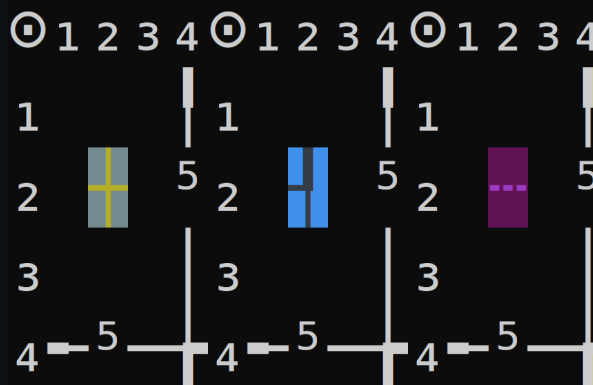
further notes can be found [here](#)

- "Heart" of the application - screencapturing with SkiaSharp :**



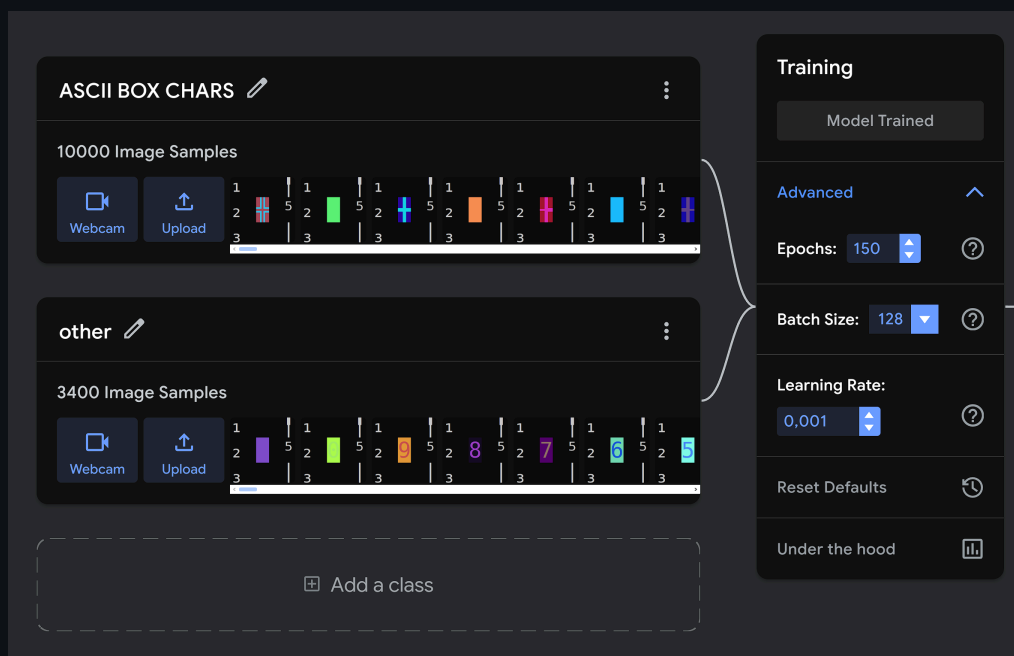
- Examples of the final custom generated trainings-data:

- I generated **500 variants** of each of the **200 Bockchars** => **10.000 BoxChars**.
- And **3400 alpha-numeric** chars (also in random colors) as second trainings-set.



3.) Training the Large Language Model

To train the model, i uploaded **13400** generated images in total, which took a while..

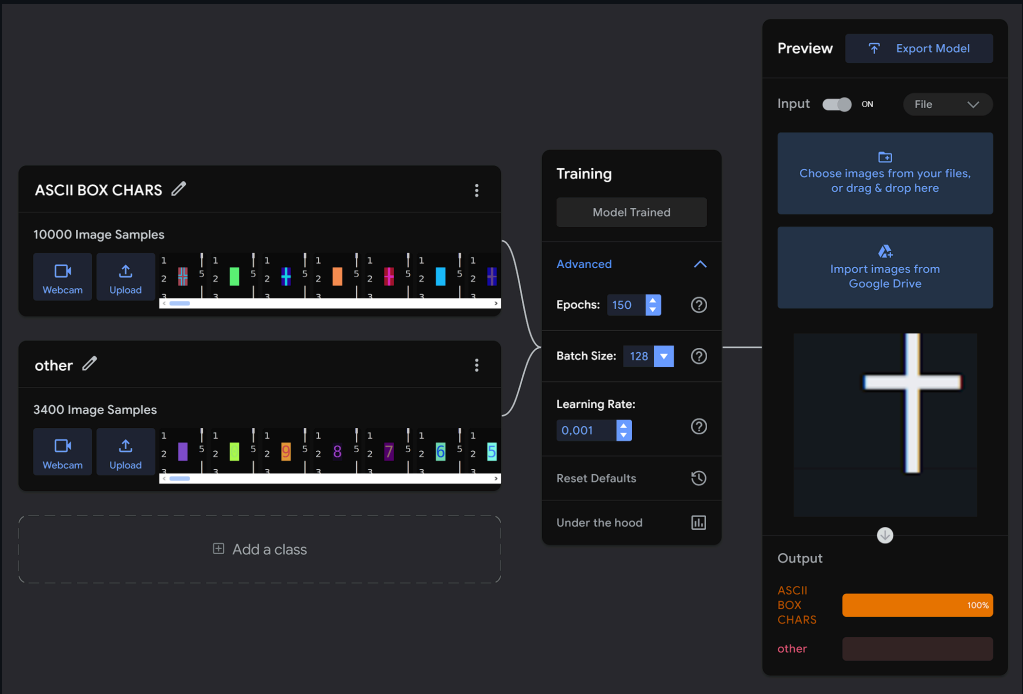


- ► [Peak 'Under the Hood'](#)

4.) Testing the Capabilities of the Model

- There are no **black-white** sample-chars in the trainings set.

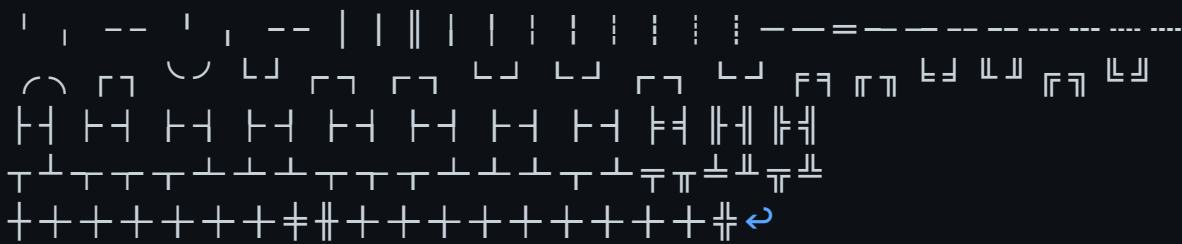
So I tried to take some screenshots from normal console outputs, varying with x-y-offset.



Now it knows exactly how to differentiate the characters on screen at all times. 🤖 🎨 🍷 📺

You can download the trained model [here](#) !

1. All ASCII - Box - Characters:



2. The full implementation of the BoxDrawer and updated trainings-set is still in-development, yet. ↩