



YANG of THINGS

Side meeting

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AD: Benoit Claise <bclaise@cisco.com>

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Remote participation through: <https://jitsi.tools.ietf.org/yot>



Agenda bashing

10:00 am> Introduction, Why YANG for IoT? [10 min]

10:10 am> The CoMI framework [35 min]

10 min: The CoMI protocol – Michel Veillette, Peter van der Stok, Alexander Pelov

10 min: YANG-to-CBOR – Michel Veillette

10 min: The SID registry – Alexander Pelov

5 min: Schema mount – Michel Veillette

10:45 am> Mapping existing tools to YANG [05 min]

5 min: LWM2M to CoMI - Peter van der Stok, Jaime Jimenez

10:50 am> CoMI for IoT (as of today) [15 min]

5 min: Firmware update over CoMI - Michel Veillette, Alexander Pelov

5 min: Event logger and notification control - Michel Veillette

5 min: LPWAN - Laurent Toutain, Ana Minaburo

11:05 am> Yang , Embedded Systems and Devices [10 min]

5 min: YANG for embedded systems: Andy Bierman

5 min: Manufacturer Usage Description (MUD) - Eliot Lear, Thorsten Dahm

11:15 am> Discussions [45 min]



Why YoT?

Andy Bierman

Michel Veillette

Peter van der Stok

Alexander Pelov [<a@ackl.io>](mailto:a@ackl.io)



History

- Three major drafts, WG documents @CoRE with WGLC by IETF100
 - CoMI (since January 2017)
 - SID (since October 2016)
 - YANG-CBOR (since April 2016)
- IETF98
 - Semi-formal CoMI meeting
 - Efficient binary encoding ; IoT-centric YANG ; More
- IETF99 is the last IETF without
 - Working CoMI implementation
 - Working SID registry
 - Specialized YANG modules for IoT



History

- Three major drafts, WG documents @CoRE with WGLC by IETF100
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YoT is **THING-Centric** !

Routers and others **MAY** (and will) benefit significantly from our work, but will not be the main concern.

YANG Ecosystem



2003 – NETCONF WG

RFCs 4741, 4742, 4743, 4744

2008 – NETMOD WG

RFCs 6241, 6242, 6243, 6244,
6020, 6021

TODAY

IETF WG

LIME, L3SM, SUPA, I2NSF

YANG Users

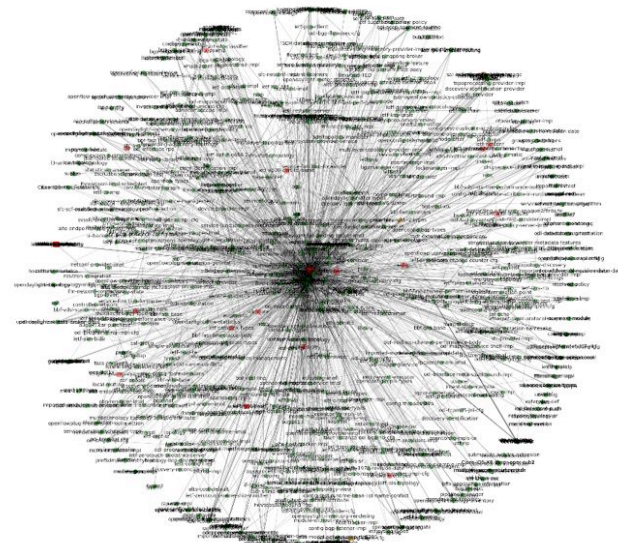
Broadband Forum – IEEE – IETF – ITU-T –
Metro Ethernet Forum – OpenConfig –
OpenDaylight – OpenNetworkingFoundation

+1300 public
YANG models

It's the data model!

Powerful and versatile data modeling language

Standard data modeling language of choice at
IETF for management.



All public YANG modules
April, 2017



It's the data model!

Powerful and versatile data modeling language

Standard data modeling language of choice at IETF for management.

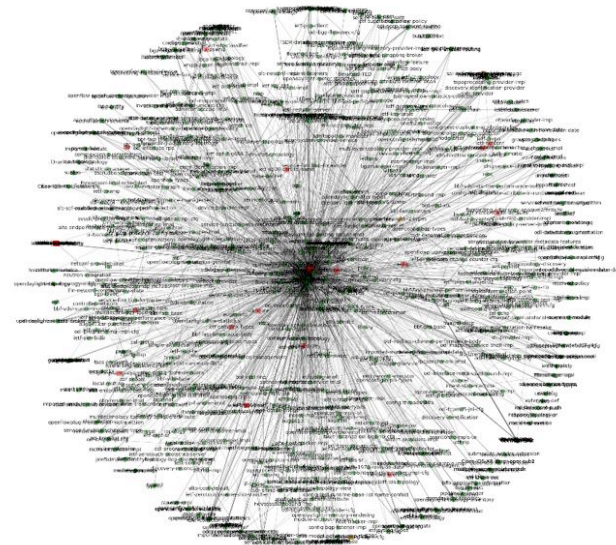


Modules, sub-modules
Templates
Extending data models
Conditions (if-feature)
Extensible enumerations

Simple data types
unsigned integer, integer, string,
enumeration, bits, binary, empty

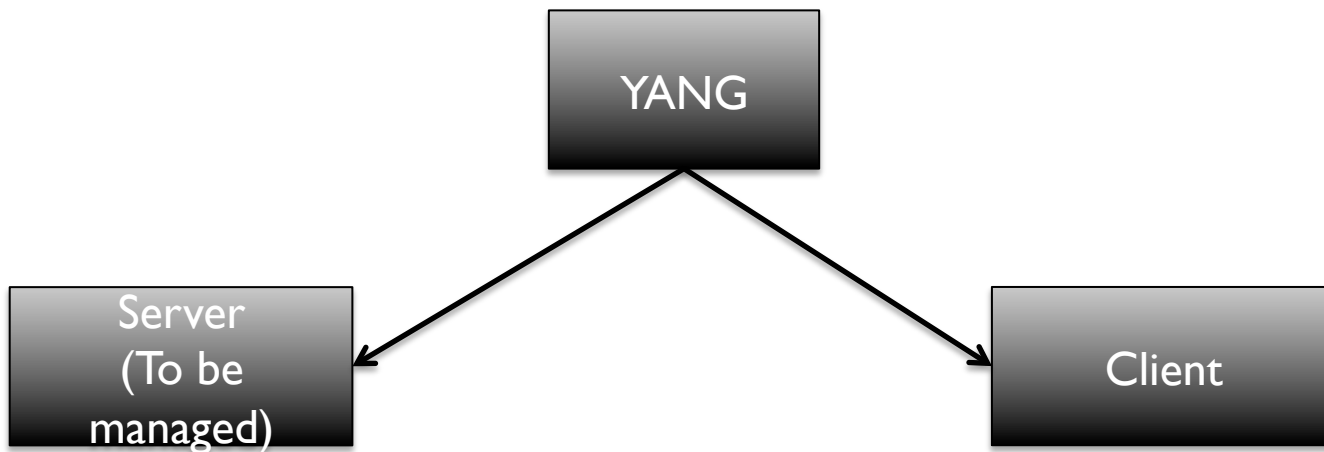
Unions
Labels (identity)
References to labels, data items, etc.
Collections

Sets, lists
Structures (composite types)

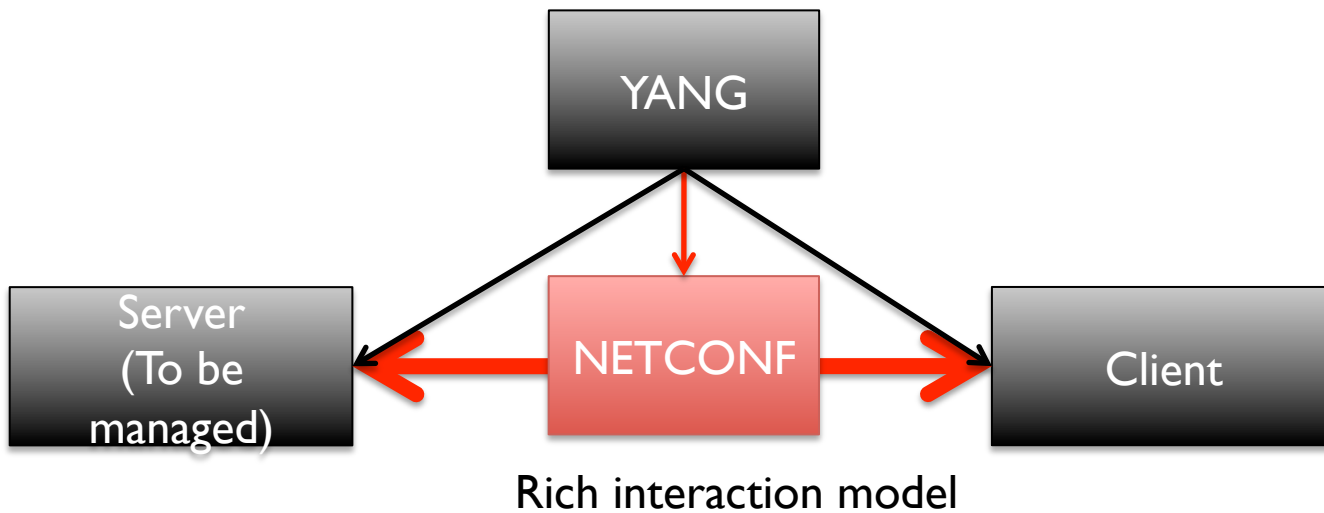


All public YANG modules
April, 2017

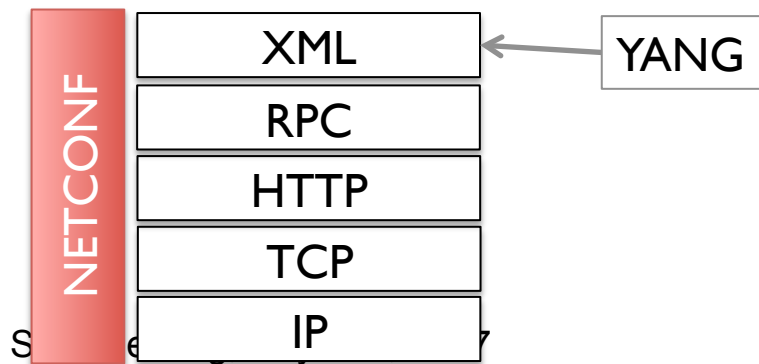
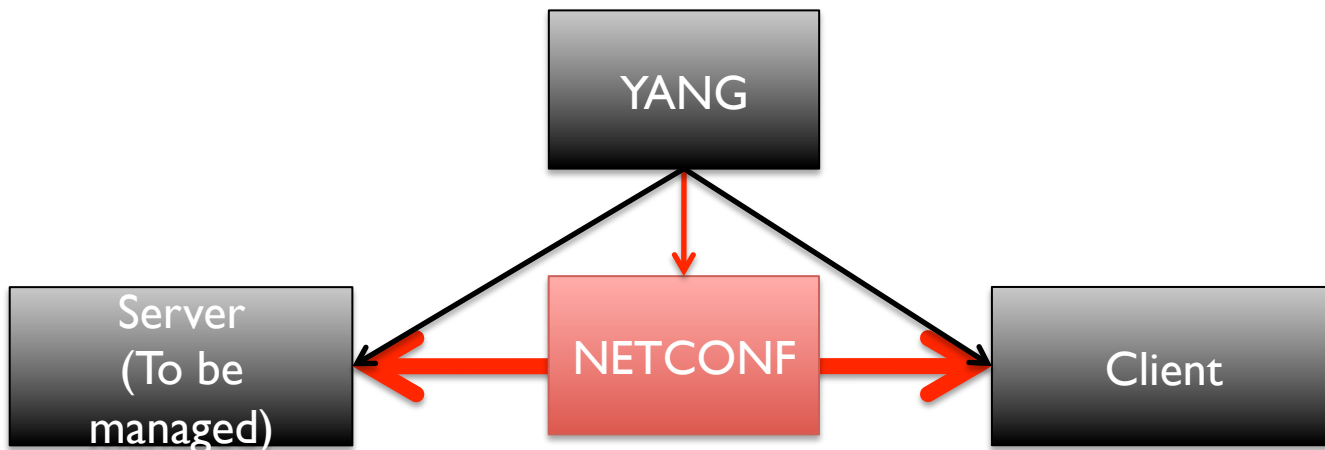
Data model as contract



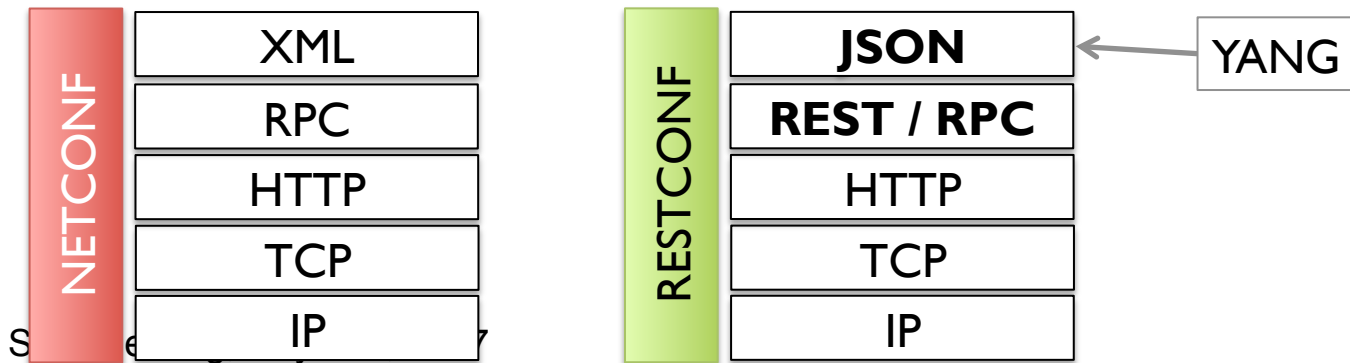
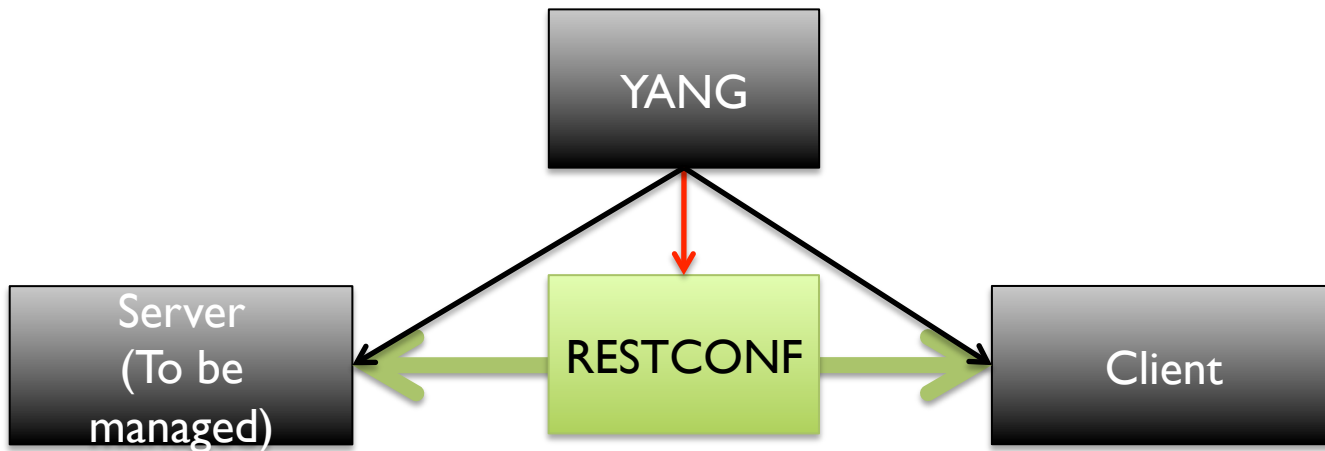
And the interaction model!



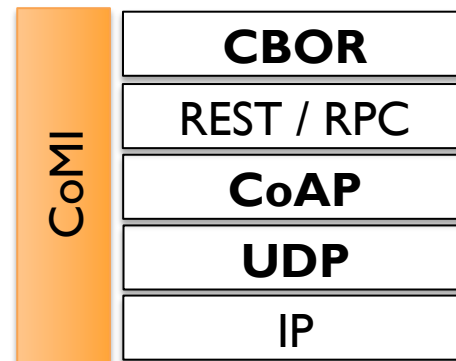
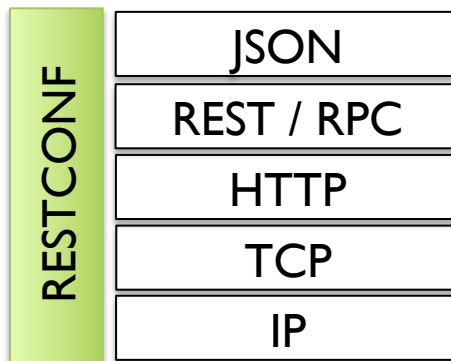
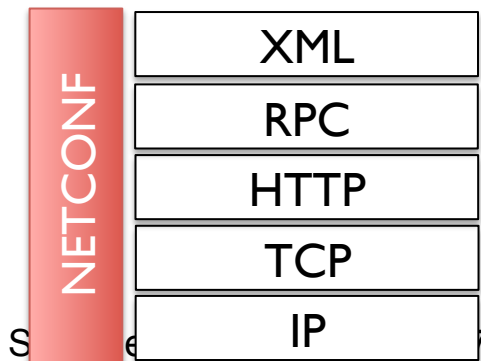
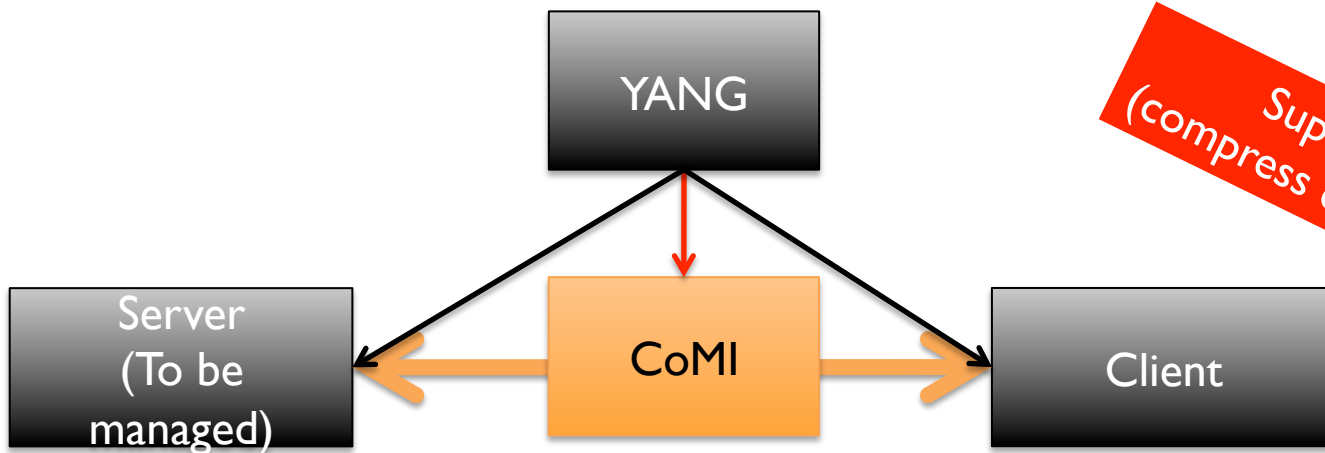
And the protocol bindings!



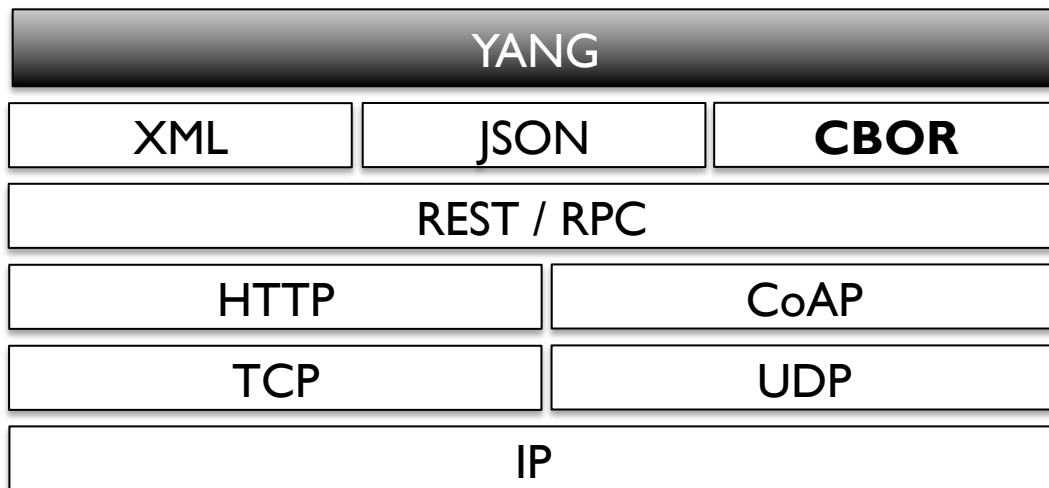
And the protocol bindings!



And the protocol bindings!



Which gives: the YANG Stack



Data Model

Data Representation

Interaction Model

Protocol Bindings



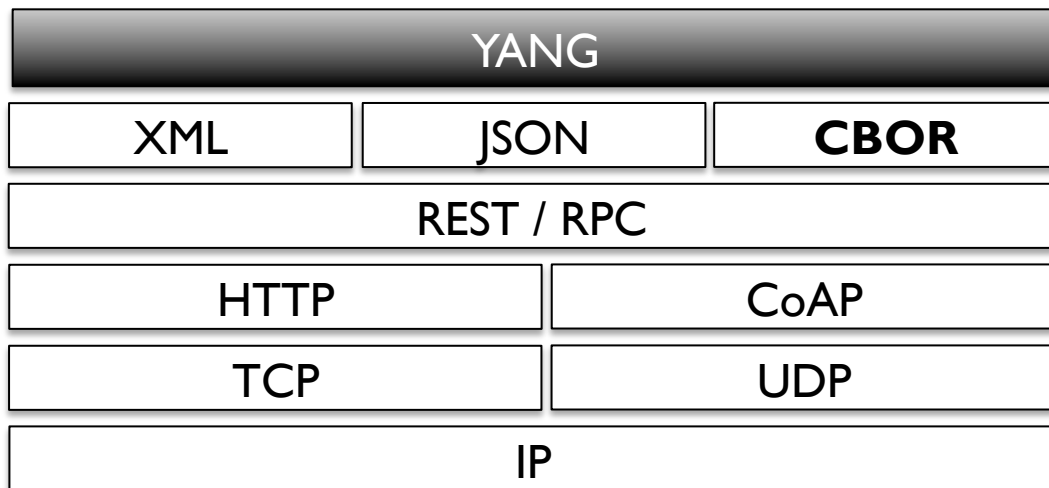
Features (small sample)

Constraints on data

Rich built-in data + Rich extension mechanism

Transactions

Balance between high-level data modeling and low-level bits-on-the-wire encoding



Data Model

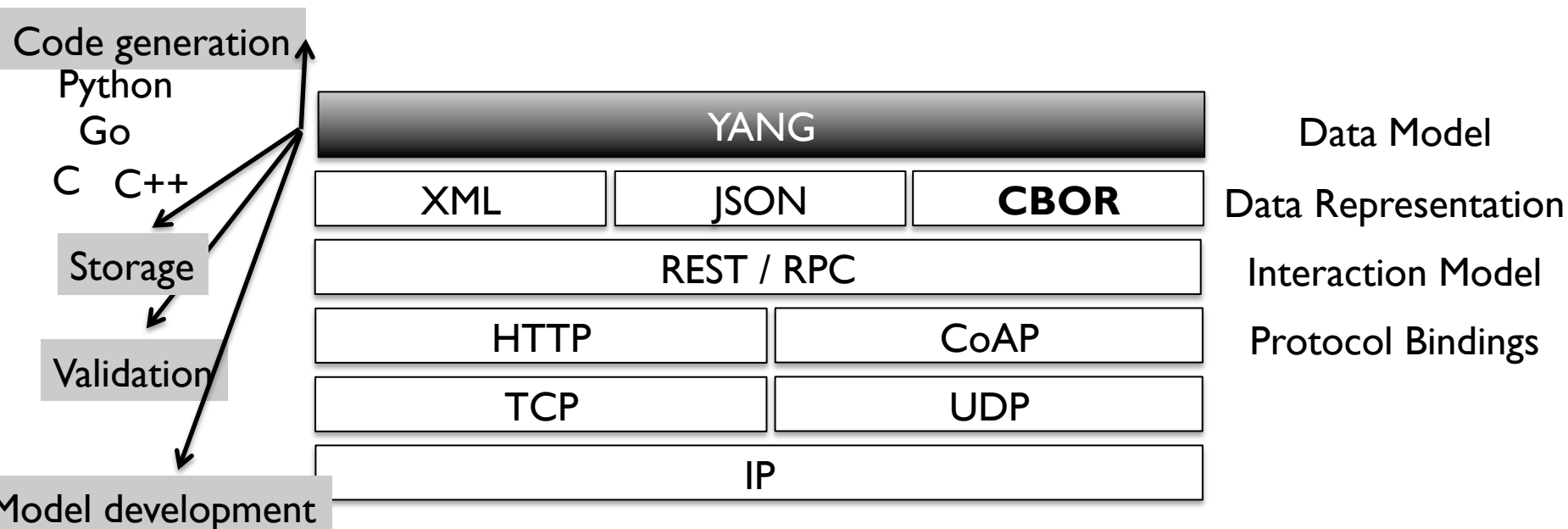
Data Representation

Interaction Model

Protocol Bindings

And the ecosystem

+ Tools!





YANG for IoT (YoT)

IETF
6TiSCH
LPWAN
(Side meetings)

YANG models
Manufacturer Usage
Description (MUD)
LWM2M – CoMI mapping
RD

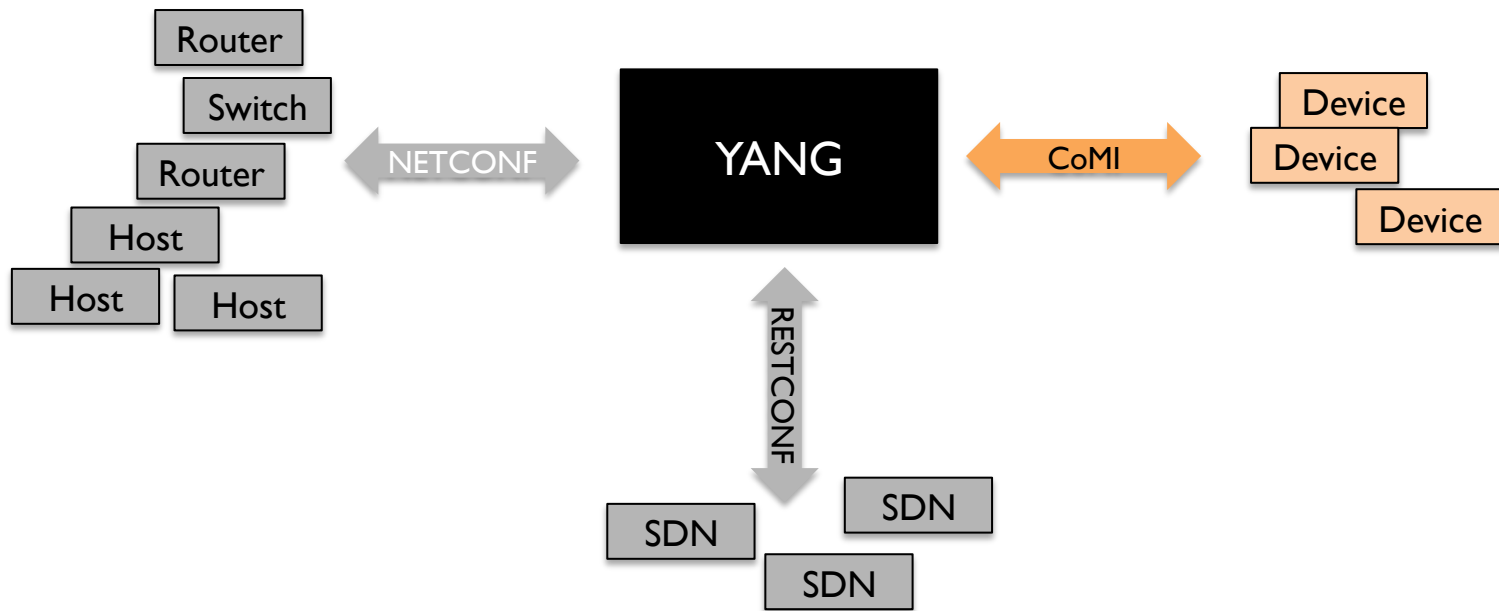
**Decentraliz
ed Registry**
SID



YANG for IoT (YoT)

- CoRE as a WG is not currently focused on network or device management.
- The "Yang of Things" (YOT) non-WG mailing list will discuss:
 - best practices for using YANG-based data modeling for the management of networks with constrained devices and constrained networks.
 - How to best make use of properties of the combination of technologies involved (YANG, CBOR, SID, CoAP, RESTCONF, ...).
 - How these tech could be applied outside the COMI focus of interest.
- The YOT mailing list will also be the proper forum to discuss new YANG modules targeting constrained devices and networks.

Bringing YANG to IoT





Constrained Management Interface (CoMI)

draft-ietf-core-comi-01

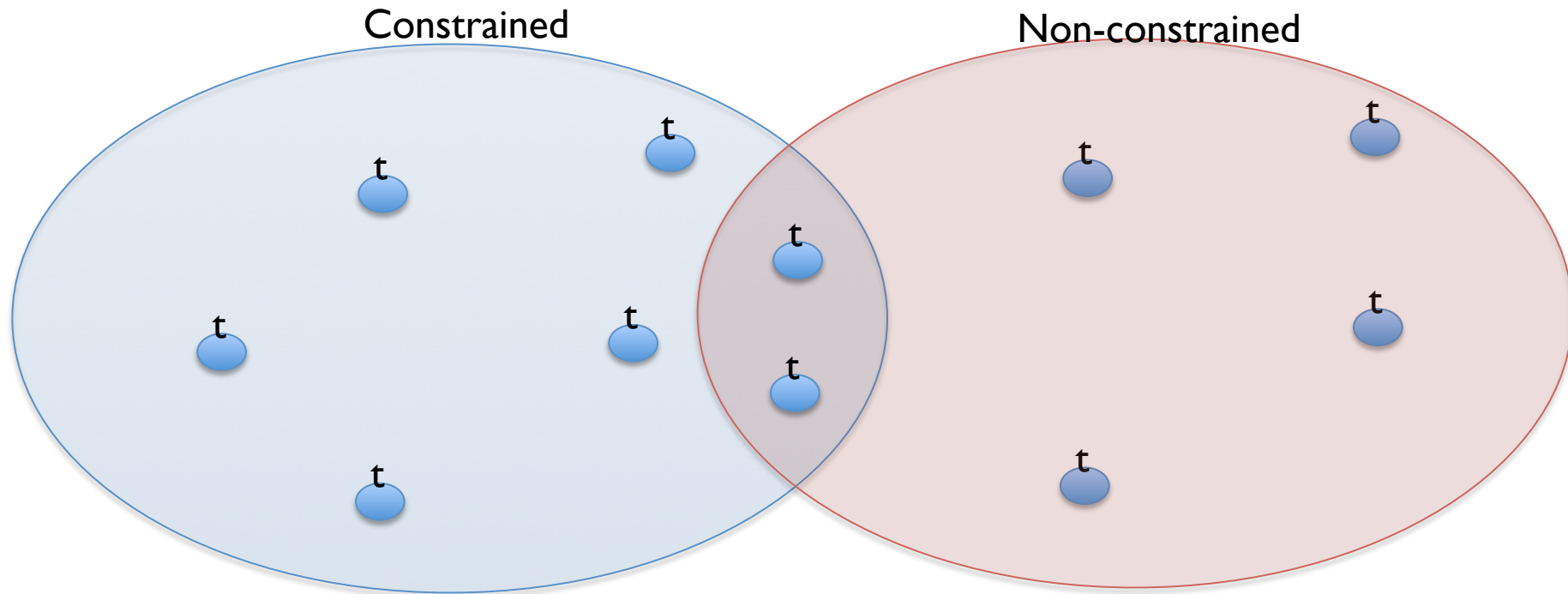
Andy Bierman

Michel Veillette <michel.veillette@triliantinc.com>

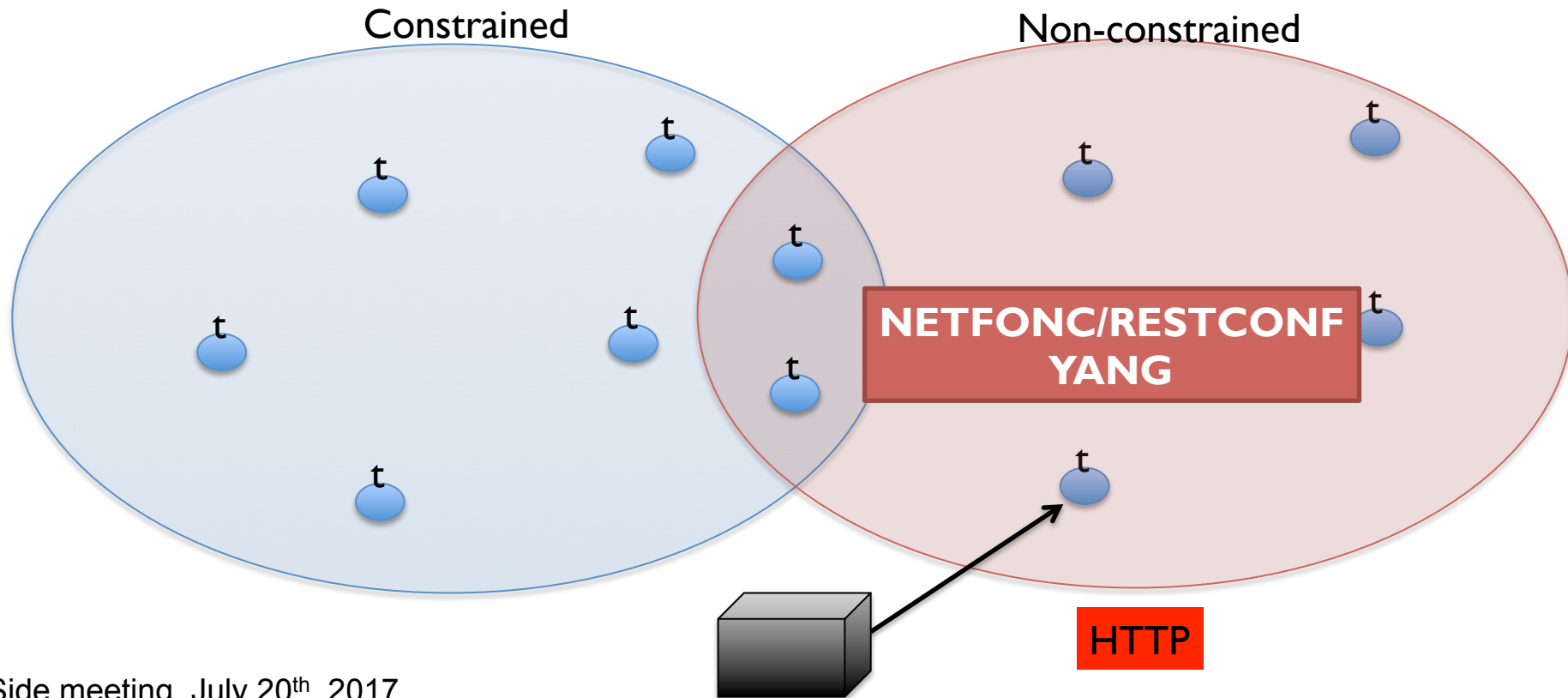
Peter van der Stok

Alexander Pelov

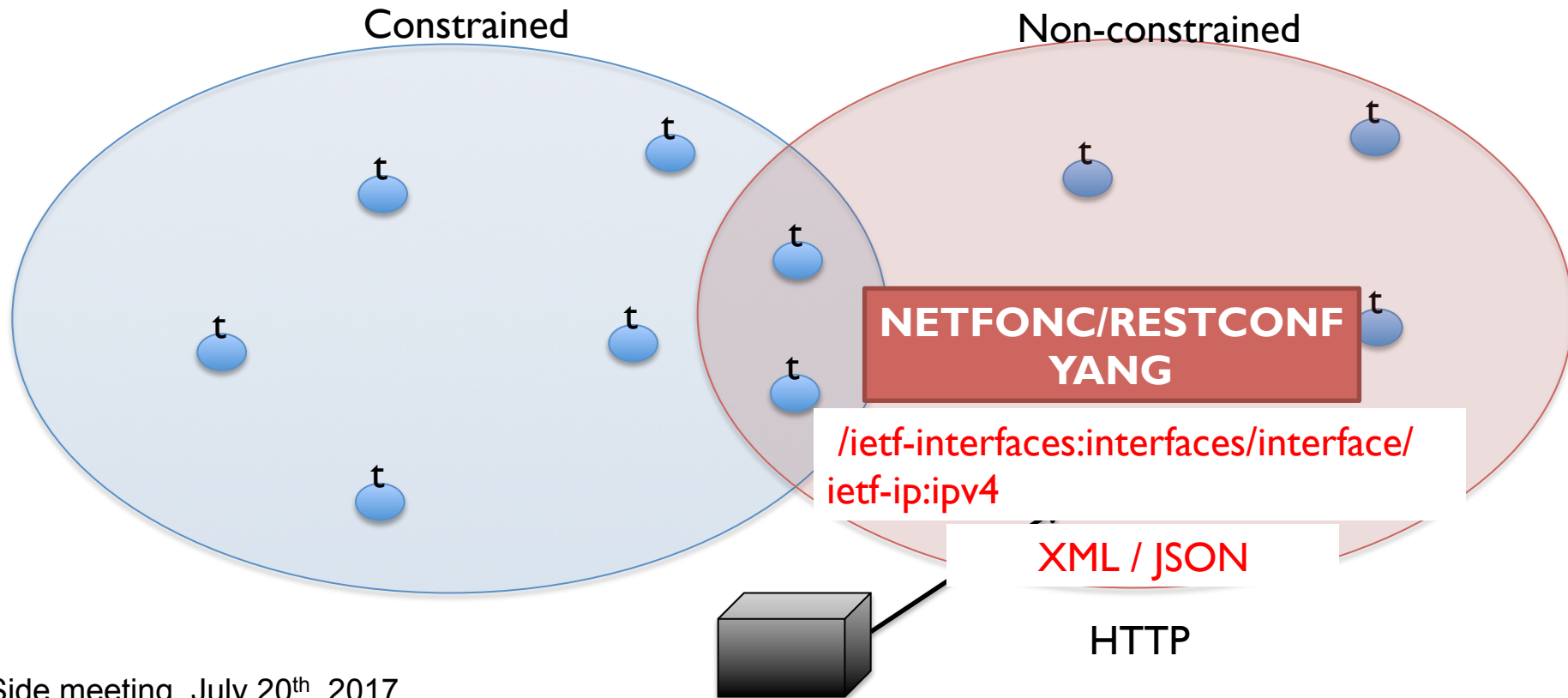
You want to manage things



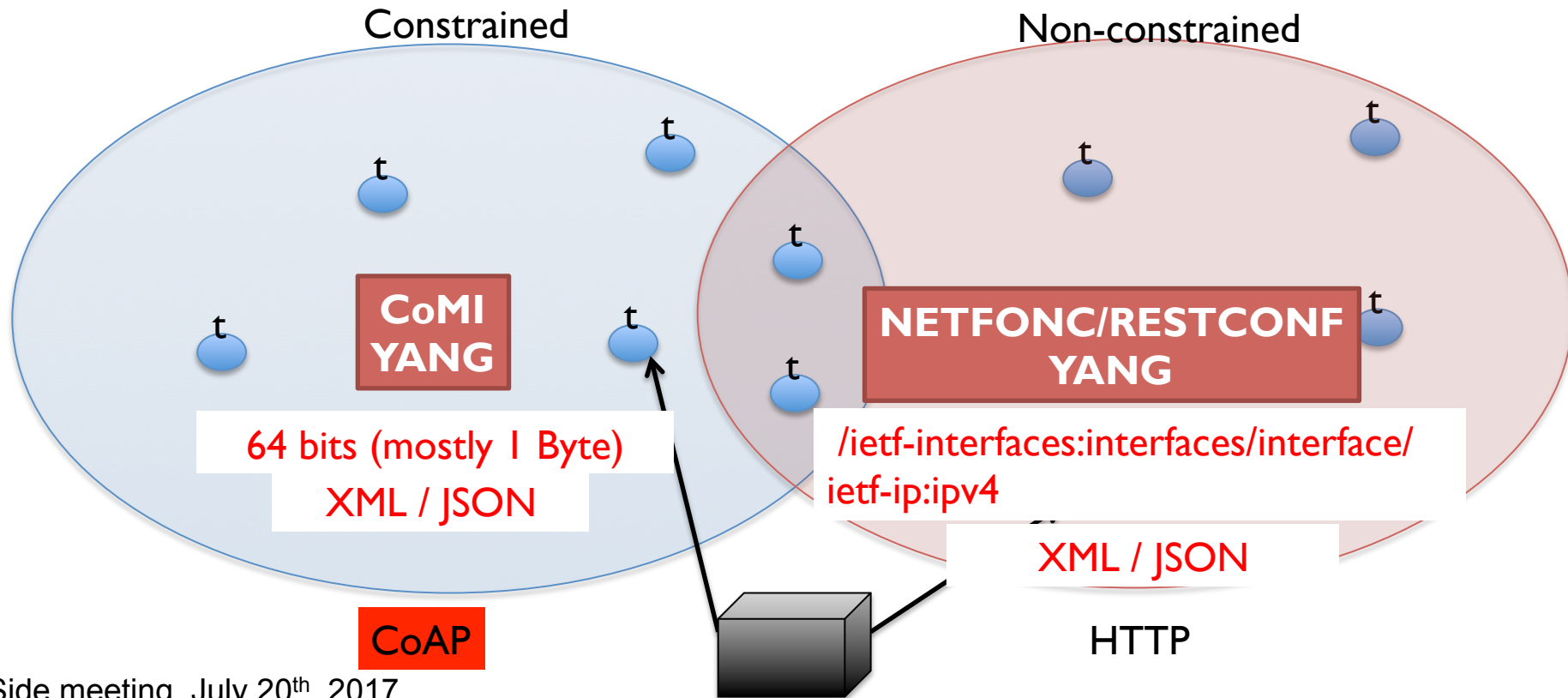
You want to manage things



You want to manage things



You want to manage things





Protocol overview

```
GET example.com/c/X9
```

```
2.05 Content (Content-Format: application/cbor)
```

```
[  
  {  
    +4 : "eth0",           / name (SID 1537) /  
    +1 : "Ethernet adaptor", / description (SID 1534) /  
    +5 : 1179,             / type, (ID 1538), identity ethernetCsmacd (SID 1179) /  
    +2 : true              / enabled (SID 1535) /  
  }  
]
```



Protocol overview

CoAP

```
GET example.com/c/X9

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Protocol overview

CoAP

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```
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```

```
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```

```
+2 : true              / enabled (SID 1535) /
```

```
}
```

```
]
```

CBOR



Protocol overview

CoAP

Locator, YANG instance-
identifier

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CBOR



Protocol overview

CoAP

Locator, YANG instance-
identifier

Value, defined in draft-ietf-core-
yang-cbor

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CBOR



Protocol overview

CoAP

GET example.com/c/X9

**Locator, YANG instance-
identifier**

2.05 Content (Content-Format: application/cbor)

**Value, defined in draft-ietf-core-
yang-cbor**

**Identifier, 64 bits
SID**

```
[
  {
    +4 : "eth0",           / name (SID 1537) /
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CBOR



Protocol overview

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  }  
]
```

**Identifier, 64 bits
SID**

CBOR

**Delta
SID**



Protocol overview

CoAP

GET example.com/c/X9

Locator, YANG instance-
identifier

Value, defined in draft-ietf-core-
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Identifier, 64 bits
SID

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    +2 : true              / enabled (SID 1535) /
  }
]
```

CBOR

Delta
SID

32 bytes
payload

81	# array(1)
a4	# map(4)
04	# unsigned(4)
64	# text(4)
65746830	# "eth0"
01	# unsigned(1)
70	# text(16)
45746865726e65742061646170746f72	# "Ethernet adaptor"
05	# unsigned(5)
19 049b	# unsigned(1179)
02	# unsigned(2)
f5	# primitive(21)



Protocol overview

Method	Resource	Content-Format
GET response	data node	/application/yang-value+cbor
PUT request	data node	/application/yang-value+cbor
POST request	data node	/application/yang-value+cbor
DELETE	data node	na
GET response	datastore	/application/yang-tree+cbor
PUT request	datastore	/application/yang-tree+cbor
POST request	datastore	/application/yang-tree+cbor
FETCH request	datastore	/application/yang-selectors+cbor
FETCH response	datastore	/application/yang-values+cbor
iPATCH request	datastore	/application/yang-patch+cbor
GET response	event stream	/application/yang-tree+cbor
POST request	rpc, action	/application/yang-value+cbor
POST response	rpc, action	/application/yang-value+cbor



Protocol overview

YANG data node	Encoding
uint8, uint16, uint32 and uint64	CBOR unsigned integer
int8, int16, int32 and int64	CBOR unsigned integer / signed integer
decimal64	CBOR unsigned integer / signed integer
string	CBOR text string
boolean	CBOR simple value 'true' or 'false'
enumeration	CBOR unsigned integer
bits	CBOR byte string
binary	CBOR byte string
leafref	As specified by the 'path' YANG statement
identityref	CBOR unsigned integer OR CBOR text string
empty	CBOR simple value 'null'
union	bits, enumeration, identityref and instance-identifier are tag to avoid datatype ambiguities
instance-identifier	CBOR unsigned integer / array OR CBOR text string



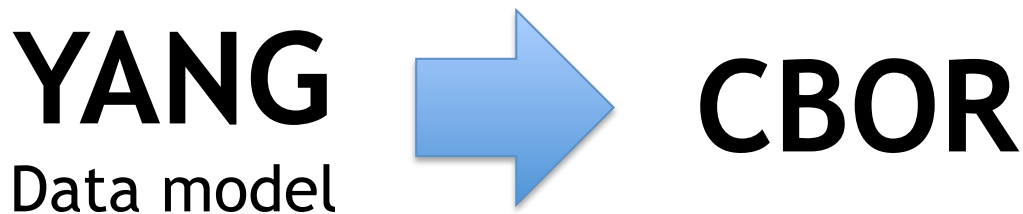
CBOR Encoding of Data Modeled with YANG

draft-ietf-core-yang-cbor-04

Michel Veillette
Alexander Pelov
Abhinav Sumaraju
Randy Turner
Ana Minaburo

Goal

Define the serialization rules to encode YANG data nodes in CBOR



I-D.ietf-netmod-yang-json performs the same task for JSON. The table of content of both drafts are similar.



What YANG has?

- Simple data types
 - unsigned integer, integer, string, enumeration, bits, binary, empty
- Unions
- Labels (identity)
- References to labels, data items, etc.
- Collections
 - Sets, lists
- Structures (composite types)

What YANG has?

- Simple data types
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- Collections
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- Structures (composite types)



CBOR types



What YANG has?

- | | |
|--|----------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Simple data types<ul style="list-style-type: none">– unsigned integer, integer, string, enumeration, bits, binary, empty• Unions | ✓ CBOR types |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Labels (identity) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• References to labels, data items, etc.• Collections<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Sets, lists• Structures (composite types) | ✓ Tagged CBOR types |



What YANG has?

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| • Simple data types <ul style="list-style-type: none">– unsigned integer, integer, string, enumeration, bits, binary, empty | ✓ CBOR types |
| • Unions | |
| • Labels (identity) | ✓ Tagged CBOR types |
| • References to labels, data items, etc. | ✓ Name / SID |
| • Collections <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Sets, lists | |
| • Structures (composite types) | |

What YANG has?

- | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simple data types <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – unsigned integer, integer, string, enumeration, bits, binary, empty | ✓ | CBOR types |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unions | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Labels (identity) | ✓ | Tagged CBOR types |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> References to labels, data items, etc. | | Name / SID |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Collections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Sets, lists | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Structures (composite types) | ✓ | CBOR maps
CBOR arrays |



YANG Schema Item iDentifier (SID)

draft-ietf-core-sid-01

Andy Bierman

Michel Veillette

Peter van der Stok

Alexander Pelov <a@ackl.io>



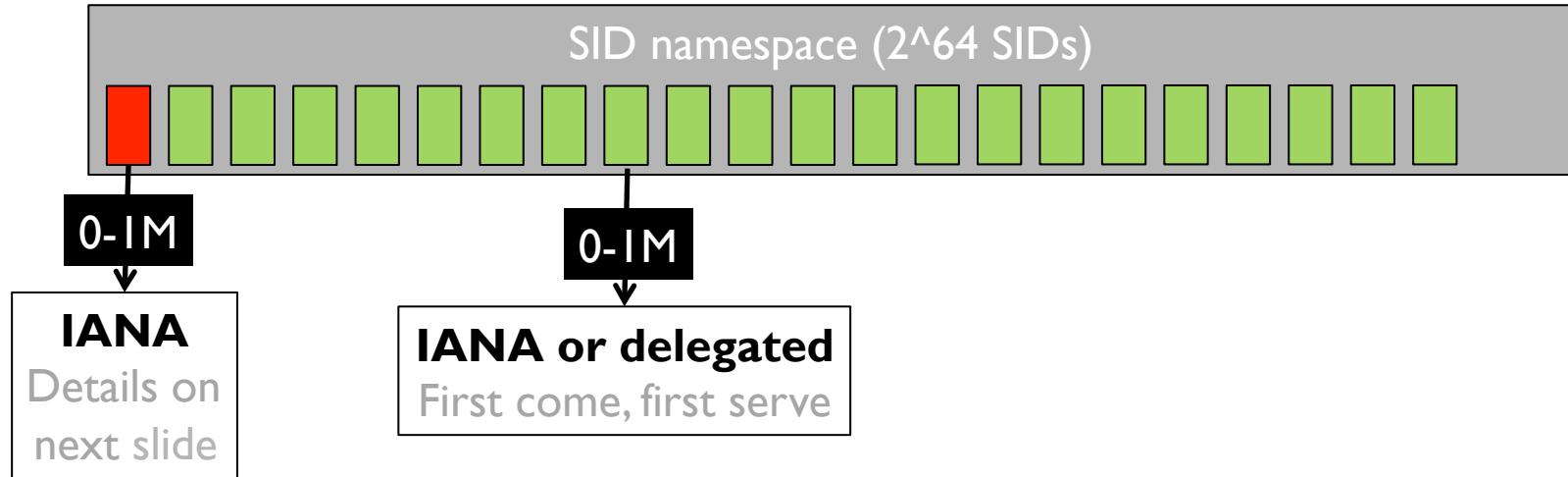
Status and next steps

Four main topics

- SID definition (semantic)
 - 64 bit identifier assigned to all YANG identifiers
- SID file format (.sid)
 - YANG Schema -> JSON format
- SID file lifecycle
 - Range registration, .sid generation, .sid update
- Allocation policies
 - Two-tier allocation system
 - MegaRange (1M SIDs) and Range (~1000 SIDs flexible size)
 - Review allocation policy with IANA



SID Mega-range Registry

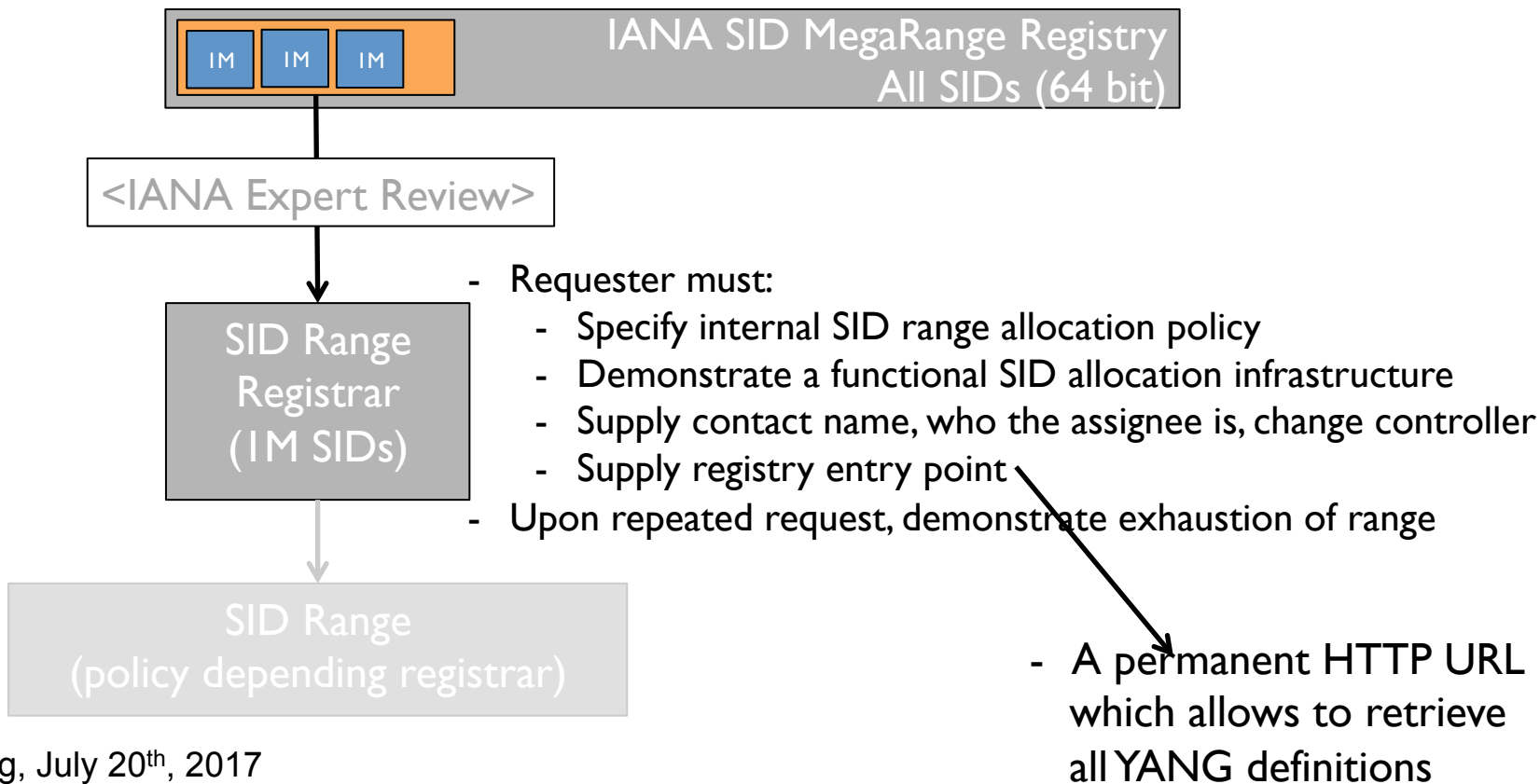




SID Mega-range Registry

Hierarchical Allocation -
0-100M

Reserved >100M





IETF SID Range Registrar

0-IM SID



IETF SID Range Registrar (IM SIDs)



0-1000

1000-60 000

60 000-100 000

IETF review

Use other than YANG
module assignment

RFC required

SID range for
YANG modules
defined in RFC

Side meeting

Experimental use

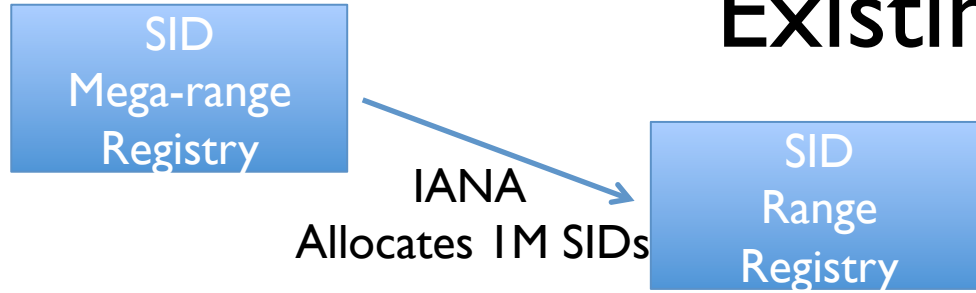
**Specification
Required**

SID range for YANG
modules defined in
open specification

With provisional
range allocation

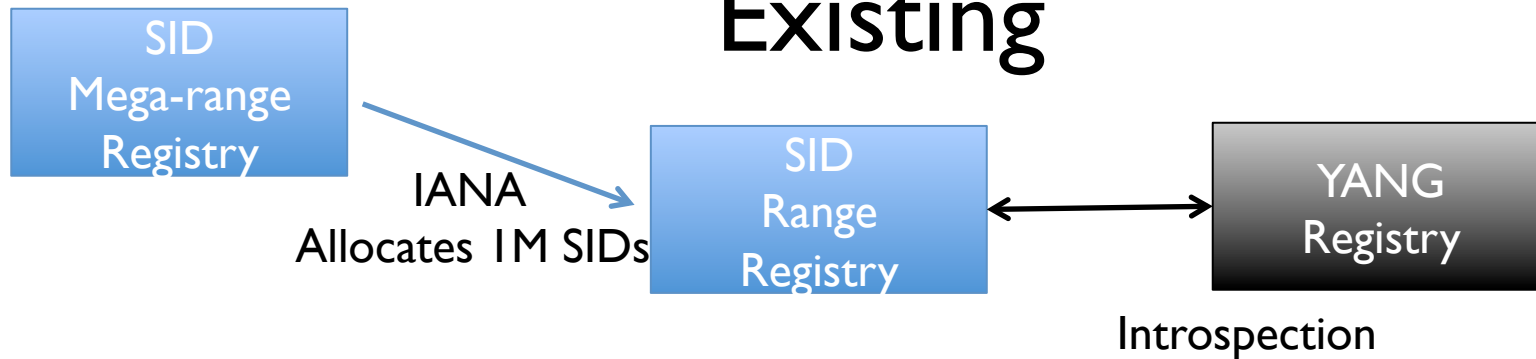
Registration procedure

Existing



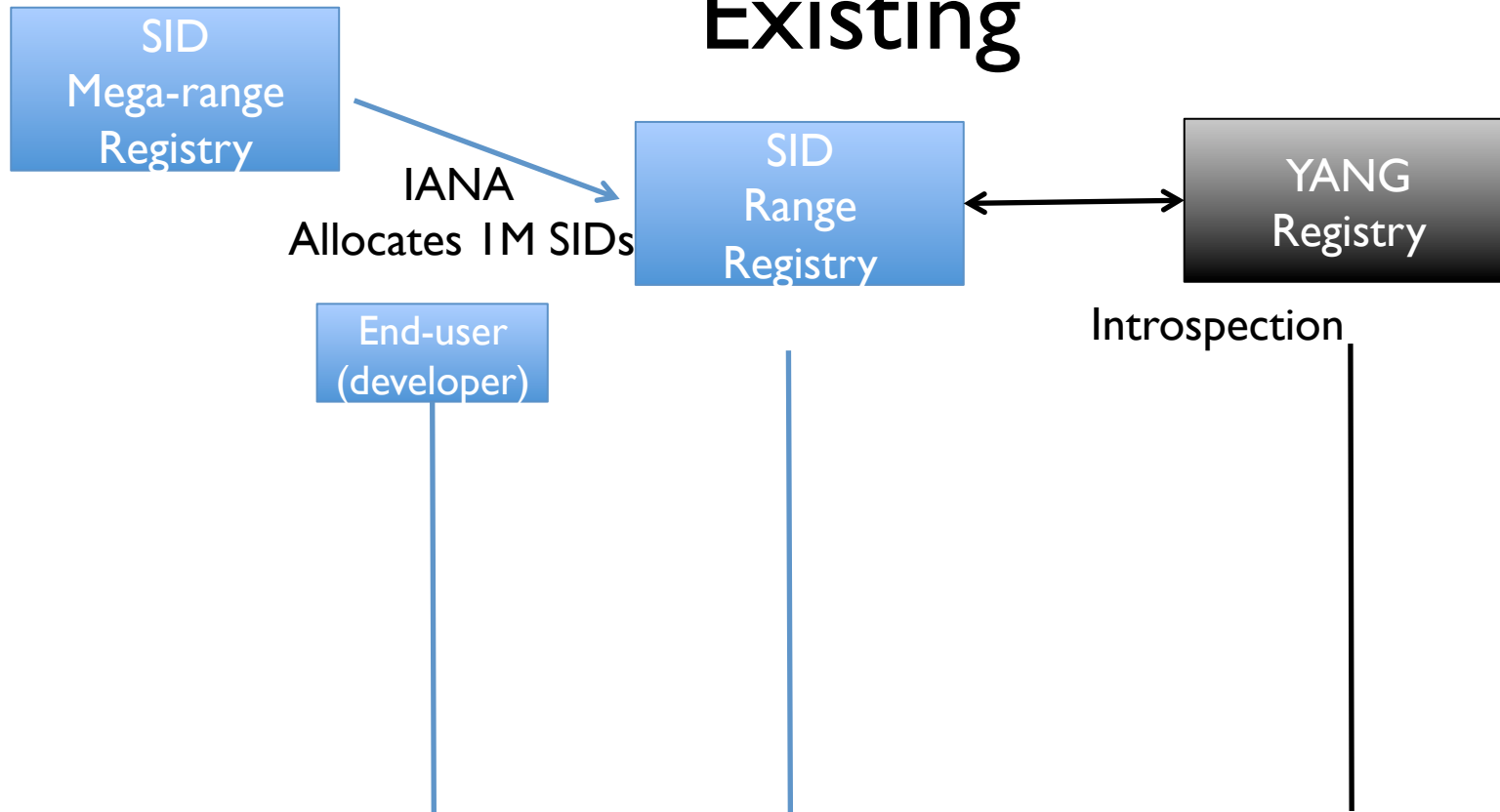
Registration procedure

Existing



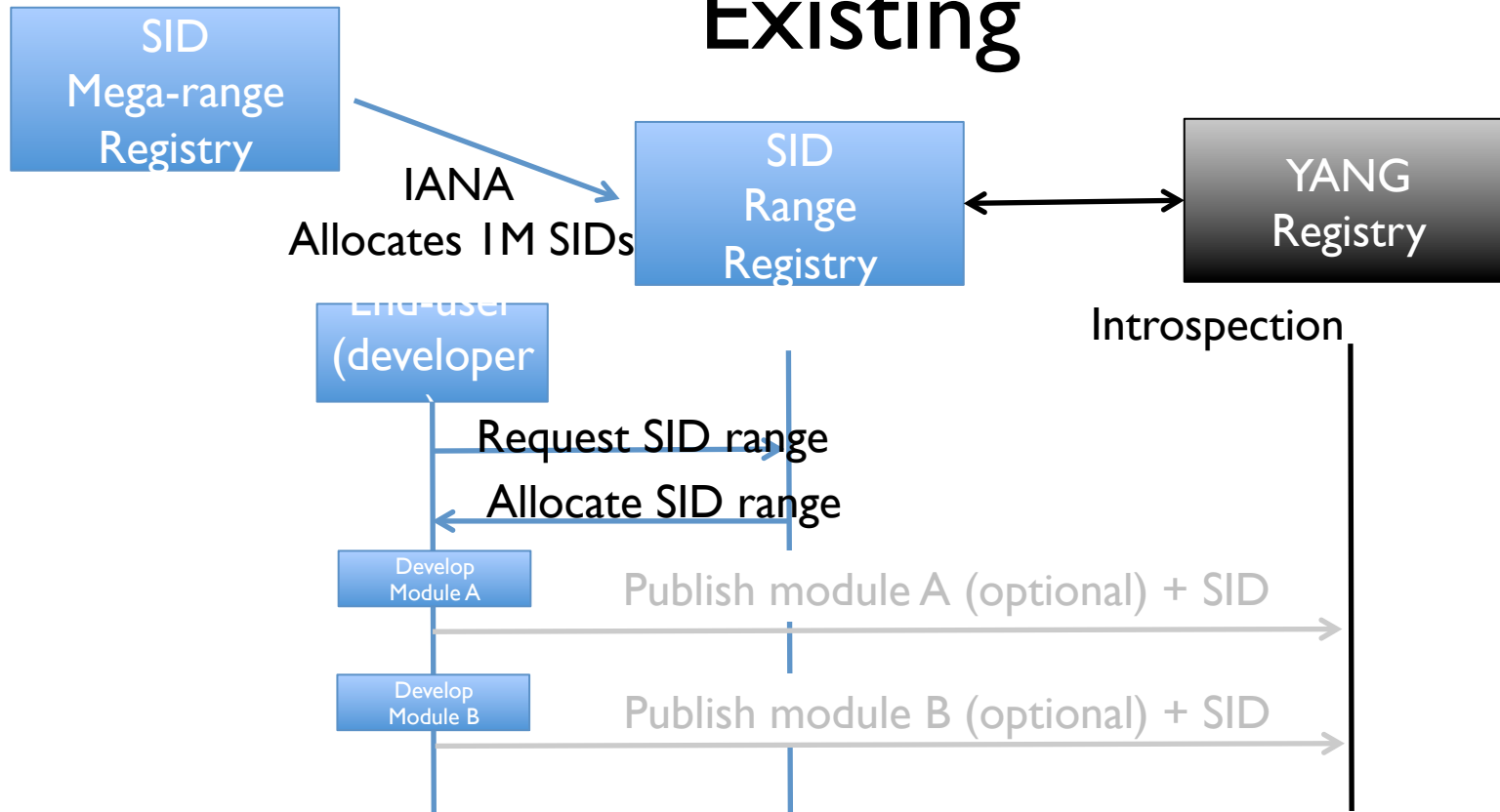
Registration procedure

Existing



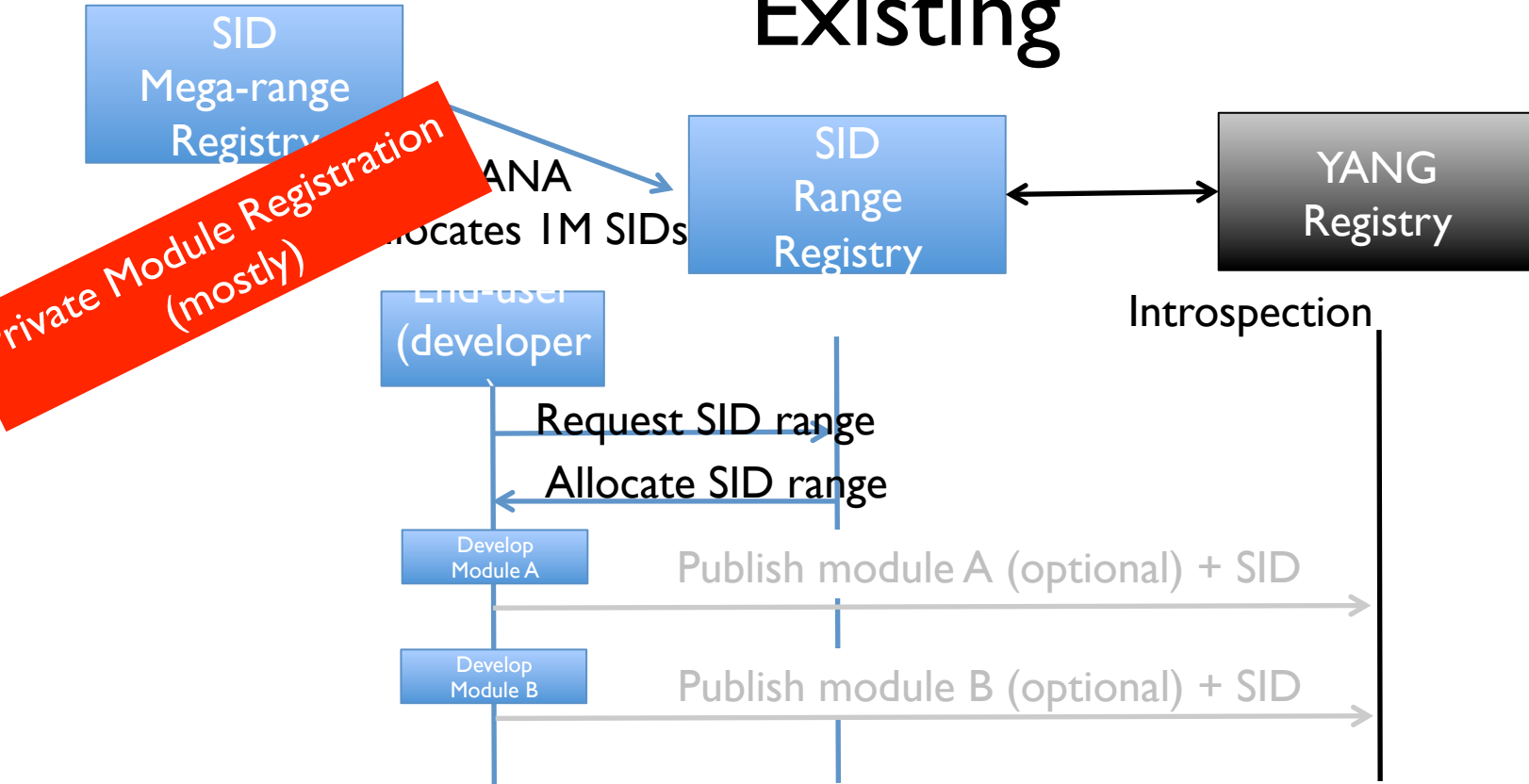
Registration procedure

Existing



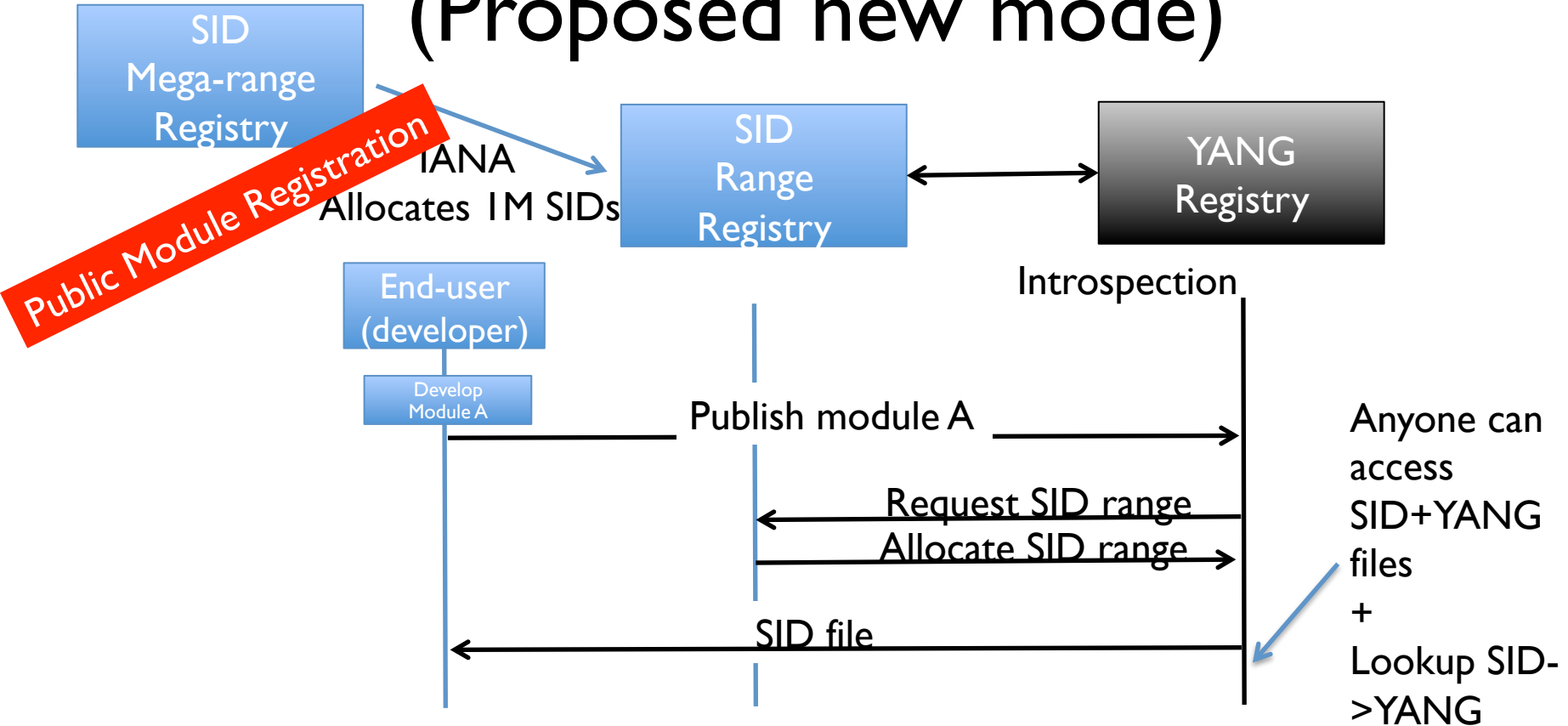
Registration procedure

Existing





Registration procedure (Proposed new mode)





YANG schema identifier (SID)

- Can be auto-generated and auto updated
- ietf-interfaces@2014-05-08.sid

```
{
  "assignment-ranges": [
    { "entry-point": 1500, "size": 100 }
  ],
  "module-name": "ietf-interfaces",
  "module-revision": "2014-05-08",
  "items": [
    { "type": "Module", "label": "ietf-interfaces", "sid": 1500 },
    { "type": "feature", "label": "arbitrary-names", "sid": 1501 },
    { "type": "identity", "label": "/interface-type", "sid": 1504 },
    { "type": "node", "label": "/interfaces-state", "sid": 1506 },
    { "type": "node", "label": "/interfaces-state/interface", "sid": 1507 },
    ...
  ]
}
```



Schema Mount for CoMI

Michel Veillette <michel.veillette@trilliantinc.com>

Schema mount



- A "container" or "list" node becomes a mount point if the "mount-point" extension (defined in the "ietf-yang-schema-mount" module) is used in its definition.
- For example:

```
+--rw network-instances
  +--rw network-instance* [name]
    +--rw name                string
    +--rw enabled?            boolean
    +--rw description?        string
    +--rw (ni-type)?
    +--rw (root-type)?
      +--:(vrf-root)
        +--mp vrf-root?
          +--ro rt:routing-state/
          |   ...
          +--rw rt:routing/
          |   ...
```

Schema mount



- New YANG construct
- Should CoMI supports schema mount?

- Possible instance-identifier CBOR encoding

Normal data node : [sid, key 1, ...]

Mounted data node : [[sid parent schema, sid mounted schema, ...], key 1, ...]

- Possible instance-identifier URI encoding

Normal data node : /c/sid?k="key 1,..."

Mounted data node : /c/sid parent schema/sid mounted schema/...?k="key 1,..."

LWM2M-YANG SWITCH PRESENTATIONS



Firmware Update Over The Air

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Piece of the puzzle

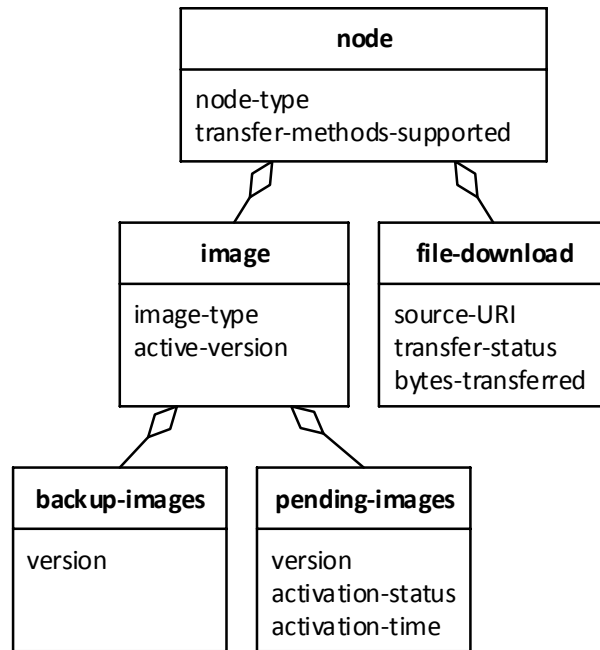




Status

What is currently running on the managed node?

```
+--ro upgrade-status!  
  +--ro node-type          identity-  
ref  
  +--ro transfer-methods-supported* string  
  +--ro image-types*  
|  +--ro image-type        identity-  
ref  
|  +--ro active-version    string  
|  +--ro backup-images*  
|  |  +--ro version        string  
|  +--ro pending-images*  
|  +--ro version           string  
|  +--ro activation-status  enumeration  
|  +--ro activation-time    uint32  
+--ro file-download*  
  +--ro source-URI         string  
  +--ro transfer-status    enumeration  
  +--ro bytes-transferred  uint32
```





Introspection

What should be running?

```
++ro manifest
  +--ro image-file*
    +--ro node-type identity-ref
    +--ro firmware-images*
      | +--ro image-type identity-ref
      | +--ro image-version? string
      | +--ro compatibility*
      | | +--ro compatible-version string
      | | +--ro synchronized-upgrade-required? boolean
      | | +--ro rollback-supported? boolean
      | +--ro image-hash binary
    +--ro firmware-signing-certificate* binary
    +--ro signature? binary
```

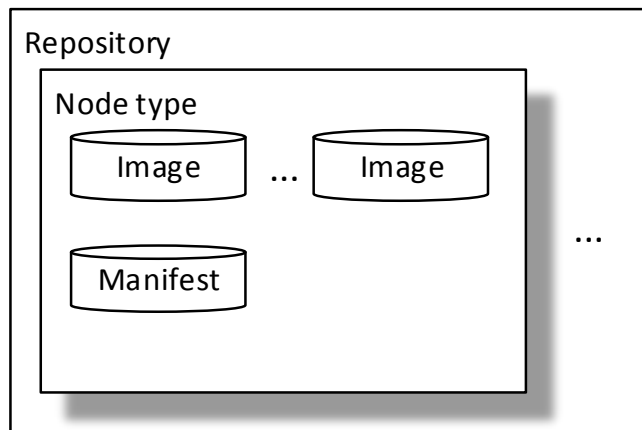


Image file

- Unmodified
 - To avoid any incompatibility and/or complexity
 - File as produced by the tool chain
 - Validation and security (e.g signature) not added to this file

Transfer protocol

- Many need to be supported
 - coap block, coaps block
 - coap+tcp, coap+tls
 - http, https
 - ftp
 - ipv6 multicast
- Other may be added later without updating the specification.

Coordination



rpcs:

```
+---x initiate-transfer
|   +---w input
|       +---w file*
|           +---w source-URI    string
|           +---w length        uint64
+---x fragment
|   +---w input
|       +---w byte-offset        uint64
|       +---w last-fragment      boolean
|       +---w file-image-fragment binary
+---x cancel
+---x activate
|   +---w input
|       +---w activation-time    uint32
```

notifications:

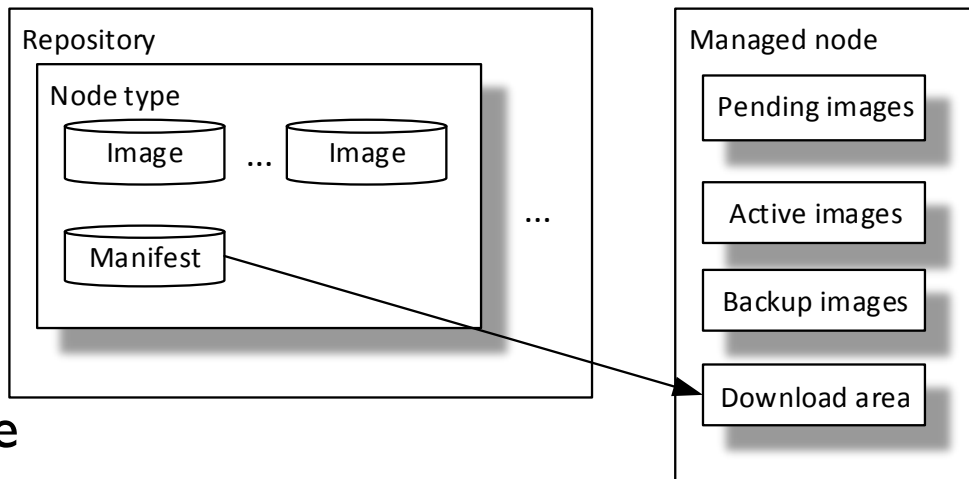
```
+---n transfer-status
|   +---ro source-URI            string
|   +---ro status                enumeration
+---n activation-result
|   +---ro firmware-images*
|       +---ro image-type        identity-
|       ref
|       +---ro (result)
|           +---:(activation-success)
|               |   +---ro current-version    string
|               |   +---ro previous-version    string
|               |   +---ro success-reason      enumeration
|           +---:(activation-failure)
|               +---ro version                string
|               +---ro failure-reason          enumeration
```

Validation

- How the manager and the managed node known?
 - If the set of images are compatible?
 - If the set of images are valid and authentic?

Manifest information

Is sent to the managed node
for upgrade validation.





Event logger and notifications

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Event logger – Why needed

- CoMI don't support access to prior notifications
(This a requirement is some legislations, some markets)
- Which notifications are available in which event streams or loggers
Need to be configurable
- A mechanism is required to add notification metadata to streams or loggers
e.g. timestamp, security, facility, signature, ...



Event logger – Data model

```
module: trilliant-event-logger
  +--rw event-loggers* [name]
  |   +--rw name                uint32
  |   +--rw notifications* [sequence-number]
  |   |   +--rw sequence-number  uint32
  |   |   +--rw timestamp?       timestamp
  |   |   +--rw notification?
  |   +---x get-notifications
  |   +---w input
  |   |   +---w (criteria)?
  |   |   |   +---:(sequence-number)
  |   |   |   |   +---w start-sequence-number? uint32
  |   |   |   |   +---w end-sequence-number?   uint32
  |   |   |   +---:(timestamp) {timestamp}?
  |   |   |   |   +---w start-timestamp?       timestamp
  |   |   |   |   +---w end-timestamp?         timestamp
  |   +---ro output
  |   |   +--ro notifications* [sequence-number]
  |   |   |   +--ro sequence-number            uint32
  |   |   |   +--ro timestamp?                 timestamp
  |   |   |   +--ro notification?
  |   +---rw reporting-control* [handler]
  |   |   +--rw handler                string
  |   |   +--rw notification*         SID
  |   |
  |   +---rw meta-info-control* [handler]
  |   |   +--rw handler                string
  |   |   +--rw meta-info*            SID
```

YANG for Static Context Header Compression (SCHC)



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[draft-toutain-lpwan-yang-static-context-hc-00](#)

Architecture

- Define common terminology
 - Dev, NGW, App

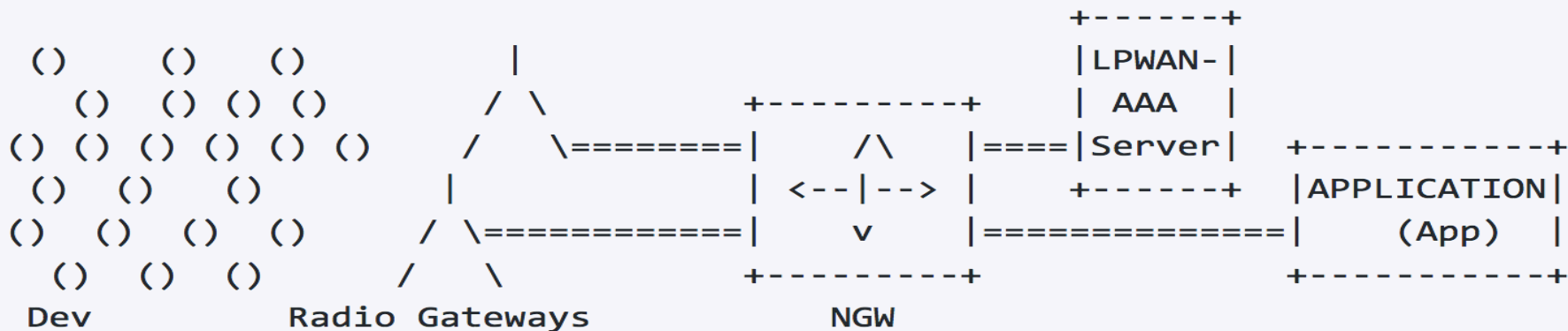
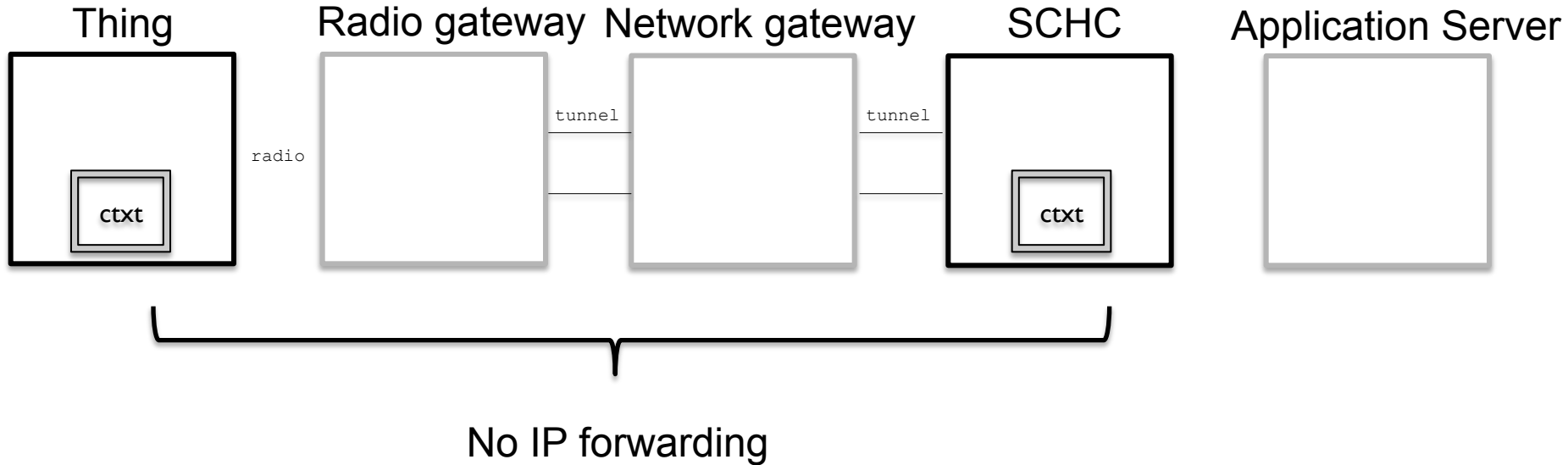


Figure 9: LPWAN Architecture

Target Architecture



New fields

Rule N						
Rule i						
(FID)	Rule 1					
Field 1	FP	DI	Target Value	Matching Operator	Comp/Decomp	Act
Field 2	FP	DI	Target Value	Matching Operator	Comp/Decomp	Act
...
Field N	FP	DI	Target Value	Matching Operator	Comp/Decomp	Act

IPv6.version
CoAP.URI-Path
....

1, 2, 3...

Bi, up,
dw

Number,
String,
Arrays,
..

Ignore,
Equal
MSB(x)
Match-mapping
..

Not-sent, value-
sent, LSB(y),
mapping-sent,
compute-*,devIID,
applID
..



```

rule_coap2 = {"ruleid" : 2,
              "content" : [
                ["IPv6.version", 1, "bi", 6, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.trafficClass", 1, "bi", 0x00, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.flowLabel", 1, "bi", 0x000000, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.payloadLength", 1, "bi", None, "ignore", "compute-length"],
                ["IPv6.nextHeader", 1, "bi", 17, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.hopLimit", 1, "bi", 30, "ignore", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.prefixES", 1, "bi", 0xFE80000000000000, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.iidES", 1, "bi", 0x0000000000000001, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.prefixLA", 1, "bi", 0xFE80000000000000, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["IPv6.iidLA", 1, "bi", 0x0000000000000002, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["UDP.PortES", 1, "bi", 5682, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["UDP.PortLA", 1, "bi", 5683, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["UDP.length", 1, "bi", None, "ignore", "compute-length"],
                ["UDP.checksum", 1, "bi", None, "ignore", "compute-checksum"],
                ["CoAP.version", 1, "bi", 1, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["CoAP.type", 1, "up", CoAP.CON, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["CoAP.type", 1, "dw", 2, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["CoAP.tokenLength", 1, "bi", 1, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["CoAP.code", 1, "up", 2, "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["CoAP.code", 1, "dw", [69, 132], "match-mapping", "mapping-sent"],
                ["CoAP.messageID", 1, "bi", 0, "MSB(12)", "LSB"],
                ["CoAP.token", 1, "bi", 0x80, "MSB(5)", "LSB"],
                ["CoAP.Uri-Path", 1, "up", "measure", "equal", "not-sent"],
                ["CoAP.Option-End", 1, "up", 0xFF, "equal", "not-sent"]
              ]
            }

```

2500 characters :
 - sigfox 250 frame,

Why COMI

- Compact and unique representation for:
 - Well-known Field ID, MO, CDA
- Compact exchanges between SCHC C/D
 - NGW-> dev: Prefix assignment
 - Dev-> NGW: setup port numbers, destination addresses,...



ietf-lpwan-schc.yang

```
+---rw compression-context
  +---rw context-rules* [rule-id]
    +---rw rule-id      uint8
    +---rw rule-fields* [name occurrence direction]
      +---rw name                string
      +---rw occurrence          uint8
      +---rw direction           enumeration
      +---rw target-value?       lpwan-types
      +---rw matching-operator?  matching-operator-type
      +---rw matching-operator-parameter? lpwan-types
      +---rw compression-decompression-function? compression-decompression-
function-type
      +---rw compression-decompression-function-parameter? lpwan-types
```

SWITCH PRESENTATION

Embedded

SWITCH PRESENTATION MUD

Discussion

- - What other points could YANG address for IoT?
- - Interaction models for YANG and IoT
- - Intersection between YANG and IoT communities
- - Getting YANG out of the routers
- - Getting efficient technologies to routers (from the constrained world)
- - Events, notifications, security, ...

Next steps?