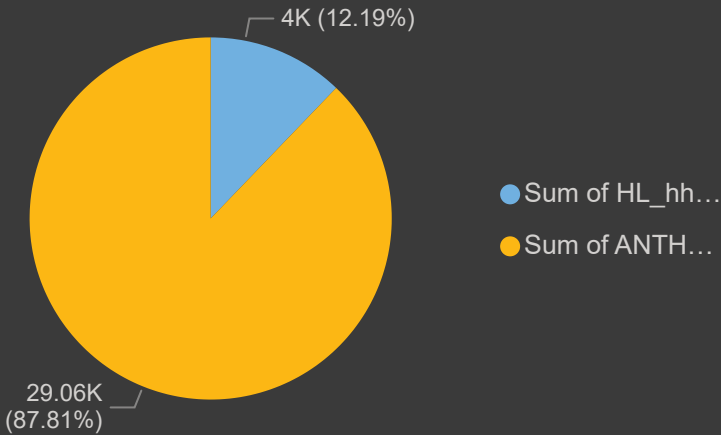
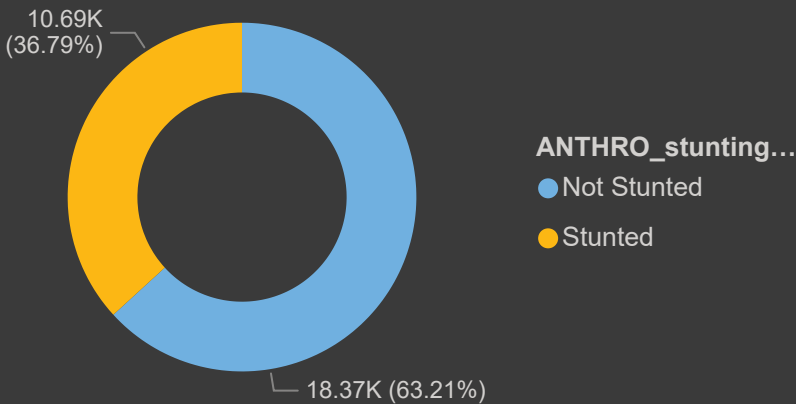


Sum of HL_hh_head_gender and Sum of ANTHRO_weight1



- According to this pie chart Around 83.21% of the individuals are not stunted, while 16.79% are stunted. This indicates that the majority of individuals in the dataset are not experiencing stunting.
- Another pie chart shows the sum of ANTHRO_weight1 by gender of household head. About 87.81% of the weight is attributed to one group (possibly male heads of household), while 12.19% is attributed to another group (possibly female heads of household).
- The map highlights districts around Rwanda. The data is visualized geographically, suggesting that the dashboard might be showing a regional distribution of stunting or other health-related data points. The specific locations are marked on the map, but further details are not explicitly mentioned.
- The bar chart compares several variables, including the number of children below 3, caregiver gender, and household characteristics. The largest segment (about 29K) is linked to one of the variables (likely household size or caregiver), followed by another segment of 5K, and then a smaller segment of 4K.

Sum of ANTHRO_weight1 by ANTHRO_stunting_note



Sum of HL_number_of_children_below_3, Sum of ANTHRO_weight1, Sum of CL_child_gender and Sum of HL_caregiver_age_above18

