## AP Calculus Homework 4

Please write your answer on a separate piece of paper and submit it on Classkick or write your answer directly on Classkick.

Please write all answers in exact forms. For example, write  $\pi$  instead of 3.14.

Questions with a \* are optional. Questions with \*\* are optional and more challenging.

1. Differentiate the following functions.

a) 
$$y = e^{u}(\cos u + cu)$$
 b)  $y = \frac{\sin x}{x^{2}}$  c)\*  $f(x) = xe^{x} \csc x$ 

d)\*\* 
$$y = \frac{(1+x^2)\tan^{-1}x - x}{2}$$

2. Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = \sec x - 2\cos x$  at the point  $(\pi/3, 1)$ .

3. Find the derivative of the function (Choose any five problems)

a) 
$$g(t) = \frac{1}{(t^4 + 1)^3}$$
 b)  $y = xe^{-kx}$  c)  $y = (x^2 + 1)\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2}$ 

d) 
$$y = e^{-5x} \cos 3x$$
 e)  $y = \sin(\tan 2x)$  f)  $y = 2^{3x^2}$  g)  $y = [x + (x + \sin^2 x)^3]^4$ 

4. Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = (1+2x)^{10}$  at the point (0,1).

5.\* If 
$$F(x) = f(xf(xf(x)))$$
, where  $f(1) = 2$ ,  $f(2) = 3$ ,  $f'(1) = 4$ ,  $f'(2) = 5$ , and  $f'(3) = 6$ , find  $F'(1)$ .

6.\*\* Find the derivative of the following function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x - \frac{2}{x + \sin x}}$$

7. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  by implicit differentiation.

a) 
$$y^5 + x^2y^3 = 1 + ye^{x^2}$$
 b)  $y \sin(x^2) = x \sin(y^2)$  c)  $\sqrt{xy} = 1 + x^2y$ 

8.\* Use implicit differentiation to find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at the given point.

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$$x^2 + y^2 = (2x^2 + 2y^2 - x)^2$$
 at  $(0, 1/2)$ .

- 9. Find the derivative of the function. Simplify where possible.
- a)  $g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 1} \sec^{-1} x$  b)  $h(t) = \cot^{-1} (t) + \cot^{-1} (1/t)$
- $c)^* F(\theta) = \arcsin \sqrt{\sin \theta}$
- 10. Find the second derivative of the function  $y = xe^{cx}$
- 11. If g is a twice differentiable function and  $f(x) = xg(x^2)$ , find f'' in terms of g, g', and q''.
- 12. If  $f(x) = x\sqrt{2x-3}$ , then f'(x) =

- A)  $\frac{3x-3}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$  B)  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$  C)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$  D)  $\frac{-x+3}{\sqrt{2x-3}}$  E)  $\frac{5x-6}{2\sqrt{2x-3}}$
- 13.  $\frac{d}{dx}\left(xe^{\ln x^2}\right) =$

- A) 1 + 2x B)  $x + x^2$  C)  $3x^2$  D)  $x^3$  E)  $x^2 + x^3$
- 14. The slope of the tangent line to the curve  $y^2 + (xy + 1)^3 = 0$  at (2, -1) is
- A)  $-\frac{3}{2}$  B)  $-\frac{3}{4}$  C) 0 D)  $\frac{3}{4}$  E)  $\frac{3}{2}$

- 15. If  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{1 y^2}$ , then  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{1 + y^2}$

- A) -2y B) -y C)  $\frac{-y}{\sqrt{1-y^2}}$  D) y E)  $\frac{1}{2}$