Part 1: Reading information from a script

In this exercise you will use the "obl Sports.ddl" file to consolidate your knowledge of DDL. Open the "obl Sports.ddl" in a text editor.

- 1. How many tables have been created using the CREATE TABLE statement?
- 2. How many columns are created for the price history table?
- 3. What statement is used to enforce the constraint that the category column of the items table must

have a value?

4. What is the name of the foreign key constraint between the customers and customer addresses

tables?

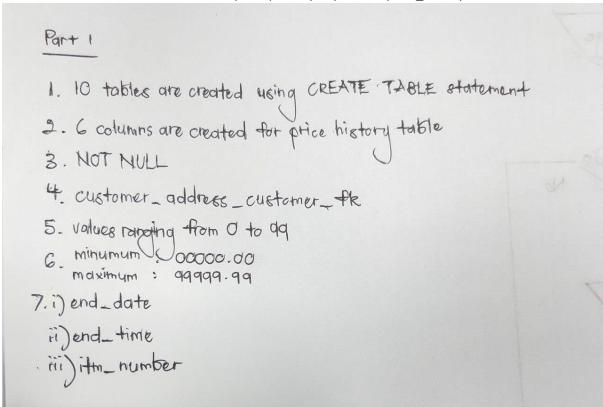
5. What are the lowest and highest values that can be stored in the commission_rate column for the

sales_representatives table?

6. What are the lowest and highest values that can be stored in the price column for the price_history

table?

7. What are the 3 columns that make up the primary key for the price_history table?



Part 2: Updating Constraints

Log-in to APEX and go to the SQL commands environment

Modifying a column

- 1. Run the DESCRIBE command on the orders table to view its structure.
- 2. **Task**: Add a default constraint that will use todays date to assign a value to the odr_date column of the orders

table if no date is provided.

3. Run the DESCRIBE command again to verify the command was successful.



Adding a check constraint

- 1. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.
- 2. Task: Add a check constraint that will not allow the customers current balance to go below zero.
- 3. Run the DESCRIBE command again to verify the command was successful.
- 4. A check constraint is not shown in the results of a describe command.
- a. Go to the Object Browser
- b. Select the customers table.
- c. Click on the CONSTRAINTS tab.
- d. You will see your constraint here.

TABLE CUSTOMERS		
Column	Null?	Туре
CTR_NUMBER	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(6)
EMAIL	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(50)
FIRST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(20)
LAST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PHONE_NUMBER	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(11)
CURRENT_BALANCE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(6,2)
SRE_ID		VARCHAR2(4)
TEM_ID		VARCHAR2(4)
LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER		VARCHAR2(6)

Adding a column

The client has decided that they would like a separate column for the customer's mobile phone number. This is an

optional column that will be required to store 11 digits.

1. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.

- 2. **Task**: Add column that will satisfy the clients requirements
- 3. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.

TABLE CUSTOMERS

Column	Null?	Туре
CTR_NUMBER	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(6)
EMAIL	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(50)
FIRST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(20)
LAST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PHONE_NUMBER	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(11)
CURRENT_BALANCE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(6,2)
SRE_ID	-	VARCHAR2(4)
TEM_ID	-	VARCHAR2(4)
LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER	-	VARCHAR2(6)
CUST_MOBILE_NUMBER	-	VARCHAR2(11)

Dropping a column

The client has decided that they don't need the mobile number column as most customers only provide a

single contact number and that is already catered for with the existing phone_number column

- 1. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.
- 2. **Task**: Drop the column that was created to store the mobile phone number.
- 3. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.

TABLE CUSTOMERS

Column	Null?	Туре
CTR_NUMBER	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(6)
EMAIL	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(50)
FIRST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(20)
LAST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PHONE_NUMBER	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(11)
CURRENT_BALANCE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(6,2)
SRE_ID	-	VARCHAR2(4)
TEM_ID	-	VARCHAR2(4)
LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER	-	VARCHAR2(6)