



**UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU**

---

**CSM3023 WEB BASED APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT (K1)**

**BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE (MOBILE COMPUTING) WITH HONORS**

**LAB REPORT**

**LAB 2 - Servlet: Data Sharing and Database Management**

**SEMESTER II 2023/2024**

---

**Prepared for:**

**Dr MOHAMAD NOR BIN HASAN**

**Prepared by:**

**IZZUL ILYAS BIN ROSLAN (S65343)**

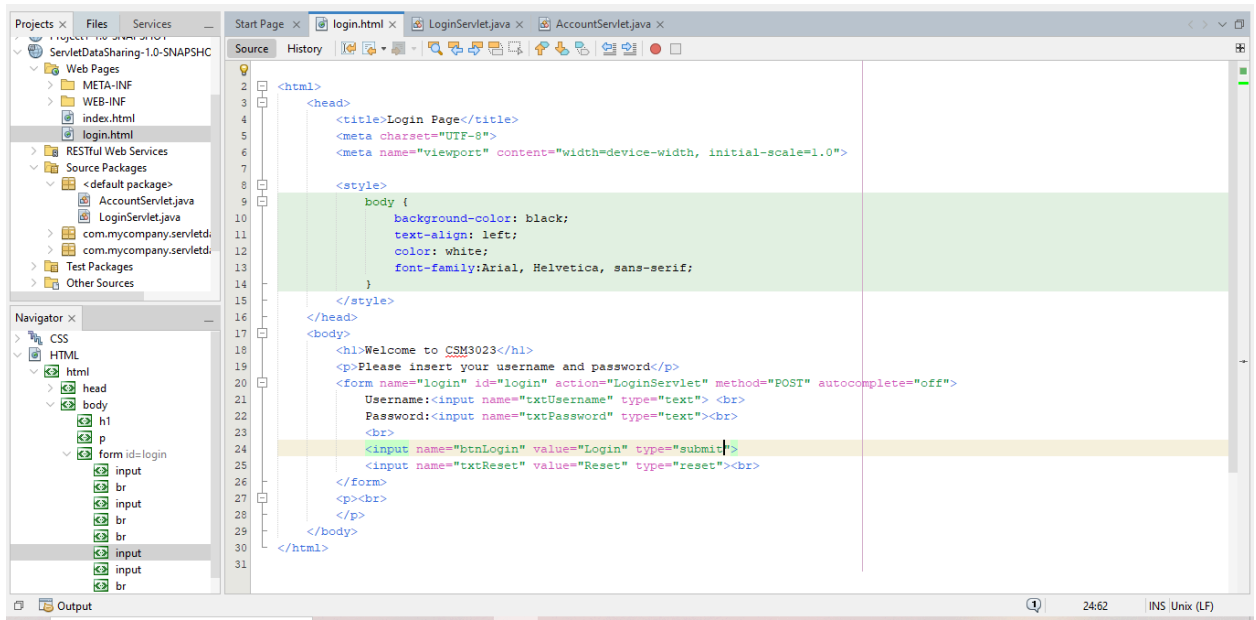
## Task 1: Data Sharing in Servlet

Objective: To use servlet for request forwarding and data sharing

Problem Description: Write a login form and a servlet to authenticate a user

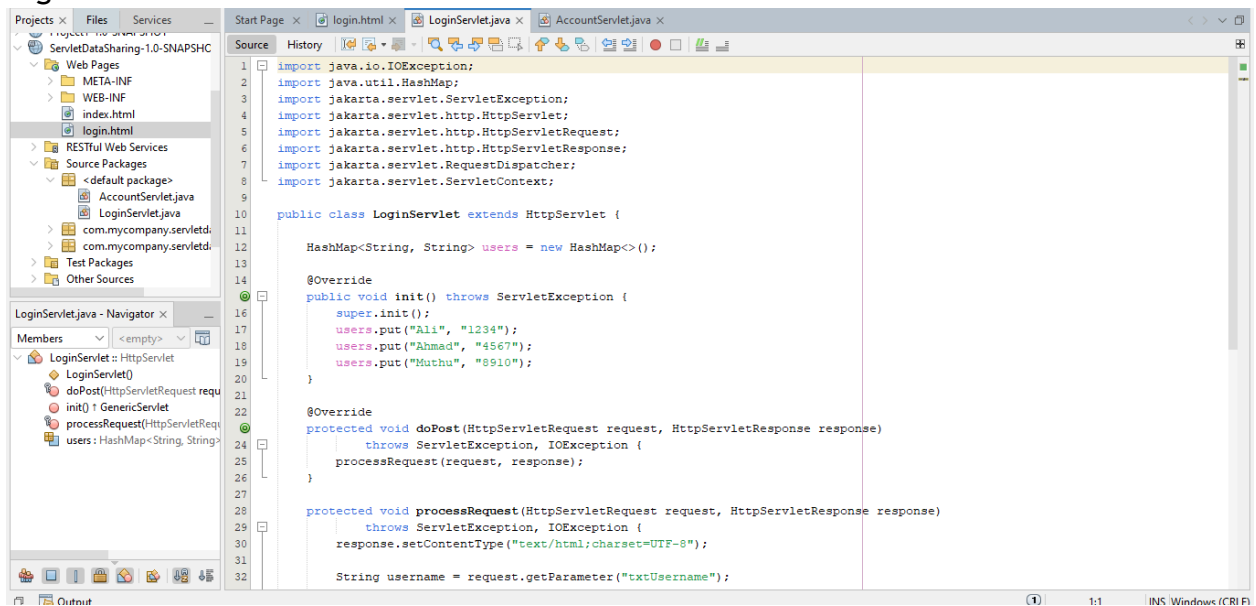
Code:

login .html



```
<html>
<head>
<title>Login Page</title>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
</head>
<body>
<div>
background-color: black;
text-align: left;
color: white;
font-family:Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
</div>
</body>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to CSM3023</h1>
<p>Please insert your username and password</p>
<form name="login" id="login" action="LoginServlet" method="POST" autocomplete="off">
Username:<input name="txtUsername" type="text"> <br>
Password:<input name="txtPassword" type="text"> <br>
<br>
<input name="btnLogin" value="Login" type="submit">
<input name="txtReset" value="Reset" type="reset">
</form>
<p><br>
</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Login.servlet



```
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.HashMap;
import jakarta.servlet.ServletException;
import jakarta.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import jakarta.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import jakarta.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import jakarta.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
import jakarta.servlet.ServletContext;

public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {

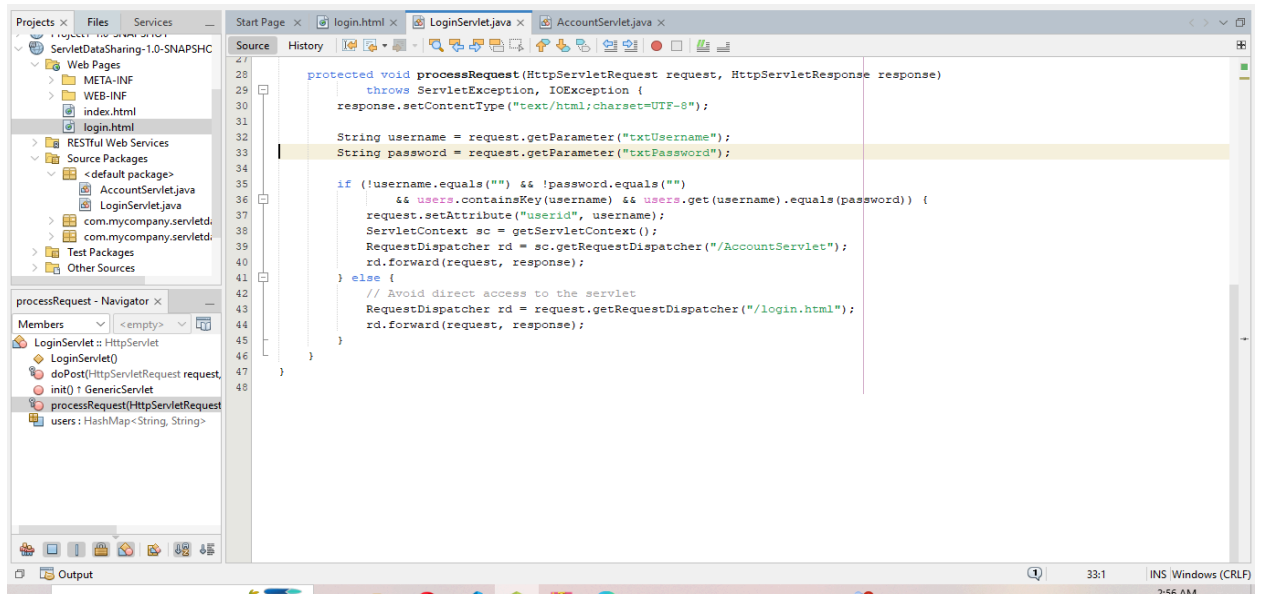
    HashMap<String, String> users = new HashMap<>();

    @Override
    public void init() throws ServletException {
        super.init();
        users.put("Ali", "1234");
        users.put("Ahmad", "4567");
        users.put("Muthu", "8910");
    }

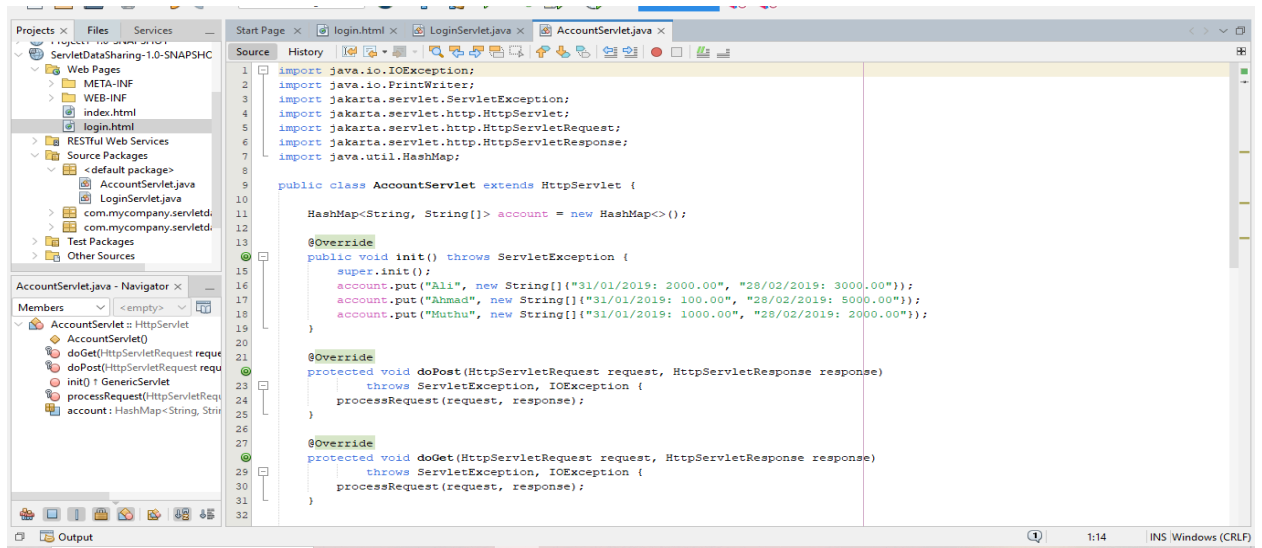
    @Override
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        processRequest(request, response);
    }

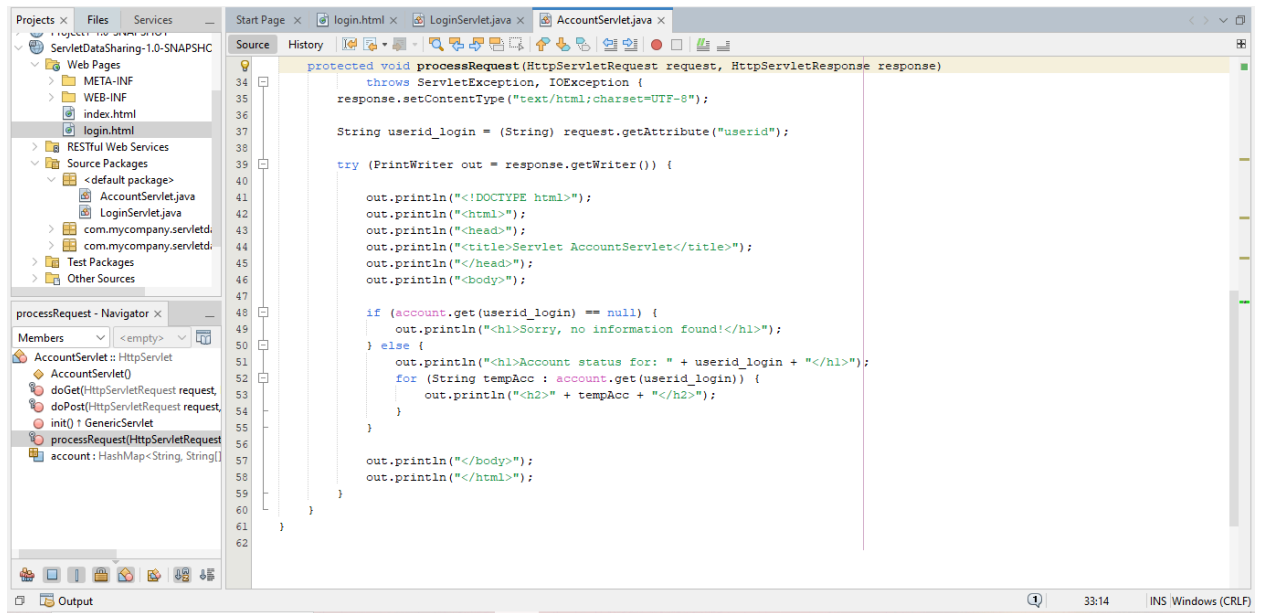
    protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");

        String username = request.getParameter("txtUsername");
```

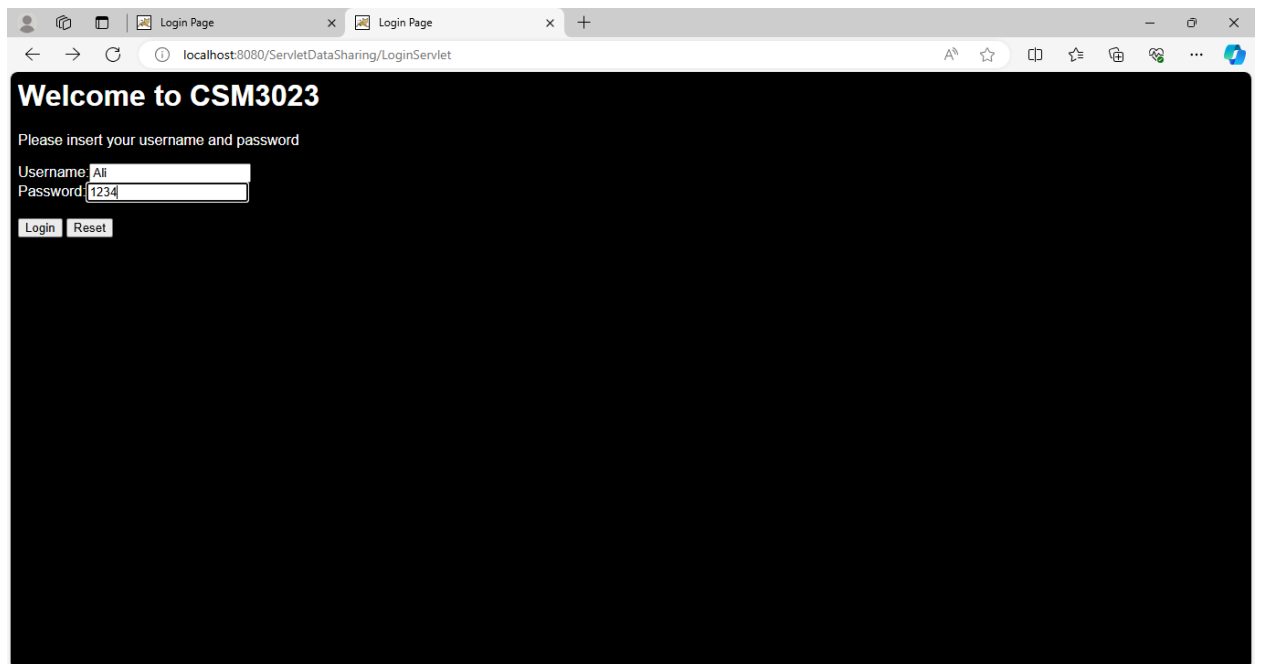


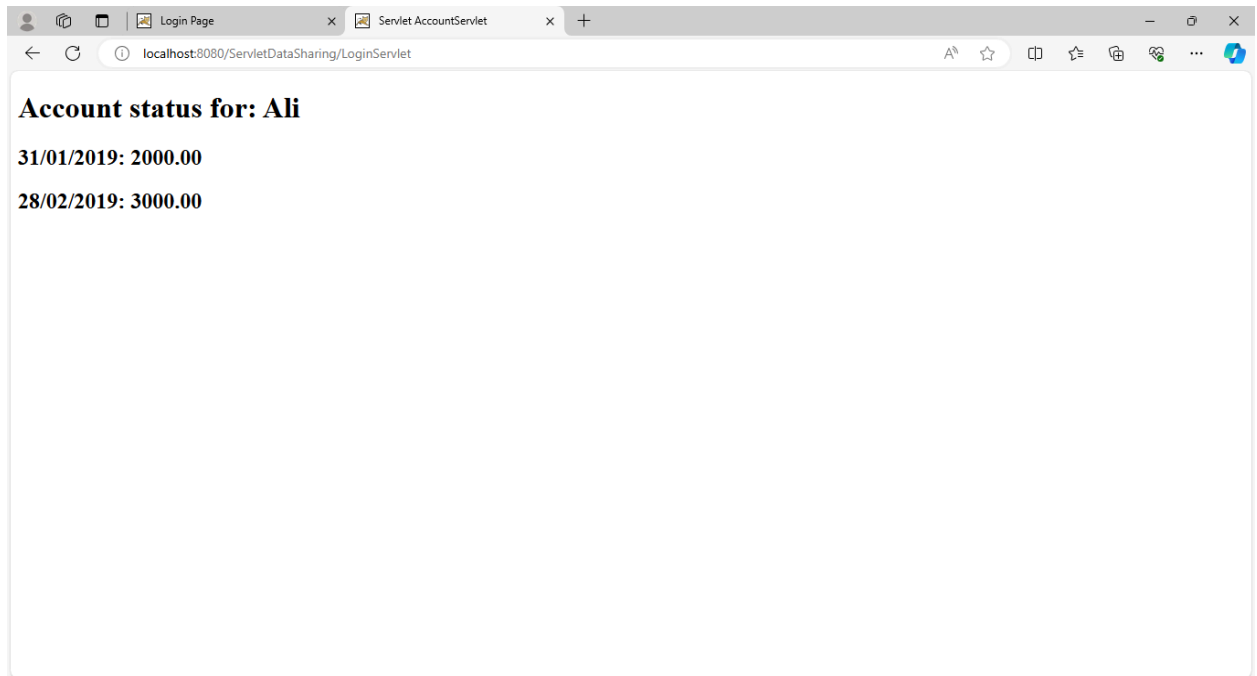
## Account.servlet





Output:





## Reflection

1. What have you learnt from this exercise?

On how to use servlet to get the data

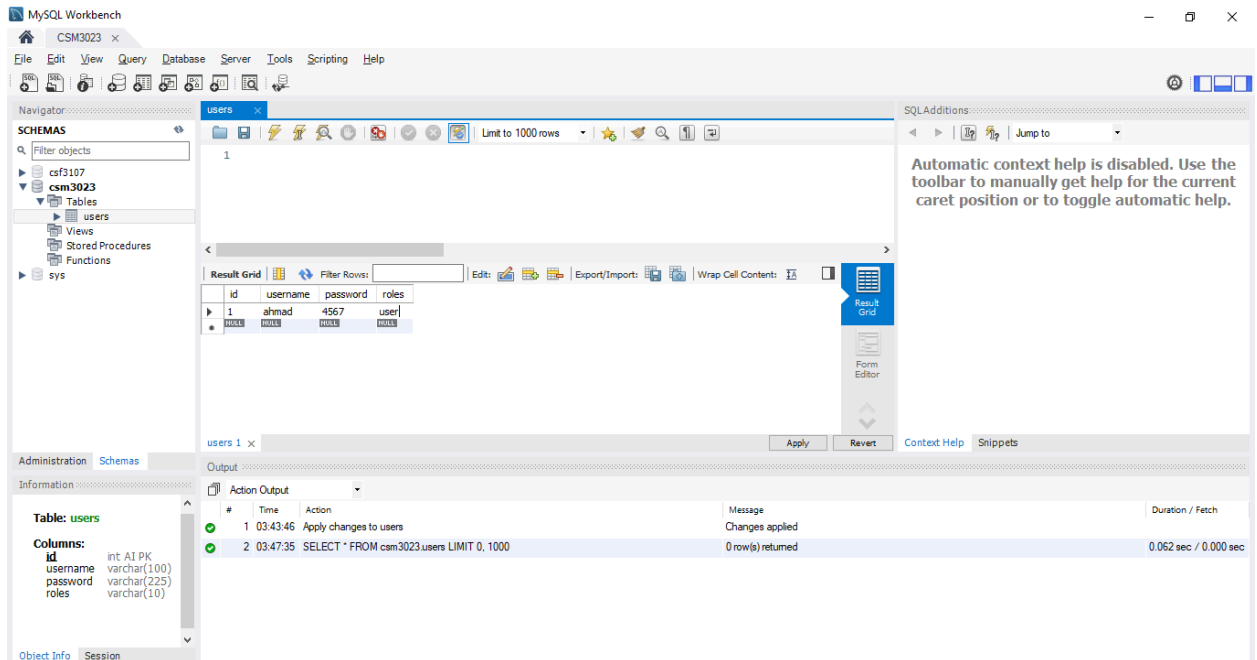
2. What are the common methods used in Java Servlet?

doPost(), doGet()

## Task 2: Creating A Table in MySQL Database

Objective: To create a MySQL table to store user credentials

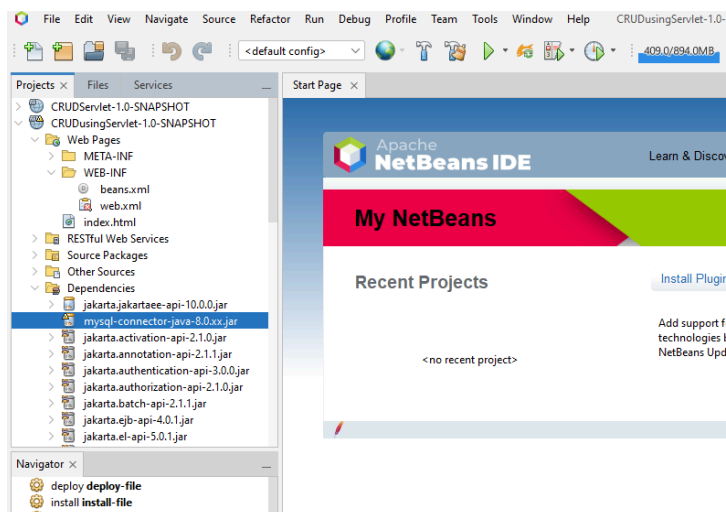
Problem Description: Prepare a user table to be used in Web Application



## Task 3: Setting the Environment of Web Application for Database Connection

Objective: To set up a proper environment for integrating web application to the database

Problem Description: Import MySQL JDBC Library to an existing project

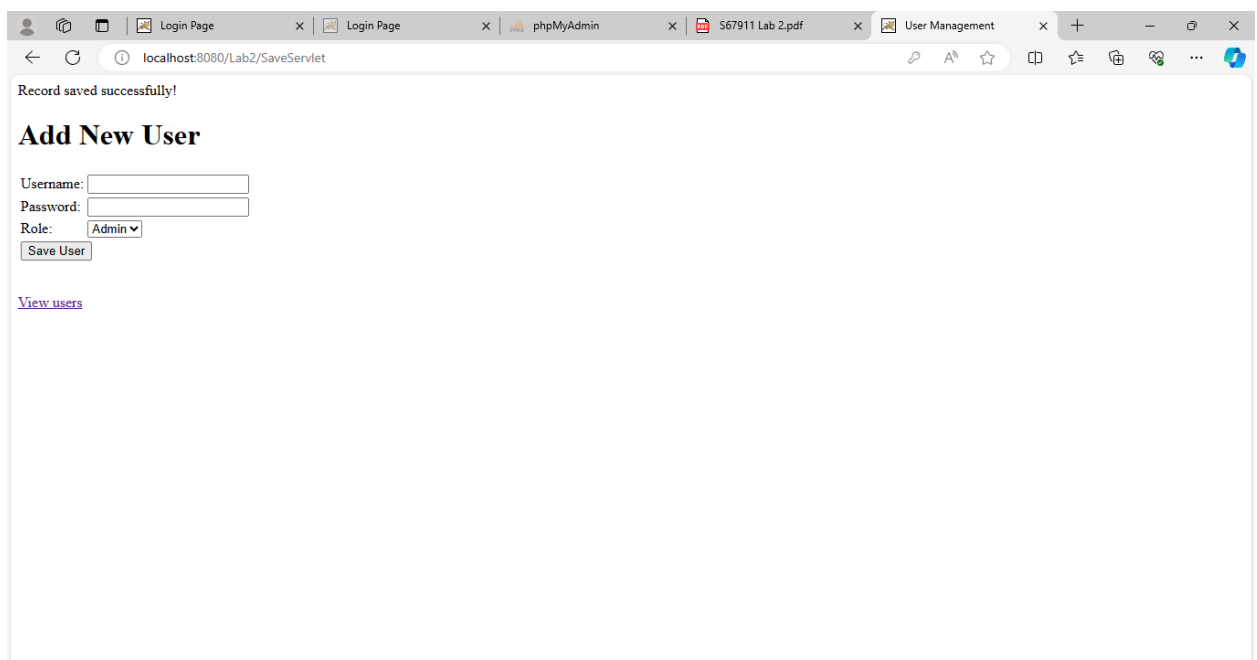


## Task 4: Using Servlets for Database CRUD Operations

Objective: To program multiple servlets for manipulating the database

Problem Description: Program five different servlets to handle database operations such as insert, update and delete.

- i. SaveServlet.java: to save data into the database
  - ii. ViewServlet.java: to view data retrieved from database
  - iii. EditServlet.java & EditServlet2.java: to edit existing data
  - iv. DeleteServlet.java: to delete existing data
- Apart from the servlets, we are going to develop two custom Java class known as JavaBeans and Data Access Object (DAO)



The screenshot shows a web browser window with multiple tabs. The active tab is titled 'User Management' and the address bar shows 'localhost:8080/Lab2/SaveServlet'. A message at the top of the page reads 'Record saved successfully!'. Below this is a section titled 'Add New User' containing a form with the following fields: 'Username:' with a text input, 'Password:' with a text input, and 'Role:' with a dropdown menu currently set to 'Admin'. A 'Save User' button is located below the form. At the bottom of the form section, there is a link labeled 'View users'.

Login Page

Login Page

phpMyAdmin

localhost:8080/Lab2/ViewServlet

localhost:8080/Lab2/ViewServlet

[Add New User](#)

### User List

Id	Name	Password	Role	Edit	Delete
3	Izzul	999	User	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>
4	Ilyas	888	Admin	<a href="#">Edit</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>

Login Page

Login Page

phpMyAdmin

S67911 Lab 2.pdf

localhost:8080/Lab2/EditServlet?id=3

localhost:8080/Lab2/EditServlet?id=3

### Update User

Name:

Password:

Role:

Admin

Edit & Save



Reflections:

1. What is the name of the Java Library that you need to import before coding the web application with database operations?

JDBC(Java Database Connectivity)

2. Which folder keeps the web.xml file? Copy the contents of the file and explain in brief the tags included such as <servlet-name><servlet-class><servlet-mapping>. etc.

<servlet-name> specifies a unique name for the servlet configuration.

<servlet-class> specifies the fully qualified class name of the servlet implementation.

<servlet-mapping> maps a servlet to a URL pattern. It defines the URLs that invoke the servlet.

<url-pattern>specifies the URL pattern to which the servlet is mapped.

3. Define the usage of Data Access Object (DAO) servlet. How it ease the business process in your servlet-based web application?

A Data Access Object (DAO) servlet is a design pattern used to separate the data access logic from the business logic of a servlet-based web application. The DAO pattern involves creating a separate class or set of classes responsible for interacting with the database, querying data, and performing database operations. By using a DAO servlet, the business logic in servlets can focus on handling user requests, processing data, and generating responses, while the data access logic is encapsulated within the DAO classes, improving the overall organization and clarity of the application architecture.