Project Title: Federated Learning of Medical Image Reconstruction

Team Members:

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Client: Dr. Debasis Mitra, Florida Institute of Technology

Date(s) of Meeting(s):

• January 22, 2025 @ 4:00 P.M.

Goal and Motivation: "Single photon emission computed tomography (SPECT) is a nuclear imaging technique using gamma rays" (<u>University of Utah</u>). A SPECT scan is begun by injecting a patient with a gamma ray emitting pharmaceutical (a tracer). The patient then lies down on a table in a scanning room equipped with a gamma camera, which uses a collimator instead of a lens and creates images by detecting radioactivity instead of light. These images are monochromatic images, where brightness in any given pixel of the image is determined by the tracer detection count at that position on the collimator's surface.

The gamma camera is rotated around the patient, capturing projections of a portion of the patient's body at different angles, creating a unique type of image called a sinogram, "where the horizontal axis represents the count location on the detector [gamma camera], and the vertical axis corresponds to the angular position of the detector" (Philippe P. Bruyant, PhD).

These sinograms are then reconstructed, traditionally using analytic and iterative algorithms, to create a medical image easily interpretable by medical professionals. However, these algorithms are slow. The "Topographic Medical Image Reconstruction using Deep Learning" project attempts to develop a machine learning model that can perform the exact reconstruction much quicker than traditional methods. The project aims to train this model on synthetically generated data.

However, the accuracy of the project's model is limited by the lack of variety in the training data and the exclusive use of synthetic data. This project aims to improve the accuracy of this existing machine learning model by addressing both concerns.

Approach: We intend to improve the accuracy of the existing machine learning model by two means.

The first is by augmenting the size and quality of the existing synthetic dataset by generating more data. While augmented with a robust data pipeline consisting of affine

transformations and other strategies, the current dataset is derived from data from a relatively low number of unique human body images. Additionally, the current dataset does not include images from patients with infractions or ailments in the heart and other organs. We want to improve and use the data generation pipeline from the previous project to continue training the existing model with new, more diverse data.

- Users can use the data generation pipeline to generate synthetic, realistic human body images and simulated sinograms of that body.
- Users can specify for the data generation pipeline to include anomalies like heart infractions in the generated data.
- Users can supply generated data to train a machine learning model reconstructing medical images from sinograms.
- Users can apply this machine learning model to reconstruct medical images from sinograms.

The second is developing an application set that enables the model to be trained with federated learning. Federated learning is a machine learning technique that allows a model to be trained using data from third-party contributors without those contributors ever having to share the raw data. This would allow medical institutions to contribute to the model with real data without violating patient privacy regulations. We hope introducing real training data will raise the model's accuracy to an unattainable level with synthetic data.

Orchestrator (Central Server) Application

- Users can interact with the federated learning central server through a user interface.
- Users can supply an initial model for federated learning or randomly initialize one
 if no training has been done.
- Users can define trusted contributors to the federated learning.
- Users can see which contributors have new data for training.
- Users can start a round of training and select which contributors will participate (likely educated by which contributors have new data for training).
- Users can send an initial model to all contributors in the training round.
- Users can receive trained models from contributors.
- Users can combine the contributor's models to create a new initial model.

Contributor (Remote/Distributed Devices) Application

- Users can connect to a federated learning central server.
- Users can submit training data to the application (which notifies the central server).
- Users can participate in training rounds initiated by the central server.
- Users can receive initial models from the central server.
- Users can train the initial model distributed by the central server using submitted training data.
- Users can send their trained model back to the central server.

Novel Features/Functionalities: While one previously novel element of our project is training a neural network for medical image reconstruction with synthetic data, it is no longer novel as it is the primary goal of the "Topographic Medical Image Reconstruction using Deep Learning" project. However, should we be able to train the existing model using synthetic data with artificially introduced infractions and/or diseases, this aspect would be novel.

The second branch of our approach, applying federated learning in a medical context, is not novel, having been realized by projects such as <u>MELLODDY</u>. This aspect of our approach is largely focused on using proven techniques in a new problem space.

Algorithms and Tools: We will use all the tools introduced in the "Topographic Medical Image Reconstruction using Deep Learning" project, including Python, the XCAT Phantom program, OpenGATE, PyTorch, and Fiji (a distribution of ImageJ).

Additionally, we'll be using a new set of tools to accomplish the federated learning branch of our project. This will invariably include tools for federated learning orchestration, networking, authentication, user interface (either through a web app or a traditional GUI), machine learning, and more. However, we hope to use established tools, libraries, and frameworks as much as possible. In particular, we are looking at using Flower, Substra, PySyft, or OpenFL as our federated learning framework.

Technical Challenges:

- The existing machine learning pipeline established by the previous project is deeply complex and consists of various highly specialized tools. We will need to become experts on this existing project, including the tools it uses. This will be particularly difficult as half of our team is entirely new to biomedical imaging and machine learning.
- Splitting our efforts between learning, using, and improving the existing machine learning pipeline and developing a new set of software applications for the federated learning portion of the project will require immense time, effort, and dedication from all our team members.
- No one on our team has real-world experience with federated learning, which is one of the key focuses of our project.

Milestone 1 (February 24):

- Compare and select technical tools for federated learning, user interface, networking, authentication, and orchestration/business logic.
- Provide small ("hello world") demo(s) to evaluate the tools for federated learning, user interface, networking, authentication, and orchestration/business logic.
- Resolve technical challenges:
 - Coordinate with members of "Topographic Medical Image Reconstruction using Deep Learning" to familiarize ourselves with the existing machine learning pipeline and the tools that enable it.

- Designate members of the team to have ownership over specific components of the machine learning pipeline and of the federated learning software.
- Research federated learning by reading relevant literature, watching lectures from industry titans, and exploring projects that implement it.
- Compare and select collaboration tools for software development, documents/presentations, communication, task calendar
- Create Requirement Document
- Create Design Document
- Create Test Plan

Milestone 2 (March 26):

- Implement, test, and demo the Orchestrator Application feature: "Users can interact with the federated learning central server through a user interface."
- Implement, test, and demo the Orchestrator Application feature: "Users can supply an initial model for federated learning or randomly initialize one if no training has already been done."
- Implement, test, and demo the Contributor Application feature: "Users can connect to a federated learning central server."
- Implement, test, and demo the Contributor Application feature: "Users can submit training data to the application (which notifies the central server)."
- Implement, test, and demo the Machine Learning Pipeline feature: "Users can use the data generation pipeline to generate synthetic, realistic human body images and simulated sinograms of that body."
- Assist the "Topographic Medical Image Reconstruction using Deep Learning" team in dataset augmentation and testing the neural network on real medical data.

Milestone 3 (April 21):

- Implement, test, and demo the Orchestrator Application feature: "Users can define trusted contributors to the federated learning."
- Implement, test, and demo the Orchestrator Application feature: "Users can see which contributors have new data for training."
- Implement, test, and demo the Orchestrator Application feature: "Users can start a round of training and select which contributors will participate in it (likely educated by which contributors have new data for training)."
- Implement, test, and demo the Machine Learning Pipeline feature: "Users can supply generated data to train a machine learning model which reconstructs medical images from sinograms."
- Implement, test, and demo the Machine Learning Pipeline feature: "Users can apply this machine learning model to reconstruct medical images from sinograms."
- Assist the "Topographic Medical Image Reconstruction using Deep Learning" team in dataset augmentation and finalizing the parameters and testing for the neural network.

Task Matrix for Milestone 1:

Task	Joshua	Izzy	Tanuj	Yash
Compare and Select Technical Tools	Federated Learning & Networking	User Interface	Authentication	Orchestration/ Business Logic
Provide Demos	Federated Learning & Networking	User Interface	Authentication	Orchestration/ Business Logic
Familiarize with Existing Pipeline	25%	25%	25%	25%
Research Federated Learning	70%	10%	10%	10%
Select Collaboration Tools	25%	25%	25%	25%
Create Requirement Document	10%	10%	40%	40%
Create Design Document	70%	10%	10%	10%
Create Test Plan	10%	40%	10%	40%

Approval from Faculty Advisor
I have discussed this with the team and approved this project plan. I will evaluate the progress and assign a grade for each of the three milestones.

Signature:	Date:	
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