HW_11

izd3

Problem #01 - Chapter 40 Exercise #03B (Alternating with all the given strings will get minimal credit)

```
# Show your work here
library(stringr)
## Warning: package 'stringr' was built under R version 4.2.3
starting_strings <- c("A", "Ad", "Add", "Aing", "Ading", "Adding")</pre>
filtered sentences <- str subset(sentences, str c("^",
paste(starting_strings, collapse = "|")))
length(filtered sentences)
## [1] 93
filtered sentences
    [1] "A large size in stockings is hard to sell."
   [2] "A rod is used to catch pink salmon."
  [3] "A pot of tea helps to pass the evening."
  [4] "A king ruled the state in the early days."
  [5] "Adding fast leads to wrong sums."
    [6] "A saw is a tool used for making boards."
##
  [7] "A cup of sugar makes sweet fudge."
## [8] "A small creek cut across the field."
## [9] "A yacht slid around the point into the bay."
## [10] "A tame squirrel makes a nice pet."
## [11] "Always close the barn door tight."
## [12] "A wisp of cloud hung in the blue air."
## [13] "A pound of sugar costs more than eggs."
## [14] "A Tusk is used to make costly gifts."
## [15] "Add the sum to the product of these three."
## [16] "Act on these orders with great speed."
## [17] "A lame back kept his score low."
## [18] "A cramp is no small danger on a swim."
## [19] "A salt pickle tastes fine with ham."
## [20] "A speedy man can beat this track mark."
## [21] "At that high level the air is pure."
## [22] "A filing case is now hard to buy."
## [23] "An abrupt start does not win the prize."
## [24] "A rag will soak up spilled water."
## [25] "A shower of dirt fell from the hot pipes."
## [26] "Add the store's account to the last cent."
## [27] "Acid burns holes in wool cloth."
## [28] "A young child should not suffer fright."
## [29] "Add the column and put the sum here."
## [30] "A blue crane is a tall wading bird."
## [31] "A fresh start will work such wonders."
## [32] "After the dance, they went straight home."
## [33] "A pencil with black lead writes best."
## [34] "A waxed floor makes us lose balance."
```

```
## [35] "Add salt before you fry the egg."
## [36] "A dash of pepper spoils beef stew."
## [37] "A zestful food is the hot-cross bun."
## [38] "A joy to every child is the swan boat."
## [39] "All sat frozen and watched the screen."
## [40] "A cloud of dust stung his tender eyes."
## [41] "A ridge on a smooth surface is a bump or flaw."
## [42] "A gem in the rough needs work to polish."
## [43] "A castle built from sand fails to endure."
## [44] "A child's wit saved the day for us."
## [45] "A ripe plum is fit for a king's palate."
## [46] "A sash of gold silk will trim her dress."
## [47] "A siege will crack the strong defense."
## [48] "A lathe cuts and trims any wood."
## [49] "A cone costs five cents on Mondays."
## [50] "A pod is what peas always grow in."
## [51] "A list of names is carved around the base."
## [52] "A chink in the wall allowed a draft to blow."
## [53] "A cold dip restores health and zest."
## [54] "A gray mare walked before the colt."
## [55] "A clean neck means a neat collar."
## [56] "A fur muff is stylish once more."
## [57] "A fence cuts through the corner lot."
## [58] "A quart of milk is water for the most part."
## [59] "A man in a blue sweater sat at the desk."
## [60] "A sip of tea revives his tired friend."
## [61] "A force equal to that would move the earth."
## [62] "A bowl of rice is free with chicken stew."
## [63] "A big wet stain was on the round carpet."
## [64] "A rich farm is rare in this sandy waste."
## [65] "A strong bid may scare your partner stiff."
## [66] "A thing of small note can cause despair."
## [67] "A thick coat of black paint covered all."
## [68] "At night the alarm roused him from a deep sleep."
## [69] "A brown leather bag hung from its strap."
## [70] "A toad and a frog are hard to tell apart."
## [71] "A white silk jacket goes with any shoes."
## [72] "A break in the dam almost caused a flood."
## [73] "A round hole was drilled through the thin board."
## [74] "A vent near the edge brought in fresh air."
## [75] "A sullen smile gets few friends."
## [76] "A stiff cord will do to fasten your shoe."
## [77] "A plea for funds seems to come again."
## [78] "A thin stripe runs down the middle."
## [79] "A six comes up more often than a ten."
## [80] "A steep trail is painful for our feet."
## [81] "A whiff of it will cure the most stubborn cold."
## [82] "A cruise in warm waters in a sleek yacht is fun."
## [83] "A streak of color ran down the left edge."
## [84] "A gold vase is both rare and costly."
```

```
## [85] "A smatter of French is worse than none."
## [86] "A round mat will cover the dull spot."
## [87] "A good book informs of what we ought to know."
## [88] "A flat pack takes less luggage space."
## [89] "A stuffed chair slipped from the moving van."
## [90] "A thin book fits in the side pocket."
## [91] "A gold ring will please most any girl."
## [92] "A pink shell was found on the sandy beach."
## [93] "A severe storm tore down the barn."
```

Problem #02 - Chapter 40 Exercise #10

```
# Show your work here

filtered_sentences <- str_subset(sentences, "^The.*ed.*the .*ed$")
filtered_sentences

## character(0)</pre>
```

Problem #03 - Chapter 40 Exercise #11

```
# Show your work here
pattern <- "(er|se).*([a-zA-Z])\\2.*\\1"

# Create a single vector containing all strings that satisfy the specified conditions
filtered_sentences <- str_subset(sentences, pattern)

# Display the resulting vector
filtered_sentences

## [1] "Her purse was full of useless trash."

## [2] "This horse will nose his way to the finish."

## [3] "The couch cover and hall drapes were blue."

## [4] "The case was puzzling to the old and wise."

## [5] "Sit on the perch and tell the others what to do."</pre>
```

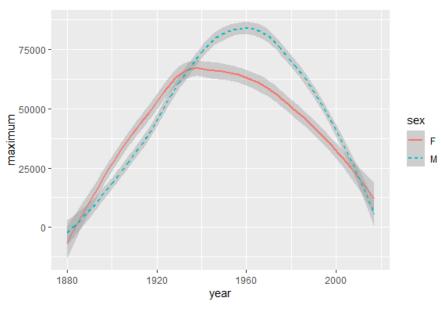
Problem #04 - Chapter 41 Exercise #5 (display all this information in a single tibble/dataframe)

```
# Show your work here
library(openintro)
## Warning: package 'openintro' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Loading required package: airports
## Warning: package 'airports' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Loading required package: cherryblossom
## Warning: package 'cherryblossom' was built under R version 4.2.3
## Loading required package: usdata
## Warning: package 'usdata' was built under R version 4.2.3
library(dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.2.3
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
data("nycflights")
nycflights >
  group_by(carrier, origin) >
  summarise(
    avg_dep_delay = mean(dep_delay, na.rm = TRUE),
    avg_arr_delay = mean(arr_delay, na.rm = TRUE),
    min dep delay = min(dep delay, na.rm = TRUE),
    max_dep_delay = max(dep_delay, na.rm = TRUE),
   min_arr_delay = min(arr_delay, na.rm = TRUE),
   max_arr_delay = max(arr_delay, na.rm = TRUE)
  )
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'carrier'. You can override using the
## `.groups` argument.
## # A tibble: 35 × 8
## # Groups: carrier [16]
```

##		carrier	origin	<pre>avg_dep_delay</pre>	avg_arr_delay	min_dep_delay	max_dep_delay		
##		<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>		
##	1	9E	EWR	4.77	3.11	-15	196		
##	2	9E	JFK	19.9	9.51	-17	376		
##	3	9E	LGA	10.2	2.94	-19	241		
##	4	AA	EWR	8.77	-2.55	-14	368		
##	5	AA	JFK	10.9	2.98	-11	347		
##	6	AA	LGA	7.58	0.838	-18	803		
##	7	AS	EWR	5.18	-11.3	-20	167		
##	8	B6	EWR	13.3	9.35	-20	220		
##	9	B6	JFK	13.1	9.40	-17	392		
##	10	B6	LGA	13.6	12.4	-21	290		
## # i 25 more rows									
##	<pre>## # i 2 more variables: min_arr_delay <dbl>, max_arr_delay <dbl></dbl></dbl></pre>								

Problem #05 - Chapter 41 Exercise #06

```
# Show your work here
library(babynames)
## Warning: package 'babynames' was built under R version 4.2.3
##
## Attaching package: 'babynames'
## The following object is masked from 'package:openintro':
##
##
       births
library(ggplot2)
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.2.3
babynames >
  group_by(
    sex, year
  )|>
  summarise(max_num=max(n))|>
  ggplot(aes(y=max_num, x=year, color=sex))+geom_smooth(aes(linetype=sex))+
  labs(
    x="year",
    y="maximum"
  )
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'sex'. You can override using the
`.groups`
## argument.
## geom_smooth() using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'
```



Problem #06 - Chapter 42 Exercise #2ABC

```
# Show your work here
ChickWeight.tib|>
  filter(weight>350 | Time<1)</pre>
## # A tibble: 52 × 4
##
     weight Time Chick Diet
##
       <dbl> <dbl> <ord> <fct>
          42
                 0 1
## 1
                         1
## 2
          40
                 0 2
                         1
## 3
          43
                 0 3
                         1
## 4
          42
                 0 4
                         1
## 5
          41
                 0 5
                         1
## 6
          41
                 0 6
                         1
## 7
                 0 7
          41
                         1
## 8
          42
                 0 8
                         1
                 0 9
## 9
          42
                         1
## 10
          41
                 0 10
                         1
## # i 42 more rows
Formaldehyde.tib >
  filter(carb<=0.3 & optden>0.2)
## # A tibble: 1 × 2
##
     carb optden
##
     <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
       0.3 0.269
Loblolly.tib >
  filter(age>=4&age<=10&Seed==329)</pre>
## # A tibble: 2 × 3
##
     height
              age Seed
      <dbl> <dbl> <ord>
       9.34
                5 329
## 1
## 2 26.1 10 329
```

Problem #07 - Chapter 42 Exercise #03BD

```
# Show your work here
library(lubridate)
## Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.2.3
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       date, intersect, setdiff, union
##
Dates006.tib$dateData<-ydm(Dates006.tib$dateData)</pre>
Dates006.tib >
  filter(dateData<"1910-01-01")</pre>
## # A tibble: 27 × 5
##
                 soilent green people nooooo
      dateData
##
      <date>
                   <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                     <chr>
## 1 1900-11-21
                    11.8 41.6 B
                                      Χ
## 2 1902-10-10
                    12.0 89.8 A
                                      Χ
## 3 1902-10-20
                    11.7 65.5 A
                                      Х
## 4 1903-03-14
                    11.7 15.9 B
                                      Χ
## 5 1903-08-05
                    11.8 45.1 B
                                      Χ
## 6 1903-08-18
                    12.0 30.7
                               В
                                      Х
## 7 1903-02-10
                    11.1 -1.54 B
                                      Χ
## 8 1903-02-28
                    11.1 53.3 A
                                      Χ
                                      Х
## 9 1903-05-18
                    10.4 12.0 B
                    13.6 58.4 A
## 10 1903-07-10
                                      Χ
## # i 17 more rows
Dates007.tib$date.data=make_date(year = Dates007.tib$years.data,
match(Dates007.tib$months.data,month.abb),
                                 day = Dates007.tib$days.data)
Dates007.tib
  filter(date.data>= "1960-02-01" & date.data <= "1962-09-02")
## # A tibble: 10 × 7
      months.data years.data days.data
                                          Ill
                                                  be back
                                                             date.data
##
                                               <dbl> <chr>
##
                       <int> <chr>
                                        <dbl>
                                                             <date>
      <chr>>
## 1 Oct
                        1960 23
                                       -0.956
                                               4.50 T-800
                                                            1960-10-23
## 2 Aug
                        1960 19
                                       -0.743 3.16 T-1000 1960-08-19
                                       -0.986
## 3 Aug
                        1960 02
                                               3.87
                                                     T-1000 1960-08-02
## 4 Feb
                        1960 28
                                       -0.984 2.41
                                                     T-1000 1960-02-28
## 5 Aug
                        1960 26
                                       -0.900
                                               2.79
                                                     T-1000 1960-08-26
## 6 Feb
                                       -0.779 -3.75
                                                     T-1000 1962-02-25
                        1962 25
                        1962 26
                                                     T-1000 1962-01-26
## 7 Jan
                                       -0.920
                                               2.86
## 8 May
                        1962 25
                                       -0.995 -0.373 T-1000 1962-05-25
```

## 9 Jun	1962 08	-0.996 1.31 T-1000 1962-06-08	
## 10 Apr	1962 02	-0.890 -2.66 T-1000 1962-04-02	

Problem #08 - Chapter 42 Exercise #04C

```
# Show your work here
answer<-ggplot002.tib|>
  arrange(desc(y))
answer<- rbind(head(answer, 10), tail(answer, 10))</pre>
answer
## # A tibble: 20 × 4
##
                   y grade course
          Х
##
      <dbl>
               <dbl> <chr> <chr>
             -0.0397 A
##
   1
        1.5
##
   2
        2.5
            -2.25
                     C
                            J
##
   3
        3.5
             -4.92
                     D
                            J
## 4
        1.5
            -5.55
                     В
                            J
## 5
        1.5
            -5.95
                     C
                            J
## 6
        1.5
            -6.11
                     D
                            J
##
   7
        2.5
            -6.36
                     D
                            J
                     C
                            Κ
##
  8
        6.5
             -6.92
## 9
            -7.40
        6.5
                     Α
                            Κ
## 10
        3.5 -9.25
                            J
                     Α
                            N
## 11
       20.5 -43.5
                     D
## 12
       19.5 -44.2
                     В
                            Ν
       19.5 -47.0
                     D
## 13
                            Ν
## 14
       20.5 -48.3
                     В
                            Ν
## 15
       19.5 -49.7
                     C
                            Ν
## 16
       17.5 -49.9
                     В
                            Ν
## 17
                            N
       17.5 -51.2
                     D
## 18
       19.5 -51.4
                     Α
                            N
## 19
       20.5 -55.7
                     Α
                            Ν
## 20 20.5 -60.4
                     C
```