

Pressure signal processing

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Going from raw data to clean spectra

Raw measurements from pinhole (PH) mic. \Rightarrow Cleaned pressure spectra.

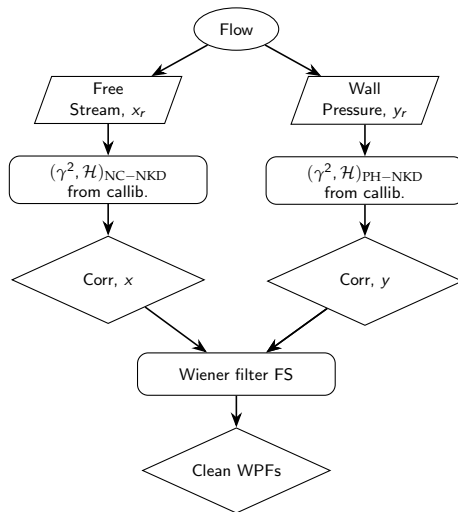
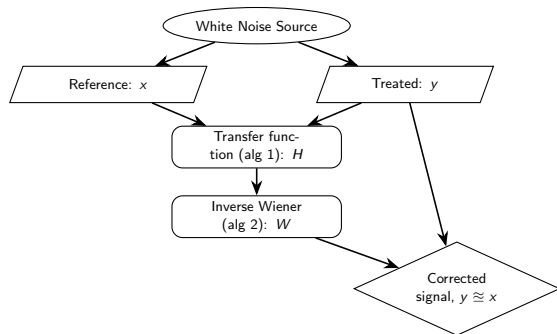


Figure: Complete pressure processing pipeline for measurement of the WPFs through a pinhole microphone. similar to Tsuji *et al.* (2007)

Microphone calibration



Show H at pressures

Corrected signals

Show corrected signals and coherence

Algorithm 1 H Transfer-Function Estimation

Require: $x[n]$ (ref), $y[n]$ (treated), f_s , Welch ($N_{\text{seg}}, N_{\text{ov}}, w$)

Ensure: $f[k]$, $H[k]$, $\gamma^2[k]$

- 1: Compute $S_{xx}[k]$, $S_{yy}[k]$ (Welch)
 - 2: Compute $S_{xy}[k]$ (same settings)
 - 3: $H[k] \leftarrow S_{xy}[k] / S_{xx}[k]$
 - 4: $\gamma^2[k] \leftarrow |S_{xy}[k]|^2 / (S_{xx}[k] S_{yy}[k])$
 - 5: **return** ($f[k]$, $H[k]$, $\gamma^2[k]$)
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Algorithm 2 Coherence-weighted Wiener inverse

Require: y_r , f_s , grid f , $H(f)$, $\gamma^2(f)$

Ensure: y

- 1: $y_r \leftarrow y_r - \text{mean}(y_r)$
 - 2: $\hat{y}_r \leftarrow \mathcal{F}(y_r, N_{\text{fft}})$
 - 3: $m \leftarrow |H|$, $\phi \leftarrow \text{unwrap}(\angle H)$
 - 4: Interp m, ϕ, γ^2 to FFT grid $\Rightarrow m_i, \phi_i, \gamma_i^2$
 - 5: $H_i \leftarrow m_i e^{j\phi_i}$; $\varepsilon \leftarrow$ machine epsilon
 - 6: $H_{\text{inv}} \leftarrow \gamma_i^2 H_i^* / \max(m_i^2, \varepsilon)$
 - 7: $H_{\text{inv}}[0] \leftarrow 0$ (& Nyquist if present)
 - 8: $y \leftarrow \Re\{\mathcal{F}^{-1}(\hat{y}_r \cdot H_{\text{inv}})[0:N]\}$
 - 9: **return** y
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TSUJI, Y., FRANSSON, J. H. M., ALFREDSSON, P. H. & JOHANSSON, A. V. 2007 Pressure statistics and their scaling in high-Reynolds-number turbulent boundary layers. *J. Fluid Mech.* **585**, 1–40.