

tinytable

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mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

`tinytable` is a small but powerful R package to draw HTML, LaTeX, PDF, Markdown, and Typst tables. The interface is minimalist, but it gives users direct and convenient access to powerful frameworks to create endlessly customizable tables.

This tutorial introduces the main functions of the package. It is available in two versions:

- [PDF](#)
- [HTML](#)

1 Tiny Tables

```
library(tinytable)

x <- mtcars[1:4, 1:5]

tt(x)
```

1.1 Output formats

`tinytable` can produce tables in HTML, Markdown, or LaTeX (PDF) format. To choose, we use the `output` argument:

```
tt(x, output = "html")
tt(x, output = "latex")
tt(x, output = "markdown")
```

When calling `tinytable` from a Quarto or Rmarkdown document, `tinytable` detects the output format automatically and generates an HTML or LaTeX table as appropriate. This means that we do not need to explicitly specify the `output` format.

1.2 Themes

`tinytable` offers a few basic themes out of the box: “default”, “striped”, “grid”, “void.” Those themes can be applied with the `theme` argument of the `tt()` function. As we will see below, it is easy to go much beyond those basic settings to customize your own tables. Here we only illustrate a few of the simplest settings:

```
tt(x, theme = "striped")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

```
tt(x, theme = "grid")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

```
tt(x, theme = "void")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

1.3 Alignment

To align columns, we use a single string, where each letter represents a column:

```
tt(x, align = "ccrrl")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

1.4 Width

The `width` argument accepts a number between 0 and 1, indicating what proportion of the linewidth the table should cover:

```
tt(x, width = 0.5)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

```
tt(x, width = 1)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

1.5 Line breaks and text wrapping

When the `width` argument is specified and a cell includes long text, the text is automatically wrapped to match the table.

```
d <- data.frame(
  a = "Sed ut perspiciatis unde omnis iste natus error sit voluptatem accusantium doloremque",
  b = "dicta sunt explicabo. Nemo enim ipsam voluptatem quia voluptas sit aspernatur aut odit",
)
tt(d, width = 3/4)
```

a	b
Sed ut perspiciatis unde omnis iste natus error sit voluptatem accusantium doloremque laudantium, totam rem aperiam, eaque ipsa quae ab illo inventore veritatis et quasi architecto beatae vitae	dicta sunt explicabo. Nemo enim ipsam voluptatem quia voluptas sit aspernatur aut odit aut fugit, sed quia consequuntur magni dolores eos

Manual line breaks work slightly different in LaTeX (PDF) or HTML. This table shows the two strategies. For HTML, we insert a `
` tag. For LaTeX, we wrap the string in curly braces {}, and then insert two (escaped) backslashes: `\\`

```
d <- data.frame(
  "{Sed ut \\ \\ \\ perspiciatis unde}",
  "dicta sunt<br> explicabo. Nemo"
) |> setNames(c("LaTeX line break", "HTML line break"))
tt(d, width = 1)
```

LaTeX line break	HTML line break
Sed ut perspiciatis unde	dicta sunt explicabo. Nemo

1.6 Captions and cross-references

```
tt(x, caption = "Data about cars.")
```

Table 1: Data about cars.

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

TODO: Cross-references

2 Style

`tinytable` exports three styling functions.

1. `style_tt()` is a general interface to frequently used style choices which works for both HTML and LaTeX (PDF): colors, font style and size, row and column spans, etc.
2. `style_tabularray()` is a specialized interface which allows users to use the [extraordinarily powerful `tabularray` package](#) to customize LaTeX tables.
3. `style_bootstrap()` is a specialized interface which allows users to use the [powerful `Bootstrap framework`](#) to customize HTML tables.

2.1 Colors, lines, space, font, spans, etc.

These functions can be used to customize rows, columns, or individual cells. They control many features, including:

- Text color
- Background color
- Widths
- Heights
- Alignment
- Text Wrapping
- Column and Row Spacing
- Cell Merging
- Multi-row or column spans
- Border Styling
- Font Styling
- Header Customization

The `style_*()` functions can modify individual cells, or entire columns and rows. The portion of the table that is styled is determined by the `i` (rows) and `j` (columns) arguments.

2.2 Cells, rows, columns

To style individual cells, we use the `style_cell()` function. The first two arguments—`i` and `j`—identify the cells of interest, by row and column numbers respectively. To style a cell in the 2nd row and 3rd column, we can do:

```
tt(x) |>
  style_tt(
    i = 2,
    j = 3,
    background = "black",
    color = "white")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

The `i` and `j` accept vectors of integers to modify several cells at once:

```
tt(x) |>
  style_tt(
    i = 2:3,
    j = c(1, 3, 4),
    italic = TRUE,
    color = "red")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
<i>21</i>	6	<i>160</i>	<i>110</i>	3.9
<i>22.8</i>	4	<i>108</i>	<i>93</i>	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

We can style all cells in a table by omitting both the `i` and `j` arguments:

```
tt(x) |> style_tt(color = "blue")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

We can style entire rows by omitting the `j` argument:

```
tt(x) |> style_tt(i = 1:2, color = "blue")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

We can style entire columns by omitting the `i` argument:

```
tt(x) |> style_tt(j = c(2, 4), bold = TRUE)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

2.3 Spanning cells

Sometimes, it can be useful to make a cell stretch across multiple columns, for example when we want to insert a label. To achieve this, we can use the `colspan` argument. Here, we make the 2nd cell of the 2nd row stretch across three columns:


```
tt(x)|> style_tt(
  i = 2, j = 2,
  colspan = 3,
  align = "c",
  color = "white",
  background = "black")
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6			3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

Here is the original table for comparison:

```
tt(x)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat
21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

2.4 Headers

The header can be omitted from the table by deleting the column names in the `x` data frame:

```
k <- x
colnames(k) <- NULL
tt(k)
```

21	6	160	110	3.9
21	6	160	110	3.9
22.8	4	108	93	3.85
21.4	6	258	110	3.08

3 Groups and labels

```
mtcars[1:12, 1:8] |>
  tt() |>
  group_tt(i = c(
    "I like (fake) hamburgers" = 3,
    "She prefers halloumi" = 4,
    "They love tofu" = 7))
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs
21	6	160	110	3.9	2.62	16.46	0
21	6	160	110	3.9	2.875	17.02	0
<i>I like (fake) hamburgers</i>							
22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.32	18.61	1
<i>She prefers halloumi</i>							
21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1
18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.44	17.02	0
18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.46	20.22	1
<i>They love tofu</i>							
14.3	8	360	245	3.21	3.57	15.84	0
24.4	4	146.7	62	3.69	3.19	20	1
22.8	4	140.8	95	3.92	3.15	22.9	1
19.2	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.44	18.3	1
17.8	6	167.6	123	3.92	3.44	18.9	1
16.4	8	275.8	180	3.07	4.07	17.4	0

4 HTML customization

Warning: The HTML customization options described in this section are not available for LaTeX (or PDF) documents. Please refer to the web documentation to view this tutorial.

5 LaTeX / PDF customization

```
inner <- "  
  hlines = {white},  
  vlines = {white},  
  cell{1,6}{odd} = {teal7},  
  cell{1,6}{even} = {green7},  
  cell{2,4}{1,4} = {red7},  
  cell{3,5}{1,4} = {purple7},  
  cell{2}{2} = {r=4,c=2}{c,azure7},  
  "  
mtcars[1:5, 1:4] |>  
  tt(theme = "void") |>  
  style_tabularray(inner = inner)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp
21	6	110	110
21			110
22.8			93
21.4			110
18.7	8	360	175

5.1 tabularray keys

Inner specifications:

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
<code>rulesep</code>	space between two hlines or vlines	2pt
<code>stretch</code>	stretch ratio for struts added to cell text	1
<code>abovesep</code>	set vertical space above every row	2pt
<code>belowsep</code>	set vertical space below every row	2pt
<code>rowsep</code>	set vertical space above and below every row	2pt
<code>leftsep</code>	set horizontal space to the left of every column	6pt
<code>rightsep</code>	set horizontal space to the right of every column	6pt
<code>colsep</code>	set horizontal space to both sides of every column	6pt
<code>hspan</code>	horizontal span algorithm: default , even , or minimal	default
<code>vspan</code>	vertical span algorithm: default or even	default
<code>baseline</code>	set the baseline of the table	m

Outer specifications:

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
baseline	set the baseline of the table	m
long	change the table to a long table	None
tall	change the table to a tall table	None
expand	you need this key to use verb commands	None

Cells:

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
halign	horizontal alignment: l (left), c (center), r (right) or j (justify)	j
valign	vertical alignment: t (top), m (middle), b (bottom), h (head) or f (foot)	t
wd	width dimension	None
bg	background color name	None
fg	foreground color name	None
font	font commands	None
mode	set cell mode: math , imath , dmath or text	None
cmd	execute command for the cell text	None
preto	prepend text to the cell	None
appto	append text to the cell	None
r	number of rows the cell spans	1
c	number of columns the cell spans	1

Rows:

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
halign	horizontal alignment: l (left), c (center), r (right) or j (justify)	j
valign	vertical alignment: t (top), m (middle), b (bottom), h (head) or f (foot)	t
ht	height dimension	None
bg	background color name	None
fg	foreground color name	None
font	font commands	None
mode	set mode for row cells: math , imath , dmath or text	None
cmd	execute command for every cell text	None
abovesep	set vertical space above the row	2pt
belowsep	set vertical space below the row	2pt

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
<code>rowsep</code>	set vertical space above and below the row	<code>2pt</code>
<code>preto</code>	prepend text to every cell (like <code>></code> specifier in <code>rowspec</code>)	None
<code>appto</code>	append text to every cell (like <code><</code> specifier in <code>rowspec</code>)	None

Columns:

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
<code>halign</code>	horizontal alignment: <code>l</code> (left), <code>c</code> (center), <code>r</code> (right) or <code>j</code> (justify)	<code>j</code>
<code>valign</code>	vertical alignment: <code>t</code> (top), <code>m</code> (middle), <code>b</code> (bottom), <code>h</code> (head) or <code>f</code> (foot)	<code>t</code>
<code>wd</code>	width dimension	None
<code>co</code>	coefficient for the extendable column (<code>X</code> column)	None
<code>bg</code>	background color name	None
<code>fg</code>	foreground color name	None
<code>font</code>	font commands	None
<code>mode</code>	set mode for column cells: <code>math</code> , <code>imath</code> , <code>dmath</code> or <code>text</code>	None
<code>cmd</code>	execute command for every cell text	None
<code>leftsep</code>	set horizontal space to the left of the column	<code>6pt</code>
<code>rightsep</code>	set horizontal space to the right of the column	<code>6pt</code>
<code>colsep</code>	set horizontal space to both sides of the column	<code>6pt</code>
<code>preto</code>	prepend text to every cell (like <code>></code> specifier in <code>colspec</code>)	None
<code>appto</code>	append text to every cell (like <code><</code> specifier in <code>colspec</code>)	None

hlines:

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
<code>dash</code>	dash style: <code>solid</code> , <code>dashed</code> or <code>dotted</code>	<code>solid</code>
<code>text</code>	replace hline with text (like <code>!</code> specifier in <code>rowspec</code>)	None
<code>wd</code>	rule width dimension	<code>0.4pt</code>
<code>fg</code>	rule color name	None
<code>leftpos</code>	crossing or trimming position at the left side	<code>1</code>
<code>rightpos</code>	crossing or trimming position at the right side	<code>1</code>
<code>endpos</code>	adjust <code>leftpos</code> / <code>rightpos</code> for only the leftmost/rightmost column	<code>false</code>

vlines:

Key	Description and Values	Initial Value
dash	dash style: solid , dashed or dotted	solid
text	replace vline with text (like ! specifier in colspec)	None
wd	rule width dimension	0.4pt
fg	rule color name	None
abovepos	crossing or trimming position at the above side	0
belowpos	crossing or trimming position at the below side	0