Three Buckets

Problem description

There are three buckets filled with water. In one move you are allowed to pour water from bucket A into bucket B if A contains at least as much water as B. You pour as much water until the content of B has doubled. Performing pourings like that it is always possible to arrive at a state where one bucket is completely empty.

For an amount of l liters we define p(a, b, c) to be the minimal number of pourings if the buckets contain initially a, b, and c liters of water. The pouring number P(l) is the maximum over all p(a, b, c) where a + b + c = l for all non-negative integers a, b, c. The pouring number tells us how many pourings you need in the worst case to empty some bucket if they contain l liters together.

The input to your program consists of a single number $0 \le n \le 300$. Your program should output n+1 lines containing i and p(i) for $i=0,\ldots,n$.

Sample input/output

Input	Output
	0 0
	1 0
	2 0
	3 1
	4 1
	5 1
	6 2
7	7 2