A: Datasheet

Algorithm: s1_000

Developer: Samsung S1 Corp

Submission Date: 2021_06_03

Template size: 4096 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 864 msec

Template time (median): 865 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 871 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 50 (out of 280) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0024 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_005

Mugshot webcam ranking 66 (out of 242) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0166 vs. lowest 0.0062 from sensetime_005

Mugshot profile ranking 31 (out of 211) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.2581 vs. lowest 0.0587 from xforwardai_002

Immigration visa-border ranking 46 (out of 169) — FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0054 vs. lowest 0.0013 from visionlabs_010

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 22 (out of 166) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0896 vs. lowest 0.0568 from cloudwalk_hr_000

Identification:

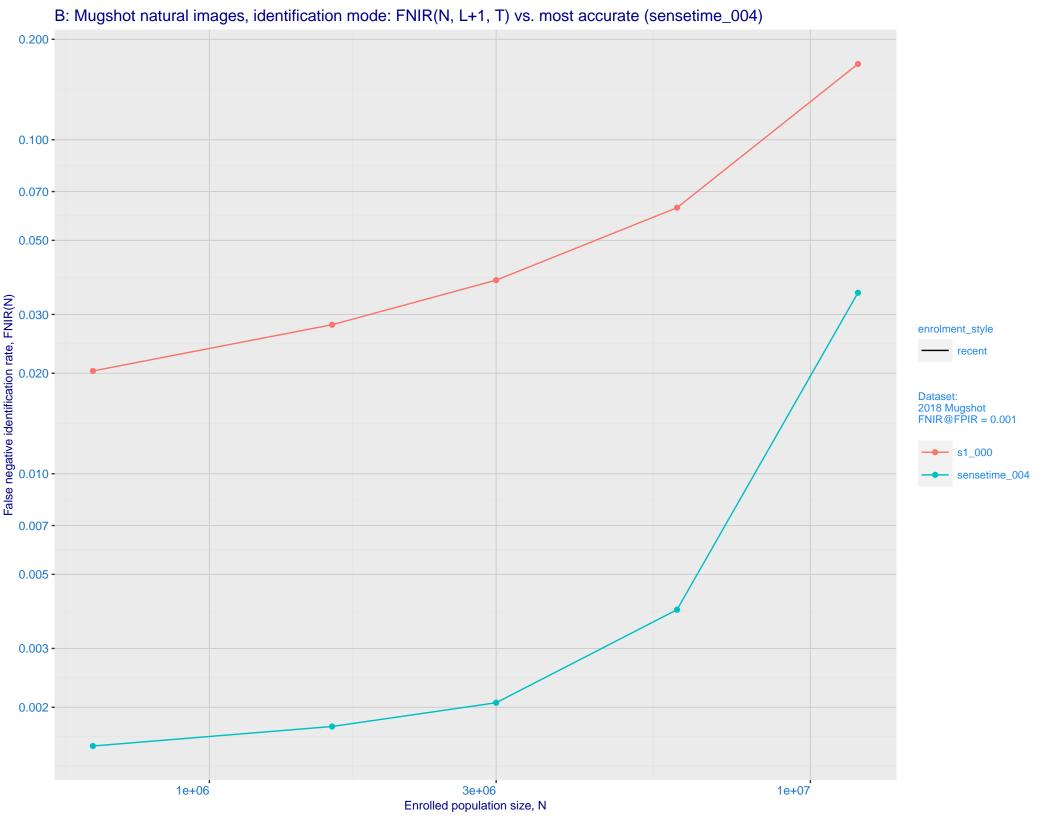
Frontal mugshot ranking 58 (out of 280) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0279, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0018 from sensetime_004

Mugshot webcam ranking 57 (out of 240) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0842, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0122 from sensetime_003

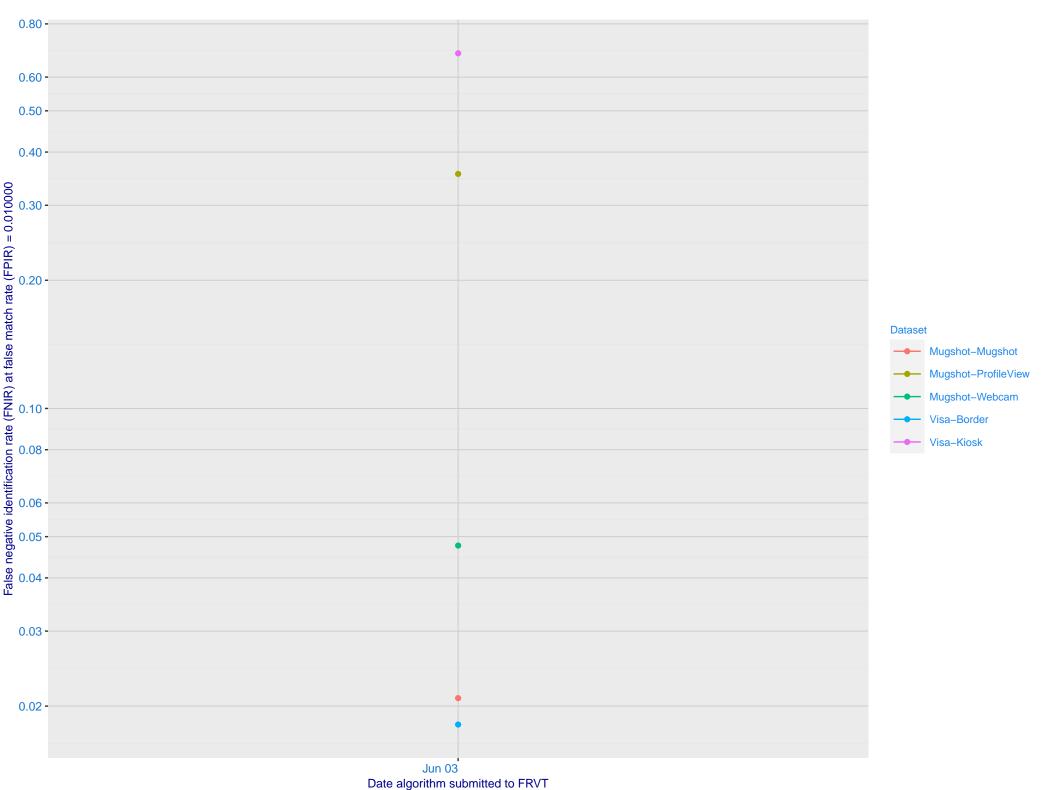
Mugshot profile ranking 202 (out of 210) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 1.0000, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1331 from cloudwalk_hr_000

Immigration visa-border ranking 52 (out of 168) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0471, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0047 from idemia_008

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 156 (out of 163) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 1.0000, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0996 from cloudwalk_hr_000

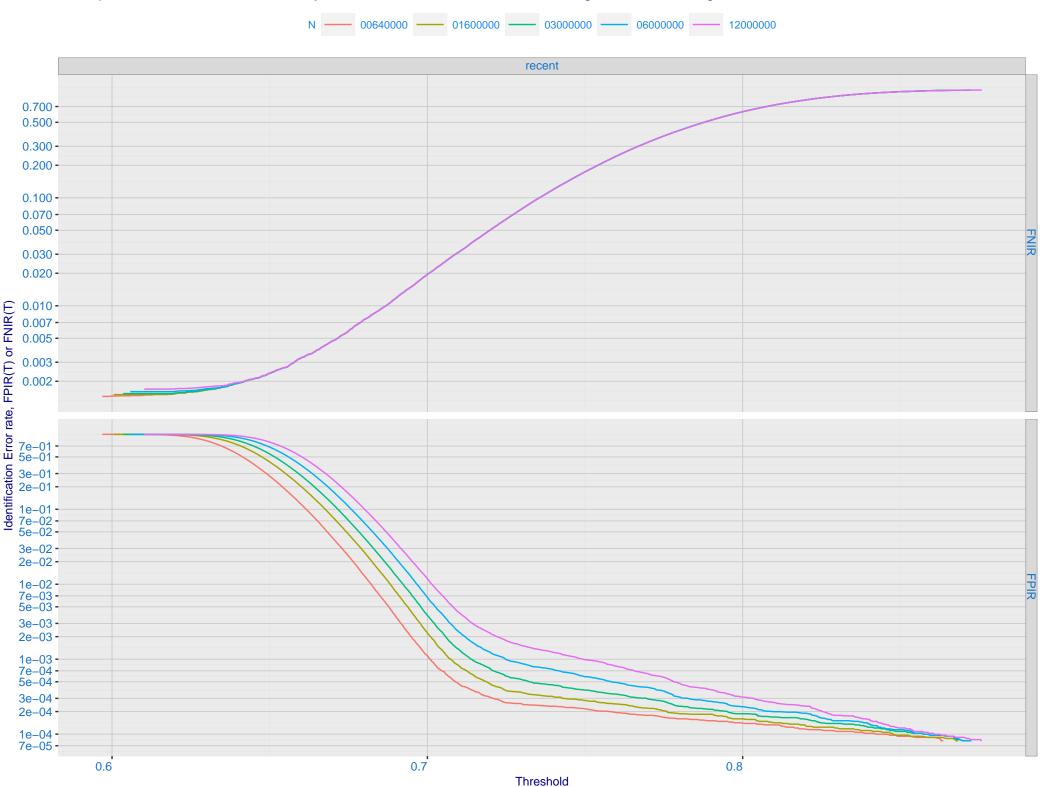


C: Evolution of accuracy for S1 algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

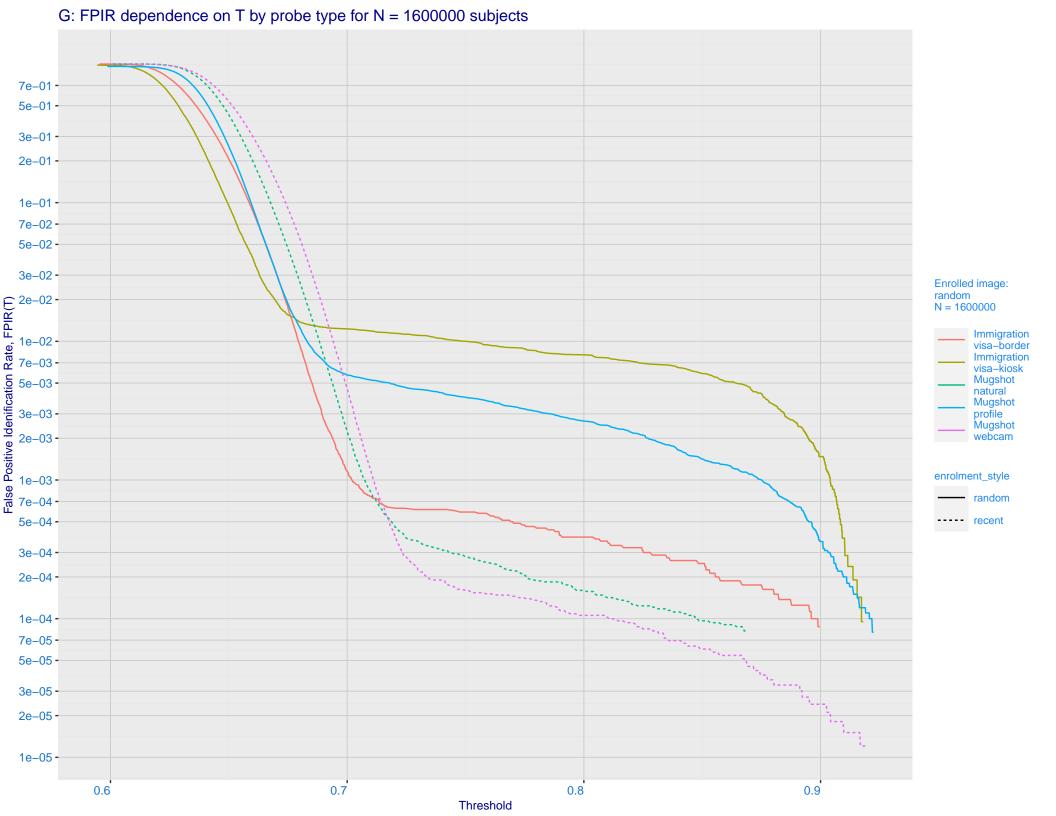


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 - 0.005 - 0.005 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.700 - 0.500 - 0.200 enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.100 -0.070 sensetime 004 0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

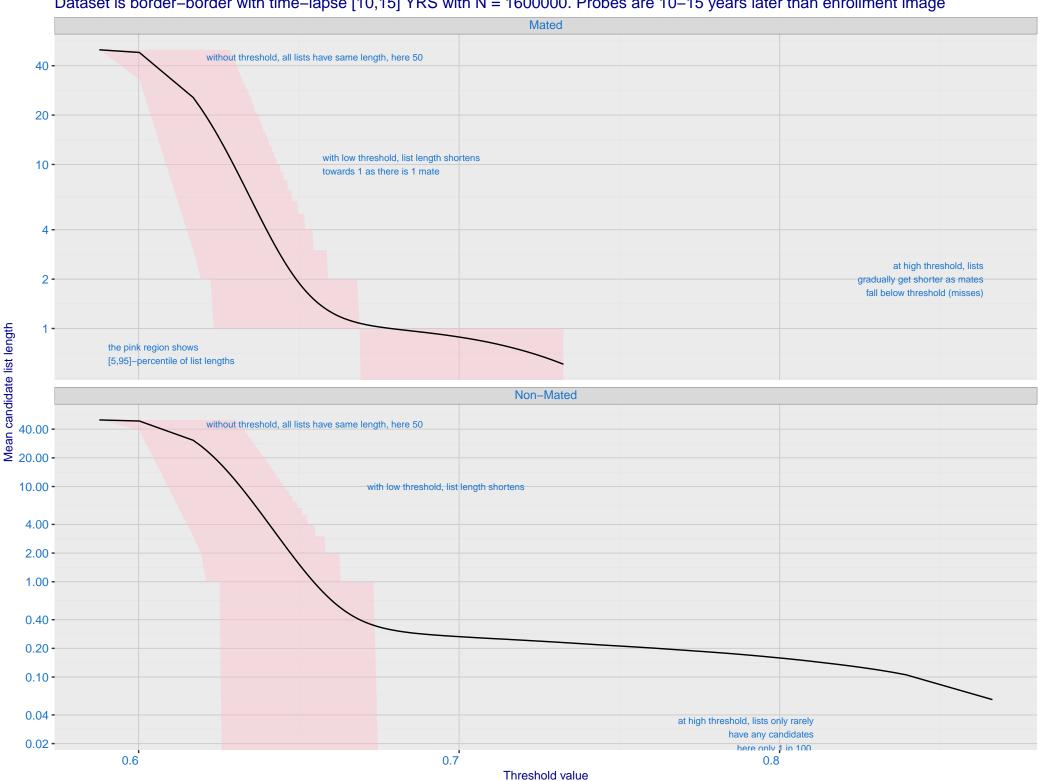
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



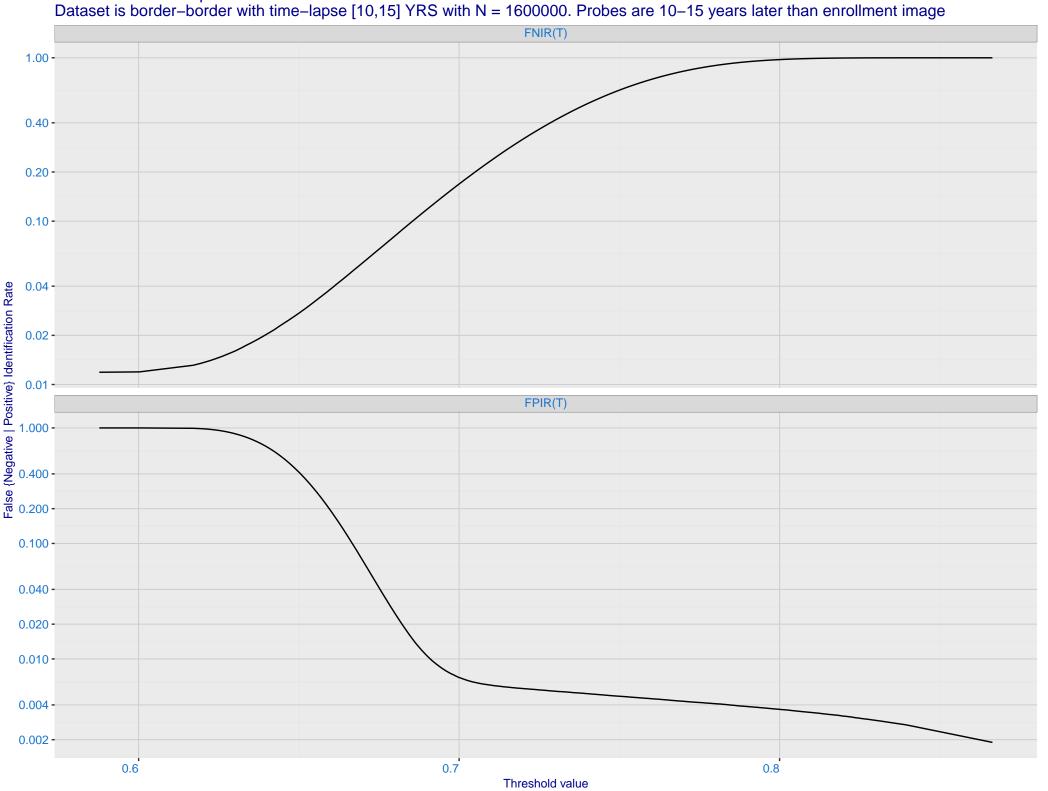
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 -2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 - 7e-02 **Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 1e-02 -7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Idenification Rate, FPIR(T)

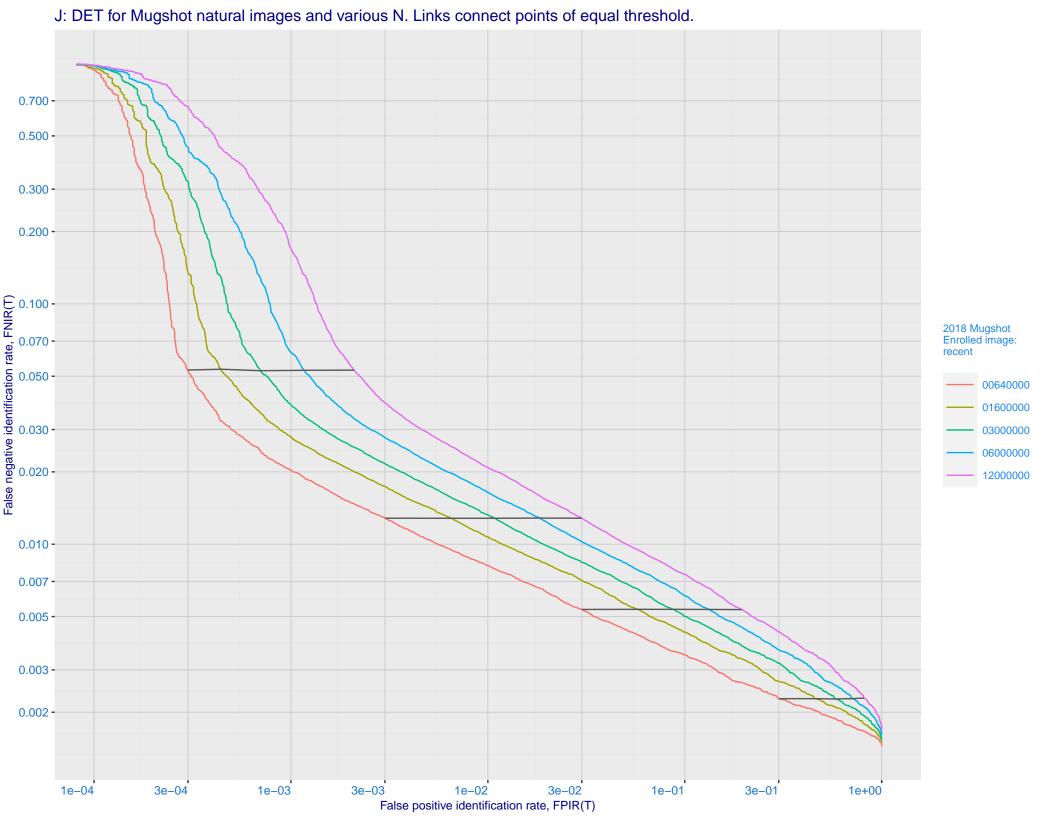


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

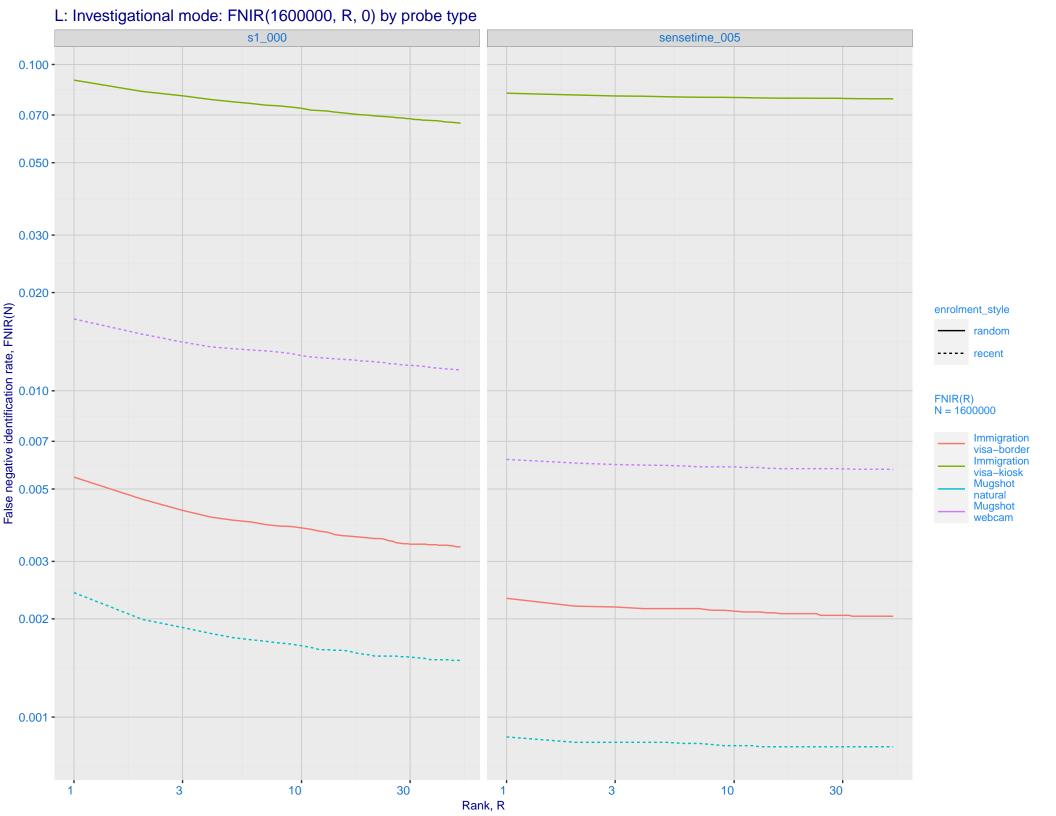


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

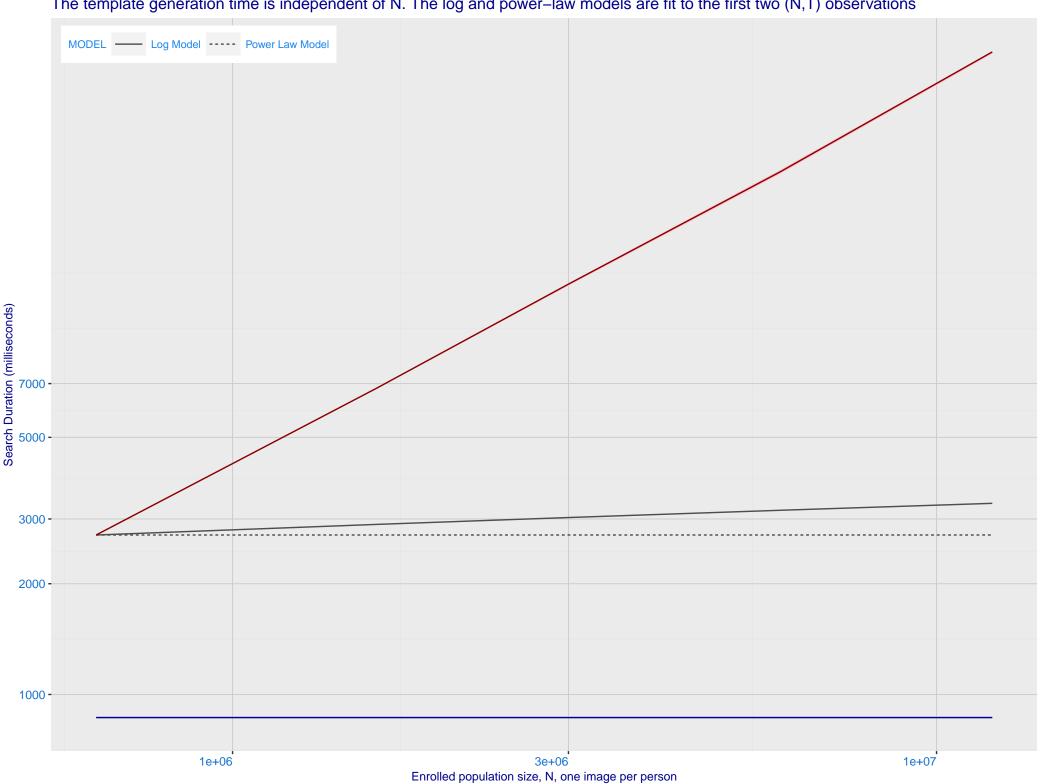




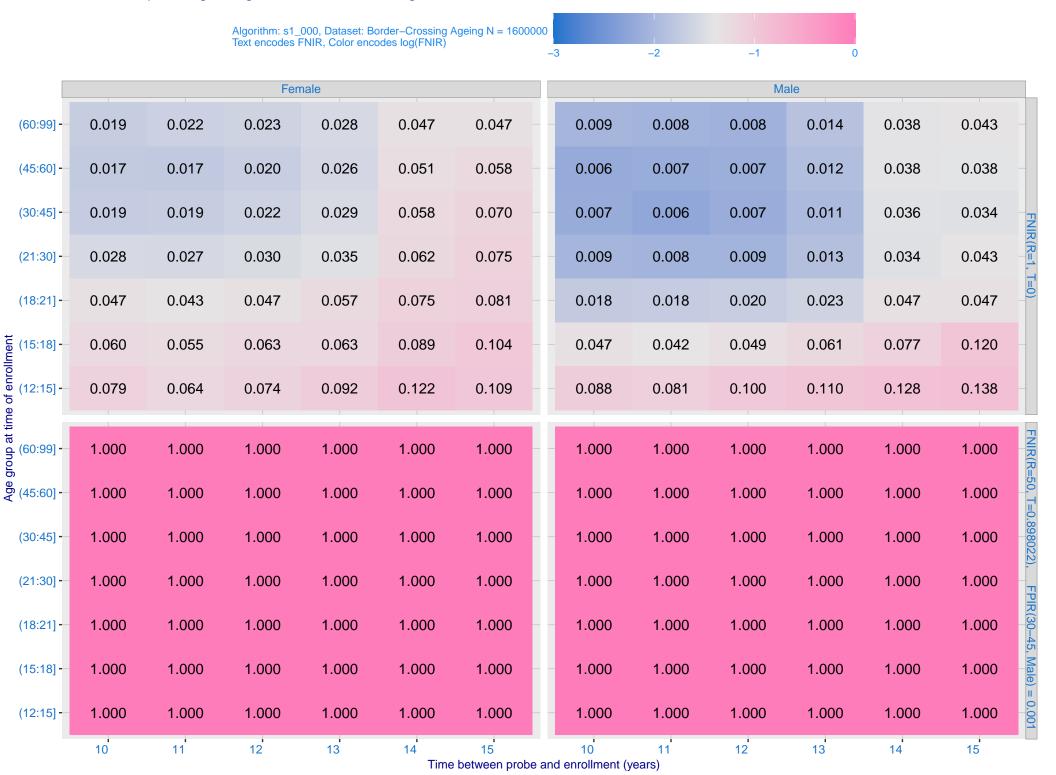
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_005) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0. enrolment_style - random ---- recent Mugshot Mugshot webcam natural FNIR@Rank = 1 **--** s1_000 - sensetime_005 0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



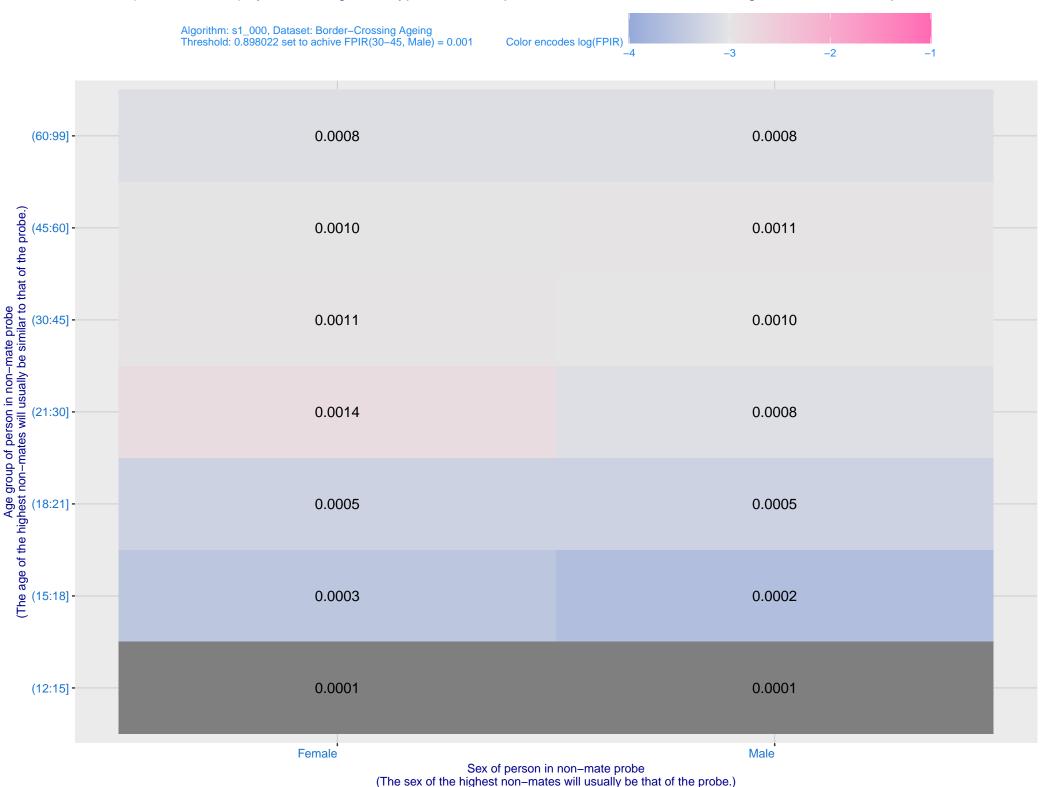
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



