A: Datasheet

Algorithm: kakao_000

Developer: [**Developer name**]

Submission Date: 2021_06_23

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 14 (out of 280) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0015 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_005

Mugshot webcam ranking 23 (out of 242) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0106 vs. lowest 0.0062 from sensetime_005

Mugshot profile ranking 14 (out of 211) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1187 vs. lowest 0.0587 from xforwardai_002

Immigration visa-border ranking 14 (out of 169) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0024 vs. lowest 0.0013 from visionlabs_010

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 11 (out of 166) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0781 vs. lowest 0.0568 from cloudwalk_hr_000

Identification:

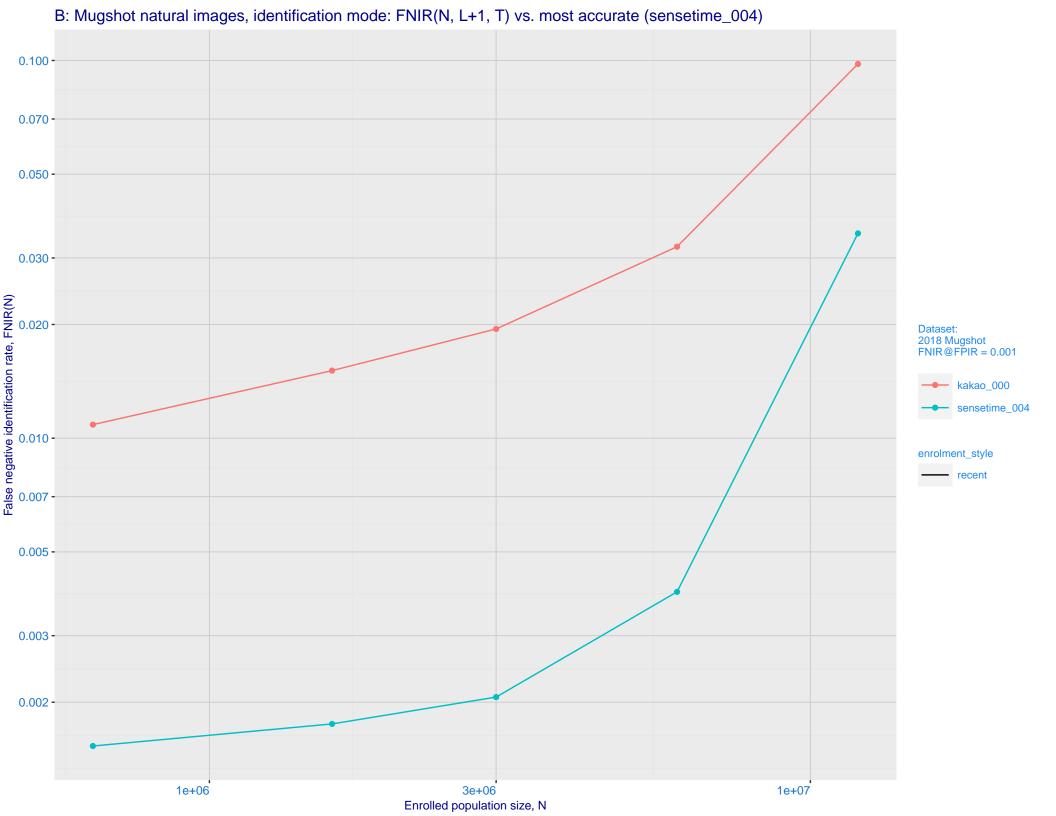
Frontal mugshot ranking 32 (out of 280) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0151, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0018 from sensetime_004

Mugshot webcam ranking 35 (out of 237) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0558, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0122 from sensetime_003

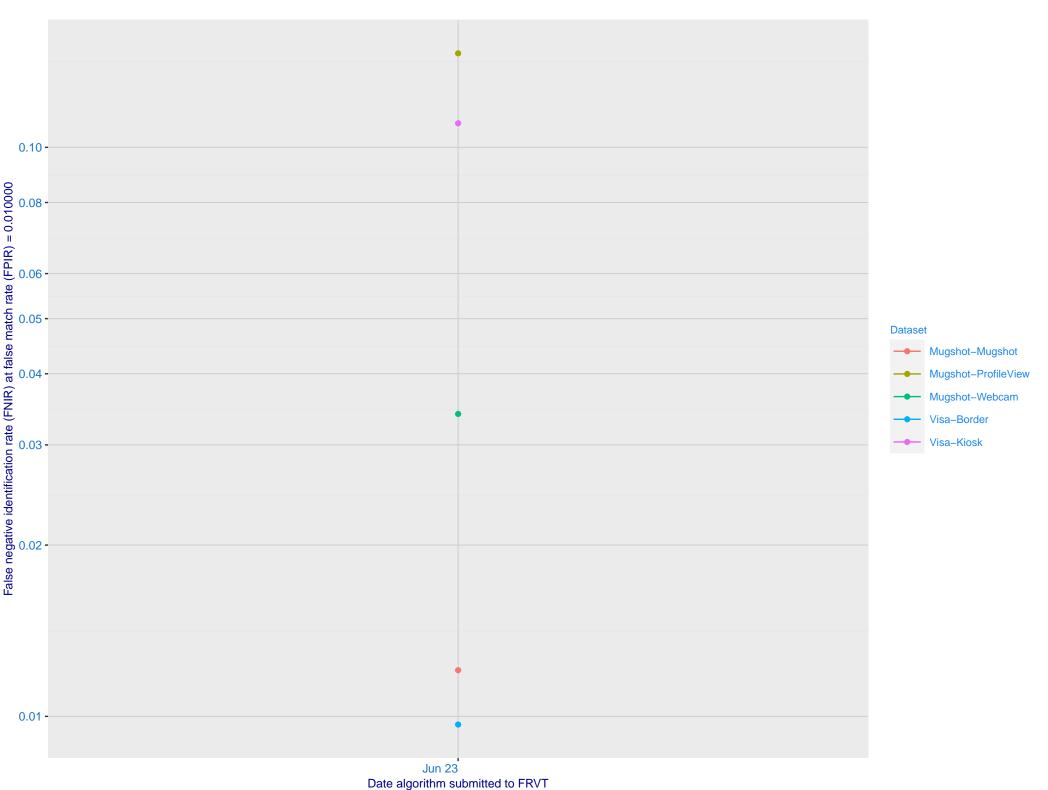
Mugshot profile ranking 10 (out of 210) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.4681, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1331 from cloudwalk_hr_000

Immigration visa-border ranking 23 (out of 168) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0195, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0047 from idemia_008

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 14 (out of 163) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1578, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0996 from cloudwalk_hr_000



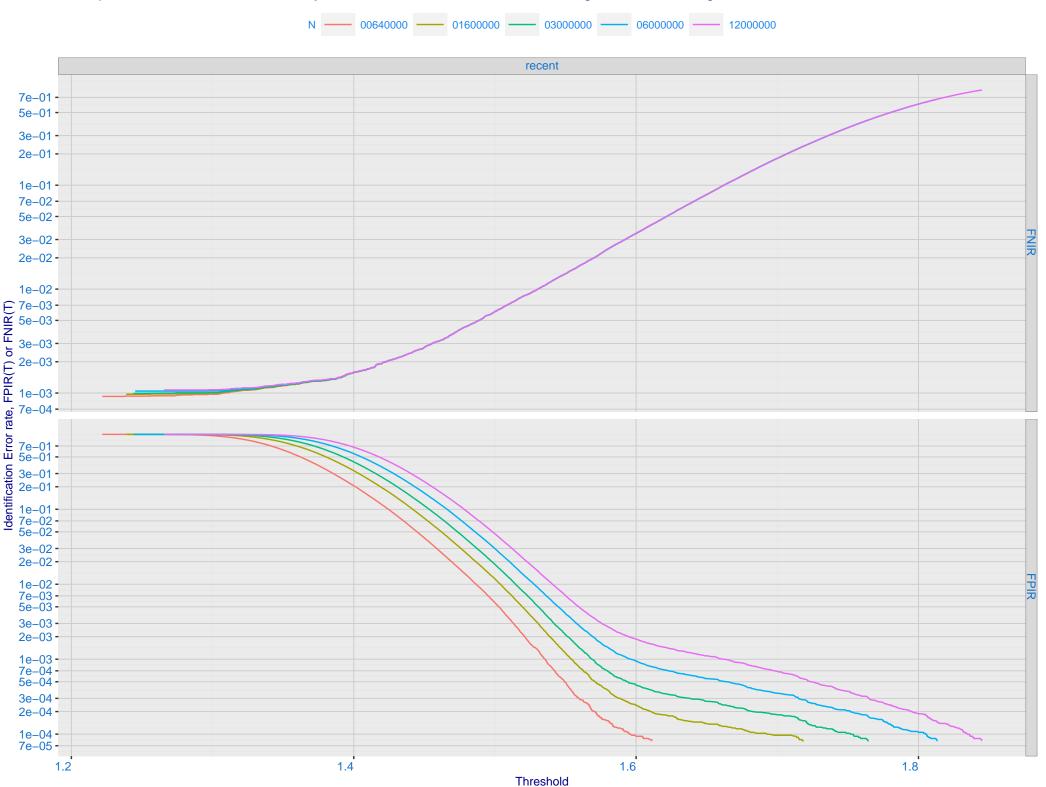
C: Evolution of accuracy for KAKAO algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present



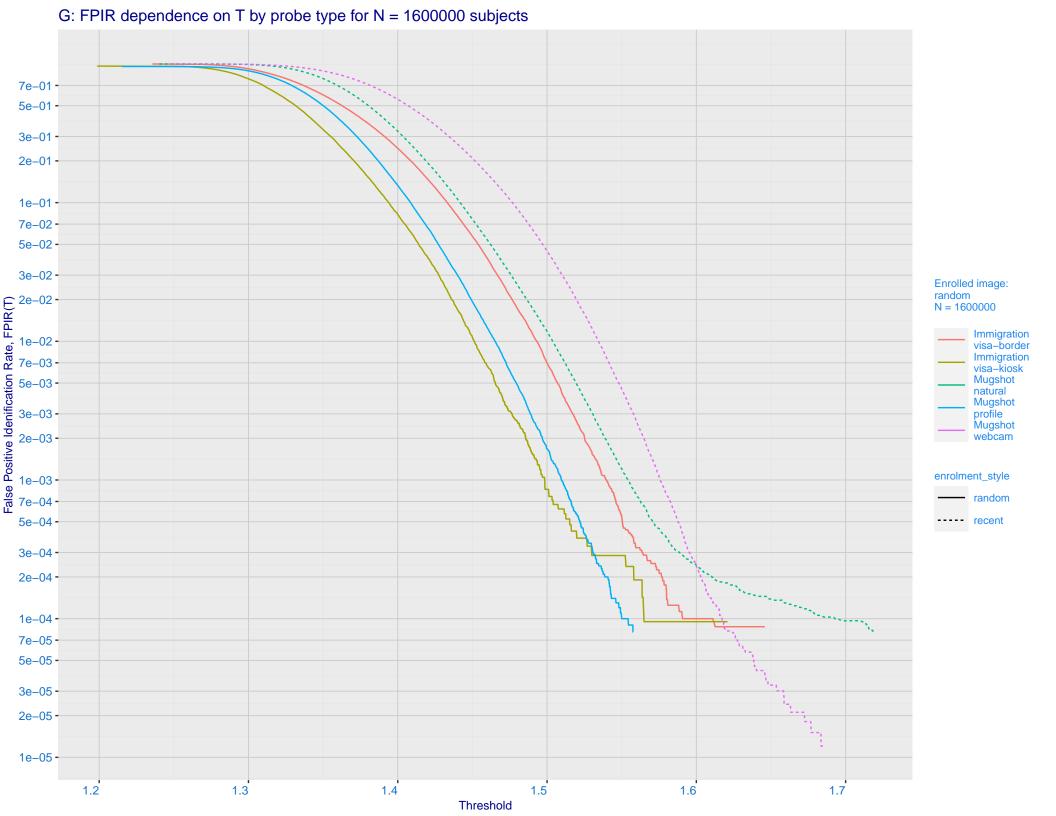
D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 kakao 000 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(T) 0.003 - 0.000 - 0.500 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0.100 - 0. enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.070 -0.050 sensetime 004 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -

False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

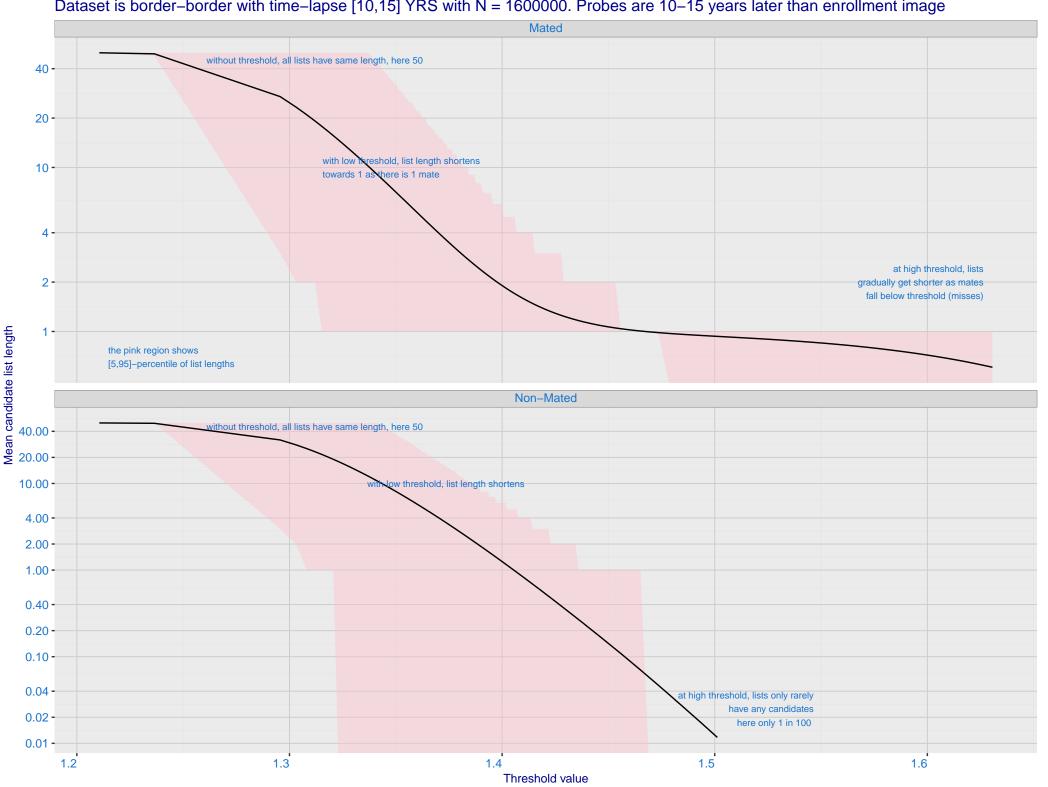
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



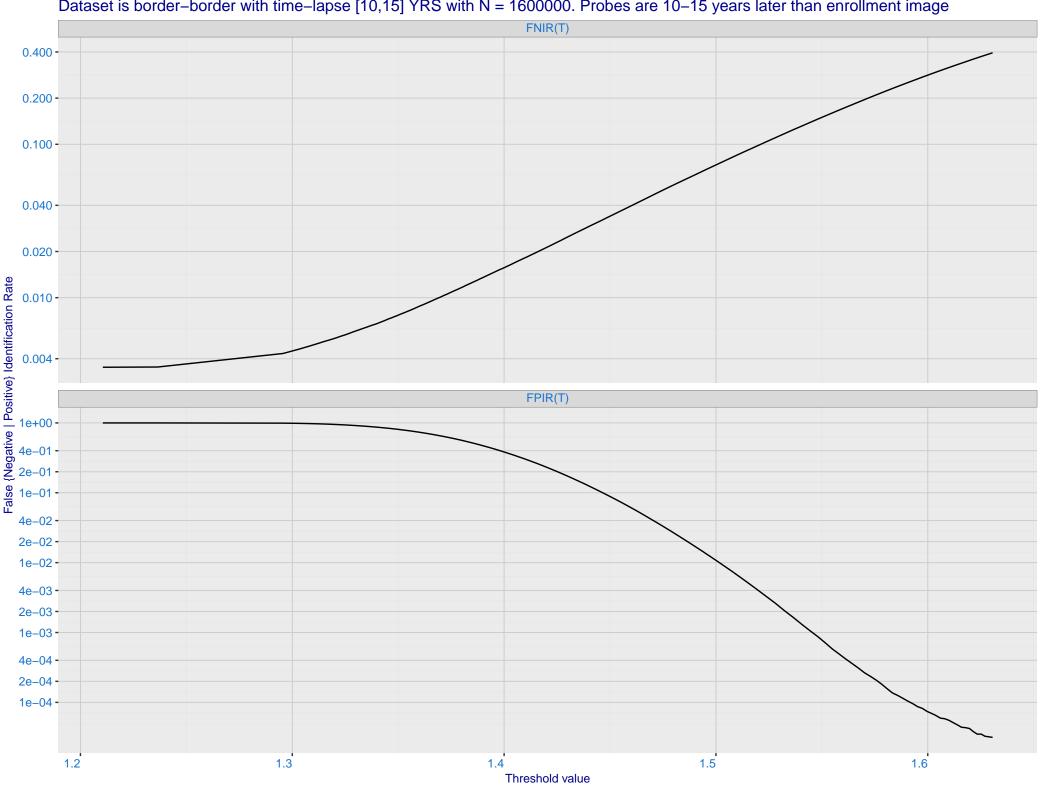
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 · 2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Idenification Rate, FPIR(T)

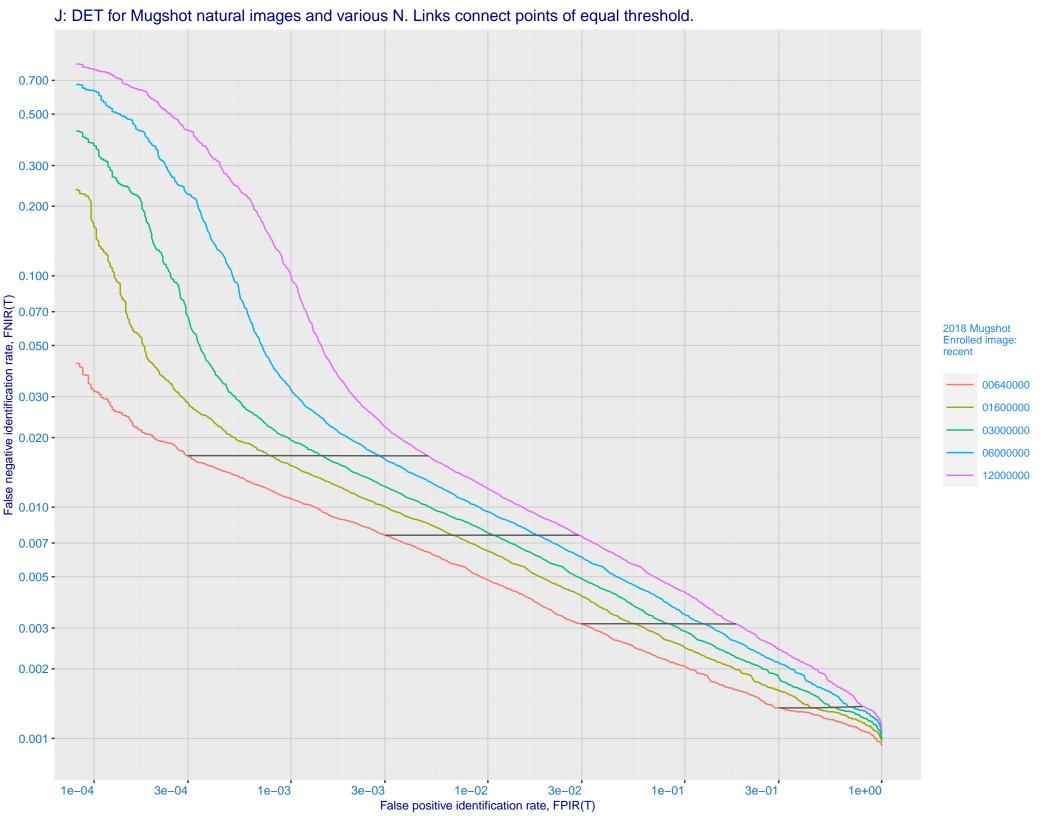


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

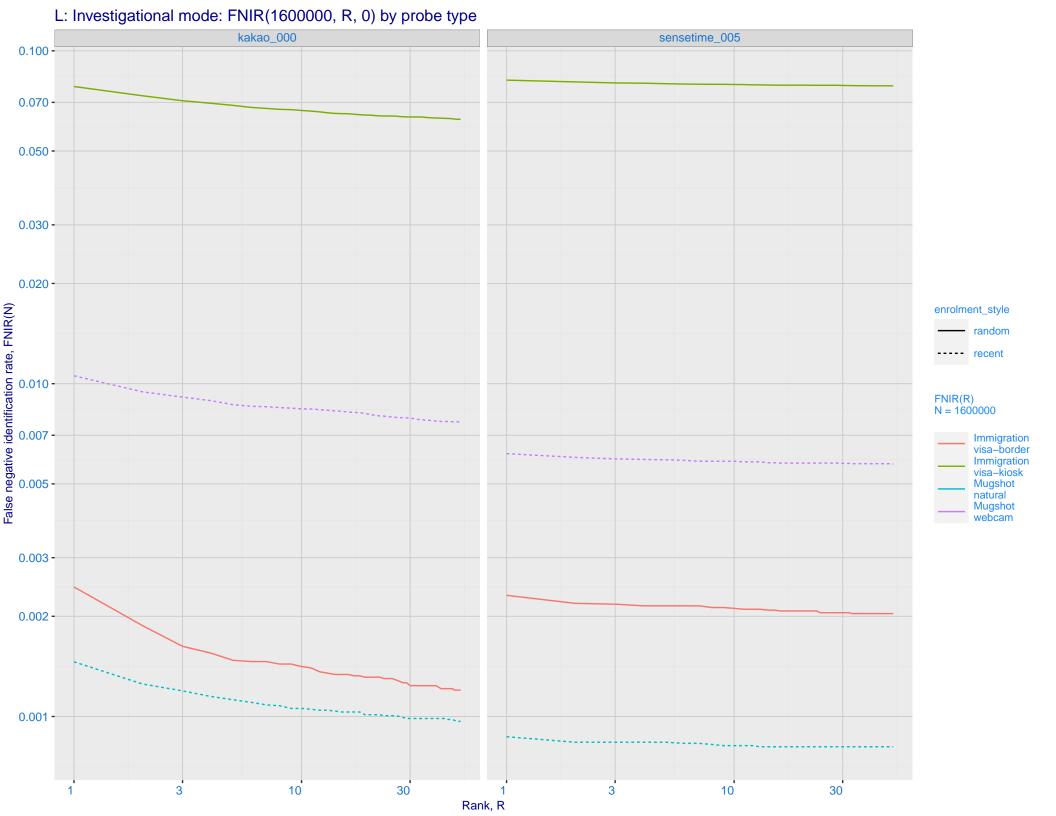


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

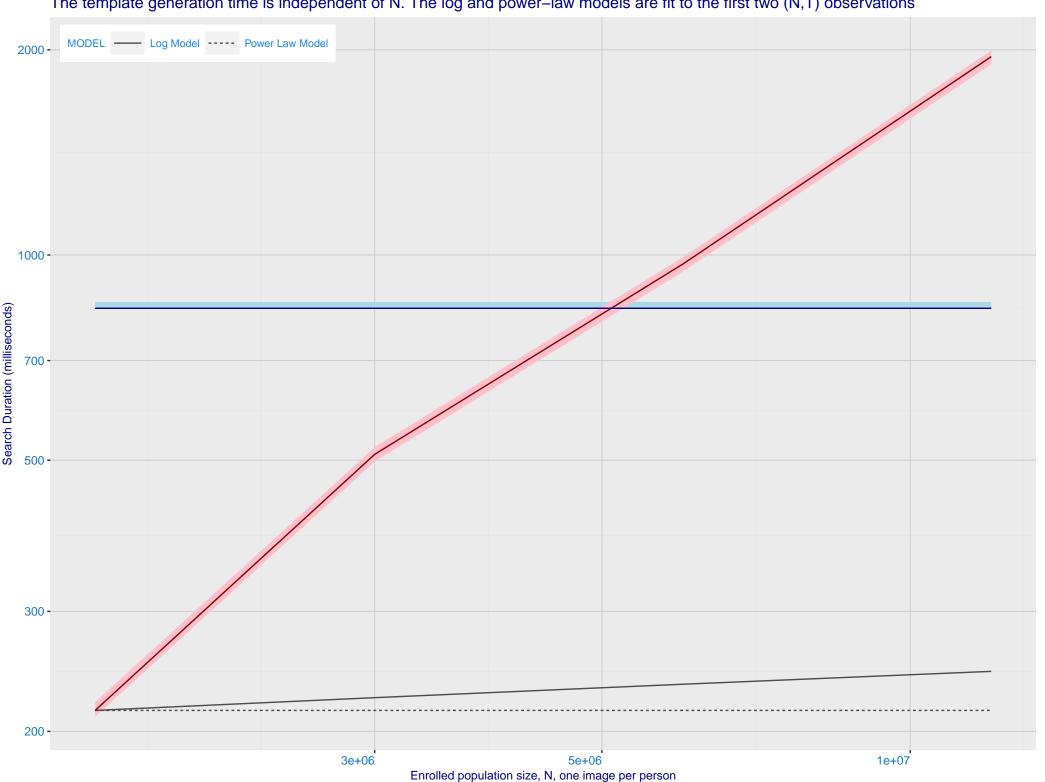




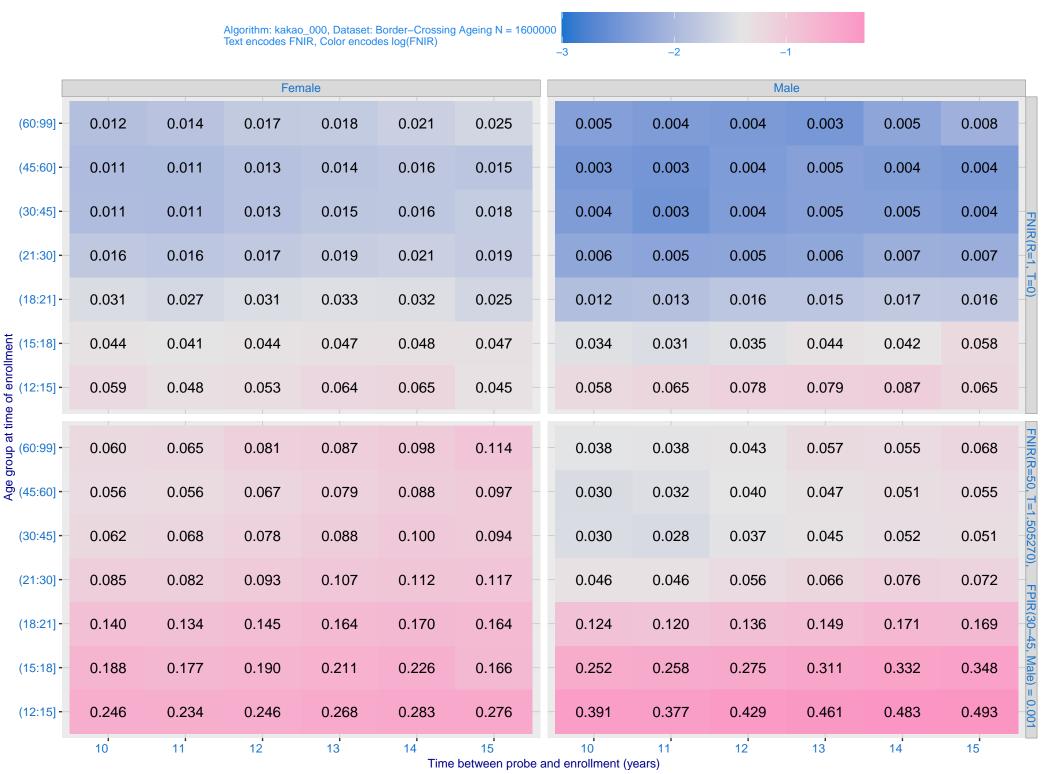
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_005) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0.050 - 0.030 - 0. enrolment_style - random ---- recent Mugshot Mugshot webcam natural FNIR@Rank = 1 -- kakao_000 sensetime_005 0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



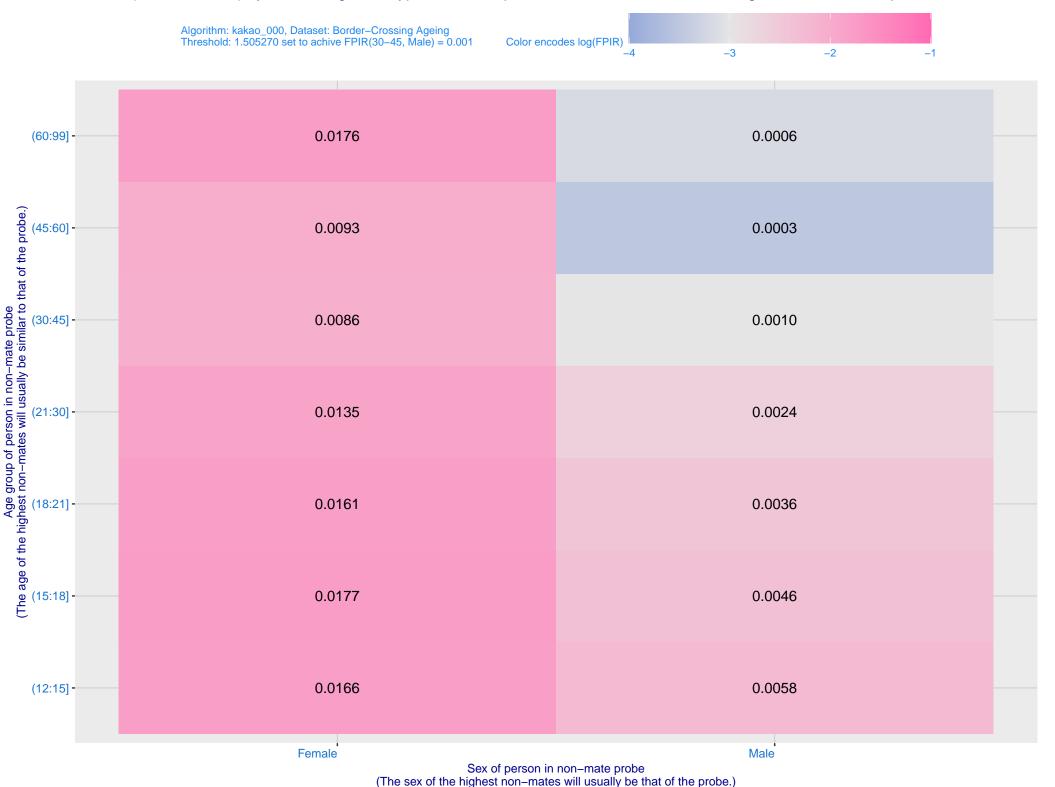
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



