A: Datasheet

Algorithm: griaule_000

Developer: Griaule

Submission Date: 2021_11_01

Template size: 2052 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 406 msec

Template time (median): 418 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 440 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 77 (out of 316) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0025 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Mugshot webcam ranking 62 (out of 278) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0135 vs. lowest 0.0057 from sensetime_006

Mugshot profile ranking 57 (out of 247) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.3266 vs. lowest 0.0550 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-border ranking 102 (out of 205) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0113 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 82 (out of 202) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1257 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox_000

Identification:

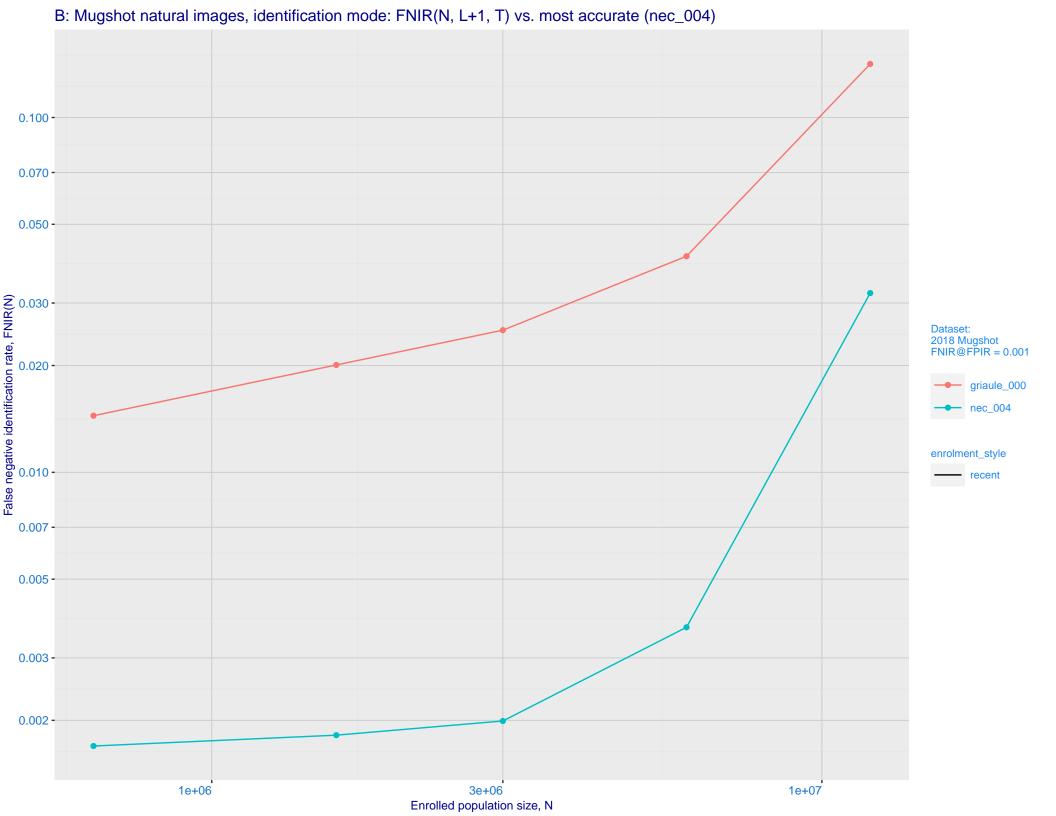
Frontal mugshot ranking 64 (out of 316) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0201, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0018 from sensetime_004

Mugshot webcam ranking 63 (out of 276) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0626, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0122 from sensetime_003

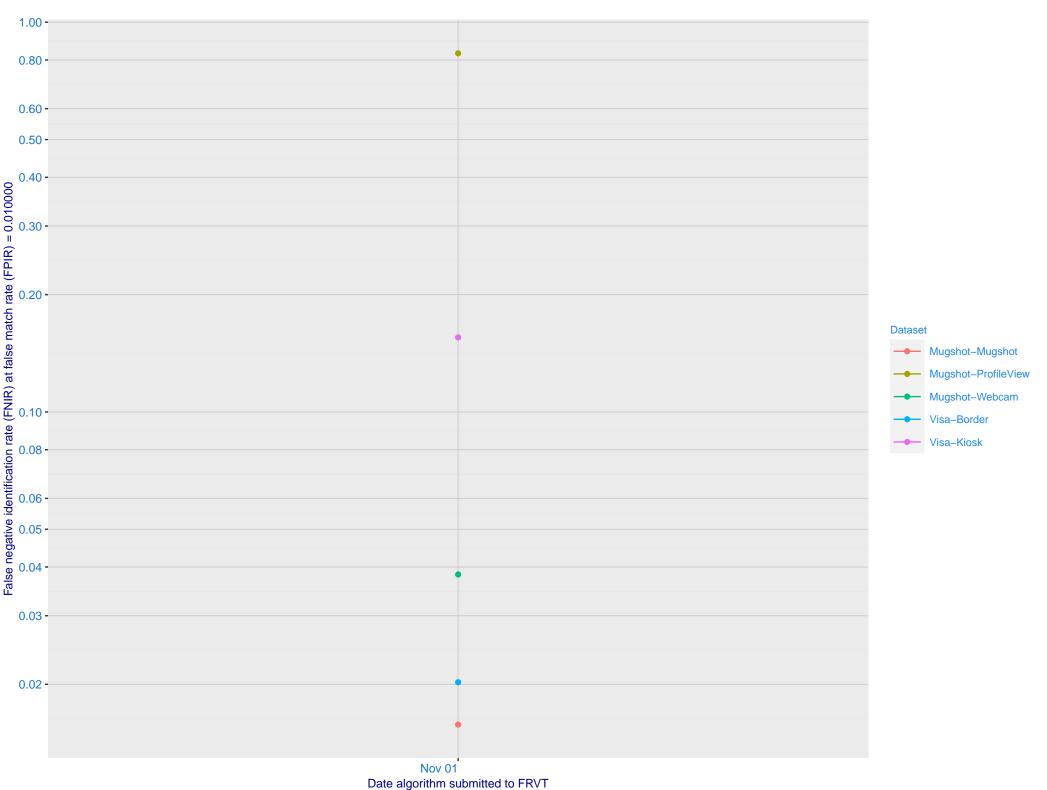
Mugshot profile ranking 127 (out of 246) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9949, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1331 from cloudwalk_hr_000

Immigration visa-border ranking 61 (out of 204) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0326, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0039 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 41 (out of 199) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1988, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0729 from cubox_000

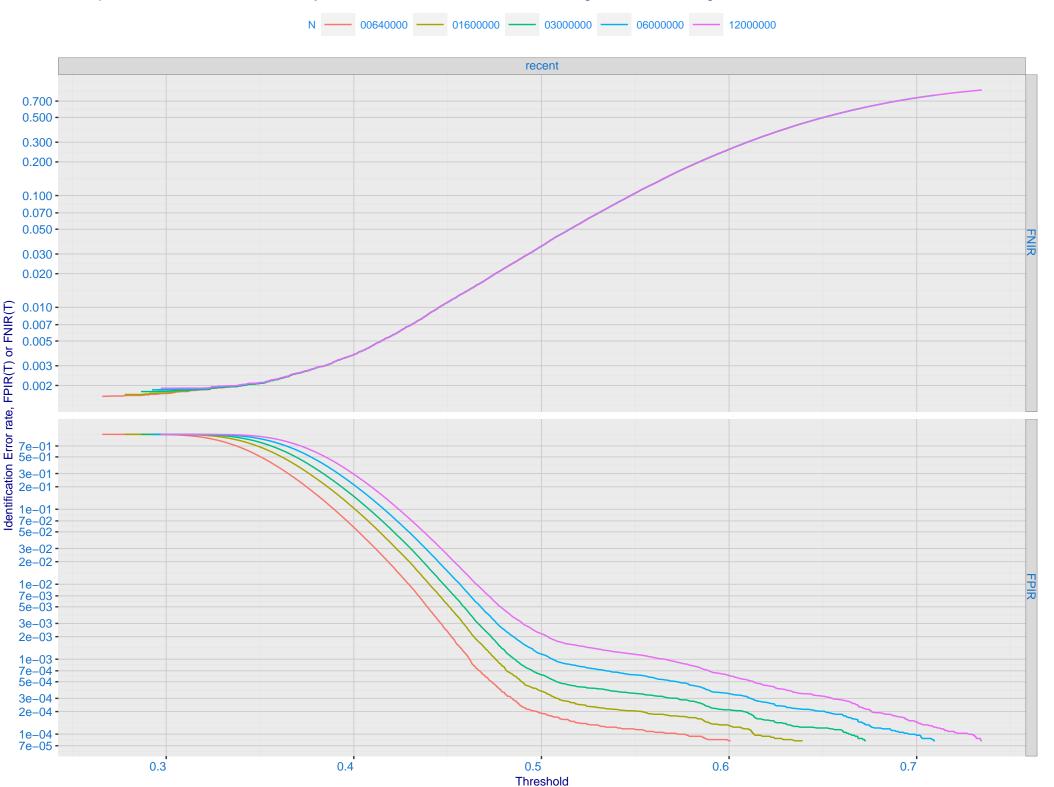


C: Evolution of accuracy for GRIAULE algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

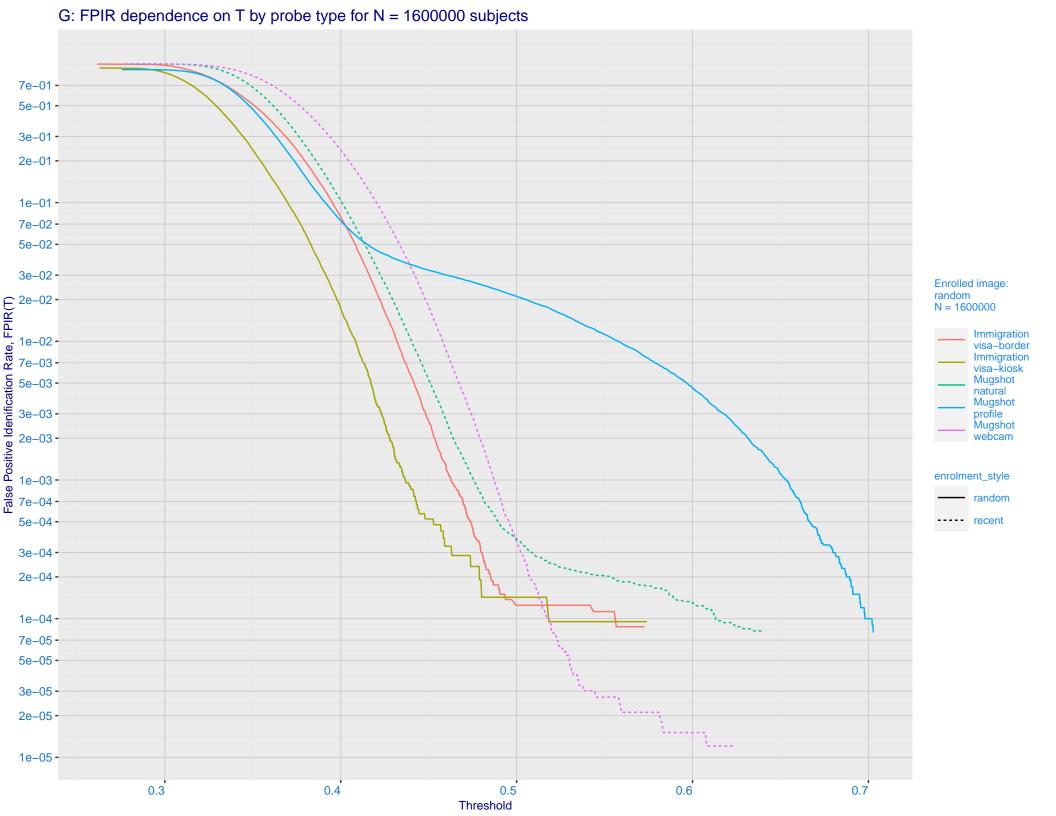


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 griaule 000 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(T) 0.003 - 0.003 - 0.001 - 0.500 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0. enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

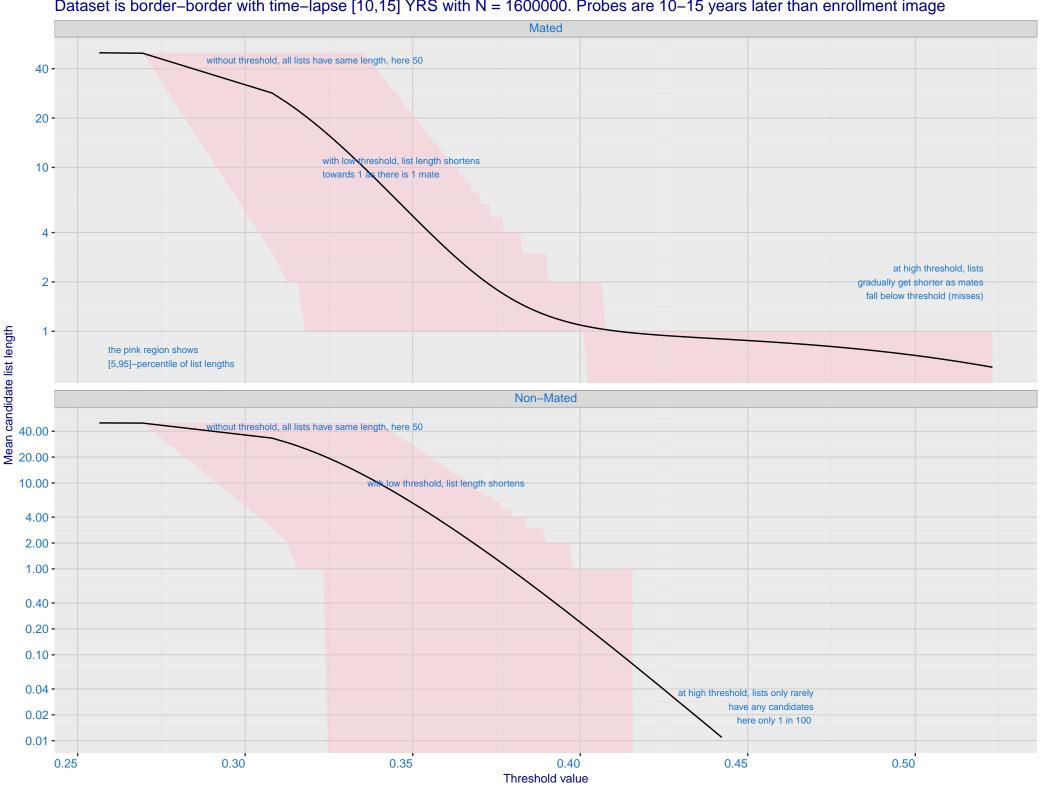
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



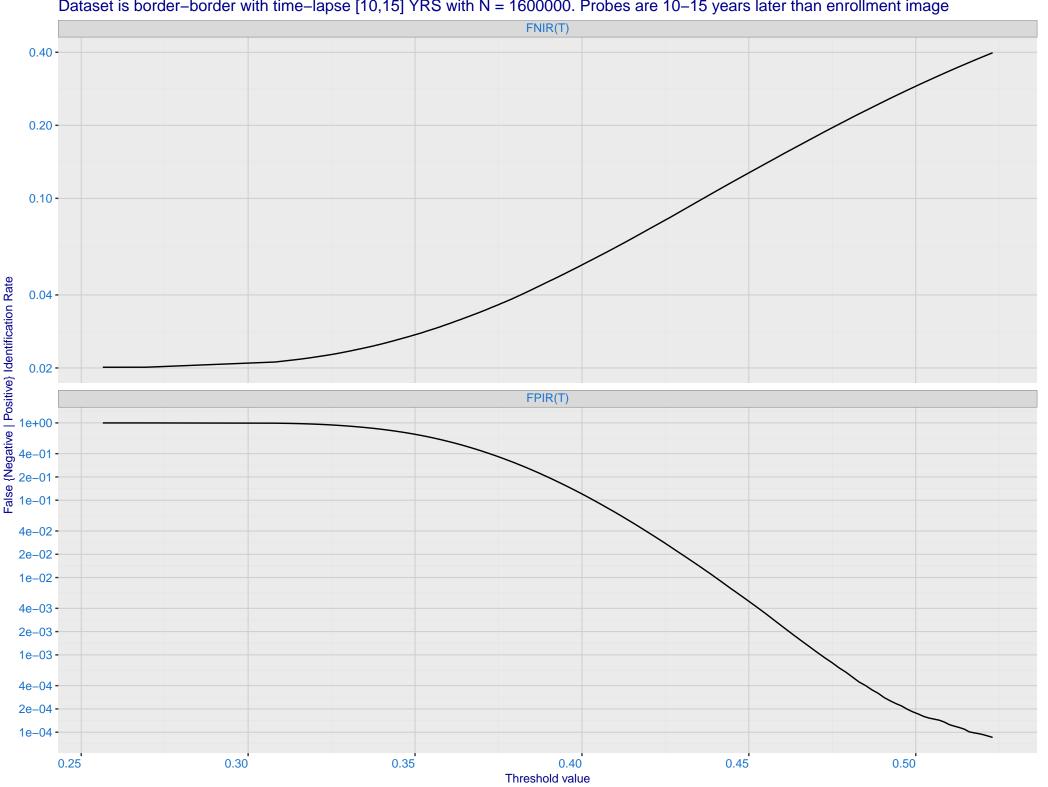
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 · 2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Idenification Rate, FPIR(T)

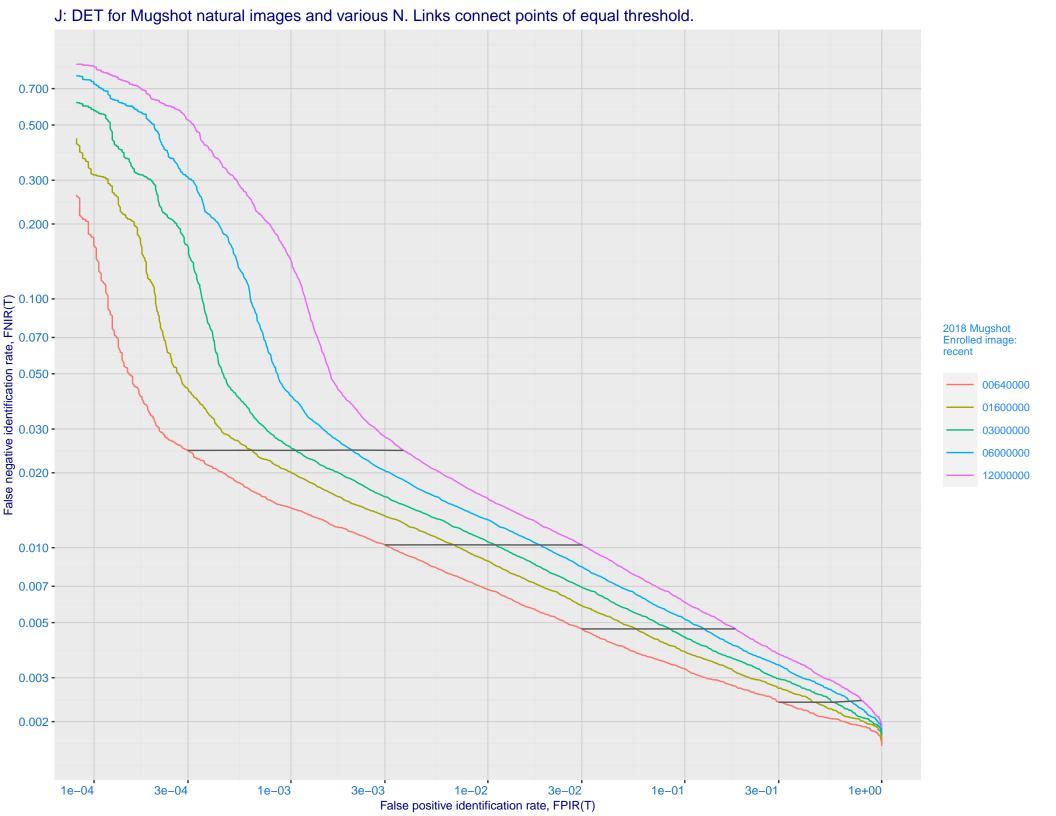


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

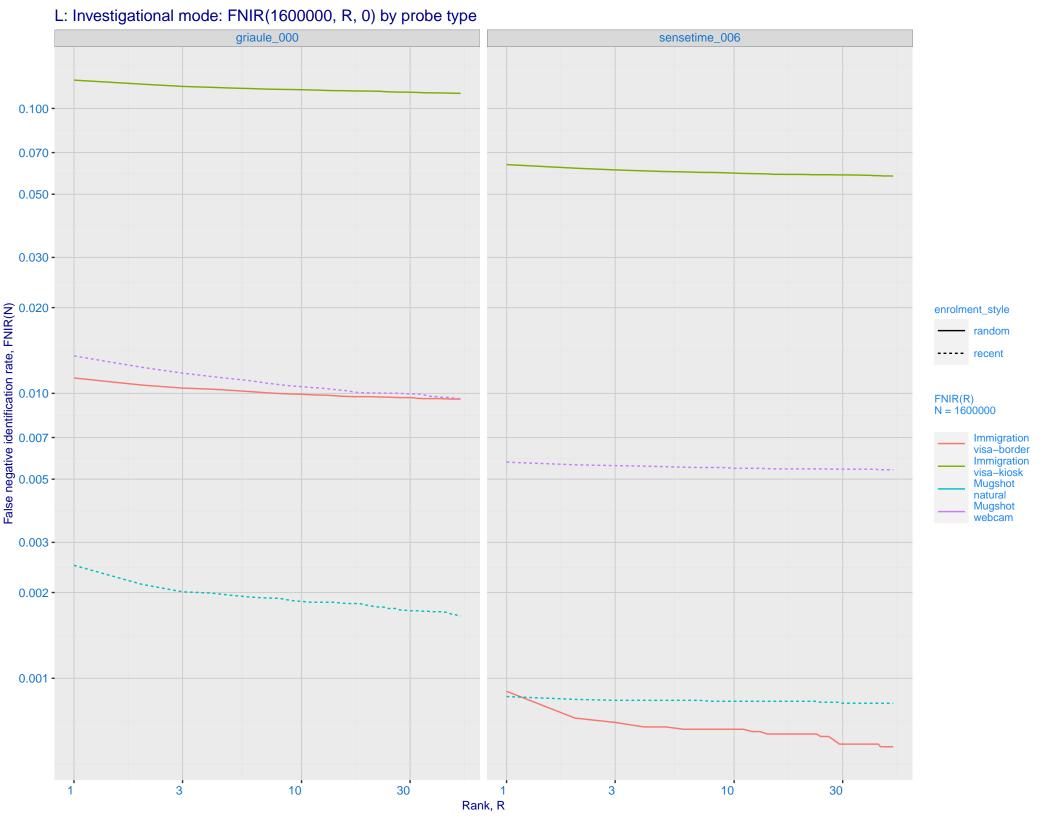


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

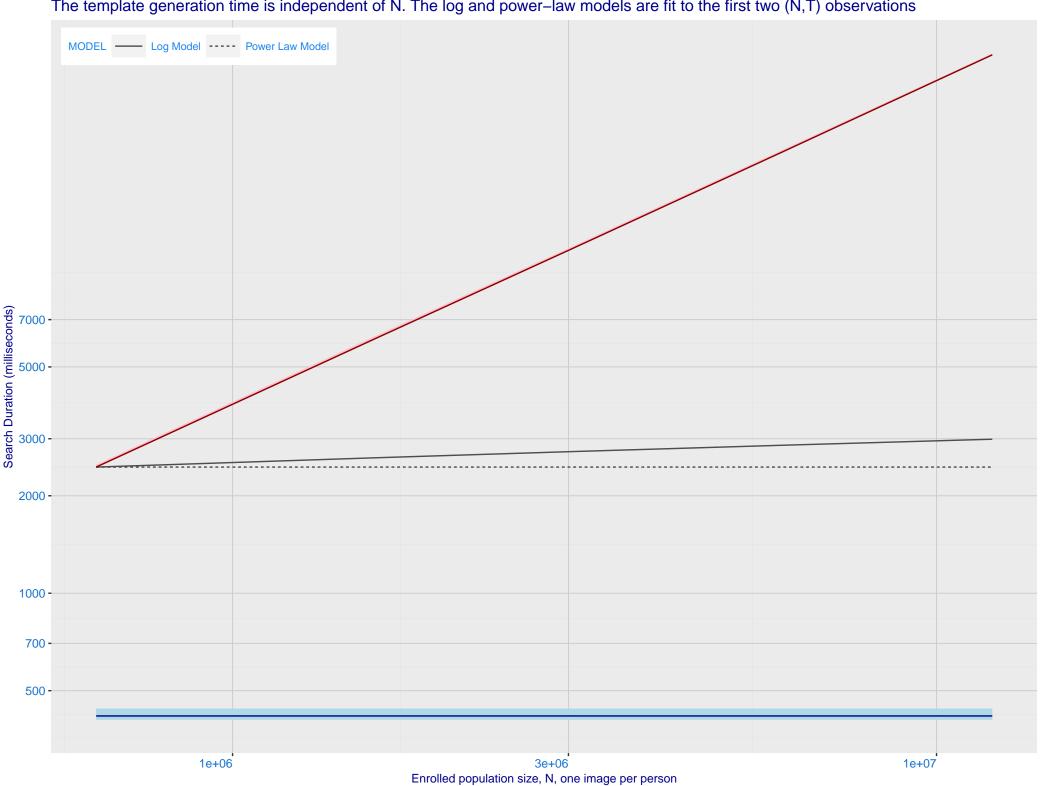




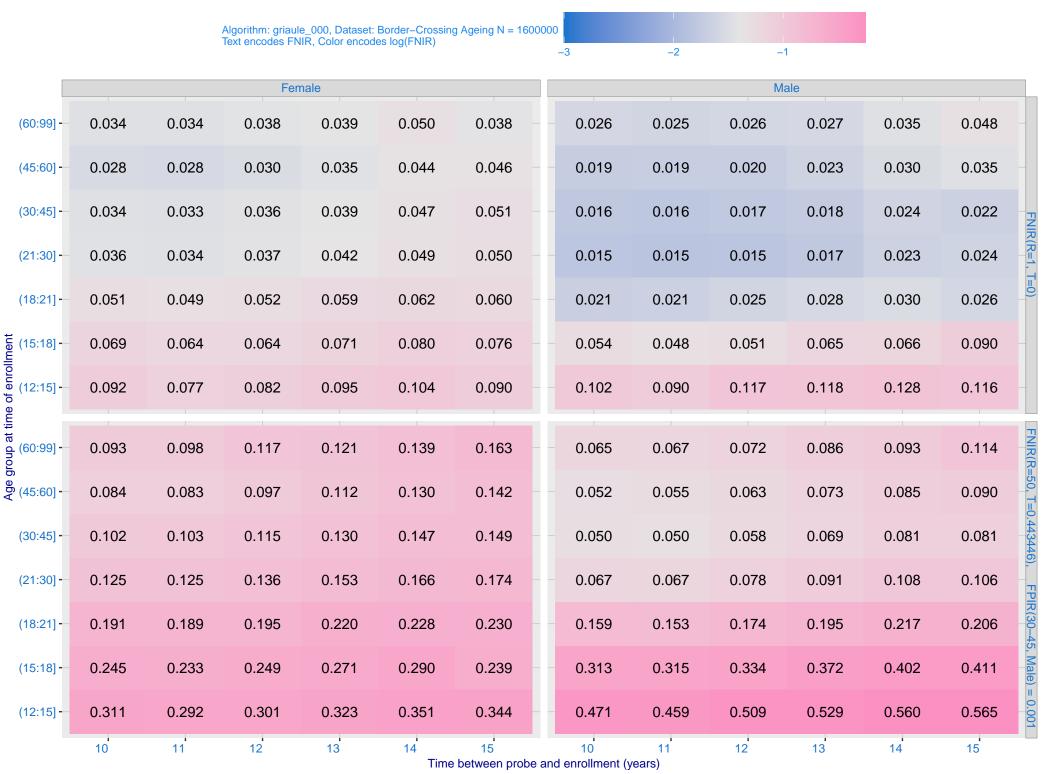
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_006) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0.000 - 0.050 FNIR@Rank = 1 griaule_000 sensetime_006 Mugshot Mugshot webcam natural enrolment_style random ---- recent 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



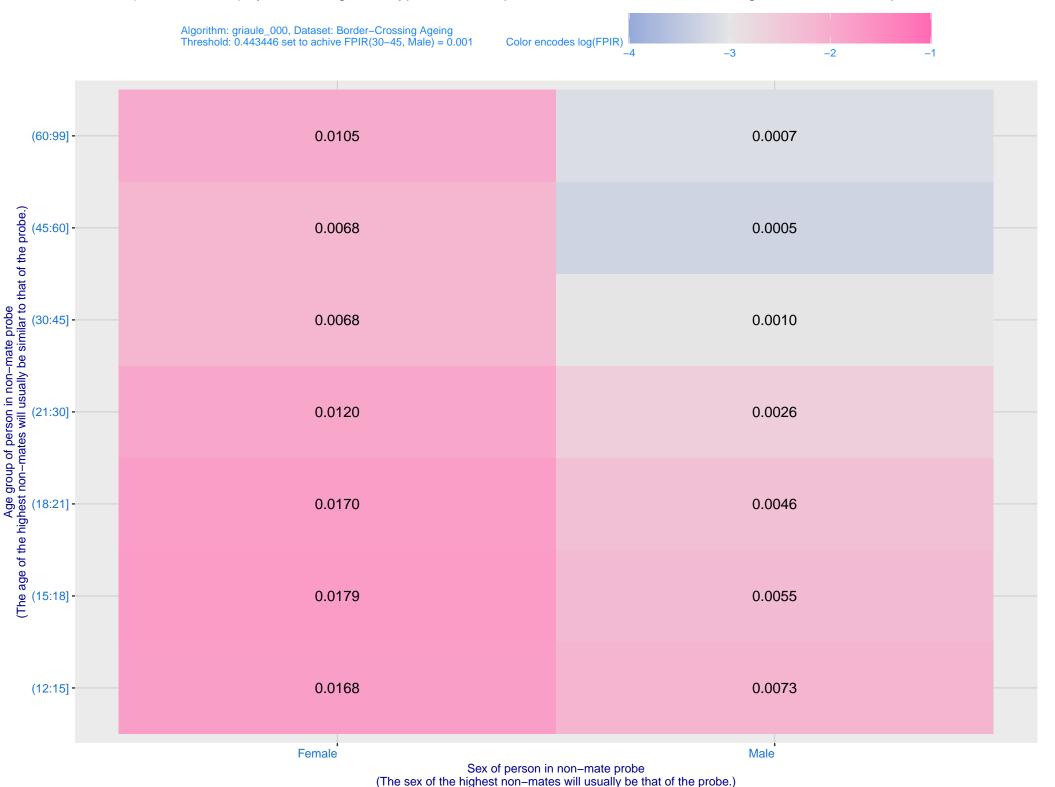
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



