A: Datasheet

Algorithm: isystems_0

Developer: Alivia / Innovation Sys

Submission Date: 2018_02_14

Template size: 2048 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 214 msec

Template time (median): 222 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 237 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 146 (out of 279) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0110 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_005

Mugshot webcam ranking 141 (out of 241) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0380 vs. lowest 0.0062 from sensetime_005

Mugshot profile ranking 182 (out of 210) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.9693 vs. lowest 0.0587 from xforwardai_002
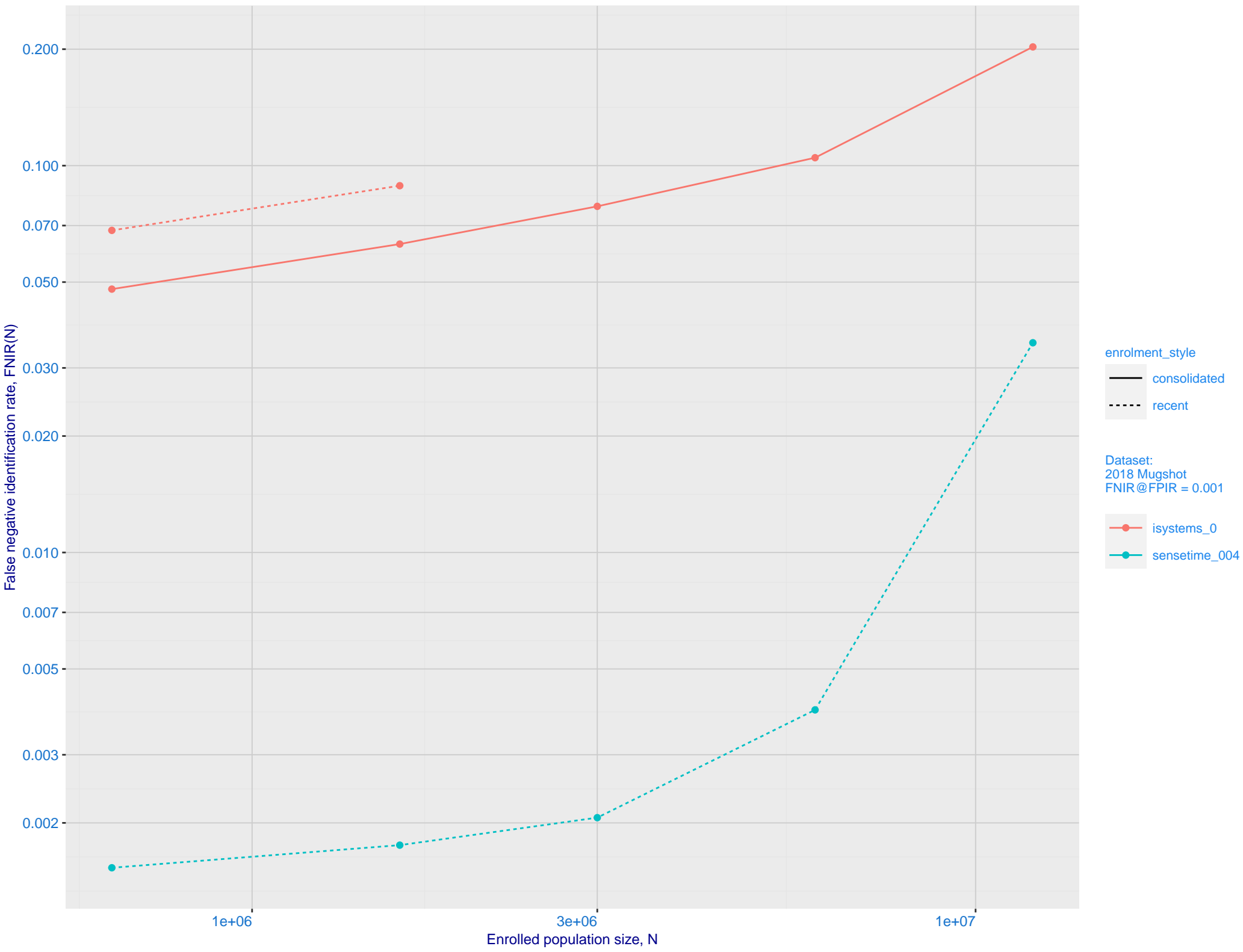
Identification:

Frontal mugshot ranking 141 (out of 279) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0887, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0018 from sensetime_004
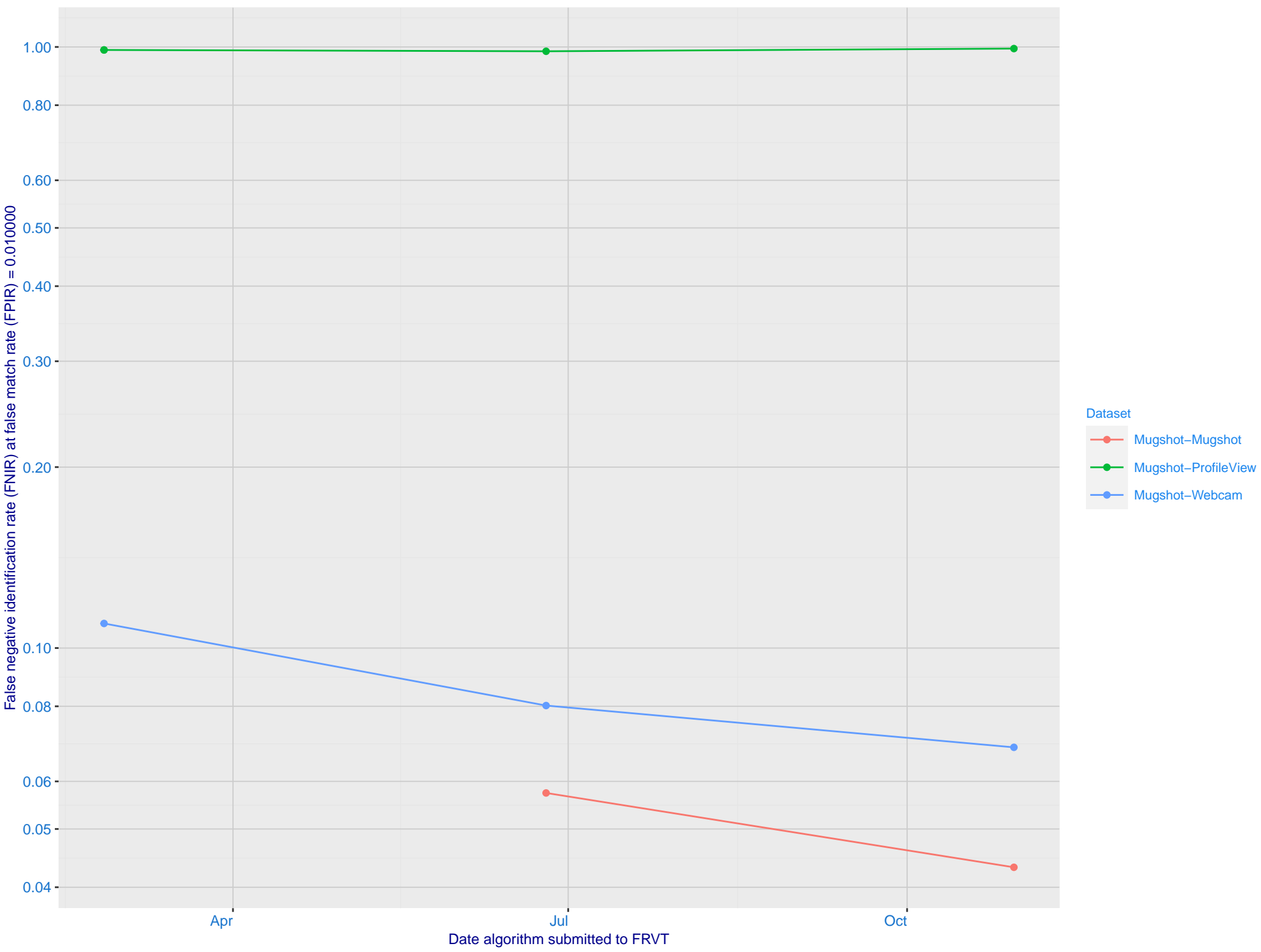
Mugshot webcam ranking 132 (out of 236) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1730, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0122 from sensetime_003

Mugshot profile ranking 93 (out of 209) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9930, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1331 from cloudwalk_hr_000
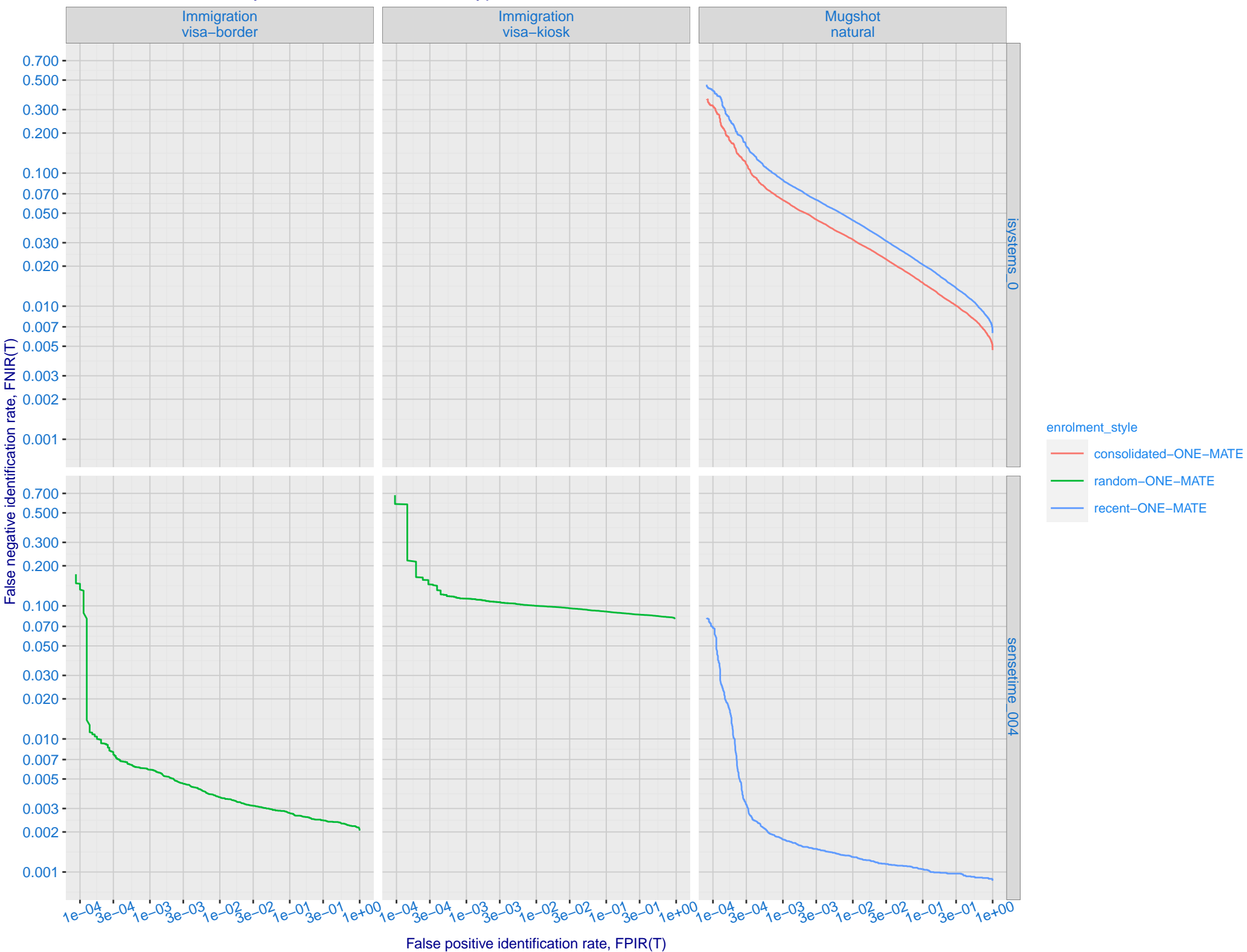
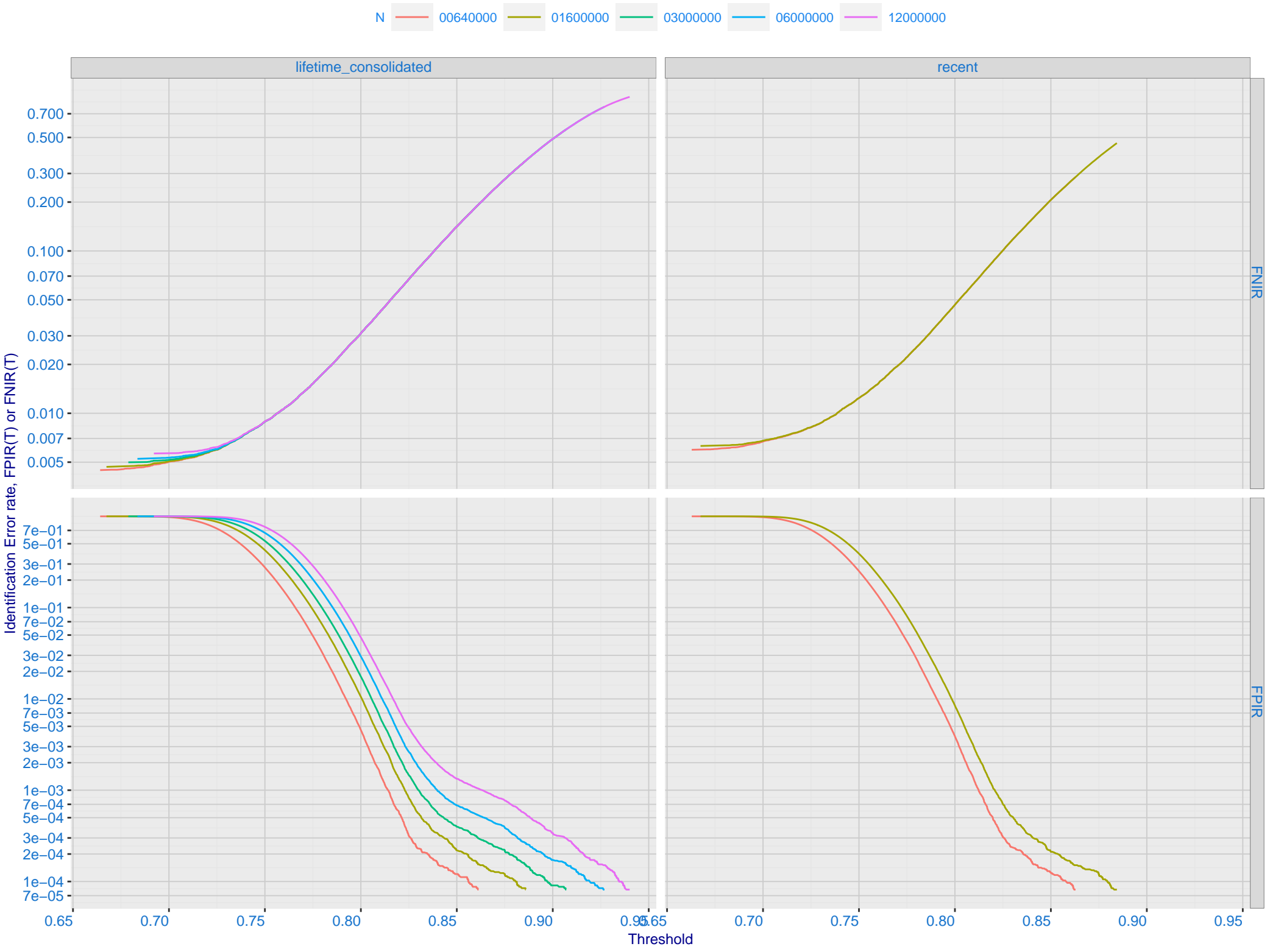B: Mugshot natural images, identification mode: FNIR(N, L+1, T) vs. most accurate (sensetime_004)

C: Evolution of accuracy for ISYSTEMS algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present
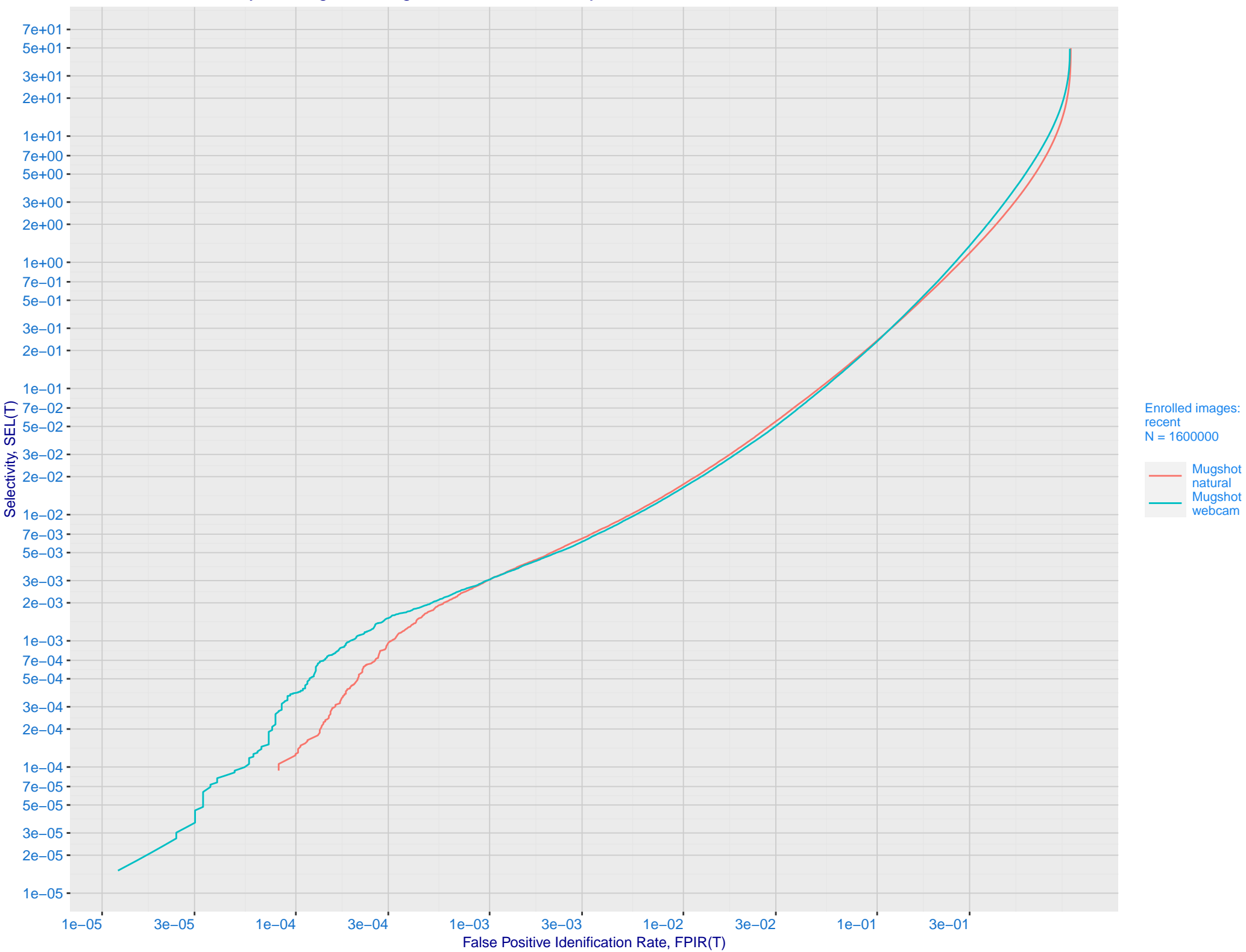
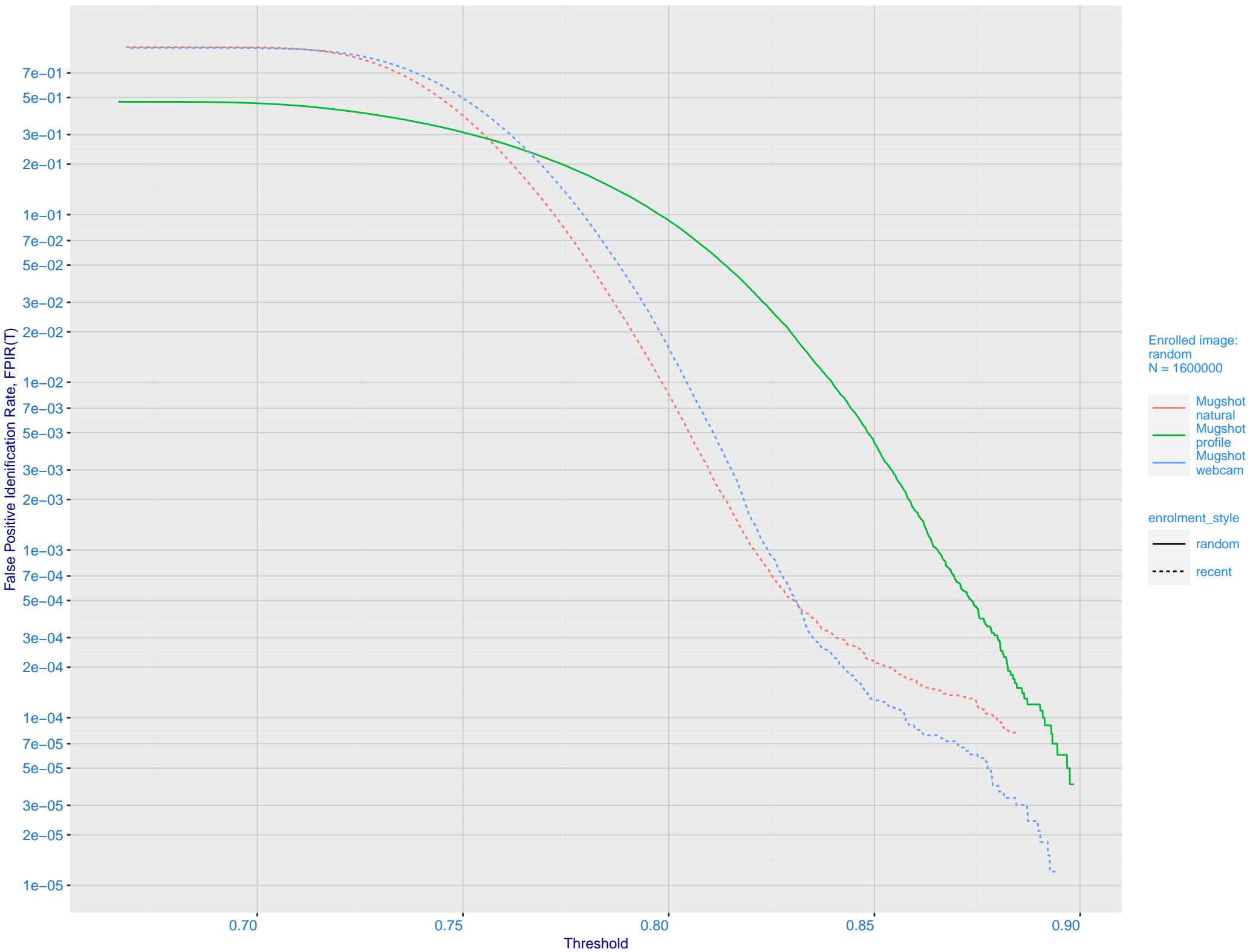D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals

E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images
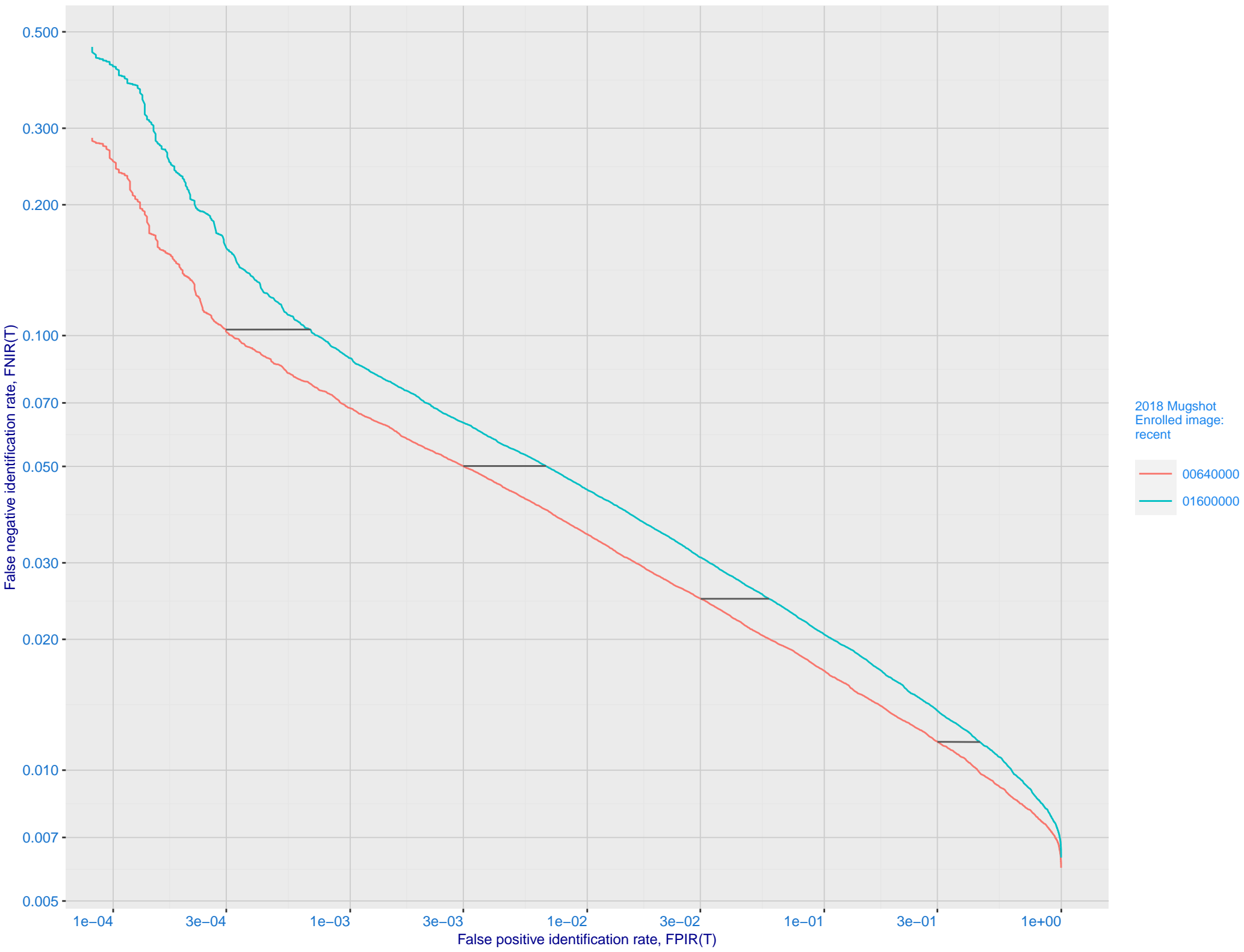
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate

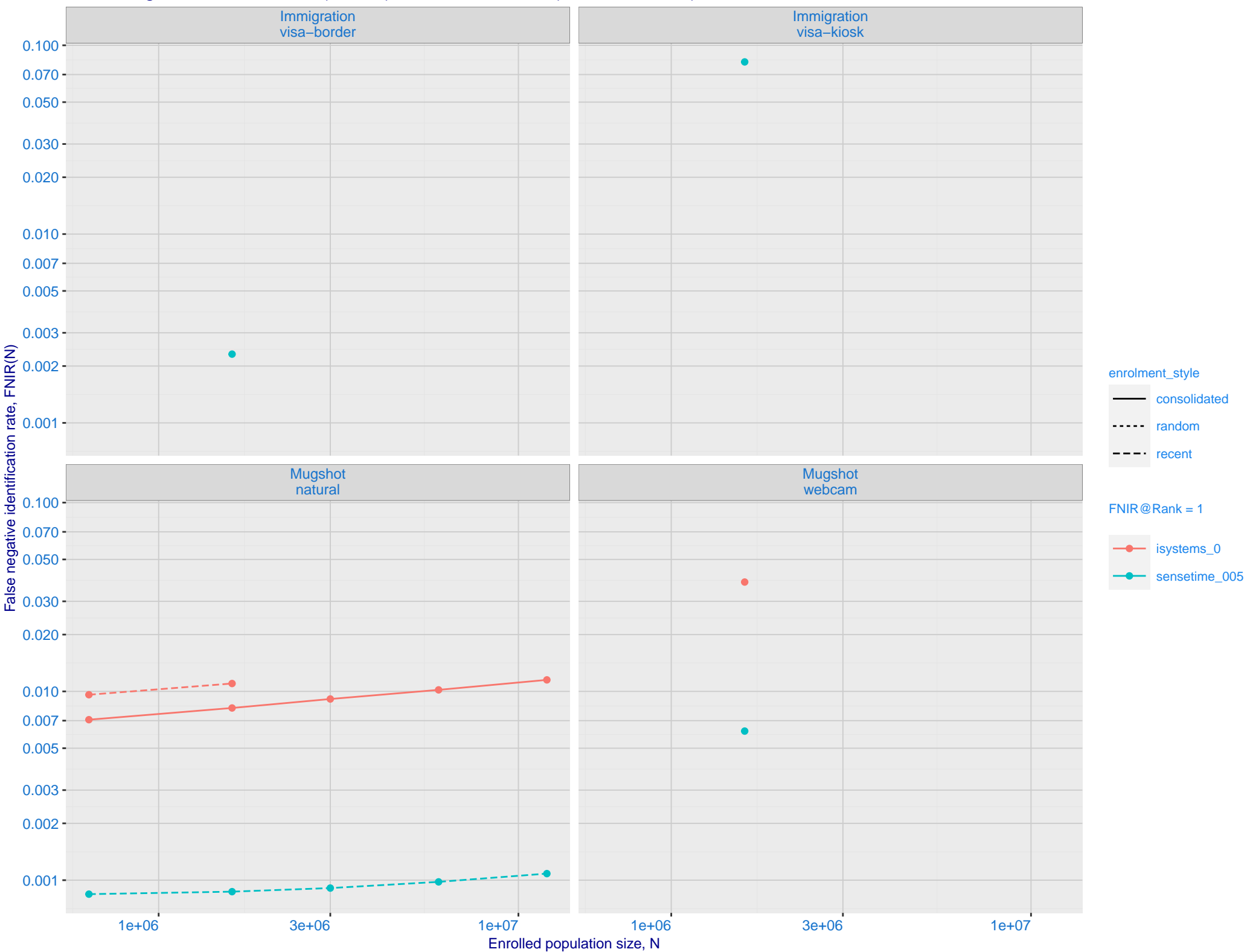G: FPIR dependence on T by probe type for N = 1600000 subjects

J: DET for Mugshot natural images and various N. Links connect points of equal threshold.
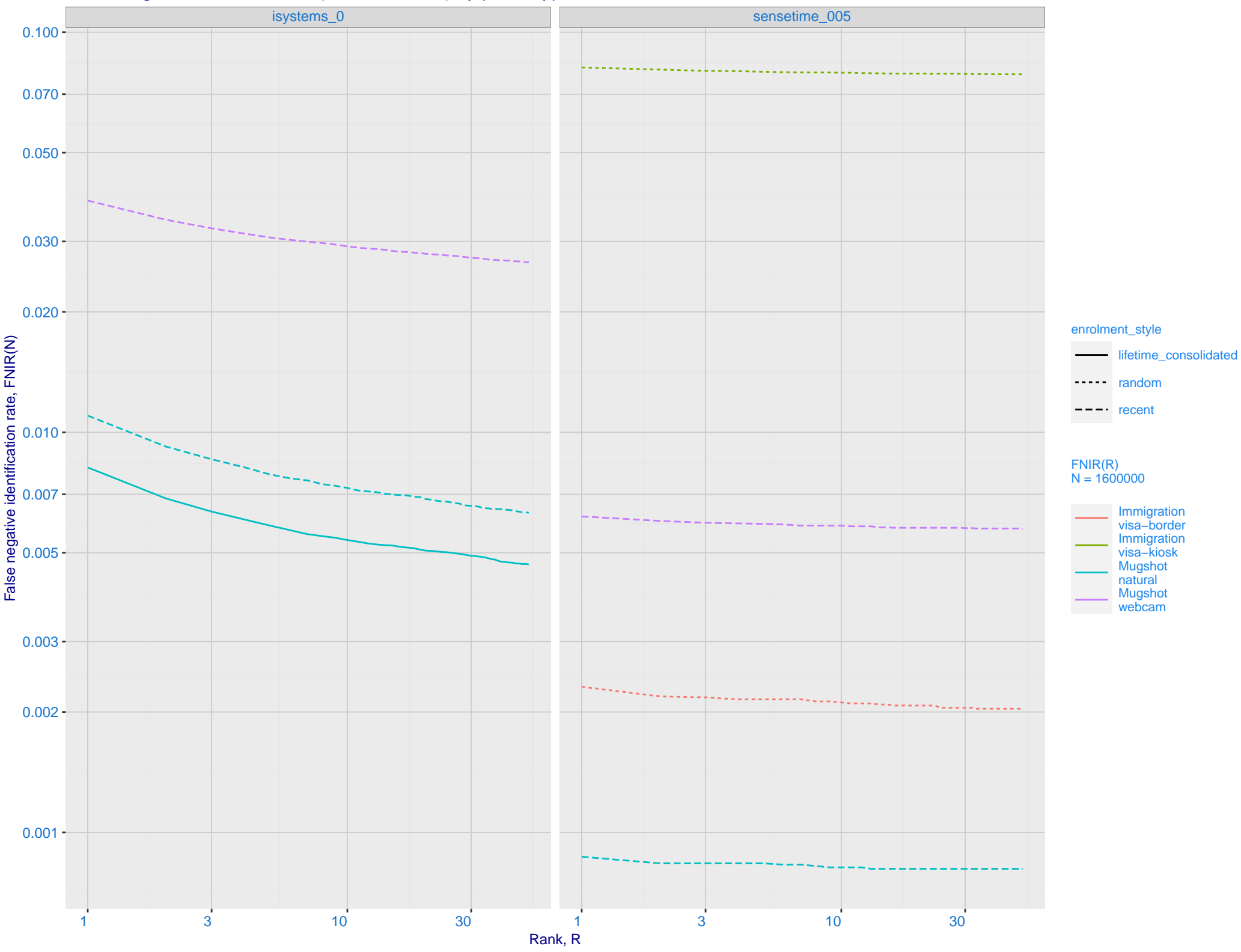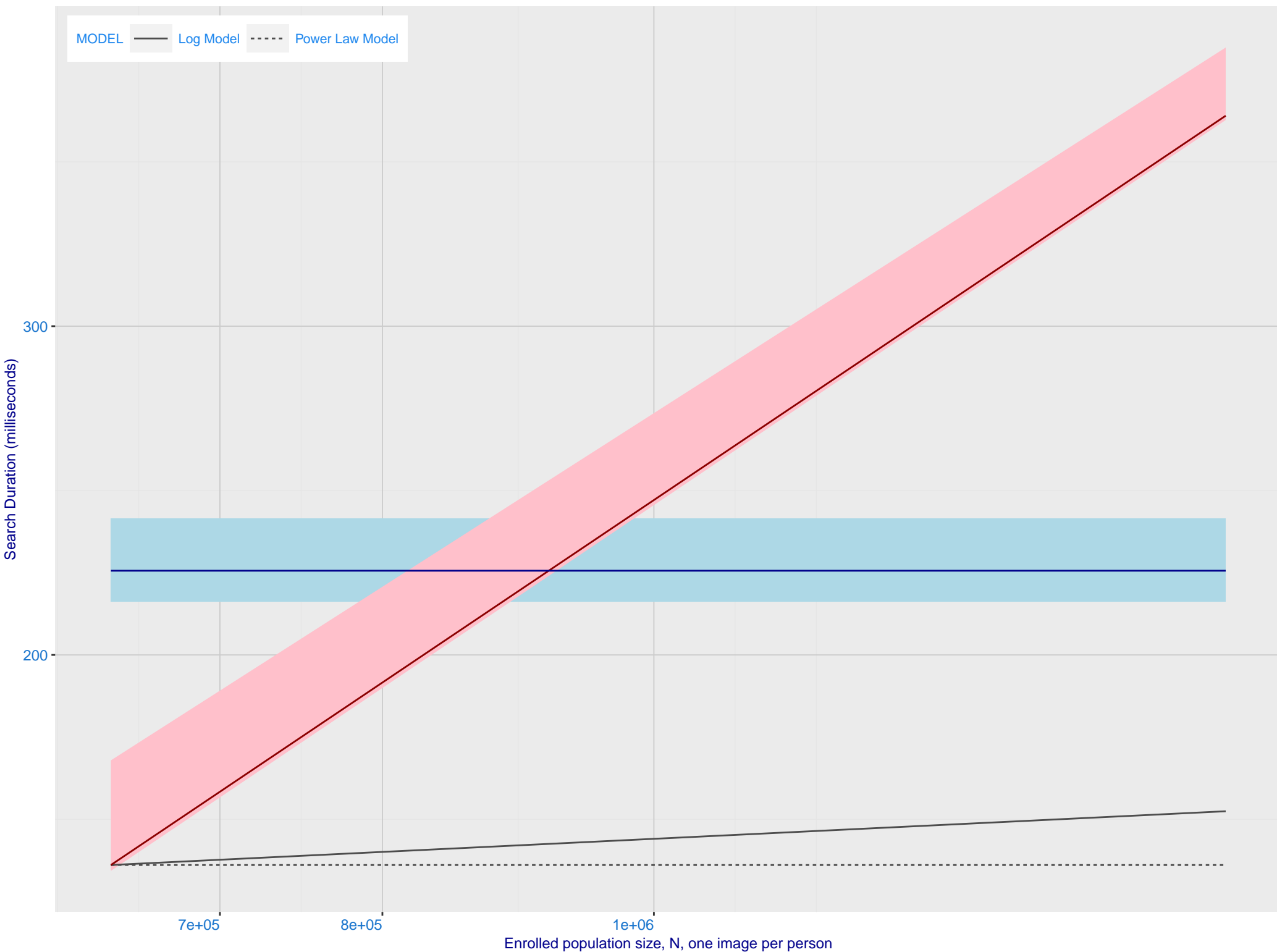
False negative identification rate, FNIR(T)

False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

2018 Mugshot
Enrolled image:
recent

— 00640000
— 01600000

K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_005)

L: Investigational mode: FNIR(1600000, R, 0) by probe type

M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power−law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations

Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing