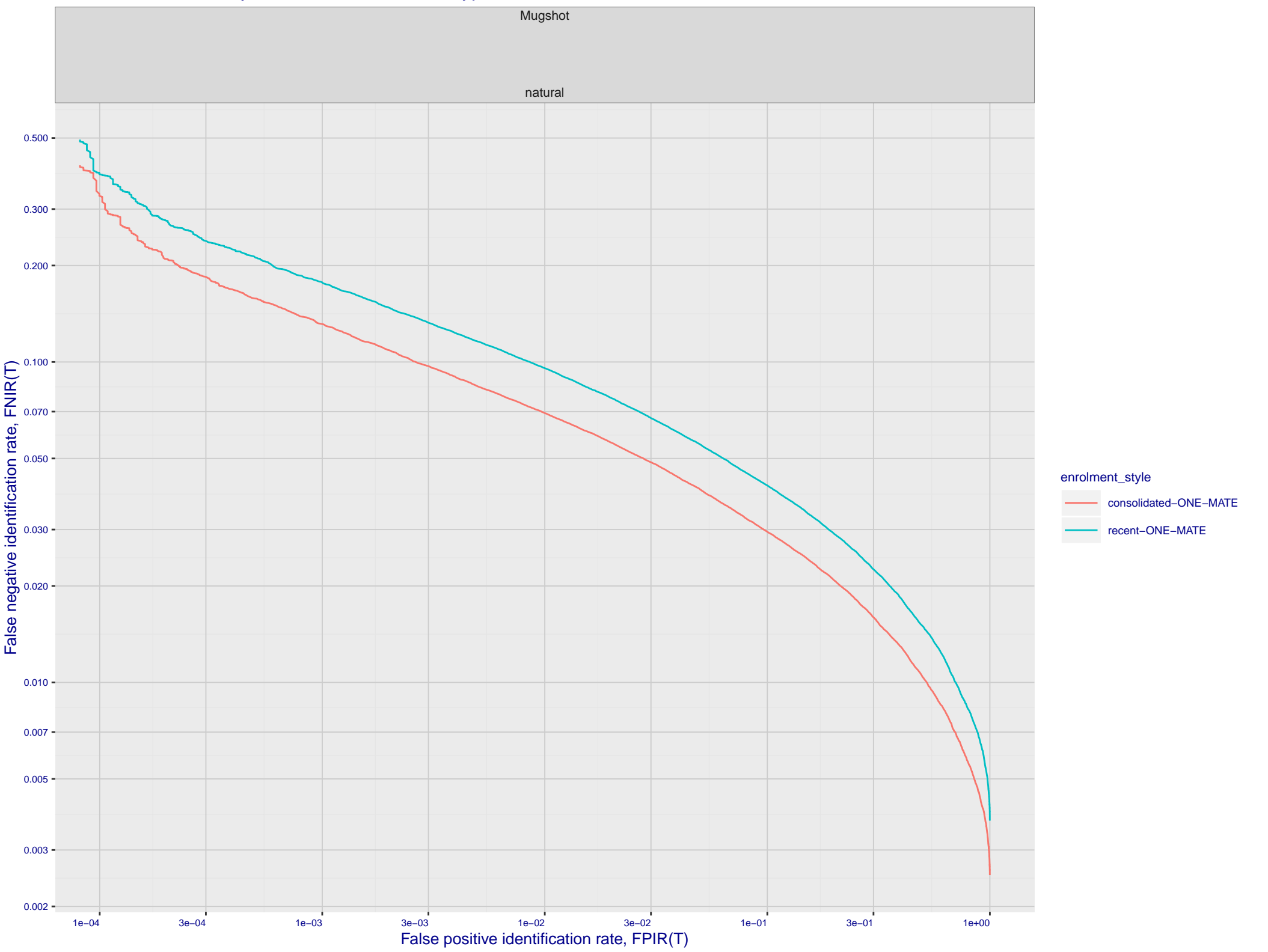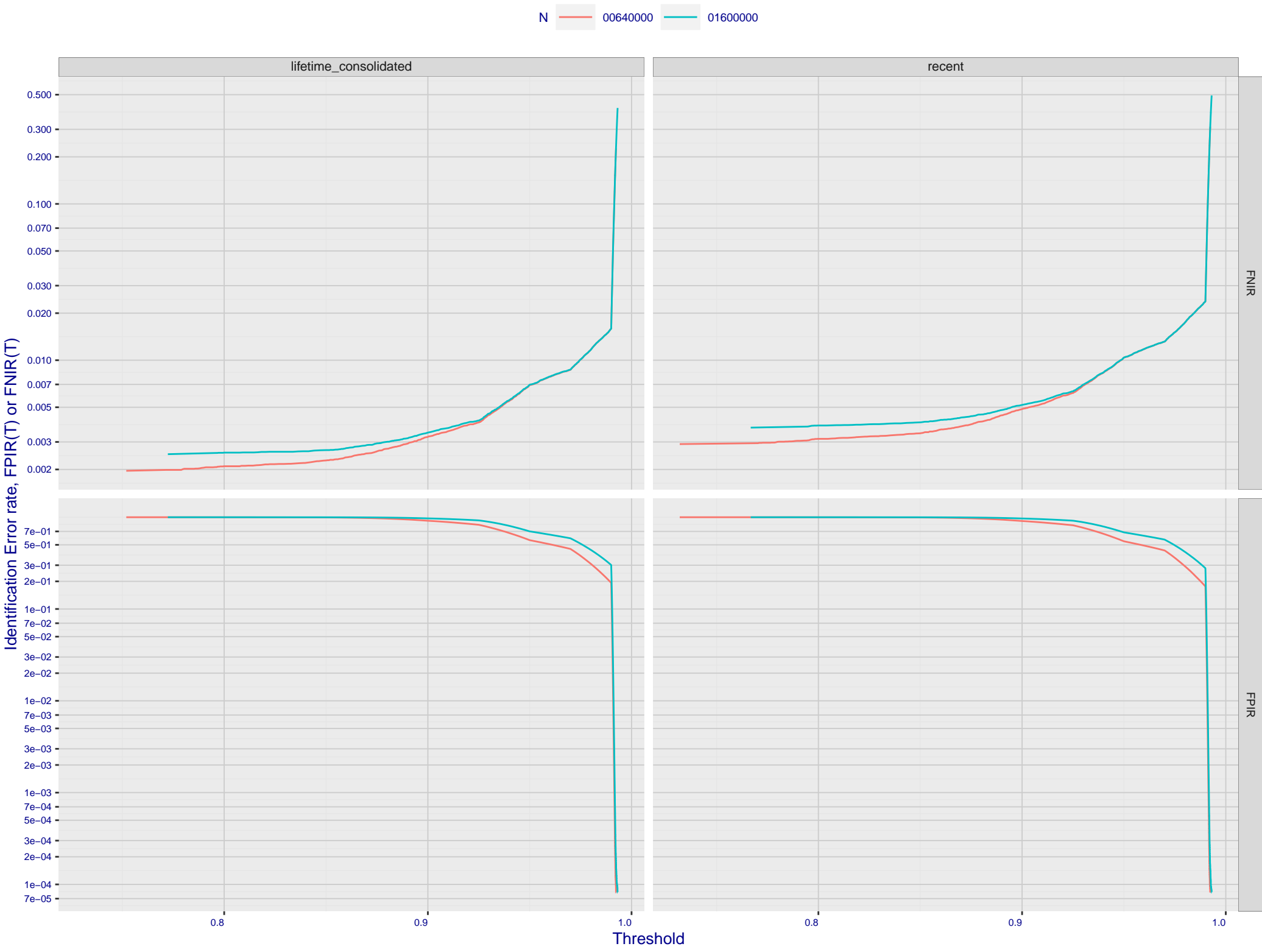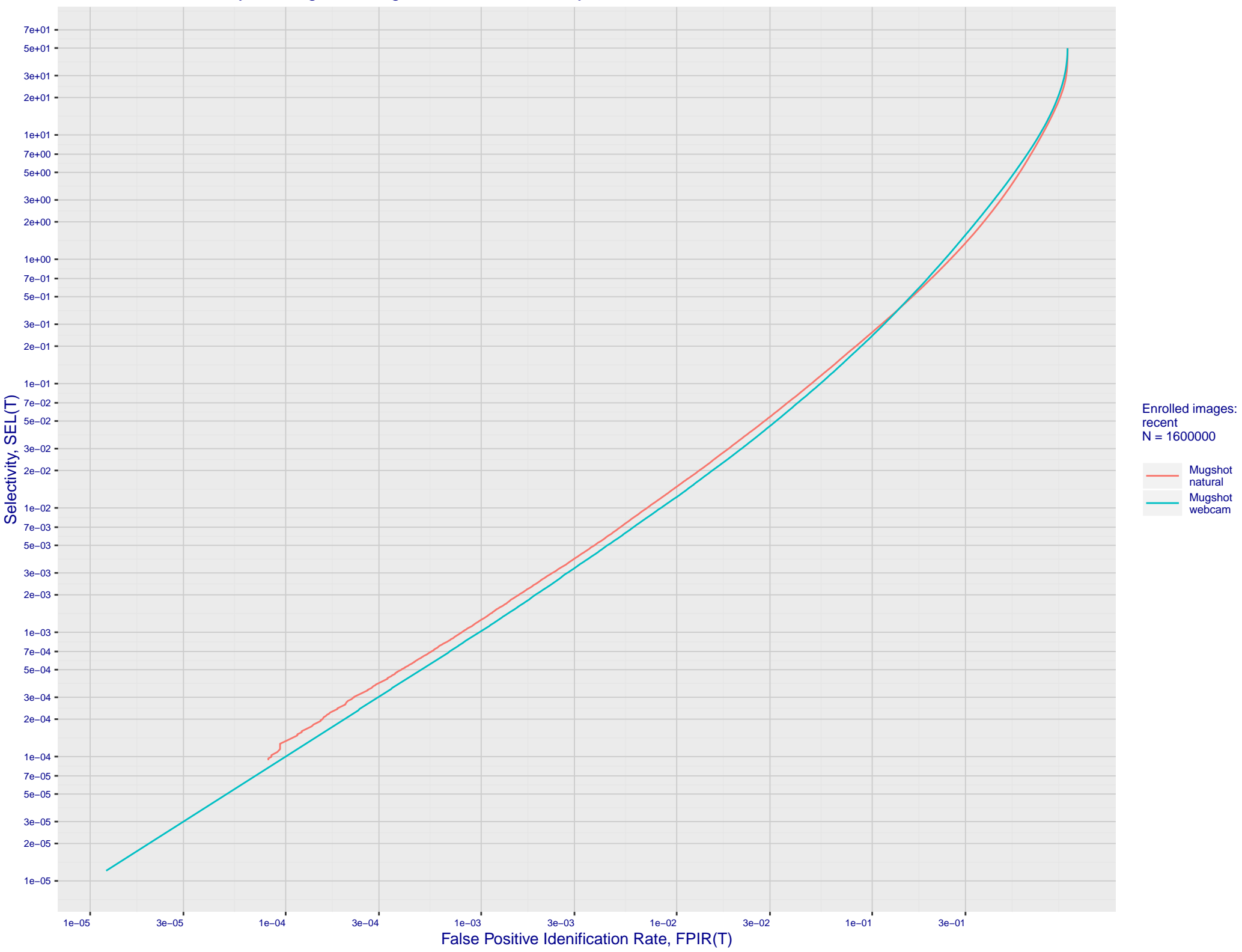A: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals
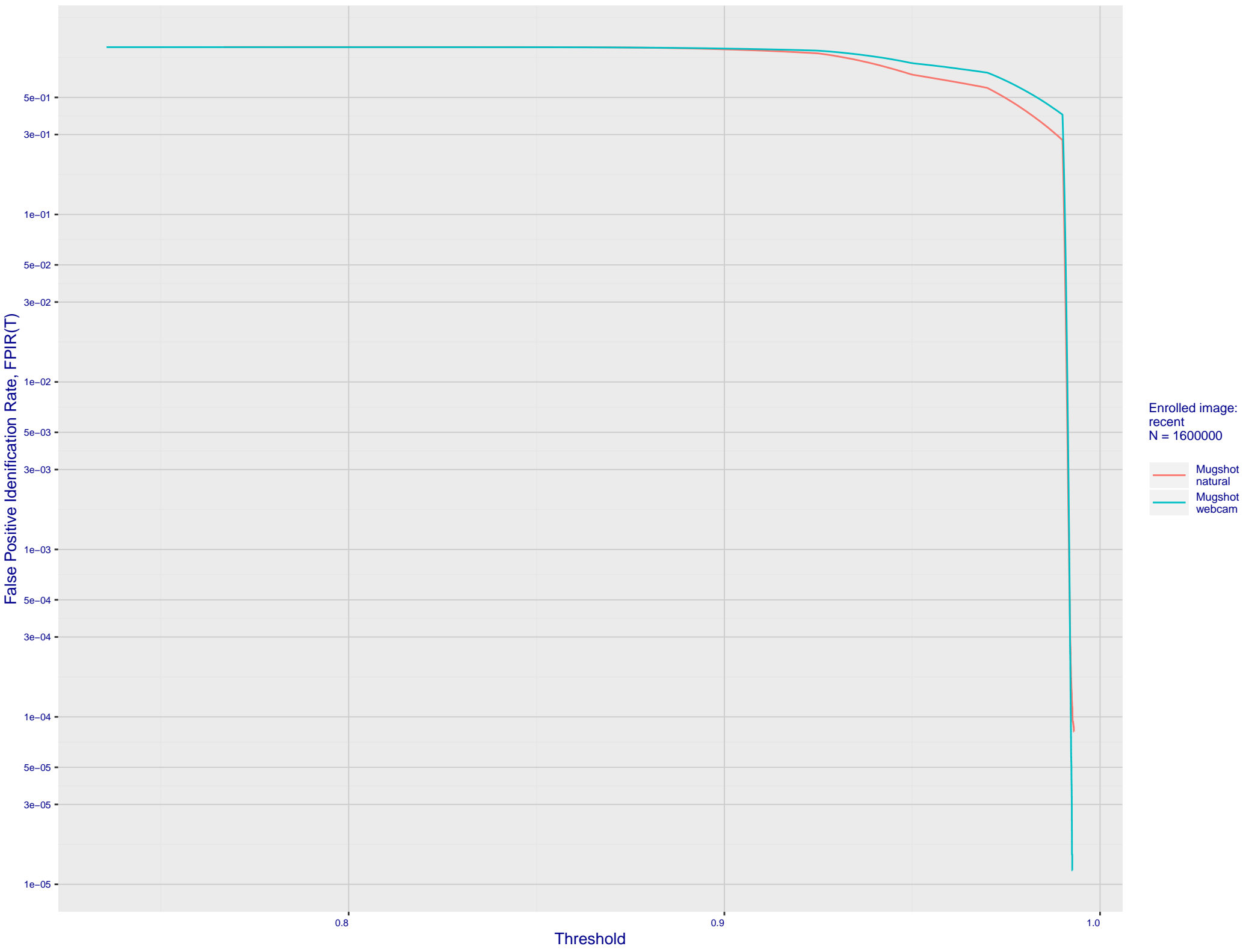
B: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images

N — 00640000 — 01600000

C: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate

Enrolled images: recent
N = 1600000

Mugshot natural

Mugshot webcam

D: FPIR dependence on T by probe type for N = 1600000 subjects

False Positive Idenification Rate, FPIR(T)

Threshold

Enrolled image:
recent
N = 1600000

Mugshot
natural

Mugshot
webcam

E: DET for Mugshot natural images and various N. Links connect points of equal threshold.

2018 Mugshot
Enrolled image:
recent

— 00640000
— 01600000
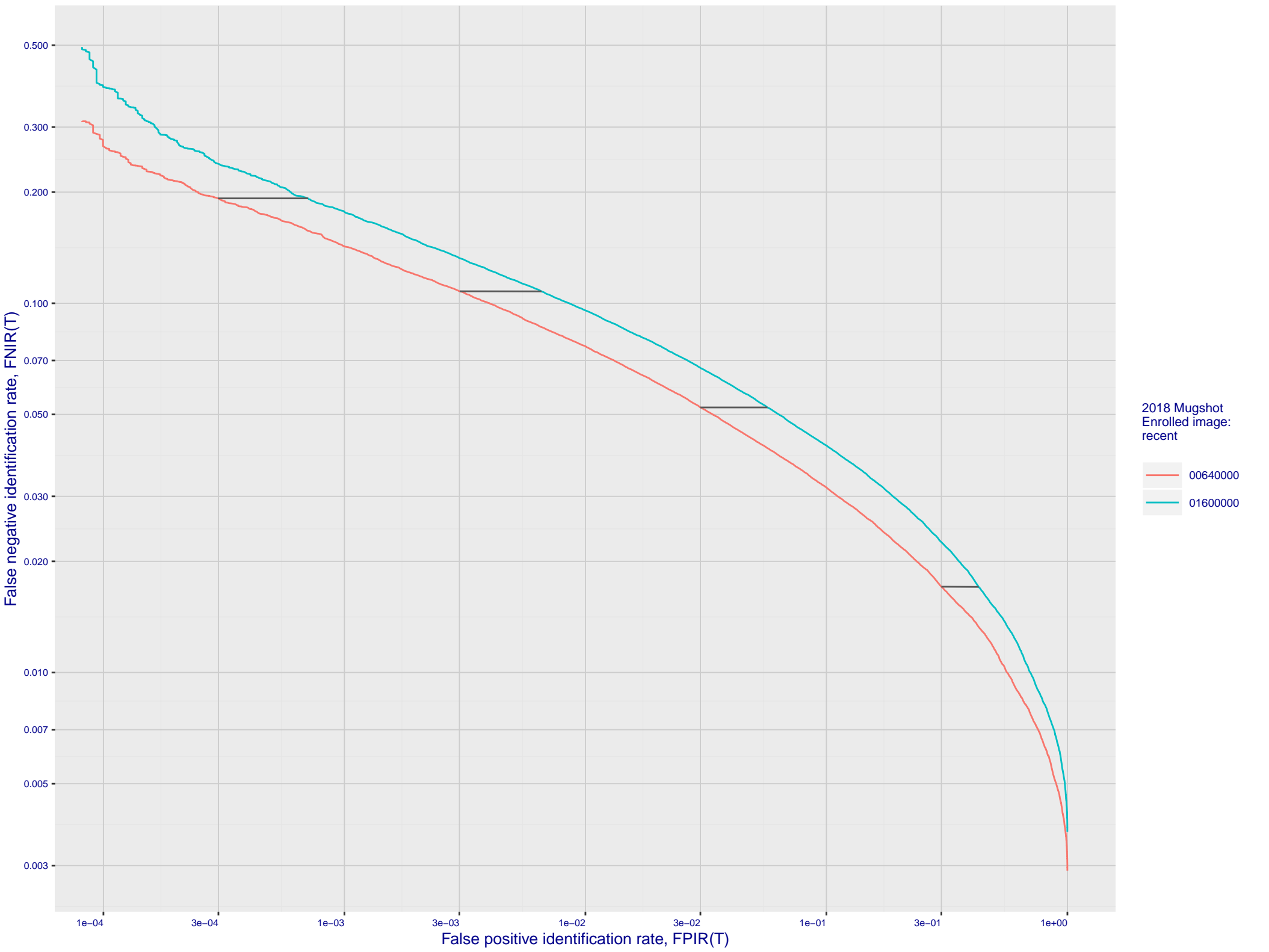
F: Mugshot natural images, identification mode: FNIR(N, L+1, T) vs. most accurate (sensetime_004)
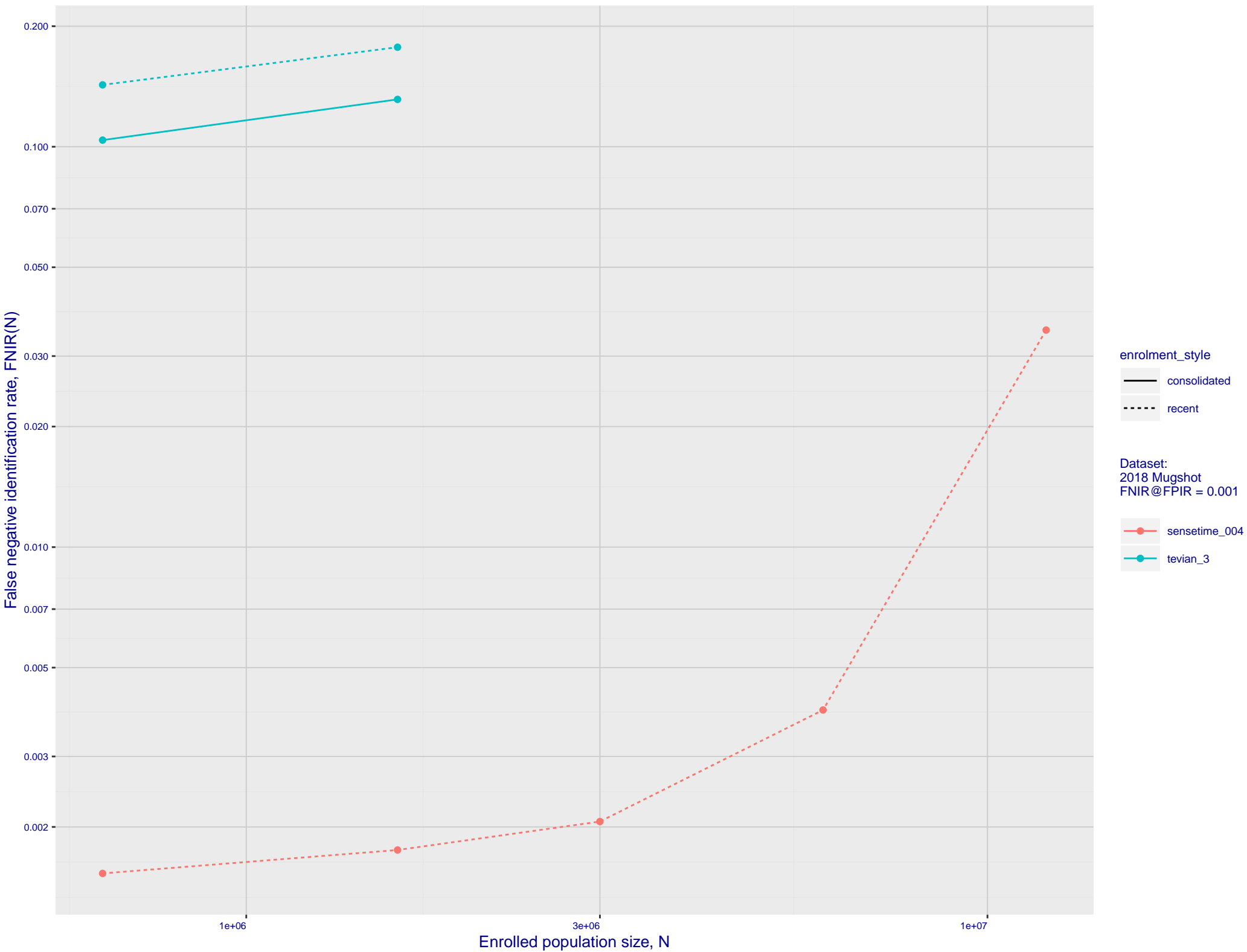
G: Datasheet

Algorithm: tevian_3

Developer: Tevian

Submission Date: 2018_06_20

Template size: 2048 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 265 msec

Template time (median): 301 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 335 msec

Frontal mugshot investigation rank 138 –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0147 vs. lowest 0.0010 from sensetime_004

natural investigation rank 133 –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0517 vs. lowest 0.0067 from sensetime_003
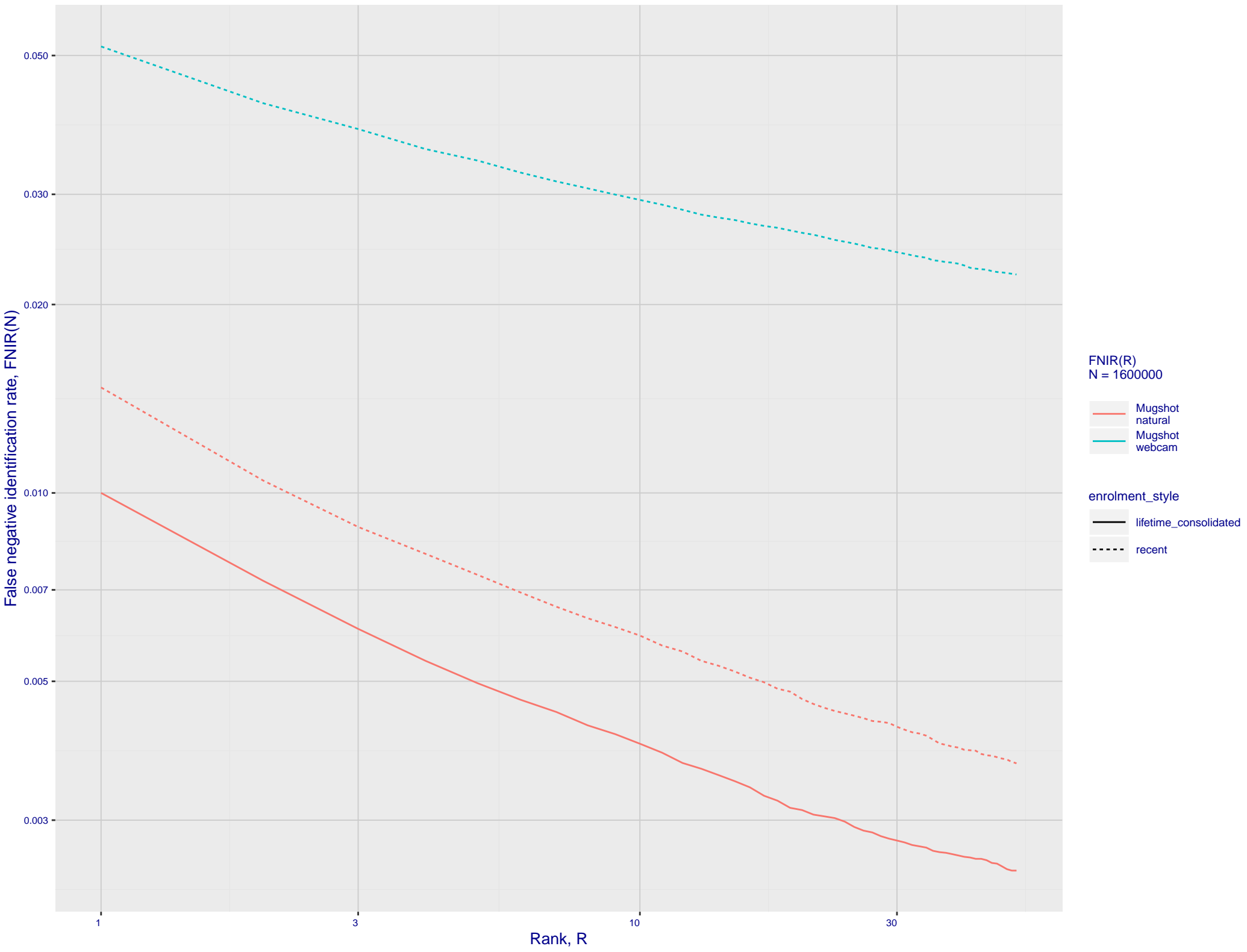
Frontal mugshot identification rank 156 –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1773 vs. lowest 0.0018 from sensetime_004

natural identification rank 143 –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.2975 vs. lowest 0.0122 from sensetime_003

H: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (yitu_4)
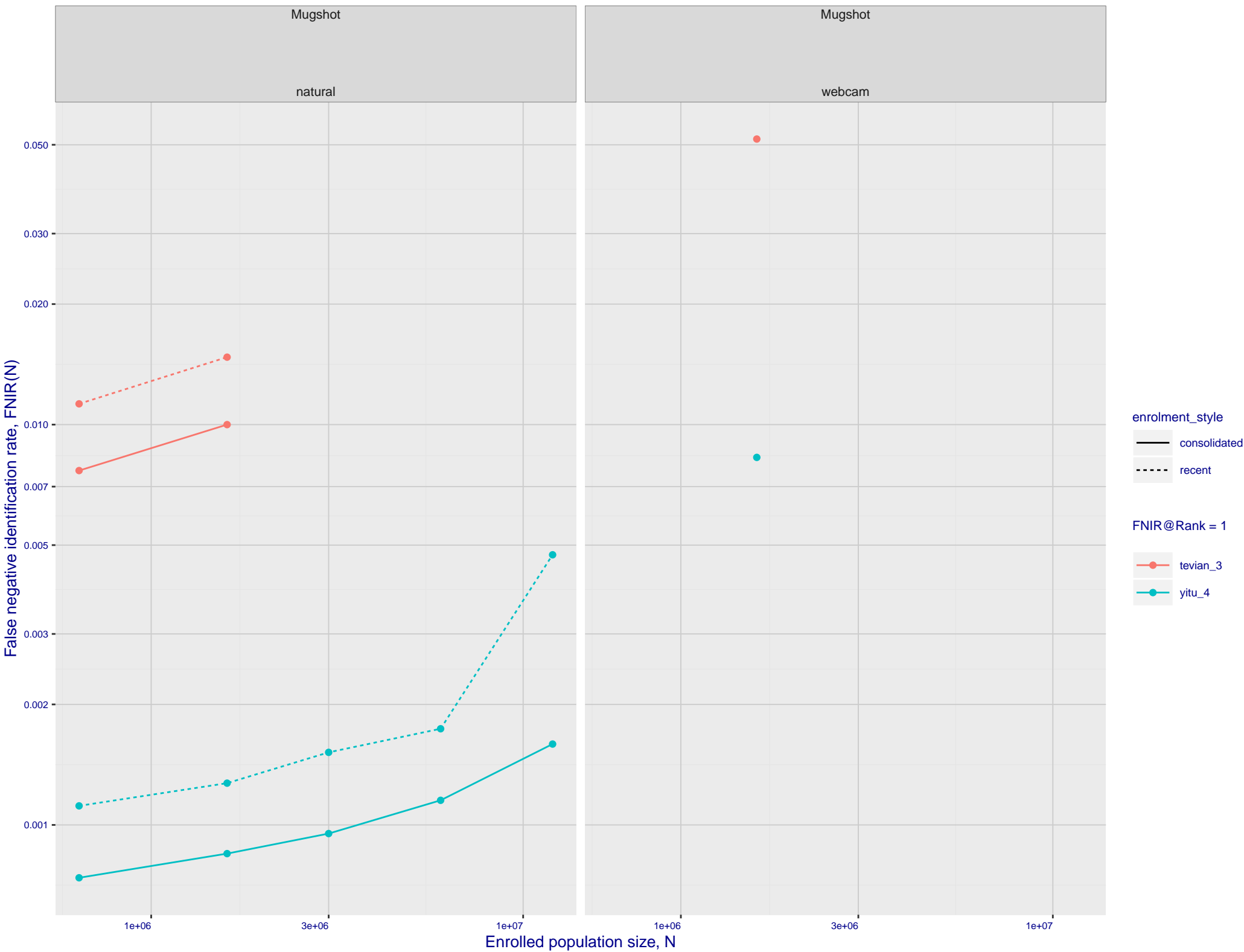
I: Investigational mode: FNIR(1600000, R, 0) by probe type

Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power-law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations