

CS 213 – Spring 2016

*Sesh Venugopal*

Lecture 5/6 – Jan 31/Feb 2

GUI - ListView

# Step 1: ListView in AnchorPane

view/List.fxml

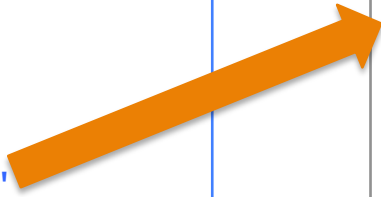
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<?import javafx.scene.layout.AnchorPane?>
<?import javafx.scene.control.ListView?>

<AnchorPane
  xmlns="http://javafx.com/javafx/8.0.40"
  xmlns:fx="http://javafx.com/fxml/1"
  fx:controller="view.ListController">

  <ListView fx:id="listView"
    AnchorPane.topAnchor = "10"
    AnchorPane.leftAnchor = "10"
    AnchorPane.rightAnchor = "10"
    AnchorPane.bottomAnchor = "10"/>

</AnchorPane>
```



ListView is “anchored” to the sides of the containing pane with a 10 pixel margin – View will resize with pane, so that margins are always 10 pixels

ListView is empty at this point – need to populate it

# Step 2: Populating with ObservableList

view.ListController

```
package view;

import javafx.collections.FXCollections;
import javafx.collections.ObservableList;
import javafx.fxml.FXML;
import javafx.scene.control.ListView;

public class ListController {
    @FXML
    ListView<String> listView;

    private observableList<String> obsList;

    public void start() {
        // create an ObservableList
        // from an ArrayList
        obsList = FXCollections.observableArrayList(
            "Giants",
            "Patriots",
            "...
            "Jaguars");
        listView.setItems(obsList);
    }
}
```

# Step 3: Loading and Displaying

app.ListApp

```
package app;
...

public class ListApp extends Application {

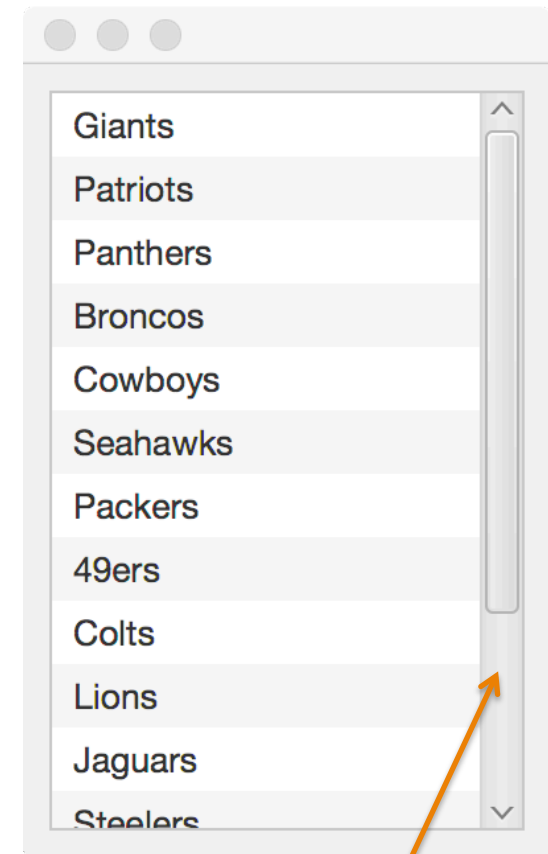
    public void start(Stage primaryStage)
    throws Exception {
        FXMLLoader loader = new FXMLLoader();
        loader.setLocation(
            getClass().getResource("/view/List.fxml"));
        AnchorPane root = (AnchorPane)loader.load();

        ListController listController =
            loader.getController();
        listController.start();

        Scene scene = new Scene(root, 200, 300);
        primaryStage.setScene(scene);
        primaryStage.show();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        launch(args);
    }
}
```

01/31/17-02/02/17



Scroll bar automatically appears  
if list is longer than view area

# Step 4: Listening to List Item Selection

view.ListController


```
package listview;
...
import javafx.stage.Stage;

public class ListController {
    ...

    public void start(Stage mainStage) {
        ...
        // select the first item
        listView.getSelectionModel().select(0);

        // set listener for the items
        listView
            .getSelectionModel()
            .selectedIndexProperty()
            .addListener(
                (obs, oldVal, newVal) ->
                    showItem(mainStage));
    }
}
```

lambda expression for the  
**changed** method of the  
functional interface  
`javafx.beans.value.ChangeListener`



# Step 5: Responding to List Item Selection

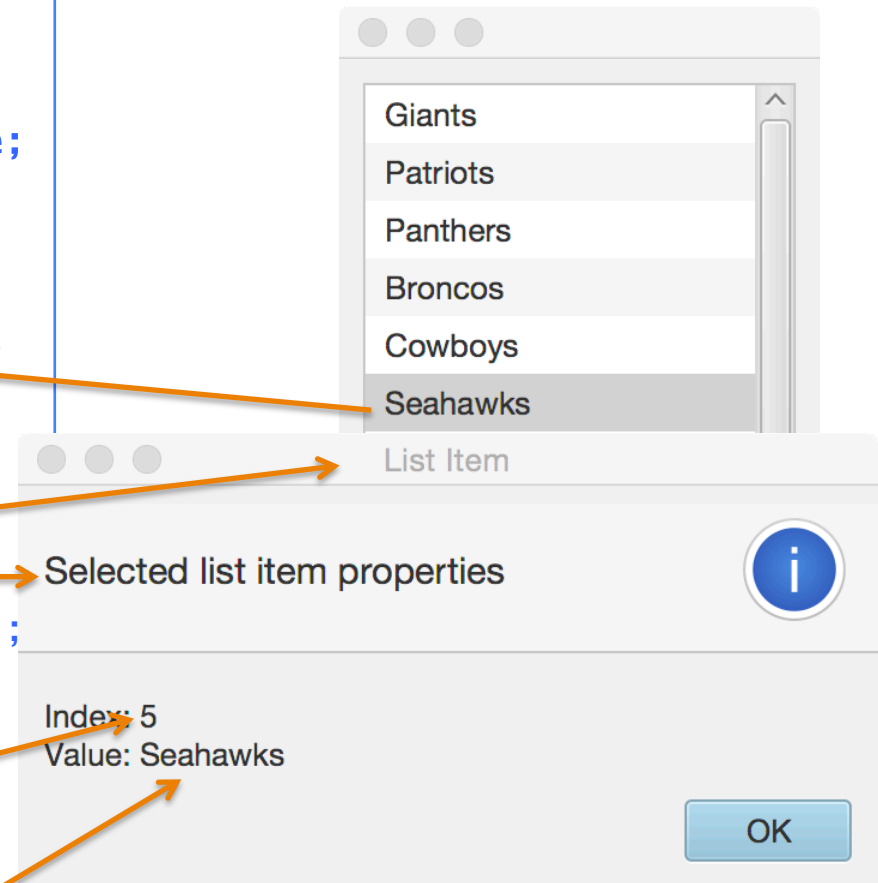
```
package listview;
...
import javafx.scene.control.Alert;
import javafx.scene.control.Alert.AlertType;

public class ListController {
    ...

    private void showItem(Stage mainStage) {
        Alert alert =
            new Alert(AlertType.INFORMATION);
        alert.initOwner(mainStage);
        alert.setTitle("List Item");
        alert.setHeaderText(
            "Selected list item properties");

        String content = "Index: " +
            listView.getSelectionModel()
                .getSelectedIndex() +
            "\nValue: " +
            listView.getSelectionModel()
                .getSelectedItem();

        alert.setContentText(content);
        alert.showAndWait();
    }
}
```



The dialog will block execution until user responds (AndWait()). Also, it will not allow interaction with owner window: this makes the dialog “modal” ( default behavior)

# Enhancement: Change Item

```
package listview;
...
import java.util.Optional; import javafx.scene.control.TextInputDialog;

public class ListController {
    ...
    public void start(Stage mainStage) {
        ...
        listView.
            ...
            .addListener((obs, oldVal, newVal) ->
                showItemInputDialog(mainStage));
    }

    private void showItemInputDialog(Stage mainStage) {
        String item = listView.getSelectionModel().getSelectedItem();
        int index = listView.getSelectionModel().getSelectedIndex();

        TextInputDialog dialog = new TextInputDialog(item);
        dialog.initOwner(mainStage); dialog.setTitle("List Item");
        dialog.setHeaderText("Selected Item (Index: " + index + ")");
        dialog.setContentText("Enter name: ");

        Optional<String> result = dialog.showAndWait();
        if (result.isPresent()) { obsList.set(index, result.get()); }
    }
}
```

# ObservableList => ListView Auto Update

