We first define a Class named Files, which has 4 attributes, "name", "Path", "size", and "type"

```
class Files(object):
   name = None
   full_path = None
   size = None
   type = None
```

Define a funtion "getList" to loop through all the file in the current dictory, for each file we find, a new "Files" object is created and added to "List_of_files" for storing the information needed for a transfer and the "LIST" function.

```
def getList():
   List of files = []
   curruent_path = os.getcwd()
   file found = False
   response = ''
   for files in os.listdir(curruent_path):
       new file = Files()
       new_file.name = files
       new_file.full_path = curruent_path + "\\" + files
       new file.size = os.path.getsize(curruent path + "\\" + files)
       fileName, fileExtension = os.path.splitext(new file.full path)
       if (fileExtension == '.mov'):
           new_file.type = "viedo"
           List_of_files.append(new_file)
        elif (fileExtension == '.mp3'):
            new file.type = "music"
           List of files.append(new file)
        elif (fileExtension == '.jpg'):
           new file.type = "picture"
           List_of_files.append(new file)
    return List of files
```

In the main function, we declare a host and port, and we start the threaded server by calling ThreadedTCPServer((HOST, PORT), ThreadedTCPRequestHandler). "ThreadedTCPRequestHandler" is our self-defined class for handling each incoming request.

The server is started by setting a variable to "threading.Thread(target=server.serve_forever" and calling the start() function. Daemon is set to true so the server will shutdown when this main thread exits.

```
server_thread = threading.Thread(target=server.serve_forever)
# Terminate the server when the main thread terminates
# by setting daemon to True
server_thread.daemon = True
server_thread.start()
```

A while true loop and raw_input is used to detect if the user has entered the "QUIT" command, If "QUIT" has been entered, and if there are no other threads(no connections) then the server will close by calling shutdown() and quit(). If there are connections, the main thread waits but giving the option to forcefully shut down.

```
while True:
    command = raw input ("enter quit to exit server: \n")
   if(command == "QUIT"):
       if(thread_counter ==0):
           print 'Main server thread shutting down the server and terminating'
           server.shutdown()
           quit()
        else:
           print 'Waiting for threads to finish...'
            while (thread counter !=0):
               force_comment = raw_input("Type FORCEQUIT to type abruptly. \n")
                if(force comment == "FORCEQUIT"):
                    print 'Bye'
                   os. exit(0)
                quit server = True
            quit()
```

If the data startswith "LIST" call the "getList" self-defined function and then first loop through the "List_of_file" to append all the nessacry information to response and send the response using "self.request.sendall"

If "List_of_file", then send "There is no files in the directory" instead.



If the data startswith "READ" then;

First loop through the "List_of_file" to find if the file that the client is trying to read exists, if not send back an error message.

Second, send the file size of the file that the client is trying to read to the client, so that it knows when the received file is completed and it can use the size to detect broken files.

```
if(files.name == filename):
    file_found = True
    self.request.sendall(str(files.size))
```

Third, open the file in read byte mode and for each line in the file send that line using self.request.sendall(line) and close the file in the end

```
f1 = open(files.name, 'rb')
for line in f1:
    self.request.sendall(line)
f1.close()
```

If the data startswith "WRITE" then;

Open a file using the open method with the filename receieved and set amount_received variable to 0. Using a while(amount_received < filesize), a try and catch statement for suddent interrupted connection, and to receive the data by calling self.request.recv(), then write the data received to the file using the write() method. If anything goes wrong, statements in the except block is excuted, closing the file and deleting the broken file.

```
while (amount received < filesize):
       mess = self.reguest.recv(64)
            #print '\nServer Thread recevied %s' % mess
           f1.write(mess)
           amount received += len(mess)
           print "AR: " + str(amount received) + " size: " + str(filesize)
       else:
           f1.close()
           break
   except:
       f1.close()
       os.remove(f1.name)
       break
if(amount received == filesize):
   print "Done Receiving"
   self.request.sendall("From Server: Recevied File: " +str(filename))
```



If the data startswith "BYE" then;

Break out of the while loop, ending the handler function

```
elif(data == "BYE"):
    break;
```

The last few statements in the handler class is for keeping count of how many connections there are. Whenever a connection ends, decreament the thread_counter variable. If the thread count is 0, then return to the main thread.