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Data Mining Initial Servers
2019-08-20
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Background:
This project is to address the Dark Data Mining needs of Technology. Data is made up of three elements: BUSINESS CRITICAL DATA, REDUNDANT OBSOLETE AND TRIVIAL (ROT) DATA, and DARK DATA:

- Gartner defines Data Mining as the process of discovering meaningful correlations, patterns and trends by sifting through large amounts of data stored in repositories.
- Gartner defines Dark Data as the information assets organizations collect, process and store during regular business activities, but generally fail to use for other purposes.

Objectives:

- Install High-Performance Analytics Software Stacks: Julia, KNIME, JanusGraph, and R plus all supporting software needed for mining data stored in Technology's Centralized Logging System
- Ability to create new use cases and gather requirements with Stakeholders for the use of Data Mining in Technology
 - Create New Technology Data Asset Classes:
- Technology Data Ontologies Assets: Common Information Models, Data Dictionaries, Taxonomies, and Ontologies

- Technology Data Cleaning Assets: Labeled Data, Conforming to ETL, Schemas, Structures, Parsing Rules
 - Technology Data Exploration Assets: Shape of Data, Outliers, per Stakeholder Use Case
- Technology Data Modeling Assets: Reuse of models, algorithms, features will grow over time
 - Technology Data Prediction Assets: Lifecycle of prediction models on new data
- Reuse of Technology Data Assets: Scope is Hundreds of Thousands of Technology Data Explorations, Hypothesis Testing Results, and Models can be reused

Benefits:

- Benefit 1: VALUABLE ASSETS
 - Data
- Sets
- Labels
- Features
- Code
- Reusable ML code
- APIs
- Models
 - Machine Learning
 - Statistics
 - Neural Nets
- Dictionaries
 - Ontologies
 - Common Information Models
- Staff
- Machine Learning Know-how
- Statistics Know-how
- Streaming Know-how
- Graph Analysis Know-how

- Neural Nets Know-how
- Backend/Frontend Know-how
- Platform
 - Data Science Toolkits
- Cutting-edge platforms leveraging Tensors which run on CPUs and can be scaled out to run on GPUs without changing much code
 - APIs
 - Benefit 2: ABILITIES
 - Data Extraction—Analyze and crawl your data in a pattern to help you organize.
 - Data Visualization—Interactive viz used by Data Mining experts to explore data.
- Linked Data Management—This is Graph Analysis; Provides a set of guidelines to organize data that is connected.
- Statistical Analysis—Uses basic descriptive statistics to explore and model data and its distribution shapes. Useful for exploration, description, probabilities, likelihood, causality. Vital.
- Machine Learning—Uses statistics and ML algorithms for prediction from patterns; Extracts useful patterns from your data. Vital.
- Neural Network Learning—Uses Low-Dimensional Neural Networks run on CPUs. Useful to throw into the mix when comparing against classic ML algorithms for accuracy, recall, precision, and scores. Vital.
- Deep Learning—Uses High-Dimensional Neural Networks run on GPUs. These discover latent structures within unlabeled, unstructured data. Vital.
- Semantic Search—This allows the context search engine to distinguish between different entities (people, places, and things) and interpret intent instead of simply finding literal matches.
 - Text Mining—Derive high-quality information from your text databases.
 - Benefit 3: INNOVATION
 - Dark Data Discovery
 - Tensor Designs
 - Classifications
 - Clusters
 - Prediction
 - Pattern Identification

- Benefit 4: IMPACT
 - Transparency—START HERE
 - Understanding—Explainable AI (XAI) aids with understanding
 - Collaboration—Builds from understanding each other
 - Trust—Builds from collaboration
 - Insight—Builds on trust
- Influence—These are believable insights as Data Mining begins to be trusted and insights are acted upon
- Leadership—Group of stakeholder champions who have benefitted from believable and insightful Data Mining, and this group carries significant influence to drive more data collection within the org and more use cases to a wider network of stakeholders
 - Data Mining Types:
 - Anomaly Detection—Useful for fraud detection
 - Association—Identifies recommendations of data frequently found near each other
 - Clustering—Involves finding groups with similar characteristics
- Classification—Sorts items into categories using the output of clustering or with categories premade by a data scientist
- Natural Language Processing—Semantic search, context search, word counts, sentiment analysis, topics, themes, ELO, scoring, survey analysis, NPS
 - Regression—Advanced statistics common to predictive analytics
- Semantic Search—Uses GANs, Genetic Algorithms (GAs) for optimization, and Deep Learning techniques on CPUs and GPUs to provide contextual search
 - Components:
- Advanced Analysis—Data Mining uses advanced analysis techniques found in Scientific Methods, Statistical Analysis, Time Series Analysis, Longitudinal Studies, Graph Theory, Machine Learning, Neural Network Theory, and Deep Learning
 - AI—Data Mining is a subset of AI and Data Science
- AutoML—Automatic Machine Learning (AutoML) steps are used in both Data Mining and Machine Learning for rapid prototyping, running through multiple algorithms, and for optimizing feature selection

- Future Focused—Data Mining is focused on finding patterns and predicting the future
- Knowledge Graph—Knowledge Graph Databases are used to represent and understand linked data
- Machine Learning—Machine Learning uses the results of Data Mining to learn something new about the data
 - Patterns—Data Mining finds patterns in the data
- Tensors—Data Mining uses scientific software, language libraries and frameworks (Julia, PyTorch etc), APIs, models, and data structures (Tensors for example) compatible with both CPU and GPU for applied computation paradigms specific to the world of AI
- Visualizations—Visualizations are used in the exploration phase to shape, understand behavior and map linked data characteristics to perform hypothesis testing, investigation and contextual search by a data scientist or analyst

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Data Mining is not BI
Local Setup
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Local Admin on Windows

```
# Local Guest OS: Hyper-V arch linux
- i3
- yay
- tmux
# Local script: ~/bin/mounthost.sh
#! /bin/bash
sudo mount -t cifs -o username=jfolkers,uid=$(id -u),guid=$(id -g)
//ASTH577YT2TECH/C$/Users/jfolkers/data/home/jf/data
# tmux
tmux new -s local
# Session is local
# Rename pane to [arch] <control-b ,>
# Create new pane <control-b c>
# Name it infrdm01d <control-b ,>
# ssh to astof-infrdm01d
tmux new -s dev
# Session is dev
# Rename pane to [rhel]
# Create new pane <control-b c>
# Name it infrdm01s <control-b ,>
# ssh to astdc-infrdm01s
tmux new -s staging
# Session is staging
```

Rename pane to [rhel] # infrdm01d # Create new pane <control-b control-b c> # Name it edex5 <control-b control-b ,> # Split horizontal <control-b control-b "> # Split horizontal again <control-b control-b "> # In bottom window put iostat iostat -xhm sdb 10 # In next up put dstat dstat -lvrn 10 # Split top pane vertically <control-b control-b %> # On Right: Clock, iftop, ns-estab.sh # On left: top nmon # infrdm01s # Create new pane <control-b control-b c> # Name it edex5 <control-b control-b ,> # Split horizontal <control-b control-b "> # Split horizontal again <control-b control-b ">

In bottom window put iostat

On Right: Clock, iftop, ns-estab.sh

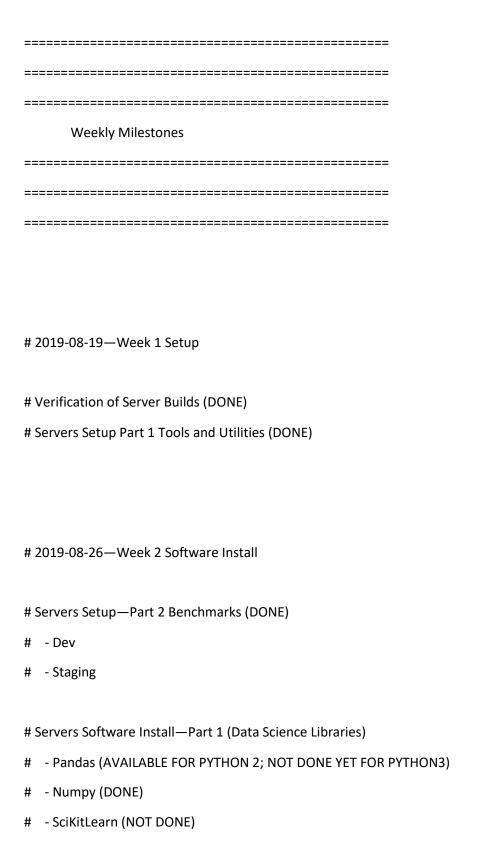
Split top pane vertically <control-b control-b %>

iostat -xhm sdb 10

dstat -lvrn 10

In next up put dstat

On left: top nmon



```
# - C#
# - JuliaPro (DONE)
# - Python3 (DONE)
# - Perl (DONE)
# - Java (LOCAL: DONE) (SERVERS: NOT DONE)
# Servers Software Install—Part 3 (Frameworks and Platforms) (...IN PROGRESS...)
# - Frameworks:
    - DRILL
#
    - .NET (mono)
#
    - Keras
# - Platforms:
    - KNIME+H2O
#
   - NLP
#
    - Orange
#
    - R+H2O (DONE)
#
    - Spark
#
    - SQL
#
    - TensorFlow
# Servers Software Install—Part 4 (Graph Technology) (...PENDING...)
# - Graph Databases: Janus Graph
# - Graph Languages: Gremlin
# - Knowledge Graph: GRAKN
# - Stacks: Tinkerpop
# Servers Software Install—Part 5 (...PENDING...)
# - IDE: JupyterLab
```

Servers Software Install—Part 2 (Languages)

```
# - IDE: GhostVIM (DONE)
# Servers Software Install—Part 6 (Viz) (...PENDING...)
# - TensorBoard, Shiny, D3.js, three.js
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        Issues
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# 2019-08-19—Week 1 Setup
# ISSUE: Installation—Python science libs (matplotlib, etc)
# FIXED: Add repos, install with yum, rpms, and pip
# 2019-08-26—Week 2 Software Install
# ISSUE: KNIME Analytics Platform requires Remote in to Linux
# FIXED: Marcus suggests No Machine
# 2019-09-04 Week 3 Compile R
# ISSUE: Idd R shows libs not linking to openblas
# FIXED: Compile both R and BLAS and link libraries with symlinks
# Tested using R-Benchmark-25.R for up to 100x faster improvement with OpenBLAS over stock BLAS
```

https://www.r-bloggers.com/for-faster-r-use-openblas-instead-better-than-atlas-trivial-to-switch-to-on-ubuntu/
2019-09-12 Week 4 Compile R Packages
ISSUE: tidymodels not compiling due to stan and stanarm dependencies requiring gcc++14 standards
SUB-ISSUE: RedHat comes with gcc++ version 3.8.5 with most gcc++14 standards implemented but not all
SUB-ISSUE: Upgrading compilers can be explodey on servers and not recommended for most of the time
FIXED: stan compiled using -std c++1y
FIXED: stanarm compiled using another linux system with a newer gcc++ version 9.1 that implements gcc++14 fully
FIXED: also installed gcc-gfortran using another linux to compile stanarm
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Server Build Verification
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Verified server specs:

- astof-infrdm01d DNS: 10.27.32.45 4 cores 32G ram /data 500G /opt 40G /usr 15G
- astdc-infrdm01s DNS: 10.22.32.22 8 cores 64G ram /data 1T /opt 40G /usr 15G

Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 7.7 (Maipo)
Minimum kernel needed for modern container support (LXC, Docker, etc) is 3.10
Current kernel verified: 3.10
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Ports
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22 - ssh
80 - web
445 - CIFS (server reaches out to remote port 445 on laptop)
2181 - zookeeper
3306 - mysql
3838 - Shiny
4000 - NX No Machine
4040 - Spark
4698 - NX No Machine-UDP
5044 - Logstash

5601 - Kibana

6000 - X11 Server

6006 - TensorBoard

8080 - Monitorix

8081 - McAfee agent

8787 - RStudio Server

8888 - JupyterLab

9092 - Kafka

9200 - Elastic

64440 - KNIME Web

any	10.27.3	32.45	22	ssh Development Permit
any	10.27.3	32.45	80	web Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	445	CIFS Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	2181	Kafka—ZooKeeper Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	2304	Spark—Thift Server Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	3306	mysql Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	3838	R—Shiny Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	4000	NX NoMachine Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	4040	Spark Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	4567	GRAKN Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	4698	NX NoMachine Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	5044	Logstash Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	5181	Spark—ZooKeeper Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	5601	Kibana Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	5660	Spark—MapR Filesystem Server Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	5692	Spark—MapR Filesystem Server Development Permit
10.27.3	2.45	any	6006	TensorBoard Development Permit

10.27.32.45	any	7000	JanusGraph—CassandraDevelopment Permit
10.27.32.45	any	7001	JanusGraph—CassandraDevelopment Permit
10.27.32.45	any	7077	Spark—Standalone Master (RPC) Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	7199	JanusGraph—CassandraDevelopment Permit
10.27.32.45	any	7222	Spark—CLDB Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	7337	Spark—External Shuffle Service Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8032	Spark—Resource Manager Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8080	Monitorix Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8081	McAfee agent Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8580	Spark—Standalone Master (Web UI) Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8581	Spark—Standalone Worker Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8787	RStudio Server Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8888	JupyterLab Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8980	Spark—Standalone Master (Web UI) Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	8981	Spark—Standalone Worker Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	9042	JanusGraph Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	9092	Kafka Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any		
	arry	9160	JanusGraph—Thrift Server Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	9160	IanusGraph—Thrift Server Development Permit Elastic Development Permit
10.27.32.45 10.27.32.45	·		
	any	9200 9300	Elastic Development Permit
10.27.32.45	any	9200 9300 18080	Elastic Development Permit Elastic Development Permit
10.27.32.45 10.27.32.45	any any any	9200 9300 18080 18480	Elastic Development Permit Elastic Development Permit Spark—History Server Development Permit

any	10.22.3	32.22	80	web	Stage	Permit				
10.22.3	32.22	any	445	CIFS	Stage	Permit				
10.22.3	32.22	any	2181	Kafka—	-ZooKee	per	Stage	Permit		
10.22.3	32.22	any	2304	Spark—	-Thift Se	rver	Stage	Permit		
10.22.3	32.22	any	3306	mysql	Stage	Permit				
10.22.3	32.22	any	3838	R—Shir	ny	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	4000	NX NoN	∕lachine	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	4040	Spark	Stage	Permit				
10.22.3	32.22	any	4567	GRAKN	Stage	Permit				
10.22.3	32.22	any	4698	NX NoN	∕lachine	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	5044	Logstas	sh	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	5181	Spark—	-ZooKee	per	Stage	Permit		
10.22.3	32.22	any	5601	Kibana	Stage	Permit				
10.22.3	32.22	any	5660	Spark—	-MapR F	ilesyste	m Serve	Stage	Permit	
10.22.3	32.22	any	5692	Spark—	-MapR F	ilesyste	m Serve	Stage	Permit	
10.22.3	32.22	any	6006	Tensori	Board	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	7000	JanusG	raph—C	assandr	aStage	Permit		
10.22.3	32.22	any	7001	JanusG	raph—C	assandr	aStage	Permit		
10.22.3	32.22	any	7077	Spark—	-Standal	one Ma	ster (RP	C)	Stage	Permit
10.22.3	32.22	any	7199	JanusG	raph—C	assandr	aStage	Permit		
10.22.3	32.22	any	7222	Spark—	-CLDB	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	7337	Spark—	-Externa	l Shuffle	Service	Stage	Permit	
10.22.3	32.22	any	8032	Spark—	-Resour	ce Mana	ger	Stage	Permit	
10.22.3	32.22	any	8080	Monito	rix	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	8081	McAfee	e agent	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	8580	Spark—	-Standal	one Ma	ster (We	b UI)	Stage	Permit
10.22.3	32.22	any	8581	Spark—	-Standal	one Wo	rker	Stage	Permit	
10.22.3	32.22	any	8787	RStudio	Server	Stage	Permit			
10.22.3	32.22	any	8888	Jupyter	Lab	Stage	Permit			

10.22.32.22	any	8980	Spark—	Standal	one Mas	ster (We	b UI)	Stage	Permit
10.22.32.22	any	8981	Spark—	Standal	one Woi	rker	Stage	Permit	
10.22.32.22	any	9042	JanusGr	aph	Stage	Permit			
10.22.32.22	any	9092	Kafka	Stage	Permit				
10.22.32.22	any	9160	JanusGr	aph—T	hrift Ser	ver	Stage	Permit	
10.22.32.22	any	9200	Elastic	Stage	Permit				
10.22.32.22	any	9300	Elastic	Stage	Permit				
10.22.32.22	any	18080	Spark—	History	Server	Stage	Permit		
10.22.32.22	any	18480	Spark—	History	Server	Stage	Permit		
10.22.32.22	any	48555	GRAKN	Stage	Permit				
10.22.32.22	any	64440	KNIME	Stage	Permit				

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BEGIN HERE		
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Verify jfolkers has sudoers (DONE by Systems) (approved by Marcus 2019-08-20) sudo -i

AD Group—Add jfolkers to linuxuser (DONE by Systems) (approved by Marcus 2019-08-20)
Technology Systems does this

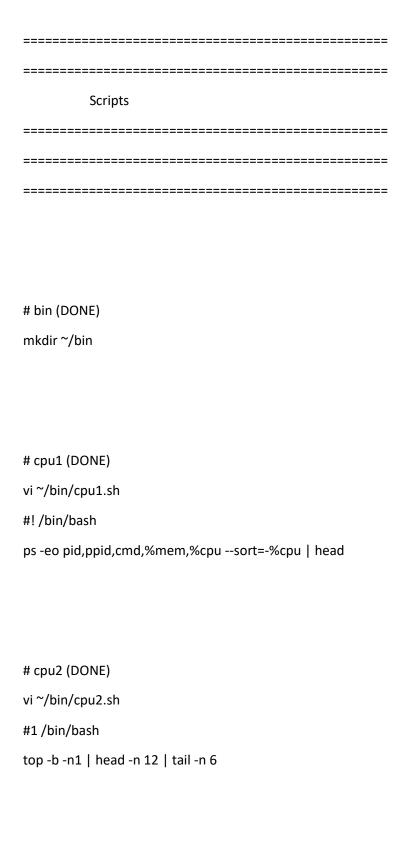
Allows access to all RedHat7 systems
SELinux—Change from enforced to permissive (DONE) (approved by Marcus 2019-08-20)
sudo vi /etc/selinux/config
Verify (DONE)
getenforce
Firewall—Disable (DONE) (approved by Marcus 2019-08-20)
sudo service firewalld stop
sudo systemctl disable firewalld
Reboot (DONE)
sudo reboot
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Shell

CLI-vi (DONE)

vi .bashrc

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Repositories
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RHEL 7.x
MILL 7.X
EPEL
wget https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-7.noarch.rpm
sudo yum install epel-release-latest-7.noarch.rpm
RPMFUSION
sudo yum localinstallnogpgcheck https://download1.rpmfusion.org/free/el/rpmfusion-free-release-7.noarch.rpm

set -o vi



custom.sh (DONE)

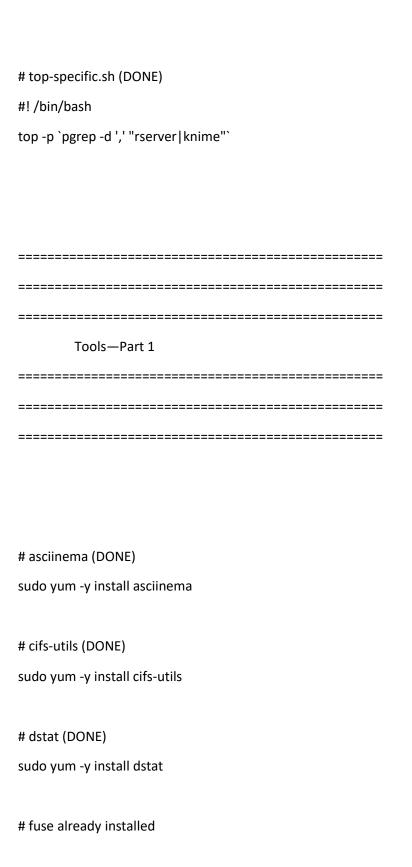
```
vi /etc/profile.d/custom.sh
#! /bin/bash
echo
echo
echo 'Technology Infrastructure - Data Mining Team'
echo
echo
/usr/local/bin/dataminerlogo
echo
echo
echo "Data Miner Server - Dev'
echo
echo
/usr/bin/inxi
echo
# Aliases and functions
set -o vi
export TERM="screen-256color"
# R libs
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local/lib64/:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

```
export R_LIBS_USER="/opt/R/library"
export R_HOME=/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R
# R ALL USERS - Installed Packages
export R_LIBS_USER="/opt/R/library"
PATH=/opt/R/3.6.1_openblas/bin/:$PATH:/usr/local/bin
export PATH
powerline-daemon -q
POWERLINE_BASH_CONTINUATION=1
POWERLINE_BASH_SELECT=1
. /usr/local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/powerline/bindings/bash/powerline.sh
# dataminerlogo (DONE)
# compile with cc and put in /usr/local/bin/dataminerlogo
#include <stdio.h>
void red () {
 printf("\x1b[38;5;198m");
}
```

void green () {

```
printf("\x1b[38;5;82m");
}
void bright () {
printf("\x1b[38;5;87m");
}
void reset () {
 printf("\033[0m");
}
int main () {
red();
 printf(" ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ \n");
 reset();
```

```
printf(" /D\\ /A\\ /T\\ /A\\ ");
bright();
printf("/M\ /I\ /N\ /E\ /R\ \n");
green();
printf("<__><__><__>\n");
reset();
return 0;
}
# netstat (DONE)
vi ~/bin/ns-estab.sh
#! /bin/bash
netstat -antp 2>/dev/null | grep -v 'tcp6' | grep 'ESTAB' | cut -c 21-61 | sed 's/ //'
vi ~/bin/ns-listen.sh (DONE)
#! /bin/bash
netstat -antp 2>/dev/null | grep -v 'tcp6' | grep 'LISTEN' | cut -c 21-61 | sed 's/ //'
```



```
# git (DONE)
sudo yum -y install git
# hwinfo (DONE)
sudo yum -y install hwinfo
# inxi (DONE)
sudo yum -y install inxi
# libappindicator-gtk3 (dependencies for dissenter) <<<<<<
sudo yum install libappindicator-gtk3
# liberation-fonts (dependencies for dissenter) <<<<<<
sudo yum install 'liberation-fonts'
# libXScrnSaver (dependencies for dissenter) <<<<<<
sudo yum install 'libXss.so.1()(64bit)'
# Isof (DONE)
sudo yum -y install Isof
# net-tools already installed
# openssh already installed
# openssl already installed
# pcre already installed
```

```
# redhat-lsb-core (dependencies for dissenter) <<<<<<<
sudo yum install redhat-lsb-core
# tmux RH HAS OLD TMUX 1.8—DO NOT INSTALL
# install tmux 2.x for mouse scroll ability (see below in Tools—Part 4)
# time (DONE)
sudo yum -y install time
# tex (DONE)
sudo yum -y install tex
sudo yum -y install texinfo
# samba (DONE)
sudo yum -y install samba
# snappy already installed
# vim (DONE)
sudo yum -y install vim
# yum-utils already installed
_____
```

Tools—Part 2

sudo yum -y install nmon

Extra Packag	ges for Enterp	orise Linux (Ef	PEL)	
========	:=======	=======	=======	======
	=======	=======	=======	======

```
# Add epel repository
# https://access.redhat.com/discussions/3140721
sudo rpm -ivh https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-7.noarch.rpm
sudo yum update
# iftop (DONE)
sudo yum -y install iftop
# iptraf-ng (DONE)
sudo yum -y install iptraf
# jq (DONE)
sudo yum -y install jq
# ncdu (DONE)
sudo yum -y install ncdu
# nmon (DONE)
```

======		:==:
======		:==:
	Tools—Part 3	
	Containers	
======		:==:
======		===

lxc (SKIP UNTIL NEEDED)

https://www.linuxjournal.com/content/everything-you-need-know-about-linux-containers-part-i-linux-control-groups-and-process

yum install libcgroup libcgroup-tools

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sK5i-N34im8&feature=youtu.be @ 41:48

Make sure mount points are private; make sure mount points inside containers do not bleed out to the host

However, https://bugs.debian.org/cgi-bin/bugreport.cgi?bug=739593

makes the opposite case. Just leave it shared at / and opt out of mount namespace for your control group

mount --make rprivate /

Create directories for images and containers

mkdir -p images containers

Create image

btrfs subvol create images/alpine

get alpine image from docker

CID=\$(docker run -d alpine true)

echo \$CID

```
# cbdb549b8b0dd644...
# docker generates a tarball... extract it into alpine directory
docker export $CID | tar -C images/alpine/ -xf-
Is images/alpine/
bin dev etc home lib linuxrc media mnt proc root run sbin sys tmp usr var
# make a snapshot
btrfs subvol snapshot images/alpine/ containers/tupperware
# keep track
touch containers/tupperware/THIS_IS_TUPPERWAAARE
Is containers/tupperware/
bin dev etc home lib linuxrc media mnt proc root run sbin sys THIS_IS_TUPPERWAAAARE tmp usr var
# change
chroot containers/tupperware/sh
ls
THIS_IS_TUPPERWAAARE bin dev etc home lib linuxrc media mnt proc root run sbin sys tmp usr var
exit
# use namespaces... give me all the namespaces except user namespace
unshare --mount --utc --ipc --net --pid --fork bash
hostname tupperware
exec bash
# yes in container
# not really a container yet, but we do have namespaces
ps
# not pid1 yet...
pidof unshare
6902
kill 6902
# no such process... because I'm in the namespace and that PID doesn't exist in this namespace
# but if I mount proc as a test... now I only see processes inside...(I see bash has PID 1... etc)
```

```
mount -t proc none /proc
ps
ps faux
umount /proc/
# now i want to get into the filesystem of my container
cd /btrfs/containers/tupperware
mkdir oldroot
pivot_root . oldroot/
cd /
mount --bind //btrfs/containers/upperware/ /btrfs/containers/tupperware/
mount --move /btrfs/containers/tupperware/ /btrfs/
cd /btrfs/
ls
pivot_root . oldroot/
cd /
ls
# I'm in my tupperware container
mount -t proc none /proc
mount
# still tons of mounts from host
umount -a
mont -t proc none /proc
mount
# still have old root
umount -I /oldroot/
mount
# now I have just my container
# no networking yet...
ping 4.2.2.1
```

```
# Docker (DONE)
```

Don't use docker. Requires a Red Hat subscription for container-selinux dependency.

Add docker repository

https://www.unixarena.com/2018/06/how-to-install-docker-on-redhat-linux-rhel-centos.html/

Docker provides the community edition for Centos which also can be installed on RHEL.

sudo -i

yum-config-manager --add-repo https://download.docker.com/linux/centos/docker-ce.repo sudo yum install docker-ce

Error: Package: containerd.io-1.2.6-3.3.el7.x86_64 (docker-ce-stable)

Requires: container-selinux >= 2:2.74

Error: Package: 3:docker-ce-19.03.1-3.el7.x86_64 (docker-ce-stable)

Requires: container-selinux >= 2:2.74

Redhat Linux (RHEL 7) requires extra rpms. Enable the extras RHEL repository. This ensures access to the container-selinux package which is required by docker-ce. It requires a Red Hat subscription.

yum-config-manager -- enable rhel-7-server-extras-rpms

This system has no repositories available through subscriptions.

subscription-manager repos --enable=rhel-7-server-extras-rpms

This system has no repositories available through subscriptions.

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/45272827/docker-ce-on-rhel-requires-container-selinux-2-9

Installing the Selinux from the Centos repository worked for me:

1. Go to http://mirror.centos.org/centos/7/extras/x86_64/Packages/

2. Find the latest version for container-selinux i.e. container-selinux-2.21-1.el7.noarch.rpm

3. Run the following command on your terminal: \$ sudo yum install -y http://mirror.centos.org/centos/7/extras/x86_64/Packages/**Add_current_container-selinux package here**

4. The command should looks like the following \$ sudo yum install -y http://mirror.centos.org/centos/7/extras/x86_64/Packages/container-selinux-2.21-1.el7.noarch.rpm

```
# Just install selinux latest version to fix it:
# sudo yum install -y http://mirror.centos.org/centos/7/extras/x86_64/Packages/container-selinux-
2.95-2.el7_6.noarch.rpm
sudo yum install docker-ce
# https://docs.docker.com/install/linux/linux-postinstall/
sudo groupadd docker
sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
newgrp docker
# Change docker's image and data path to point to /opt/docker
# This avoids running out of space on the /var mount (/var/lib/docker)
# Edit /etc/docker/daemon.json
"data-root": "/opt/docker"
}
# Restart daemon
sudo systemctl stop docker
sudo systemctl start docker
sudo systemctl enable docker
docker run hello-world
# Docker Compose (DONE)
sudo yum install docker-compose
# Python Virtual Environment (DONE)
# https://developers.redhat.com/blog/2018/08/13/install-python3-rhel/
```

# Create py36-venv and activate it		
python3 -m venv py36-venv		
source py36-venv/bin/activate		
# python3 -m pip installsome modules		
=======================================		
=======================================		
Tools—Part 4		
Manual Install		
# Diskplorer Requirement: fio (DONE)		
git clone https://github.com/axboe/fio		
./configure		
make		
sudo make install		
# Diskplorer Requirement: libaio (DONE)		

sudo yum install libaio libaio-devel

```
# Diskplorer (DONE)
git clone https://github.com/avikivity/diskplorer
./configure
make
sudo make install
# neofetch (NOT DONE)
# powerline (DONE)
# https://www.tecmint.com/powerline-adds-powerful-statuslines-and-prompts-to-vim-and-bash/
sudo pip3 install git+git://github.com/Lokaltog/powerline
wget https://github.com/powerline/powerline/raw/develop/font/PowerlineSymbols.otf
wget https://github.com/powerline/powerline/raw/develop/font/10-powerline-symbols.conf
sudo mv PowerlineSymbols.otf /usr/share/fonts/
sudo fc-cache -vf /usr/share/fonts/
sudo mv 10-powerline-symbols.conf /etc/fonts/conf.d/
# get location of powerline
pip3 show powerline-status
# put powerline scripts in .bashrc
vi .bashrc
export TERM="screen-256color"
powerline-daemon -q
POWERLINE_BASH_CONTINUATION=1
```

```
. /usr/local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/powerline/bindings/bash/powerline.sh
# put powerline scripts in .vimrc
vi .vimrc
set rtp+=/usr/local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/powerline/bindings/vim/
set laststatus=2
set t_Co=256
# put powerline scripts in .tmux.conf
vi .tmux.conf
source /usr/local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/powerline/bindings/tmux/powerline.conf
set -g mouse on
setw mode-keys vi
# BUG: current version of powerline script does not load proper symbols in tmux due to tmux -V
returning 'tmux next-3.1'
# powerline-config tmux setup: shows __init__.py stops with ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base
10: 'next-3'
# FIX: edit /usr/local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/powerline/bindings/tmux/__init__.py
# in get_tmux_version, add line above suffix: major = "3"
# SpaceVIM (DONE)
# https://spacevim.org/quick-start-guide/
curl -sLf https://spacevim.org/install.sh | bash
# (TODO) NEXT STEPS: VERIFY PYTHON IDE AND JAVA IDE WORKS
```

POWERLINE_BASH_SELECT=1

tmux (DONE)

```
# Need tmux>=2.x to get mouse scroll ability
# Remove RedHat's old tmux 1.8 version
sudo yum remove tmux
# tmux depends on ncurses-devel
sudo yum install ncurses-devel
# tmux depends on libevent 2.x but is inaccessible because RedHat has put libevent-devel in Server
Optional channel
# compile libevent 2.x and store in /usr/local/lib/
wget https://github.com/libevent/libevent/archive/release-2.1.11-stable.tar.gz
tar xvfz release-2.1.11-stable.tar.gz
cd libevent-release-2.1.11-stable/
sh autogen.sh
./configure && make
sudo make install
# compile tmux 3.1
git clone https://github.com/tmux/tmux
cd tmux/
sh autogen.sh
export DIR="/usr/local"
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:$DIR/lib
./configure --prefix=$DIR CFLAGS="-I$DIR/include" LDFLAGS="-L$DIR/lib"
make
sudo make install
# Add /usr/local/lib and /usr/local/lib64 to shared library path on RHEL
# https://access.redhat.com/solutions/3020411
# https://access.redhat.com/solutions/2432
# newly compiled tmux won't find libevent-2.1.so.7 in /usr/local/lib unless you
# tell RedHat to update the ld.so.cache with /usr/local/lib and /usr/local/lib64
touch /etc/ld.so.conf.d/usrlocal.conf
```

```
echo "/usr/local/lib" > /etc/ld.so.conf.d/usrlocal.conf
echo "/usr/local/lib64" >> /etc/ld.so.conf.d/usrlocal.conf
sudo /sbin/ldconfig -v | grep -i libevent
# vim 8.1 compiled (SKIP) (USE SPACEVIM)
# https://github.com/Valloric/YouCompleteMe/wiki/Building-Vim-from-source
sudo yum install -y ruby ruby-devel lua lua-devel luajit luajit-devel ctags git python python-devel
python3 python3-devel tcl-devel perl perl-devel perl-ExtUtils-ParseXS perl-ExtUtils-XSpp perl-ExtUtils-
CBuilder perl-ExtUtils-Embed
# No ruby-devel
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/30665912/no-ruby-devel-in-rhel7
# https://www.rpmfind.net/linux/rpm2html/search.php?query=ruby-devel
# RHEL7.5, this package can be installed with:
# rpm -ivh ruby-devel-2.0.0.648-33.el7_4.x86_64.rpm
# https://www.rpmfind.net/linux/centos/7.6.1810/updates/x86_64/Packages/ruby-devel-2.0.0.648-
35.el7_6.x86_64.rpm
# Latest 2.0.0.648 version is "ruby-devel-2.0.0.648-35.el7_6.x86_64.rpm" but 36 does not exist except
only in RedHat
# Therefore, do it all in a container because ultimately python3-devel will be needed and same problem.
# No lua-devel
# No python3-devel
# https://github.com/vim/vim
```

+cscope

C/C++ IDE

PHP IDE

Ruby IDE

Perl IDE

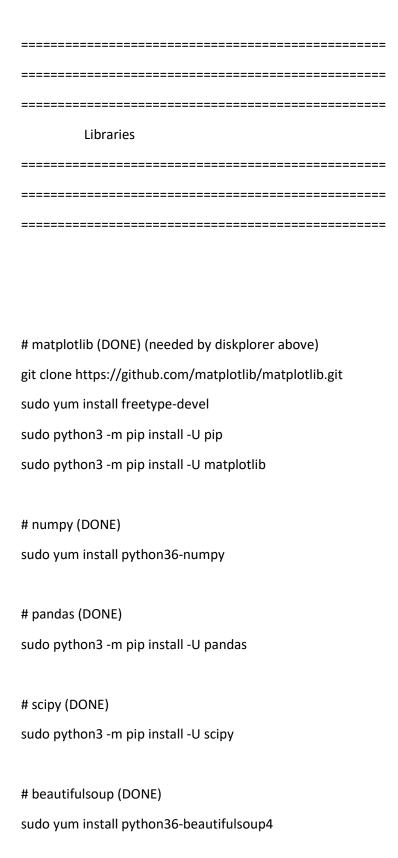
JavaScript IDE

```
# CoffeeScript IDE
# Lua IDE
# Go IDE
# Python IDE
# Java IDE
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/30444890/vim-use-python3-interpreter-in-python-mode
# let g:pymode_python = 'python3'
#:help python-mode
cd vim
./configure \
--enable-perlinterp \
--enable-python3interp \
--enable-rubyinterp \
--enable-cscope \
--enable-gui=auto \
--enable-gtk2-check \
--enable-gnome-check \
--with-features=huge \
--enable-multibyte \
--with-x\
--with-compiledby="xorpd" \
--with-python3-config-dir=/usr/lib/python3.4/config-3.4m-x86_64-linux-gnu \
--prefix=/opt/vim74
# vim plugins (SKIP) (USE SPACEVIM)
# https://opensource.com/article/19/1/vim-plugins-developers
# (gruvbox and molokai colorthemes, auto-pairs, supertab, nerd completer, nerdtree, tagbar)
```

vim plugin: auto-pairs
https://www.vim.org/scripts/script.php?script_id=3599
git clone git://github.com/jiangmiao/auto-pairs.git ~/.vim/bundle/auto-pairs
mkdir -f .vim/plugin
cp .vim/bundle/auto-pairs/plugin/auto-pairs.vim .vim/plugin
vim plugin: nerd commenter
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Fonts
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Groups

List
sudo yum group list hidden
sado yani group iist iiidaen
Scientific support (DONE)
sudo yum -y groupinstall "Scientific support"
setopt=group_package_types=mandatory,default,optional
D
Development tools (DONE)
sudo yum -y groupinstall "Development tools"
setopt=group_package_types=mandatory,default,optional
Infrastructure server (DONE)
sudo yum -y groupinstall "Infrastructure server"
=======================================
Languages
Languages

go (DONE)
sudo yum -y install go
others (DONE)
sudo yum install -y ruby ruby-devel lua lua-devel luajit luajit-devel ctags git python python-devel python3 python3-devel tcl-devel perl perl-devel perl-ExtUtils-ParseXS perl-ExtUtils-XSpp perl-ExtUtils-CBuilder perl-ExtUtils-Embed
note: lua-devel python-devel and ruby-devel did not install (NOT AVAILABLE)
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Scientific Distributions
MUST USE SEPARATE PYTHON ENV (or sandbox container)
www.anaconda.com
www.enthought.com/products/canopy
www.activestate.com/activepythong/downloads



sympy (DONE)
sudo python3 -m pip install -U sympy
ipython (DONE)
sudo python3 -m pip install -U ipython
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Hive Data Storage
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Instructions
https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/hadoop/current/hive.html
yum clean packages
yum clean metadata
https://github.com/big-data-europe/docker-hadoop
git clone https://github.com/big-data-europe/docker-hadoop
cd docker-hadoop
docker-compose up -d
yum clean all
https://github.com/big-data-europe/docker-hive

git clone https://github.com/big-data-europe/docker-hive
docker-compose up -d
ncdu /var
out of space on /var/lib/docker/overlay2/
https://stackoverflow.com/questions/30604846/docker-error-no-space-left-on-device
docker volume Is -qf dangling=true
docker volume rm \$(docker volume Is -qf dangling=true)
docker system prune
docker-compose down
Remove all images
docker rm \$(docker ps -aq)
Remove all images
docker rmi \$(docker images -q)
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Platforms
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```
# JuliaPro (DONE)
# Version: 1.1.1.1 https://juliacomputing.com/products/juliapro.html
# Download
https://pkg.juliacomputing.com/jpro_auth/juliapro/1041/JuliaPro-1.0.4.1_build-35.sh
sudo mkdir /opt/julia
cd /opt/julia
./JuliaPro-1.0.4.1_build-35.sh /opt/julia/
# R Requirements Comments (DONE)
# Version: 3.6.1 (2019-07-05)
# REQUIREMENT: Compile R from source
# REQUIREMENT: Use a native optimum build for R
# REQUIREMENT: Build with --enable-R-shlib so R-Studio works
# REQUIREMENT: Build with --enable-BLAS-shlib to enable linking to faster OpenBLAS
# REQUIREMENT: Compile OpenBLAS from source with a native optimum build
# REQUIREMENT: For OpenBLAS, USE_THREAD=1 and USE_OPENMP=1 options are needed
# REQUIREMENT: Link R to use shared libraries: OpenBLAS and R
# REQUIREMENT: Verify all of the above
# Although -O1 is sufficient for this optimization with some compilers
# Always use at least -O2 for overall performance, preferably -O3 -march=native -flto -fno-plt and also
profile-guided optimization.
# To see how the compiler sees the hardware:
# gcc -march=native -mtune=native -Q --help=target
# Dependencies List (DONE)
```

```
# R Dependencies from YUM (DONE)
yum install libcurl-devel openssl-devel libxml2-devel
yum install libjpeg-turbo-devel readline-devel libSM-devel libICE-devel libXt-devel libXmu-devel cairo-
devel
yum install libtiff-devel pango-devel
yum install pcre2
# R Dependencies from RPM (DONE)
cd /opt/repo/packages/
wget mirror.centos.org/centos/7/os/x86_64/Packages/pcre2-devel-10.23-2.el7.x86_64.rpm
sudo rpm -ivh pcre2-devel-10.23-2.el7.x86_64
wget https://mirror.centos.org/centos/7/os/x86_64/Packages/pcre2-utf32-10.23-2.el7.x86_64.rpm
sudo rpm -ivh rpms/pcre2-utf32-10.23-2.el7.x86_64.rpm
wget https://rpmfind.net/linux/centos/7.6.1810/os/x86_64/Packages/texinfo-tex-5.1-5.el7.x86_64.rpm
sudo rpm -ivh texinfo-tex-5.1-5.el7.x86_64.rpm
wget mirror.centos.org/centos/7/os/x86_64/Packages/texlive-epsf-svn21461.2.7.4-43.el7.noarch.rpm
sudo rpm -ivh texlive-epsf-svn21461.2.7.4-43.el7.noarch.rpm
# R Dependencies from Source (DONE)
cd /opt/repo/sourcebuilds/
git clone git://sourceware.org/git/valgrind.git
cd valgrind
./autogen.sh
./configure
make
sudo make install
# R Requirement: OpenBLAS (DONE)
cd /opt/repo/sourcebuilds/
```

```
git clone https://github.com/xianyi/OpenBLAS.git
# https://groups.google.com/forum/#!topic/openblas-users/W6ehBvPsKTw
cd /opt/repo/sourcebuilds/OpenBLAS/
make CFLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -flto -pipe' USE_THREAD=1 USE_OPENMP=1 2>&1 | tee
makeout.txt
# Install: Default path is /opt/OpenBLAS/
make install
# Linked Libs
sudo In -s /opt/OpenBLAS/lib/libopenblas.so /usr/local/lib64/libRblas.so
sudo Idconfig
#R (DONE)
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21001388/fma3-in-gcc-how-to-enable
# https://www.avrahamadler.com/2014/04/20/r-3-1-0-openblas-speed-comparisons/
# https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5470257/how-to-see-which-flags-march-native-will-activate
cd /opt/repo/packages/
wget https://cran.r-project.org/src/base/R-3/R-3.6.1.tar.gz
cd /opt/repo/sourcebuilds/
tar xvgz /opt/repo/packages/R-3.6.1.tar.gz
cd R-3.6.1
# -march=corei7-avx -O3 -std=gnu++0x --param l1-cache-line-size=64 --param l1-cache-size=64 --param
12-cache-size=256.
```

./configure CFLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC' CXXFLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC' CXX98FLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC' CXX11FLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-function -fPIC' CXX14FLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC' OBJCFLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC' FCFLAGS='-g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC' --prefix=/opt/R/3.6.1 --enable-R-shlib --enable-BLAS-shlib --enable-memory-profiling --with-cairo --with-jpeglib --with-libpng --with-libtiff --with-system-tre 2>&1 | tee configure.txt

make -j16 2>&1 | tee make.txt

```
make check
make info
make pdf
make install
make install-info
make install-pdf
# R Linked Libs (DONE)
In -s /usr/local/lib64/libopenblas.so /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/lib/libRblas.so
In -s /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/lib/libR.so /usr/local/lib64/libR.so
sudo Idconfig
Idd /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/bin/exec/R
       linux-vdso.so.1 => (0x00007ffec5fb0000)
       libR.so => /usr/local/lib64/libR.so (0x00007fcd855c2000)
                                                                   <<<<<<<<<
Correct /usr/local/lib64
       libRblas.so => /usr/local/lib64/libRblas.so (0x00007fcd84685000) <<<<<<<<<
Correct /usr/local/lib64
       libgomp.so.1 => /lib64/libgomp.so.1 (0x00007fcd8445f000)
       libpthread.so.0 => /lib64/libpthread.so.0 (0x00007fcd84243000)
       libc.so.6 => /lib64/libc.so.6 (0x00007fcd83e75000)
       libgfortran.so.3 => /lib64/libgfortran.so.3 (0x00007fcd83b53000)
       libm.so.6 => /lib64/libm.so.6 (0x00007fcd83851000)
       libquadmath.so.0 => /lib64/libquadmath.so.0 (0x00007fcd83615000)
       libreadline.so.6 => /lib64/libreadline.so.6 (0x00007fcd833cf000)
       libtre.so.5 => /lib64/libtre.so.5 (0x00007fcd831bf000)
       libpcre2-8.so.0 => /lib64/libpcre2-8.so.0 (0x00007fcd82f48000)
       libpcre.so.1 => /lib64/libpcre.so.1 (0x00007fcd82ce6000)
```

```
liblzma.so.5 => /lib64/liblzma.so.5 (0x00007fcd82ac0000)
        libbz2.so.1 => /lib64/libbz2.so.1 (0x00007fcd828b0000)
        libz.so.1 => /lib64/libz.so.1 (0x00007fcd8269a000)
       librt.so.1 => /lib64/librt.so.1 (0x00007fcd82492000)
        libdl.so.2 => /lib64/libdl.so.2 (0x00007fcd8228e000)
       libicuuc.so.50 => /lib64/libicuuc.so.50 (0x00007fcd81f15000)
        libicui18n.so.50 => /lib64/libicui18n.so.50 (0x00007fcd81b16000)
       /lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2 (0x00007fcd85c93000)
        libgcc_s.so.1 => /lib64/libgcc_s.so.1 (0x00007fcd81900000)
        libtinfo.so.5 => /lib64/libtinfo.so.5 (0x00007fcd816d6000)
        libicudata.so.50 => /lib64/libicudata.so.50 (0x00007fcd80103000)
        libstdc++.so.6 => /lib64/libstdc++.so.6 (0x00007fcd7fdfc000)
LD_DEBUG=libs ldd /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/bin/exec/R
# At this point, R is properly linked to OpenBLAS
# VERIFY
# Start R
/opt/R/3.6.1/bin/R
# Get R's PID
ps aux | grep R
# Verify actual linked lib (CORRECT)
lsof -p 32106 | egrep "blas"
lsof: WARNING: can't stat() fuse file system /root/.cache/doc
   Output information may be incomplete.
     32106 jfolkers mem REG 253,4 29291360 121786588 /opt/OpenBLAS/lib/libopenblas_haswellp-
r0.3.8.dev.so <<<< ONLY
```

```
# R and OpenBLAS are now both compiled to the native hardware

# R has gcc O3 production grade optimization, and OpenBLAS is running threaded OpenMP and gcc O3 production optimization
```

This is the best you can get with R in 2019

However, Threads will still show 1

cat /proc/`ps aux | grep R | grep '3.6.1' | awk '{print \$2}'`/status | grep Threads

```
# R REFERENCE (DONE)
```

```
# https://software.intel.com/en-us/forums/intel-math-kernel-library/topic/491299
```

https://michaellindon.github.io/lindonslog/linux-unix/compile-r-openblas-source-guide/index.html

https://support.rstudio.com/hc/en-us/articles/218004217-Building-R-from-source

https://www.animalgenome.org/bioinfo/resources/manuals/R/R-admin.html

https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-patched/R-admin.html

https://stat.ethz.ch/R-manual/R-devel/library/base/html/capabilities.html

https://gist.github.com/cheuerde/8fb9fd0dc8c0eca17c16

https://colinfay.me/r-installation-administration/installing-r-under-unix-alikes.html

https://community.oracle.com/blogs/machinelearning/2016/11/08/building-r-with-intel-mkl-blas-on-linux

https://www.r-bloggers.com/compile-r-and-openblas-from-source-guide/

https://www.r-statistics.com/2012/04/speed-up-your-r-code-using-a-just-in-time-jit-compiler/

https://www.r-bloggers.com/speeding-up-r-computations-pt-ii-compiling/

http://www.onthelambda.com/2015/05/31/lessons-learned-in-high-performance-r/

https://www.openmp.org/wp-content/uploads/omp-hands-on-SC08.pdf

https://codeyarns.com/2017/11/02/how-shared-library-locations-are-found-at-runtime/

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21730547/openblas-routine-used-from-r-rcpp-runs-only-on-a-single-core-in-linux

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/34578526/how-to-make-openblas-work-with-openmp

https://codeyarns.com/2014/01/14/how-to-fix-shared-object-file-error/

```
object-file/
# BENCHMARK-25.R (DONE)
# https://mac.r-project.org/benchmarks/R-benchmark-25.R
source("/home/jfolkers/RScripts/R2.R")
# 10 to 100 times faster over stock R
# https://mac.r-project.org/benchmarks/
# R Studio Server (DONE) (NOT USED DUE TO LOCAL USER ONLY—AVAILABLE IF NEEDED IN A PINCH)
wget https://download2.rstudio.org/server/centos6/x86_64/rstudio-server-rhel-1.2.1335-x86_64.rpm
sudo rpm -ivh install rstudio-server-rhel-1.2.1335-x86_64.rpm
# Updating / installing...
# 1:rstudio-server-1.2.1335-1
                                ########### [100%]
# useradd: user 'rstudio-server' already exists
# groupadd: group 'rstudio-server' already exists
# Created symlink from /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/rstudio-server.service to
/etc/systemd/system/rstudio-server.service.
.libPaths("/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library")
# R Studio (DONE)
# https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download-server/
wget https://download1.rstudio.org/desktop/centos7/x86_64/rstudio-1.2.1335-x86_64.rpm
```

https://lonesysadmin.net/2013/02/22/error-while-loading-shared-libraries-cannot-open-shared-

- # R Makevars
- # http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/src.html
- # Generally, R packages should avoid a custom Makefile. Instead, use Makevars.
- # Makevars is a make file that overrides the default make file generated by R
- # (which is located at file.path(R.home("etc"), "Makeconf")).
- # This allows you to take advantage of R's default behaviour
- # (it's over 150 lines, and battle-tested across many years and many systems, so you want to!)
- # while being able to set the flags you need.
- # The most commonly used flags are:
- # PKG_LIBS: Linker flags. A common use is PKG_LIBS = \$(BLAS_LIBS). This allows you to use the same BLAS library as R.
- # PKG_CFLAGS & PKG_CXXFLAGS: C and C++ flags. Most commonly used to set define directives with -D.
- # PKG_CPPFLAGS: Pre-processor flags (not C++ flags!).
- # Most commonly used to set include directories with -I.
- # Any package listed in the LinkingTo field in the DESCRIPTION will be automatically included
- # you do not need to explicitly add it.
- # To set flags only on Windows, use Makevars.win. To build a Makevars with configure, use Makevars.in.
- # By default, R will use the system make, which is not always GNU compatible (i.e. on Solaris).
- # If you want to use GNU extensions (which are extremely common),
- # add SystemRequirements: GNU make to DESCRIPTION.
- # If you're not sure if you're using GNU extensions, play it safe and add it to the system requirement.
- file.path(R.home("etc"), "Makeconf")
- [1] "/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/etc/Makeconf"

```
# R Packages (ERROR on tidymodels dependency rstanarm)
# ISSUE: rstanarm requires gcc++14 c standard to compile
# and RedHat's classic RHEL gcc 4.8.5 compiler only mostly supports gcc++14 with -std=c++1y
install.packages("devtools")
library(devtools)
install.packages("h2o")
install.packages("tidyverse")
# rstan requires gcc++14 standard
# workaround is use the prelimary gcc++14 standard called -std=c++1y that comes with the gcc version
3.8.5 on RedHat
# vi ~/.R/Makevars
# CXX_STD = CXX14
\# CXX14STD = -std = c + 1y
install.packages("rstan")
install.packages("bayesplot")
install.packages("colourpicker")
install.packages("dygraphs")
install.packages("gtools")
install.packages("igraph")
install.packages("lme4")
install.packages("packrat")
install.packages("rstantools")
install.packages("shinystan")
install.packages("shinythemes")
install.packages("threejs")
# rstanarm requires gcc++14 c standard
# RedHat's gcc 3.8.5 of does not fully implement gcc++14 and fails on this package install
```

```
# Therefore, rstanarm (dependency of tidymodels) must be compiled elsewhere first and copied in to
/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/
# install_github("stan-dev/rstanarm", build_vignettes = FALSE)
library(rstanarm)
install.packages("tidyposterior")
install.packages("tidymodels", repos='http://cran.us.r-project.org')
install.packages("lintr")
install.packages("plotly")
install.packages("lime")
install.packages("DataExplorer")
install.packages("parsnip")
library(devtools)
to_install <- c("arules", "catboost", "caTools", "data.table", "doParallel",
         "foreach", "forecast", "ggplot2", "h2o", "itertools",
         "lubridate", "magick", "Matrix", "monreg", "nortest", "pROC", "RColorBrewer",
"recommenderlab",
         "ROCR", "scatterplot3d", "stringr", "sde", "tm", "tsoutliers", "wordcloud", "xgboost", "zoo")
for (i in to install) {
 message(paste("looking for ", i))
 if(i == "catboost" & !requireNamespace(i)) {
  devtools::install github('catboost/catboost', subdir = 'catboost/R-package')
 } else if(i == "h2o" & !requireNamespace(i)) {
  if ("package:h2o" %in% search()) { detach("package:h2o", unload=TRUE) }
  if ("h2o" %in% rownames(installed.packages())) { remove.packages("h2o") }
  pkgs <- c("RCurl","jsonlite")</pre>
  for (pkg in pkgs) {
```

```
if (! (pkg %in% rownames(installed.packages()))) { install.packages(pkg) }
  }
  install.packages("h2o")
 } else if (!requireNamespace(i)) {
  message(paste("
                     installing", i))
  install.packages(i)
 }
}
# ERROR: dependency 'rstan' is not available for package 'shinystan'
# * removing '/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/shinystan'
# Warning in install.packages:
# installation of package 'shinystan' had non-zero exit status
# ERROR: dependencies 'rstan', 'shinystan' are not available for package 'rstanarm'
# * removing '/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/rstanarm'
# Warning in install.packages:
# installation of package 'rstanarm' had non-zero exit status
# ERROR: dependency 'rstanarm' is not available for package 'tidyposterior'
# * removing '/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/tidyposterior'
# Warning in install.packages:
# installation of package 'tidyposterior' had non-zero exit status
# ERROR: dependency 'tidyposterior' is not available for package 'tidymodels'
# * removing '/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/tidymodels'
# Warning in install.packages:
# installation of package 'tidymodels' had non-zero exit status
install.packages("rstan")
```

```
# * installing *source* package 'rstan' ...
# ** package 'rstan' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
# ** using staged installation
# ** libs
# Error in .shlib_internal(args):
# C++14 standard requested but CXX14 is not defined <>>>>> See Above. Add
custom Makevars file.
# * removing '/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/rstan'
# Warning in install.packages:
# installation of package 'rstan' had non-zero exit status
# FIX ATTEMPT #1
mkdir ~/.R
vi ~/.R/Makevars
# CXX14 = g++ # or clang++ if you have that
# CXX14FLAGS = -O3
install.packages("rstan")
# ERROR: compilation failed for package 'rstan'
# FIX ATTEMPT #2
vi ~/.R/Makevars
# CXX14 = clang++
# CXX14FLAGS = -O3
install.packages("rstan")
```

```
#/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/RcppEigen/include/Eigen/src/Core/util/ReenableStupidWarnings.h:10:30:
warning: pragma diagnostic pop could not pop, no matching push [-Wunknown-pragmas]
  #pragma clang diagnostic pop
# In file included from chains.cpp:19:
# /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/StanHeaders/include/stan/math/prim/mat/fun/mean.hpp:24:75: error:
expected '>'
# Eigen::Map<const Eigen::Matrix<T, Eigen::Dynamic, 1>> m(&v[0], v.size());
#
# /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/StanHeaders/include/stan/math/prim/mat/fun/mean.hpp:25:10: error:
use of undeclared identifier 'm'
# return m.mean();
      ٨
# In file included from chains.cpp:20:
# In file included from
/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/StanHeaders/include/stan/math/prim/mat/fun/sum.hpp:5:
# /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/StanHeaders/include/stan/math/prim/arr/fun/sum.hpp:20:49: error:
expected '(' for function-style cast or type construction
# return std::accumulate(xs.begin(), xs.end(), T{0});
#
# 12 warnings and 3 errors generated.
# make: *** [chains.o] Error 1
# ERROR: compilation failed for package 'rstan'
# FIX ATTEMPT #3
vi ~/.R/Makevars
# CXX STD = CXX14
\# CXX14STD = -std = c + +1y
```

In file included from /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/RcppEigen/include/Eigen/Eigenvalues:58:

FIXED: rstan installs (DONE)

https://community.rstudio.com/t/error-in-shlib-internal-args-c-14-standard-requested-but-cxx14-is-not-defined/16819

vi ~/.R/Makevars

CFLAGS = -g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)

CXXFLAGS = -g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)

CXX98FLAGS = -g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)

CXX11FLAGS = -g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)

CXX14FLAGS = -g -O3 -march=native -mtune=native -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)

NOTE: /tmp uses 500MB for the stan build alone with these compiler options above so make sure you have enough space

NOTE: Also make sure your home directory has enough space. Watch for .ccache sizes if you have a small home or multiple compiles.

rstanarm fails

https://unix.stackexchange.com/questions/265668/g-doesnt-recognize-standard-14-std-c14

gcc++ --version

g++ (GCC) 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-39)

gcc 4.8.5 does not fully implement the c++14 standard and calls it by c++1y

UPGRADE NEEDED: gcc 4.9.1 is the answer because the c++14 standard is not fully implemented in c++1y

https://superuser.com/questions/1088612/upgrade-gcc-to-gcc-4-9-in-rhel-7

yum install devtoolset-3-gcc-c++

No package available

- # https://marksallee.wordpress.com/2016/05/03/gcc-4-9-2-install-rpm-or-source/
- # https://centos.pkgs.org/7/centos-sclo-rh-x86_64/devtoolset-3-gcc-4.9.2-6.el7.x86_64.rpm.html
- # 404 Not Found
- # Options at this point...
- # 1. Try downloading the binary for rstanarm and seeing if the rest of tidymodel will install...
- # 2. Try finding the RPM sourceball for gcc4.9.2
- #3. Try finding the RPM sourceball for higher than 4.9.2
- # 4. Try binary of gcc 4.9.2
- # 5. Skipping tidymodels all together (NOT recommended)

- # FIX ATTEMPT #4 (SUCCESS)
- # Try installing rstanarm via R on linux laptop (DONE)
- # Compile with x86-64 architecture and generic tune
- # make: gfortran: Command not found <<<< igraph needs older than /usr/lib/libgfortran.so.5 that comes with gcc
- # ERROR: compilation failed for package 'igraph'
- # ERROR: dependency 'igraph' is not available for package 'threejs'
- # ERROR: dependency 'threejs' is not available for package 'shinystan'
- # ERROR: dependency 'Ime4', 'shinystan' are not available for package 'rstanarm'
- # ~/.R/Makevars
- # CFLAGS = -g -O3 -march=x86-64 -mtune=generic -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)
- # CXXFLAGS = -g -O3 -march=x86-64 -mtune=generic -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)
- # CXX98FLAGS = -g -O3 -march=x86-64 -mtune=generic -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)
- # CXX11FLAGS = -g -O3 -march=x86-64 -mtune=generic -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-function -fPIC -fno-plt \$(LTO)

```
# CXX14FLAGS = -g -O3 -march=x86-64 -mtune=generic -flto -pipe -Wno-unused-variable -Wno-unused-
function -fPIC -fno-plt $(LTO)
sudo pacman -S gcc-fortran
R
install.packages("rstanarm")
# COPY OVER RSTANARM and any dependencies (DONE)
# Compare R base vs rstan vs rstanarm (DONE)
# List R base packages (DONE)
# base
# boot
# class
# cluster
# codetools
# compiler
# datasets
# foreign
# graphics
# grDevices
# grid
# KernSmooth
```

lattice
MASS
Matrix
methods
mgcv
nlme
nnet
parallel
rpart
spatial
splines
stats
stats4
survival
tcltk
tools
translations
utils
List rstan and its dependencies (DONE)
checkmate
gridExtra
inline
loo
matrixStats
RcppEigen
rstan

StanHeaders

List rstanarm and its dependencies (in addition to the above rstan list) (DONE)
base64enc
bayesplot
colourpicker
dplyr
dygraphs
ggridges
gtools
igraph
Ime4
miniUI
minqa
nloptr
packrat
plogr
rstanarm
rstantools
shinyjs
shinystan
shinythemes
threejs
tidyselect
xfun
xts
zoo

### PASTE MAKEVARS FROM LAPTOP FOR GENERIC BUILD OF RSTAN AND RSTANARM (DONE)	
### PASTE SCREENSHOT FOR COMPARISON TO GENERATE LIST OF RSTANARM INSTALLED PACKAGE: (DONE)	S
### PORT OVER RSTANARM AND RELATED PACKAGES TO SERVER (DONE)	
library(rstanarm) (ERROR)	
# Good news is R recognizes it as a package	
# even though it was compiled on another linux	
# Bad news is it is expecting GLIBC_2.29 on the server and it's not there	
# Loading required package: Rcpp	
# Registered S3 method overwritten by 'xts':	
# method from	
# as.zoo.xts zoo	
# Error: package or namespace load failed for 'rstanarm' in dyn.load(file, DLLpath = DLLpath,):	
# unable to load shared object '/opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/rstanarm/libs/rstanarm.so':	
# /lib64/libm.so.6: version `GLIBC_2.29' not found (required by /opt/R/3.6.1/lib64/R/library/rstanarm/libs/rstanarm.so)	

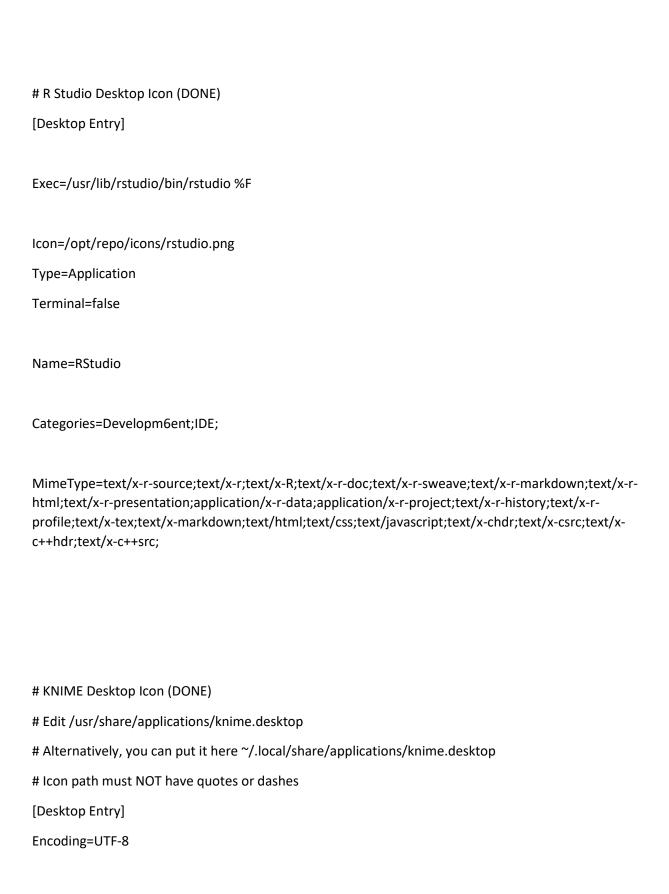
```
# ISSUE: On server, libm.so.6 points to GLIBC 2.17
Is -ltrah /lib64/libm.so.6
# Irwxrwxrwx. 1 root root 12 Aug 19 15:02 /lib64/libm.so.6 -> libm-2.17.so
# On linux that compiled rstanarm package, libm.so.6 points to GLIBC_2.29
ls -ltrah /lib64/libm.so.6
# lrwxrwxrwx. 1 root root 12 Jul 10 00:14 /lib64/libm.so.6 -> libm-2.29.so
# 2019-09-12 I DON'T KNOW HOW TO FIX THIS (above)
# Reference:
# https://unix.stackexchange.com/questions/522076/glibc-2-29-can-not-be-found-for-avrdude-even-
after-downloading-it
# Per those instructions, I think I have to recompile the package using a different path hardcoded into
the binary
# and then copy it over to the server along with the GLIBC_2.29 so file, place it in its custom dedicated
# and then it should work... R should not only recognize the package but it will find GLIBC_2.29 just for
rstanarm.
# So that then I can finish installing tidymodels package for R and be done.
# I just don't understand the instructions to compile with the compiler path options as listed in the URL
above.
# I'm stumped... at the moment...
#
# URL notes...
# glibc consists of many pieces (200+ shared libraries) which all must match. One of the pieces is Id-
linux.so.2,
# and it must match libc.so.6, or you'll see the errors you are seeing.
# To build an executable that will work with the new glibc, do this:
# g++ main.o -o myapp ... \
# -WI,--rpath=/path/to/newglibc \
```

```
# -WI,--dynamic-linker=/path/to/newglibc/ld-linux.so.2
# The -rpath linker option will make the runtime loader search for libraries in /path/to/newglibc
# (so you wouldn't have to set LD_LIBRARY_PATH before running it),
# and the -dynamic-linker option will "bake" path to correct Id-linux.so.2 into the application.
# On server, I don't have a Id-linux.so.2, but I do have a /usr/lib64/Id-2.17.so
# On guest linux VM, I don't have a Id-linux.so.2, but I do have a /usr/lib/Id-2.29.so
#
# So next steps, on guest linux VM rebuild the rstanarm package with the two linker options at an
invented new path...
# then copy over the binaries for GLIBC_2.29 and place them into the new path on the server
# and see if it works.
# KNIME (DONE)
# https://www.knime.com/download-installer/6/64bit
# https://download.knime.org/analytics-platform/linux/knime_4.0.1.linux.gtk.x86_64.tar.gz
cd /opt
tar xvfz knime_4.0.1.linux.gtk.x86_64.tar.gz
mv knime_4.0.1 knime
mkdir knime_workspace
```

X11 (DONE)

sudo yum groupinstall "X window system"

```
# sudo yum install xorg-x11-xinit (groupinstall does this above)
# startx fail. gbm: failed to open any driver (search paths /usr/lib64/dri)
# gdm xfce4 (DONE)
# Fixes issue by populating /usr/lib64/dri/ on error message gbm: failed to open any driver
# May not need this due to groupinstall "X window system" may be sufficient
sudo yum groupinstall Xfce
# GNOME tools (DONE)
# gnome tools
# gnome-tweaks
sudo yum install gnome-tweak-tool
# gconf-editor
sudo yum install gconf-editor
# NoMachine (DONE)
# Download
# https://www.nomachine.com/AR06N00891
# Edit /usr/NX/etc/node.cfg
# Change from
# DefaultDesktopCommand "/etc/X11/Xsession default"
# Change to
# DefaultDesktopCommand "/etc/gdm/Xsession 'gnome-session --session=gnome'"
/usr/NX/bin/nxserver --restart
```



```
Type=Application
Comment=KNIME
Exec="/opt/knime/knime"
Icon=/opt/repo/icons/knime.png
Name=KNIME
Categories=Science;
# i3 (optional)
# Requirements
# https://centos.pkgs.org/7/centos-x86_64/perl-Task-Weaken-1.04-6.el7.noarch.rpm.html
sudo rpm -ivh perl-Task-Weaken-1.04-6.el7.noarch.rpm
sudo yum install i3
# startx
sudo startx /usr/bin/i3 -- :0
_____
_____
      Live Video Streaming
        FFMPEG
         and
      Matroska Server Mk2
```

for

RPMFUSION (SKIP)

Presentations
=======================================
=======================================
FFMPEG (DONE)
Reference (DONE)
https://unix.stackexchange.com/questions/104290/html-client-for-x11-ssh-forwarding
http://blog.devinrkennedy.com/2009/10/live-screencasting-using-ffmpeg.html
2018-01-06 ffserver dropped, try alternative:
https://github.com/klaxa/mkvserver_mk2
Dependencies for FFMPEG (DONE)
sudo yum install autoconf automake bzip2 bzip2-devel cmake freetype-devel gcc gcc-c++ git libtoo make mercurial pkgconfig zlib-devel
x11grab is deprecated use libxcb (already installed from above steps)

```
# These come from RPMFUSION but do not fulfill everything so use COMPILE STEPS
# sudo yum install x264 x264-devel x264-libs x265 x265-devel x265-libs
# sudo yum install lame lame-devel lame-libs
# sudo yum install libvpx
# sudo yum install libass libass-devel
# sudo yum install vorbis
# sudo yum install libxcb libxcb-devel
# COMPILE STEPS (/OPT)
# nasm (DONE)
curl -O -L https://www.nasm.us/pub/nasm/releasebuilds/2.14.02/nasm-2.14.02.tar.bz2
tar xjvf nasm-2.14.02.tar.bz2
cd nasm-2.14.02
./autogen.sh
./configure
make
sudo make install
# yasm (DONE)
curl -O -L https://www.tortall.net/projects/yasm/releases/yasm-1.3.0.tar.gz
tar xzvf yasm-1.3.0.tar.gz
cd yasm-1.3.0
./configure
make
sudo make install
```

```
# libx264 (DONE)
git clone --depth 1 https://code.videolan.org/videolan/x264.git
cd x264
./configure --enable-static
make
sudo make install
# libx265 (DONE)
hg clone https://bitbucket.org/multicoreware/x265
cd x265/build/linux
cmake -G "Unix Makefiles" -DENABLE_SHARED:bool=off ../../source
make
sudo make install
# aac (DONE)
git clone --depth 1 https://github.com/mstorsjo/fdk-aac
cd fdk-aac
autoreconf -fiv
./configure --disable-shared
make
sudo make install
```

```
# mp3lame (DONE)
curl -O -L https://downloads.sourceforge.net/project/lame/lame/3.100/lame-3.100.tar.gz
tar xzvf lame-3.100.tar.gz
cd lame-3.100
./configure --disable-shared --enable-nasm
make
sudo make install
# opus (DONE)
curl -O -L https://archive.mozilla.org/pub/opus/opus-1.3.1.tar.gz
tar xzvf opus-1.3.1.tar.gz
cd opus-1.3.1
./configure --disable-shared
make
sudo make install
# vpx (DONE)
git clone --depth 1 https://chromium.googlesource.com/webm/libvpx.git
cd libvpx
./configure --disable-examples --disable-unit-tests --enable-vp9-highbitdepth --as=yasm
make
sudo make install
```

```
# libass (DONE)
sudo yum install libass libass-devel
# ogg (DONE)
git clone https://github.com/xiph/ogg
./autogen.sh
./configure
make
sudo make install
# vorbis (DONE)
wget https://ftp.osuosl.org/pub/xiph/releases/vorbis/libvorbis-1.3.6.tar.gz
./configure
make
sudo make install
# theora (DONE)
git clone https://github.com/xiph/theora
./autogen.sh
./configure
make
```

```
# ffmpeg (DONE)
# https://trac.ffmpeg.org/wiki/CompilationGuide/Centos
git clone https://github.com/ffmpeg/ffmpeg
PKG_CONFIG_PATH="/usr/local/lib/pkgconfig" ./configure \
--prefix="$HOME/ffmpeg_build" \
--pkg-config-flags="--static" \
--extra-cflags="-I$HOME/ffmpeg_build/include" \
--extra-ldflags="-L$HOME/ffmpeg_build/lib" \
--extra-libs=-lpthread \
--extra-libs=-lm \
--bindir="$HOME/bin" \
--enable-gpl \
--enable-libass \
--enable-libfdk_aac \
 --enable-libfreetype \
--enable-libmp3lame \
--enable-libopus \
--enable-libtheora \
--enable-libvpx \
--enable-libx264 \
--enable-libx265 \
--enable-nonfree \
 --enable-libxcb
make
```

```
sudo make install
hash -d ffmpeg
# automake 1.14 (DONE)
# required by gstreamer
wget http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/automake/automake-1.14.tar.gz
./configure
make
sudo make install
# gstreamer (DONE)
git clone https://github.com/gstreamer/gstreamer
./autogen.sh
./configure
make
sudo make install
```