

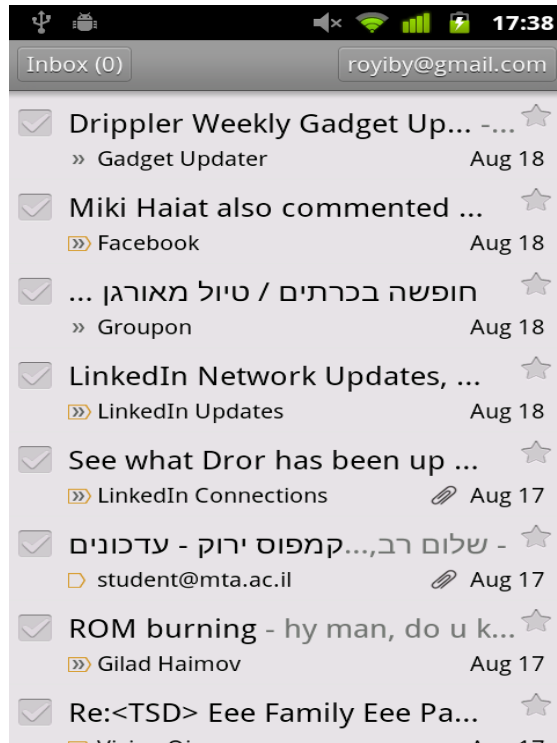
Activity life-cycle.

The Activity

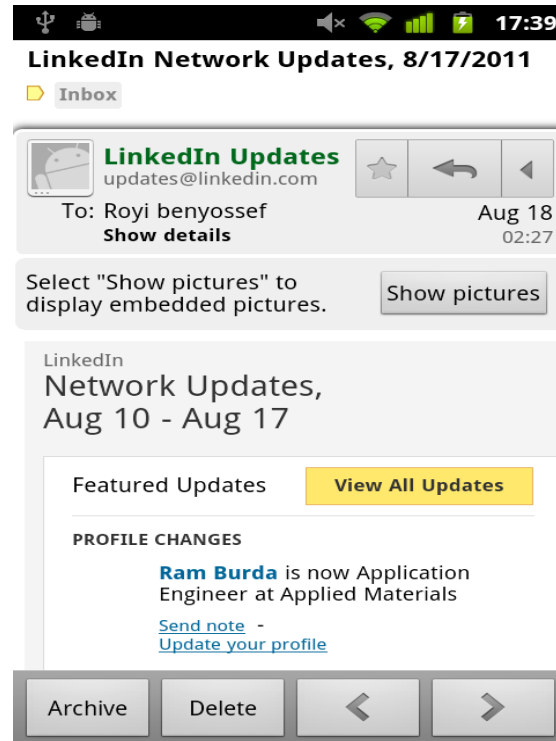


- An *activity* represents a single screen with a user interface (Java file + xml layout file).
- An application usually consists of multiple activities that are loosely bound to each other.
- One Activity is flagged as “main” and it is started at the application launch time.
- An Activity can launch other activities to create an app UI workflow.
- The Activity has an Intent attribute that determines how android treats it.

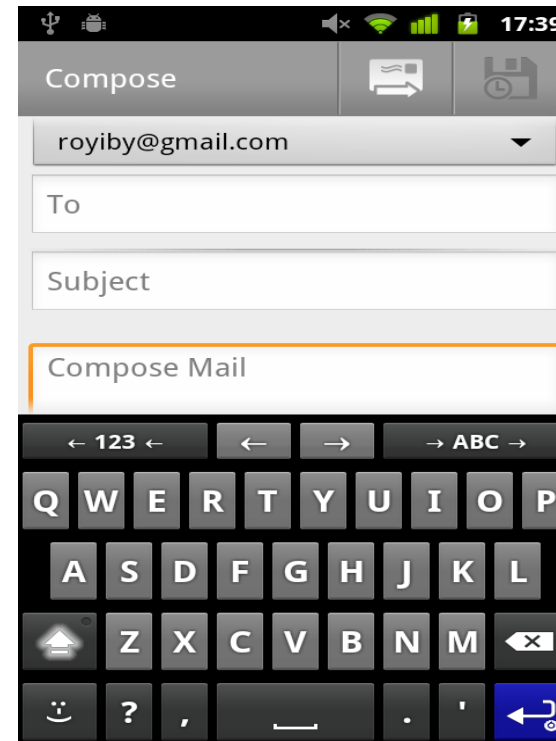
Activity explained with an example.



A screen that displays a list of emails.



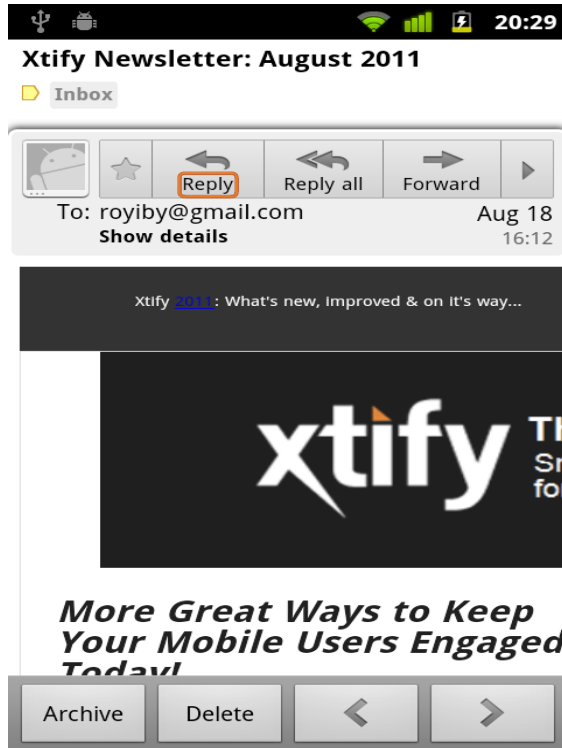
A screen that displays a single email.



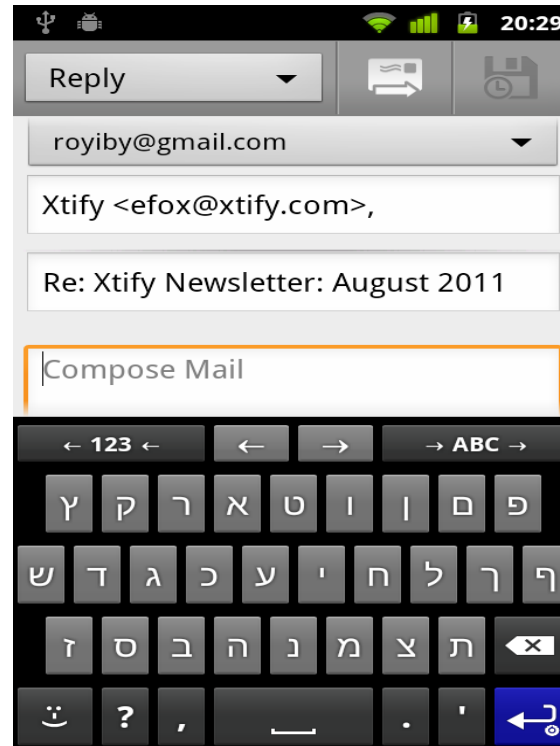
A screen that enables you to compose an email.

Each and every one of these is an Activity!

Starting an Activity.



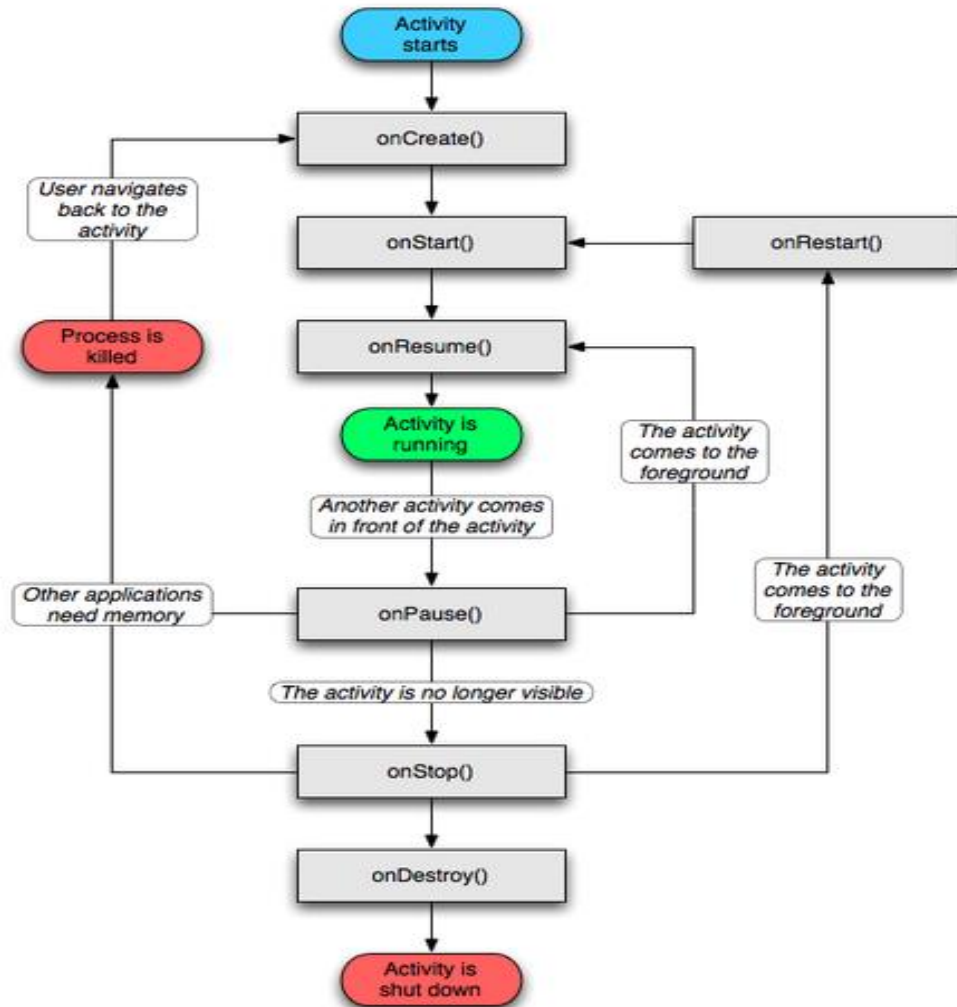
When you press reply:



- The compose Activity gets called
- The recipients are sent via the “Extras” attribute of the intent.

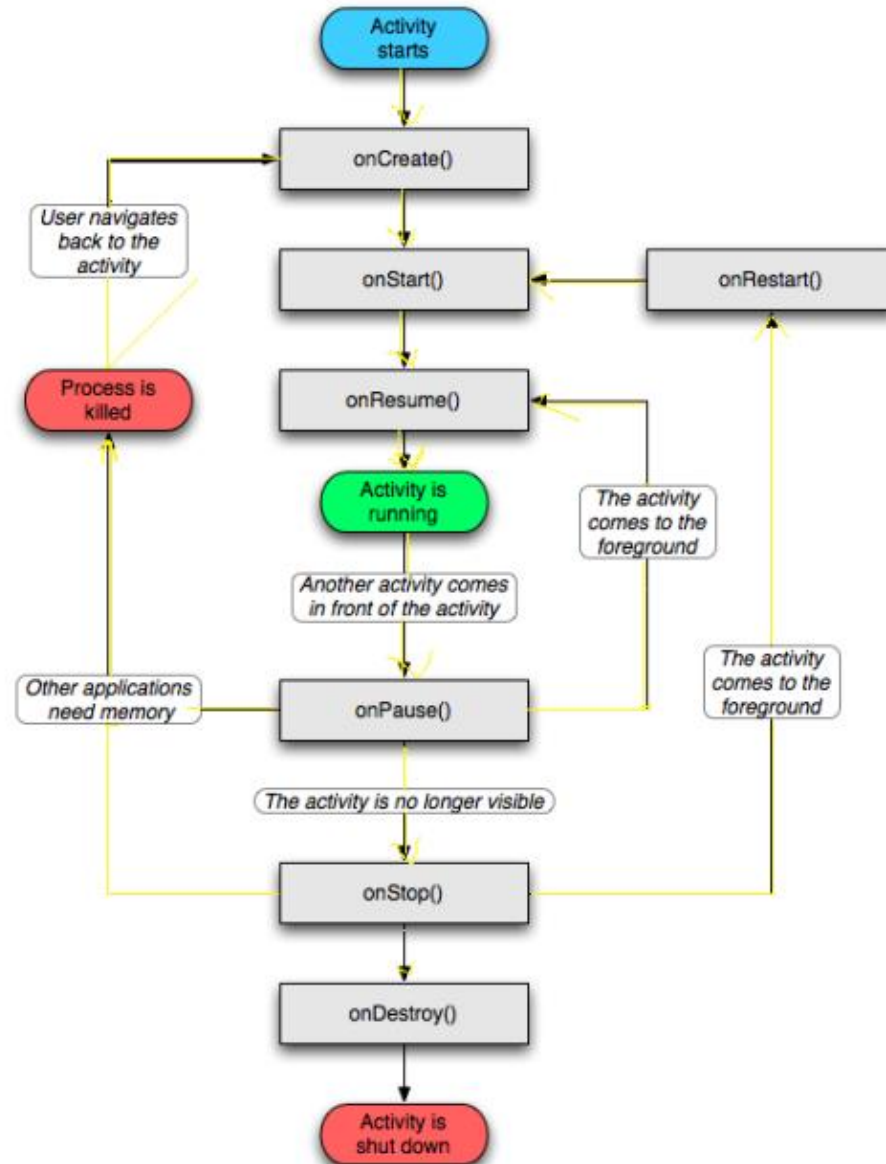
```
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_SEND);
intent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_EMAIL, recipientArray);
startActivity(intent);
```

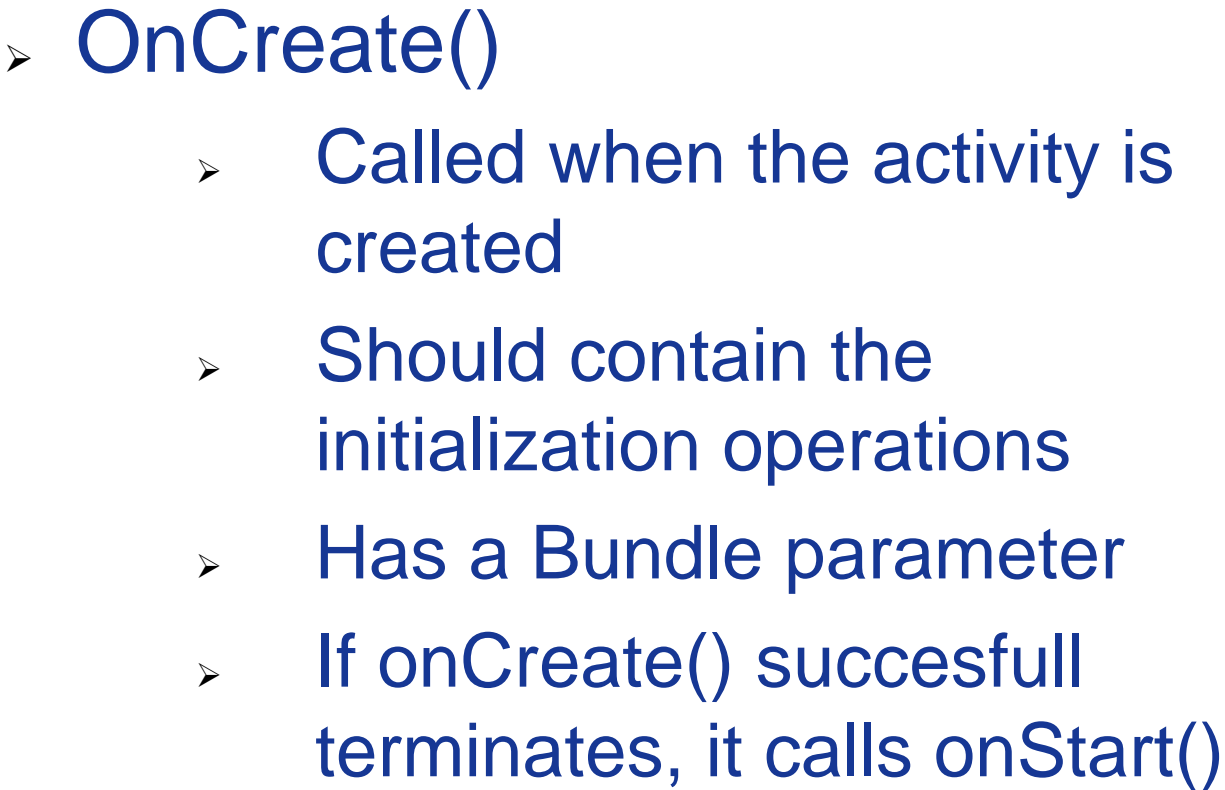
The Activity life-cycle.



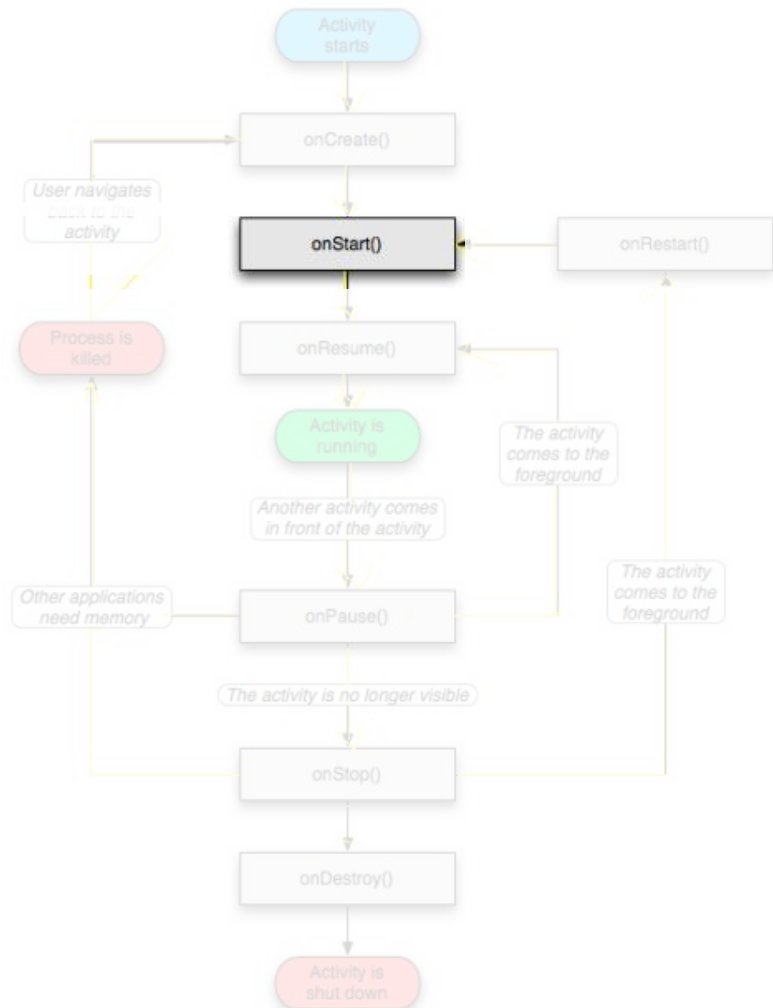
- There are 6 stages in the Android Activity life cycle.
- These stages allow you to perform tasks in their correct time of the workflow.

The Activity life-cycle.





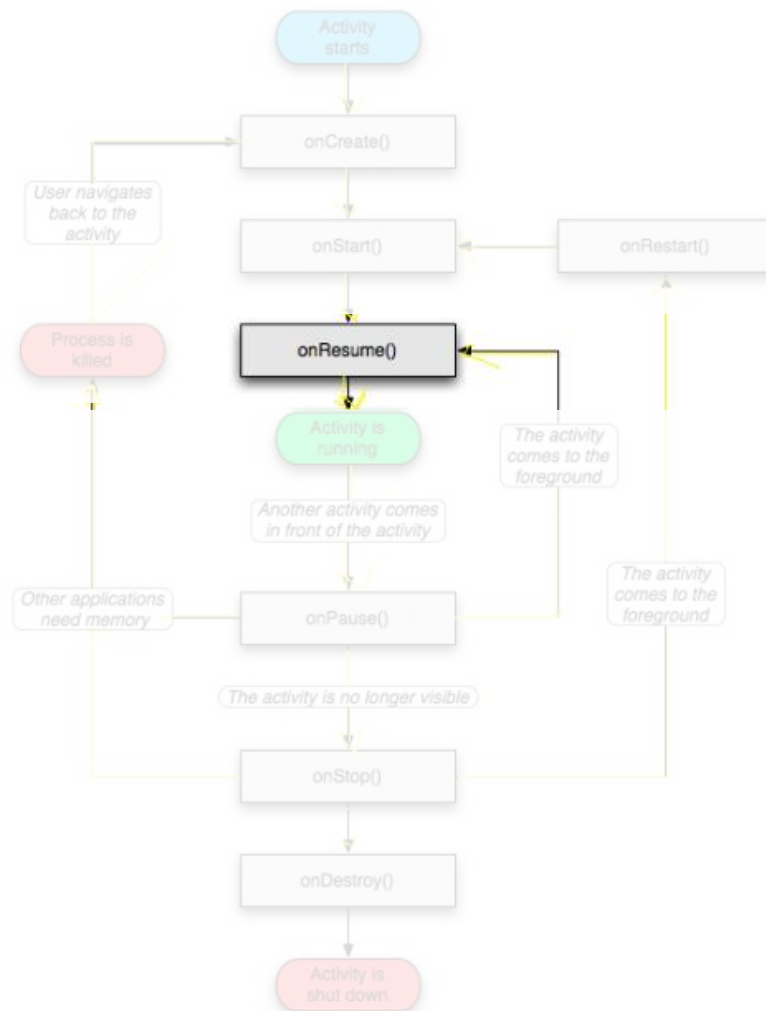
The Activity life-cycle.



➤ onStart()

- Called when onCreate() terminates
- Called right before it is visible to user
- If it has the focus, then onResume() is called
- If not, onStop() is called

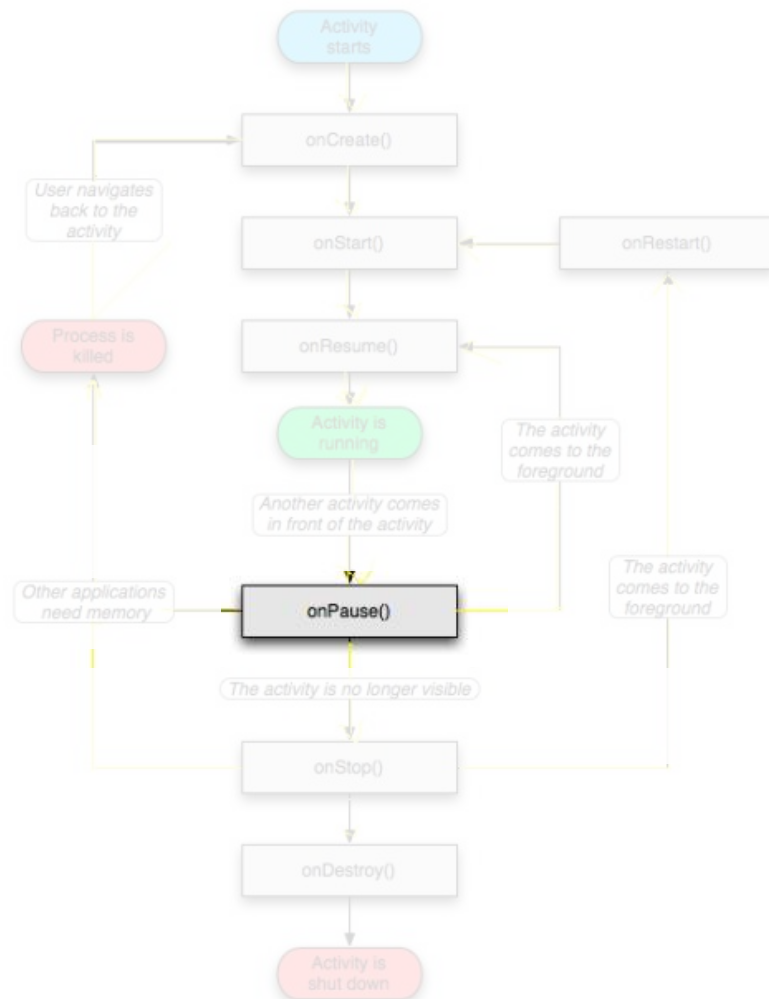
The Activity life-cycle.



➤ OnResume()

- Called when the activity is ready to get input from users
- Called when the activity is resumed too
- If it successfully terminates, then the Activity is RUNNING

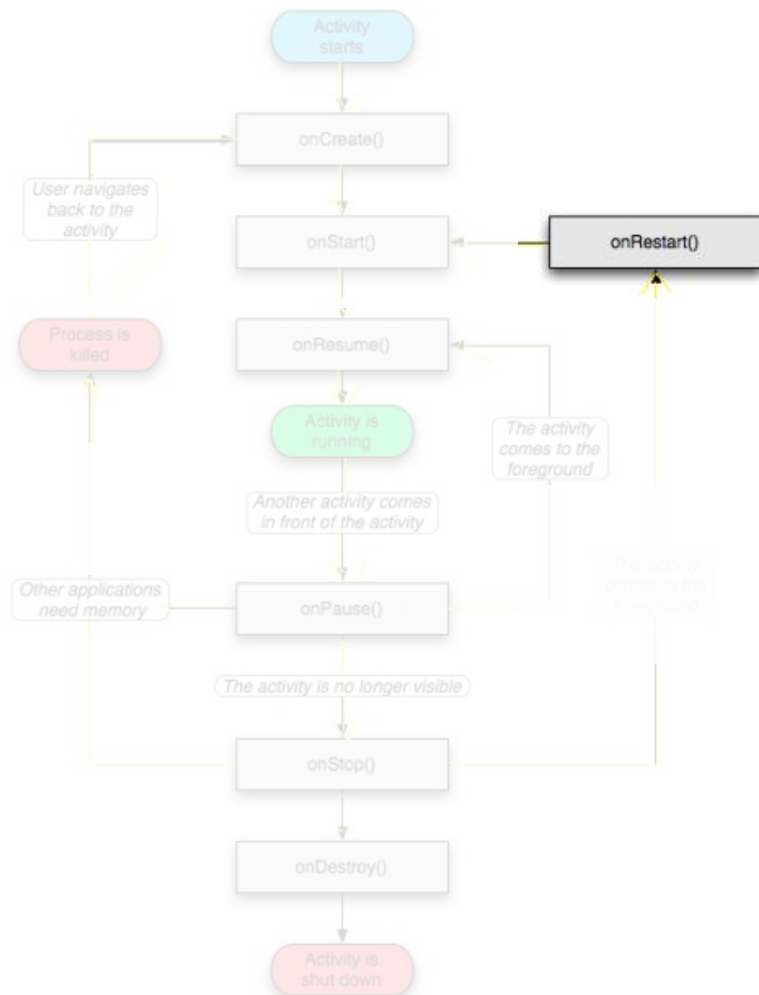
The Activity life-cycle.



➤ OnPause()

- Called when another activity comes to the foreground, or when someone presses back
- Commit unsaved changes to persistent data
- Stop cpu-consuming processes
- Make it fast

The Activity life-cycle.



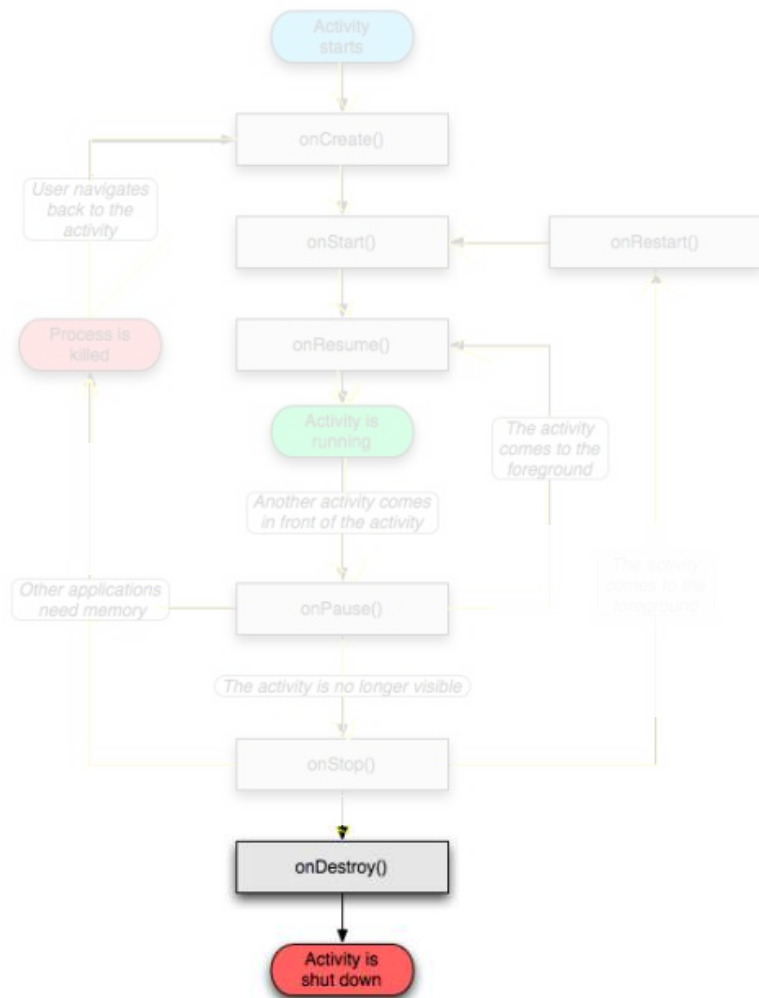
➤ OnRestart()

- Similar to onCreate()
- We have an activity that was previously stopped



- the activity is about to be destroyed
- another activity comes to the foreground

The Activity life-cycle.



➤ OnDestroy()

- The activity is about to be destroyed
- Could happen because:
- The systems need some stack space
 - Someone called `finish()` method on this activity
 - Could check with `isFinishing()`