# Assignment 5 basics

CSE 127 Wk 9 Discussion

### Agenda

#### Last Week

- Intro to mininet and wireshark
- Some of the challenges
- TCP Seq and Ack numbers

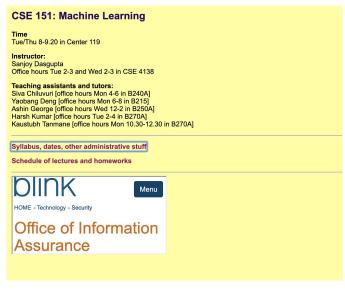
#### Today

- A step back: High level overview of the attack
- How to get started / High level outline of what you need to track
- Any questions

#### Overview of Assignment

- You are a man-in-the-middle attacker
  - You can modify packets from the client to the server, and vice-versa
- Goal: Inject an iframe of site A into site B
- Adds extra traffic to site A
- D.O.S





#### Outline

- 1. Identify who you are targeting / which packets you care about
- 2. Inject the <iframe> tag right before the </body> tag
- 3. Adjust the content length in the GET response header
- 4. Adjust TCP SEQ and ACK numbers based on new length
- 5. Allow only uncompressed packets

#### 1. Who are you targeting

- Watch the requests from the client to the server
- target\_domain\_re vs Host of the GET request
- url\_path\_re vs the path of the GET request
- Create a mapping between the client/server IP/port and the domain

```
GET /hello.htm HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE5.01; Windows NT)
Host: www.tutorialspoint.com
Accept-Language: en-us
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: Keep-Alive
```

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/http/http\_requests.htm

#### 2. Inject the iframe

- Check for the response packets from the IP that corresponded to "Host" from the previous slide
- Look for the HTML tag </body>
- use string slicing / substrings / string concatenation to add in <iframe src="...."></iframe>

#### 3. Adjust the content length

- In your code, this will come before the previous slide, since the HTTP response header is sent first
- Look in the header for the "Content-Length" field
- Read the current number, and change it to:
  - Current number + len(<iframe src=.....)</li>

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Mon, 27 Jul 2009 12:28:53 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Win32)
Last-Modified: Wed, 22 Jul 2009 19:15:56 GMT
Content-Length: 88
Content-Type: text/html
Connection: Closed

<html>
<body>
```

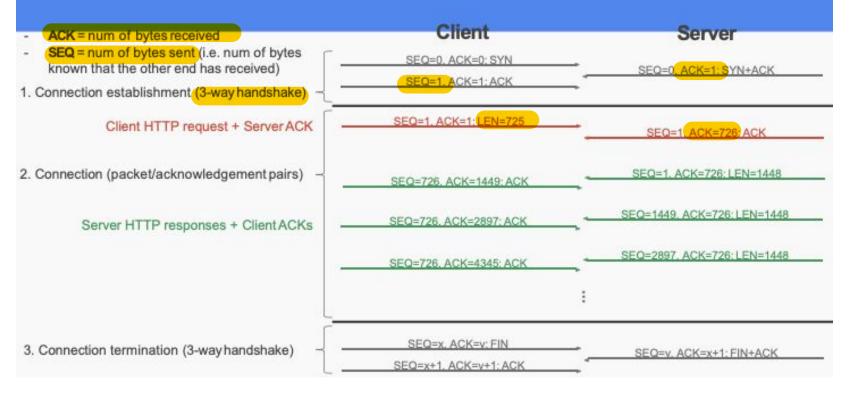
<h1>Hello, World!</h1>

</body>

## 4. Adjust the TCP Seq and Ack numbers

- Seq and Ack numbers are based on content length
- So they need to be adjusted similarly to the content-length field
- Must adjust ALL following packets, in both directions
  - The Client has received more packets than the server has sent
  - The Server expects a smaller number of total packets than the client has seen
- Edge Case: Make sure to Mod by 2^32
- Example next
- How to maintain all of this?

#### TCP's SEQ and ACK numbers



Slide 24 from last week

### 5. Accept-Encoding

- Back to the initial request
- The client chooses what kind of encodings it can handle
- We want packets uncompressed so that we can easily insert the iframe
- So we change the client's request to ensure the response is uncompressed
- Accept-Encoding: Identity

```
GET /hello.htm HTTP/1.1

User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE5.01; Windows NT)

Host: www.tutorialspoint.com

Accept-Language: en-us

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Connection: Keep-Alive
```

#### Warning

- Changing the content-length and changing Accept-Encoding might change the length of the request Header
- TCP Seq/Ack numbers
- Try not to shrink the header size

#### Tips

- Use the outline from these slides as a starting point: write comments in manipulate\_packet to indicate where you'll do each step
- I recommend starting with step 1 and proceeding in order, however, your code will need to be reordered
  - Header comes before body, for example
- Refer often to last week's slides for wireshark tips
- Lab Hours and OH will end this Friday! So please make use of time this week
- Assignment is due Friday at 10pm
- You are welcome to use slip days (until Wed 6/12), but you'll be on your own
- Final review at next Friday's discussion by Sourav