# Linear Regression Using Simulated Data in R and SAS

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## **Preface**

This file presents a simple example for generating simulated data for linear regression using R and SAS. Since, each software used the same model but with different generated data the results for the two software will be similar but not exactly the same.

# **Assignment**

Run this example in both R and SAS. If you have difficulty with either language, let us know and get help. We need for you to be able to run the software with this simple example.

Change the value for the different parameters, n changes,  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_0$  used in the simulation and observe the effect has on the results with particular attention to the effect on the R-square value.

### R

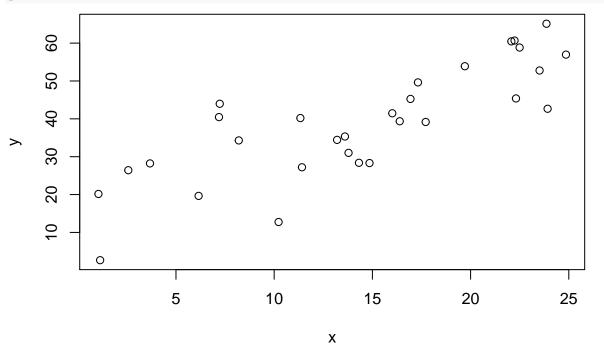
## **Generate the Simulated Data**

```
set.seed(123)
n=30  #sample size
beta_0=10  #true y-intercept
beta_1=2  #true slope
sigma= 9  #true sigma
```

```
x=25*runif(n)
y=beta_0 + beta_1*x + sigma*rnorm(n)
```

## Graph of data

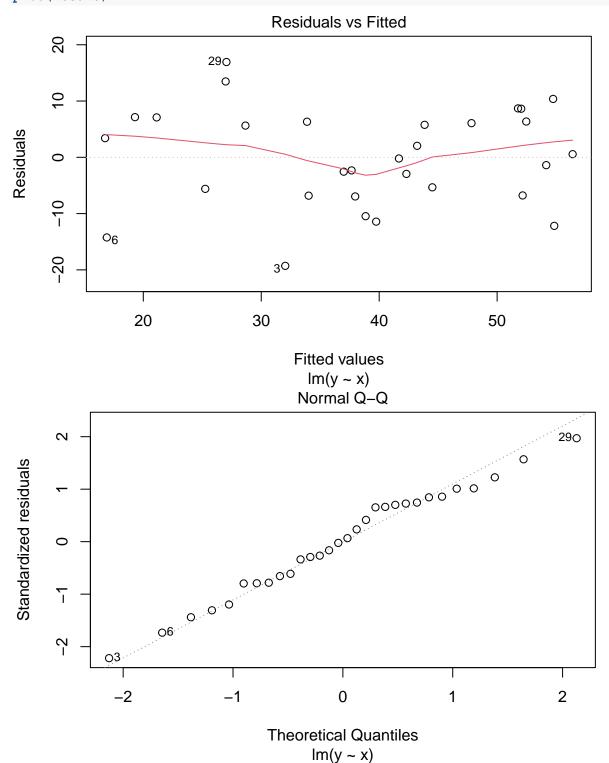
```
plot (y~x)
```

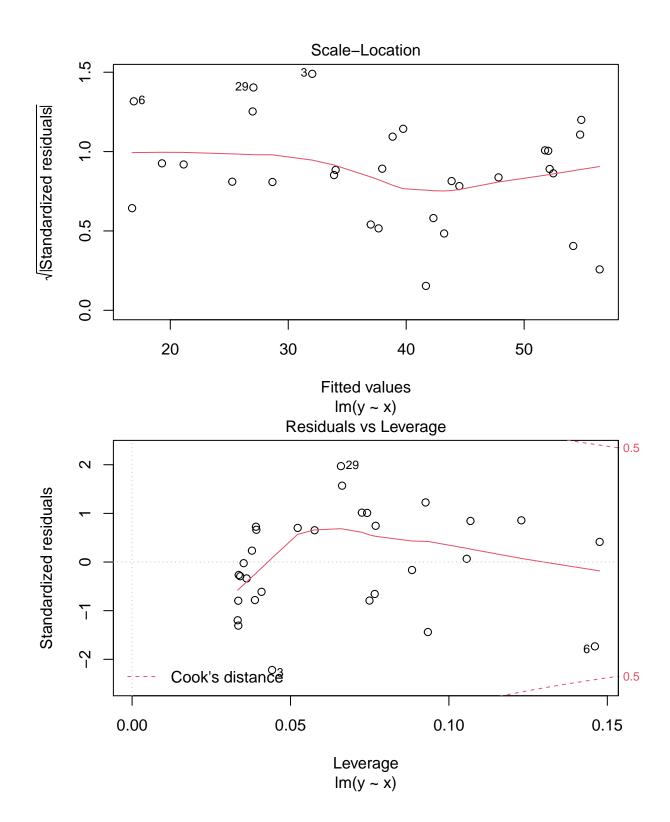


```
result<-lm(y~x)
summary(result)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x)
\#\,\#
## Residuals:
                       Median
##
       Min
                  1Q
                                   3Q
                                            Max
## -19.2864 -6.4826
                       0.1758
                                6.3506 16.9309
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 15.0097
                           3.6258
                                     4.140 0.000289 ***
                            0.2266
                                    7.349 5.3e-08 ***
## x
                 1.6652
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 8.888 on 28 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6586, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6464
## F-statistic: 54.01 on 1 and 28 DF, p-value: 5.296e-08
```

plot (result)





SAS Code
title1 'Simulated\_Linear\_Regression';

```
/*************
 Simple Linear Regression Models
 *************
%1et N = 30;
                                      /* size of each sample
                                                                 */
%let beta_0 = 10;
                                      /* true y-intercept
                                                                 */
%1et beta_1 = 2;
                                      /* true slope
                                                                 */
%let sigma = 9;
                                      /* true sigma
                                                                 */
data Reg1(keep=x y);
call streaminit(1);
do i = 1 to &N;
  x = 10*rand("Uniform");
                                      /* explanatory variable
                                                                 */
   eps = rand("Normal", 0, &sigma);
                                      /* error term N(0, sigma)
                                                                 */
   y = \&beta_0 + \&beta_1*x + eps;
   output;
end;
run;
data reg_out; set Reg1;
proc sgplot data=reg_out;
scatter y=y x=x;
reg y=y x=x;
run;
proc reg data=Reg1 plots=FITPLOT;
   model y = x;
   ods exclude NObs;
   run;
quit;
```

## **SAS Output**

Number of Observations Read	50
Number of Observations Used	50

Analysis of Variance					
Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	1	1520.12331	1520.12331	88.32	<.0001
Error	48	826.17436	17.21197		
Corrected Total	49	2346.29767			

Root MSE	4.14873	R-Square	0.6479
Dependent Mean	-1.51809	Adj R-Sq	0.6405
Coeff Var	-273.28688		

Parameter Estimates					
Variable	DF	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Pr >  t
Intercept	1	9.56379	1.31710	7.26	<.0001
X	1	-1.95653	0.20819	-9.40	<.0001

