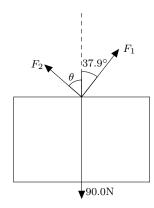
Question 1: (3 pts) A lawn roller is a cylinder that is 0.96m long and 0.60m in diameter. How many revolutions of the roller are needed to roll 76m² of lawn? (Round appropriately.)

Question 2: (3 pts) Solve for x only, using Cramer's rule:
$$\begin{cases} 2x - 5y - 3z = 7 \\ -3x + y + 2z = 0 \\ x - y + 8z = 2 \end{cases}$$

Question 3: (5 pts) Solve the following system of equations for each unknown:

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 4y + 8z = 24 \\ -2x + 4y - 6z = -14 \\ 3y - 3z = -9 \end{cases}$$

Question 4: (4 pts) A crate has a weight of 90.0N. Two ropes are attached to the crate and pulling on it. If the first rope pulls with a force $F_1 = 68.0$ N and an angle of 37.9° from the vertical, what force F_2 and angle θ must the second rope have if the crate is at equilibrium? (See figure. Round appropriately.)



Question 5: (5 pts) The longest side of a triangle is 34.2m, and the shortest side is 22.1m. If the largest angle of the triangle is 81.3°, find the length of the third side and the measure of the two remaining angles. (Round appropriately.)

Question 6: (4 pts) A Ferris wheel is 40 meters in diameter, and is boarded from a platform that is 10 meters above ground. The wheel makes one full rotation every 12 minutes. At time t = 0 minutes, you board the Ferris wheel (from the platform). Let the function h(t) denote your height above the ground (in meters) t minutes after boarding. Find:

- a) the amplitude of the function h(t).
- **b)** the period of the function h(t).
- c) a formula for the function h(t).

Question 7: (4 pts) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $y = 7x^3 - 20x^2 + 5x + 15$ at the point x = 1.

Question 8: (6 pts) Solve the following equations for x:

a)
$$\log(1-x) + \log(4-x) = 1$$
 b) $125^{x+2} = \left(\frac{1}{25}\right)^{3x-4}$

$$\mathbf{b)} \ 125^{x+2} = \left(\frac{1}{25}\right)^{3x-4}$$

Question 9: (6 pts) Solve the following equations for x such that $0 \le x < 2\pi$. Round your answers to 4 decimals.

a)
$$\sin^2(x) - \sin(x) = 2\cos^2(x)$$

a)
$$\sin^2(x) - \sin(x) = 2\cos^2(x)$$
 b) $2\tan^2(x) + \tan(x) = 2\sec^2(x) - 5$

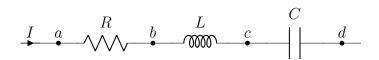
Question 10: (10 pts) Perform the indicated operations, and write your answers in the rectangular form x + yj.

a)
$$(4+2j+6j^2-j^3)(5+3j^7+2j^{18}-j^{33})$$
 b) $\frac{(3+2j)(5-4j)}{-3+7j}$

b)
$$\frac{(3+2j)(5-4j)}{-3+7j}$$

c) $(2-3j)^{11}$ (Hint: Use DeMoivre's Theorem. Your answer should not contain any decimals.)

Question 11: (8 pts) Consider the electrical circuit below:

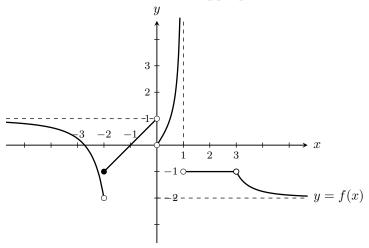


- The current is I = 2.36A (with a frequency of 70.0Hz);
- The resistance is $R = 51.2\Omega$;
- The inductance is $L = 32.3 \times 10^{-3}$ H;
- The capacitance is $C = 57.4 \times 10^{-6}$ F;

(Round all your answers appropriately.)

- a) Determine the voltage across the resistor (between points a and b).
- b) Determine the voltage across the capacitor (between points c and d).
- c) Determine the voltage across the RLC combination (between points a and d).
- d) Determine if the voltage leads or lags the current, and by what angle.

Question 12: (10 pts) For the function f(x) given in the graph below, find each of the following limits. Write DNE, $-\infty$ or $+\infty$ where appropriate.



- $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) =$
- $\lim_{x \to 0^-} f(x) =$
- $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) =$
- $\lim_{x \to 1^+} f(x) =$

- $\lim_{x \to 0^{+}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 1^{-}} f(x) = \lim_{x \to -2} f(x) = \lim_{x \to +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \to +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} f($
- List the points of discontinuity

Question 13: (12 pts) Evaluate the following limits:

a)
$$\lim_{x \to -2} \frac{2x^3 + 5x^2 - 4}{4x^2 + 7x - 2}$$
 b) $\lim_{x \to 3^+} \frac{\frac{2}{x-4} + 2}{x^2 - x - 6}$

b)
$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} \frac{\frac{2}{x-4} + 2}{x^2 - x - 6}$$

c)
$$\lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{9x^4 + 8x + 10}}{5x^2 - 2x + 1}$$
 d) $\lim_{x \to -5^-} \frac{\sqrt{4 - x} + 7}{3x^2 + 13x - 10}$

d)
$$\lim_{x \to -5^-} \frac{\sqrt{4-x}+7}{3x^2+13x-10}$$

Question 14: (12 pts) Find y'. Do not simplify your answers.

a)
$$y = 4x^8 - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + e^{\pi}$$
 b) $\sin(xy^3) = 3e^{5x} + \cos(2y)$

b)
$$\sin(xy^3) = 3e^{5x} + \cos(2y)$$

c)
$$y = \frac{\tan(x)(2x^2 + \cos(x^3))}{\csc(x^3)}$$

c)
$$y = \frac{\tan(x)(2x^2 + 5)}{\csc(x^3)}$$
 d) $y = \log_4(\cos(x)) - (4x^3 + 7x - 3)^5$

Question 15: (3 pts) Find y', given that $y = \ln \left(\frac{(6x-5)^7 \csc(x)}{(3x+8)^4 \sqrt[9]{x^2+1}} \right)$ Give a simplified answer. (Hint: Simplify using properties of ln before differentiating.)

Question 16: (5 pts) The potential V (in Volts) of a certain electric charge is given by $V = \frac{6}{t+1}$, where t represents the time in seconds. Evaluate $\frac{d^2V}{dt^2}$ after t = 2.00 seconds. (Round appropriately.)

Answers:

1.) 42 **2.**)
$$-\frac{14}{29}$$
 3.) $(-4, 2, 5)$ **4.**) $F_2 = 55.4$ N, $\theta = 49.0$ °

5.) 29.7m, 39.7° and 59.0° **6.**) **a)** 20m **b)** 12 minutes **c)**
$$h(t) = -20\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right) + 30$$

7.)
$$y = -14x + 21$$
 8.) a) $x = -1$ b) $x = \frac{2}{9}$

9.) a)
$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$
 (1.5708) or $x = 3.8713$ or $x = 5.5535$ b) $x = 1.8925$ or $x = 5.0341$

10.) a)
$$6+17j$$
 b) $-\frac{83}{58}-\frac{155}{58}j$ c) $-246\,046+1\,315\,911j$ **11.**) a) $121V$ b) $93.5V$ c) $135V$

d) It lags the current by 26.4° 12.) a) 1 b) 1 c) -1 d) -1 e) 0 f) $+\infty$ g) DNE

h) -2 **i)**
$$x = -2$$
, 0, 1, and 3 **13.) a)** $-\frac{4}{9}$ **b)** $-\frac{2}{5}$ **c)** $\frac{3}{5}$ **d)** $+\infty$

14.) a)
$$32x^7 - \frac{2}{3}x^{-2/3} - \frac{3}{5}x^{-6/5}$$
 b) $\frac{15e^{5x} - y^3\cos(xy^3)}{3xy^2\cos(xy^3) + 2\sin(2y)}$

c)
$$\frac{\left(\sec^2(x)(2x^2+5)+\tan(x)\cdot 4x\right)\csc(x^3)-\tan(x)(2x^2+5)\left(-\csc(x^3)\cot(x^3)\cdot 3x^2\right)}{\csc^2(x^3)}$$

d)
$$\frac{-\sin(x)}{\cos(x)\ln(4)} - 5(4x^3 + 7x - 3)^4(12x^2 + 7)$$
 15.) $\frac{42}{6x - 5} - \cot(x) - \frac{12}{3x + 8} - \frac{2x}{9(x^2 + 1)}$

16.)
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{-6}{(t+1)^2}$$
 $\frac{d^2V}{dt^2} = \frac{12}{(t+1)^3}$ $V''(2.00) = \frac{4}{9} = 0.444 \text{ V/s}^2$