

- [5] 1. Let  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  be given by the graphs below on the right:

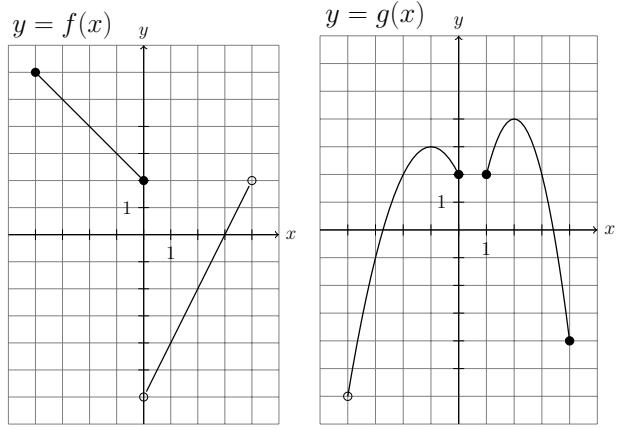
(a) State the domain of  $f$  in interval notation.

(b) State the range of  $g$  in interval notation.

(c) Evaluate:  $(g \circ f)(-1)$

(d) Evaluate:  $f^{-1}(2)$

(e) Does  $g$  have an inverse function? Why or why not?



- [3] 2. Use long division to calculate  $(4x^4 + 10x^3 - 14x - 13) \div (2x^2 - 3)$ .

Write your answer in the form  $Q(x) + \frac{R(x)}{D(x)}$

- [3] 3. Factor completely:  $3x^4 - x^3 + 81x - 27$

- [4] 4. Given the function  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 6x$ ,

(a) Find the coordinates of all axis intercepts,

(b) Find the coordinates of the vertex,

(c) Sketch a graph on the given axes and label the points found in the previous parts.

- [5] 5. Given  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4x + 3}{x^2 + x}$

$$\text{and } g(x) = \frac{x+3}{x^2 - 2x}$$

(a) Simplify:  $(f/g)$ .

(b) State the domain of  $(f/g)$ .

6. Given  $f(x) = \frac{3x+7}{4-x}$

- [3] (a) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

- [2] (b) Find and simplify  $f(2x+3)$

- [4] 7. Simplify:  $\frac{\frac{x}{3} - \frac{12}{x}}{6-x}$

- [3] 8. State the domain of the function in interval notation.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-5} + \frac{\sqrt{7-x}}{6-x}$$

**9.** Solve the following equations for  $x$ :

[3] (a)  $\frac{4x - 13}{x^2 + 2x - 3} = -1$

[4] (b)  $\sqrt{5x - 39} + 7 = x$

**10.** Solve the inequalities: (Express your answer in interval notation.)

[3] (a)  $3x^4 + x^3 - 2x^2 < 0$

[3] (b)  $x + \frac{10}{x - 7} \leq 0$

[3] **11.** How much money should be invested today at 4% compounded quarterly so that the investment is worth 10000 in 5 years? (Round your answer to the nearest cent; i.e. two decimal places.)

[4] **12.** Given  $f(x) = \log_2(x + 4) - 3$

(a) State the equation of any asymptote of the function  $f$ .

(b) Find the coordinates of all axis intercepts of  $f$ .

(c) Sketch  $y = f(x)$  on the axes provided. Clearly display the information you found in the previous parts.

[3] **13.** Given  $f(x) = \log_2(x + 4) - 3$ , find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

**14.** Simplify:

[3] (a)  $\frac{(4x^5y)^{3/2}}{6x^{-1}y\sqrt{xy^3}}$

[3] (b)  $e^{(2\ln x - 3\ln y - \ln z)}$

[2] **15.** Calculate:  $\log_3(7) \cdot \log_7(3)$

**16.** Solve for  $x$ :

[3] (a)  $x^{-3/2} = 10^6$

[4] (b)  $\log x + \log(29 - x) = 2$

[4] (c)  $\frac{5^x}{3^{x+2}} = 30$ . (Two decimal places.)

[5] **17.** The terminal side of an angle  $\theta$  in standard position contains the point  $(-5, -8)$ .

(a) Find the exact value of  $\tan(\theta)$ .

(b) Find the exact value of  $\sec(\theta)$ .

(c) If  $\theta$  is in  $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$ , calculate  $\theta$  to two decimal places.

[2] **18.** Convert  $12^\circ$  to radians.

[2] **19.** Find the exact value of  $\sec(7\pi/6)$ .

[2] **20.** Find all  $\theta$  in  $[0, 2\pi)$  such that  $\tan(\theta)$  is undefined.

- [3] 21. Find all  $\theta$  in  $[0^\circ, 360^\circ)$  such that  $\sin(\theta) = -2/7$ . (Two decimal places.)
- [3] 22. Simplify:  $\sin x + \cos x \cot x$
- [3] 23. State the amplitude, period, and sketch at least two cycles of the function  $f(x) = -3 \sin(4x)$ .
- [3] 24. A triangle has sides of length  $a, b$  and  $c$  across from angles of measure  $A, B$ , and  $C$  respectively. Given that  $a = 8$ ,  $B = 60^\circ$  and  $c = 3$ ; find  $A, b$  and  $C$ . (Round your answers to two decimal places.)
- [3] 25. A wooden board will be used to create a ramp. If the ramp will have an angle of elevation of  $15^\circ$  and a height of 2 metres, how long must the board be? (Answer in metres with two decimal places.)

ANSWERS:

1.(a)  $[-4, 4]$

1(b)  $(-6, 4]$

1(c)  $(g \circ f)(-1) = 2$ .

1(d)  $f^{-1}(2) = 0$ .

1(e) No. It fails the horizontal line test.

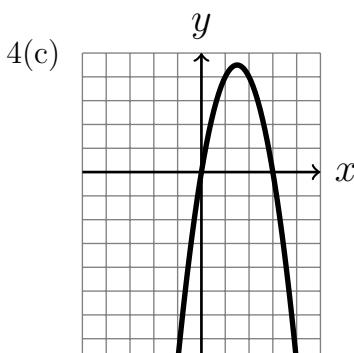
2.  $2x^2 + 5x + 3 + \frac{x-4}{2x^2-3}$

3(a)  $(x+3)(x^2-3x+9)(3x-1)$

4(a)  $y\text{-int: } (0, 0)$ ,

$x\text{-int's: } (0, 0), (3, 0)$

4(b) vertex:  $(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{9}{2})$



5(a)  $x - 2$

5(b)  $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{-3, -1, 0, 2\}$

6(a)  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4x-7}{x+3}$

6(b)  $f(2x+3) = \frac{6x+16}{1-2x}$

7.  $\frac{-(x+6)}{3x}$

8.  $[5, 6) \cup (6, 7]$

9(a)  $x = -8, x = 2$

9(b)  $x = 8, x = 11$

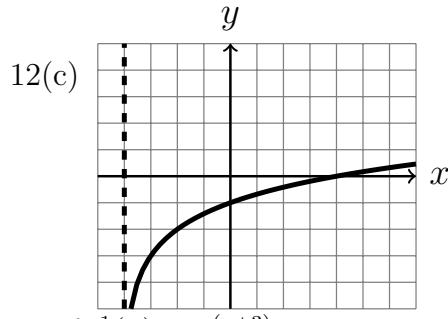
10(a)  $(-1, 0) \cup (0, 2/3)$

10(b)  $(-\infty, 2] \cup [5, 7)$

11. \$8195.44

12(a) V.A. at  $x = -4$

12(b)  $y\text{-int: } (0, -1)$ ,  $x\text{-int: } (4, 0)$



13.  $f^{-1}(x) = 2^{(x+3)} - 4$

14(a)  $\frac{4x^8}{3y}$

14(b)  $\frac{x^2}{y^3 z}$

15. 1

16(a)  $\frac{1}{10000}$

16(b)  $x = 4, x = 25$ .

16(c)  $x \approx 10.96$

17(a)  $\tan \theta = 8/5$

17(b)  $\sec \theta = \frac{-\sqrt{89}}{5}$

17(c)  $\theta \approx 237.99^\circ$

18.  $12^\circ = \frac{\pi}{15}$

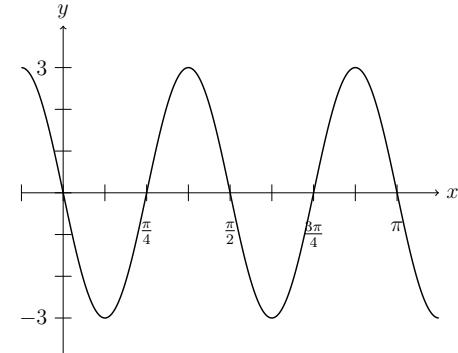
19.  $\sec(7\pi/6) = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{3}}$

20.  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \theta = \frac{3\pi}{2}$

21.  $\theta \approx 196.60^\circ, \theta \approx 343.40^\circ$

22.  $\csc x$

23.  $A = 3, P = \pi/2$ .



24.  $b = 7, C \approx 21.79^\circ, B \approx 98.21^\circ$

25. 7.73m.