

201-SH3-AB - Exercises #14: Differential Equations

Part I:

- (1) Given $f''(x) = 30x^4 + 12x$; $f'(0) = 5$; $f(0) = -7$, find $f(x)$.
- (2) Given $f''(x) = 24x^2 - 18x$; $f'(-1) = 2$; $f(1) = 4$, find $f(x)$.
- (3) Given $f''(x) = 60\sqrt{x} - 48x$; $f'(1) = 25$; $f(4) = 30$, find $f(x)$.
- (4) Find the cost function given $\frac{dC}{dx} = 5x - \frac{1}{x}$ and 10 units cost \$94.20.
- (5) Find the cost function given $\frac{dC}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} + 2x$ and 7 units cost \$58.40.
- (6) Find the demand function at $x = 90$ given $\frac{dR}{dx} = x^2 - 2x + 3$.
- (7) Find the profit function at $x = 100$ given that $\frac{dP}{dx} = 2x + 20$ and profit on 20 items is \$50.
- (8) Given $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{\sqrt{t^3} - t}{\sqrt{t^3}}$, find the function y that satisfies the condition $y(9) = 4$.
- (9) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x^{-2} + 3x^{-1} - 1$, find the function y that satisfies the condition $y(1) = 0$.
- (10) Given $f''(x) = 18x - 6x^2$, find the function $f(x)$ that satisfies the conditions $f'(1) = 20$ and $f(1) = 15$.
- (11) Given $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{t^2} - 4}{\sqrt[3]{t^2}}$, find the function y that satisfies the condition $y(-8) = 4$.
- (12) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x^{-3} + 5x^{-1} + 3$, Find the function y that satisfies the condition $y(1) = 3$.
- (13) Given $f''(x) = 12x^2 - 6x$, find the function $f(x)$ that satisfies the conditions $f'(1) = 8$ and $f(-1) = 5$.
- (14) Find the average cost function given that the marginal cost is $0.3x^2 + 6x + 100$ and that 10 units cost \$3000.
- (15) Find the demand function given that the marginal revenue is $9x^2 + 0.1x + 500$ and that the revenue from 10 units is \$8500.
- (16) Find the cost function given that the marginal cost is $12x^2 + 20e^{2x}$ and that the fixed costs are \$1000.
- (17) Find the demand function at $x = 16$ units given that the marginal revenue is $6\sqrt{x} + 8x + 500$.

Part II: Show that the function y is a particular solution of the given differential equation.

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| (18) $y = e^{x/2}$, $2y'' + 5y' - 3y = 0$ | (21) $y = x^2(5 + 3\ln(x))$, $xy' - 2y = 3x^2$ |
| (19) $y = x^3 - \frac{5}{2}x$, $x\frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = 5x$ | |
| (20) $y = 4 + 8xe^x - 3e^x$, $y'' - 2y' + y - 4 = 0$ | (22) $y = 2e^{\frac{x^4}{4}}$, $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^3y$ |

Part III: Solve the following initial value problems.

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| (23) $y' = y \sin(x)$, $y(0) = 1$ | (26) $y' = y^2(2x + 1)$, $y(-1) = \frac{1}{5}$ |
| (24) $y' = y^2 \cos(x)$, $y(0) = 1$ | |
| (25) $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2y$, $y(0) = 4$ | (27) $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x+2} \cdot y^2$, $y(-2) = -\frac{1}{2}$ |

$$(28) \quad y' = 6x^2(y - 2), \quad y(2) = 3$$

$$(29) \quad y' = 3e^{x-y}, \quad y(0) = 2$$

$$(30) \quad y' = 4xy, \quad y(2) = 1, \quad y > 0$$

$$(31) \quad y' = \frac{2x^2}{y}, \quad y(1) = 2, \quad y > 0$$

$$(32) \quad y' = \frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{y}}, \quad y(1) = 9$$

$$(33) \quad xy' = \frac{4x^2}{y}, \quad y(1) = 2, \quad y > 0$$

$$(34) \quad y' = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x}}, \quad y(4) = 1, \quad y > 0$$

$$(35) \quad y' = 2\sqrt{y}e^{3x}, \quad y(0) = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$(36) \quad y' = 3xy - 2x, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y > 0$$

$$(37) \quad y' = 2xy + 3x^2y, \quad y(2) = 1, \quad y > 0$$

$$(38) \quad y' = 2x^2y + 2x^2, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y > -1$$

$$(39) \quad y' = \frac{xy}{x^2 + 1}, \quad y(0) = 3, \quad y > 0$$

ANSWERS:

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| (1) $f(x) = x^6 + 2x^3 + 5x - 7$ | (13) $f(x) = x^4 - x^3 + 7x + 10$ | (29) $y = \ln(3e^x + e^2 - 3)$ |
| (2) $f(x) = 2x^4 - 3x^3 + 19x - 14$ | (14) $\overline{C} = 0.1x^2 + 3x + 100 + \frac{1600}{x}$ | (30) $y = e^{2x^2-8}$ |
| (3) $f(x) = 16x^{5/2} - 8x^3 + 9x - 6$ | (15) $p = 3x^2 + 0.05x + 500 + \frac{495}{x}$ | (31) $y = \sqrt{\frac{4}{3}x^3 + \frac{8}{3}}$ |
| (4) $C = \frac{5}{2}x^2 - \ln x - 153.50$ | (16) $C = 4x^3 + 10e^{2x} + 990$ | (32) $y = \left(\frac{3}{2}x^3 + \frac{51}{2}\right)^{2/3}$ |
| (5) $C = \ln x + x^2 + 7.45$ | (17) $p(16) = \$580$ | (33) $y = 2 x $ |
| (6) $p(90) = \$2613$ | (23) $y = e^{1-\cos(x)}$ | (34) $y = e^{2\sqrt{x}-4}$ |
| (7) $P(100) = \$11250$ | (24) $y = \frac{1}{1 - \sin(x)}$ | (35) $y = \left(\frac{1}{3}e^{3x} + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2$ |
| (8) $y = t - 2\sqrt{t} + 1$ | (25) $y = 4e^{x^3}$ | (36) $y = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}e^{3x^2/2}$ |
| (9) $y = 3\ln x - x - \frac{2}{x} + 3$ | (26) $y = \frac{-1}{x^2 + x - 5}$ | (37) $y = e^{x^3+x^2-12}$ |
| (10) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^4 + 3x^3 + 13x - \frac{1}{2}$ | (27) $y = \frac{-1}{e^{x+2} + 1}$ | (38) $y = e^{(2/3)x^3} - 1$ |
| (11) $y = t - 12\sqrt[3]{t} - 12$ | (28) $y = e^{2x^3-16} + 2$ | (39) $y = 3\sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ |
| (12) $y = 5\ln x + 3x - \frac{2}{x^2} + 2$ | | |