Introduction to Docker in Robotics

John Alejandro Duarte Carrasco

IN / johnaduarte



Docker



Docker for Development (ROS + Gazebo)





Docker

- Problem .
- History of global transportation system ...
- Docker as a game changer 🖋 .
- Play with Containers 🎂.
- Images 📜 and Registries 💾!!
- Access the host \Rightarrow Volumes and networks \mathscr{O} .

Docker for Development (ROS)



Docker

Docker for Development (ROS)

- Let's create a Image (Dockerfiles) Git is that you?
- So many commands ≥ ! ⇒ Compose.
- Let's group this : Build, volumes, networks, command.
- Let's quick off —: Let's quick off : Envs, resources, depends.
- Can I turn it on? 👀 Manipulate multiple services

Docker

Docker for Development (ROS)



- Let's breath... What is anyway CI?
- GA: Workflows, triggers and jobs.
- Check your code! Automatic test.

Ready?

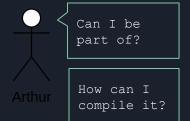








Clone the repo and compile it.



You need:

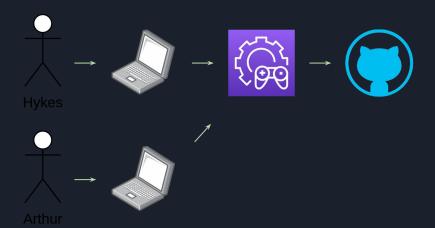
- Ubuntu 20.04
- ROS2 galactic.
- Gazebo.
- Python3 pip3
- Tensorflow
- Nav2
- Third Repos...
- Tools and configs...
- ..



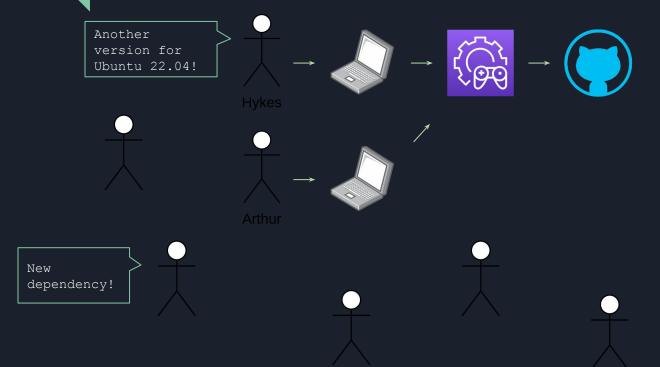


















There is a problem of development environments.

Similar, maintainable, scalable environment for the developers?



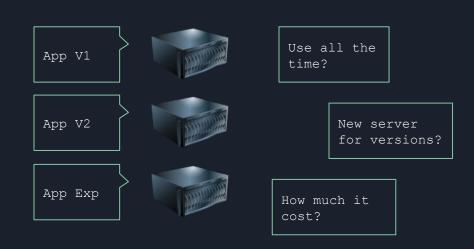
















There is a problem of testing environments.

Configurable, maintainable and scalable environment for testing?





















There is a problem of production environments.

Automatic, scalable, measurable environments for production?



Problem

















There is a problem of development environments.

There is a problem of testing environments.

There is a problem of production environments.



History of global transportation system 🚢







History of global transportation system 🚄









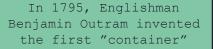




History of global transportation system 🚢









Malcolm McLean 1950s standarde size



Today





There is a problem of development environments.

There is a problem of testing environments.

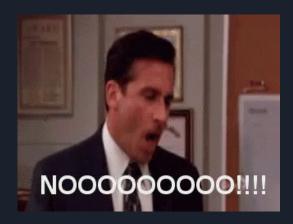
There is a problem of production environments.



Problem: Solution?

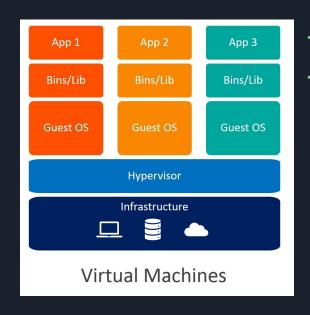


Virtual Machines!





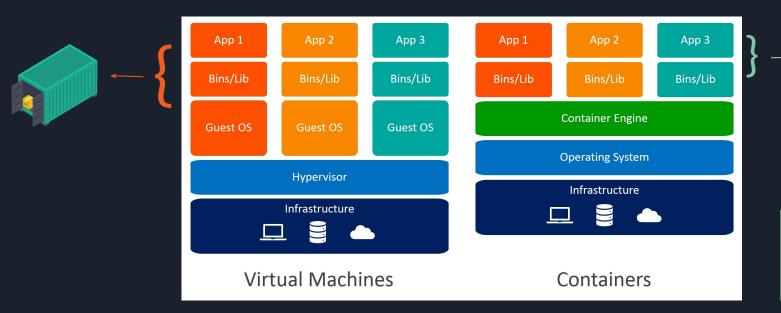












Let's re-used the Kernel



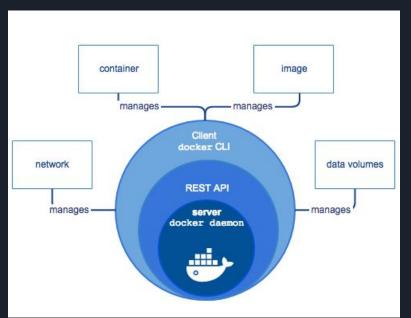


他 自由—			J. both	
ago	Exit	-1		
5d117b05		c5860e37a1bcb678	/bin/sh	About an hour
ago	Exit	0		
7bbf2ed7		fad7c890e7ca7be4	/bin/bash	About an hour
ago	Exit	0		
1c57729e		c5860e37a1bcb678	/bin/echo hello wo	rl About an hour
ago	Exit	0		
867600d5		fad7c890e7ca7be4	/bin/bash	About an hour
ago	Exit	-1		
0cd7b00d		c5860e37a1bcb678	/bin/sh	About an hour
ago	Exit	0		
195e0591		c5860e37a1bcb678	/b'	
ago	Exit	-1		
1a83Za1e		c5860e37a1bcb678	7b	1
ago	Exit	-1		
40d49a1a		c5860e37a1bcb678	/b	1
ago	Exit	0	16	and the same of th
f318a96d		c5860e37a1bcb678	/b	
ago	Exit	-1		THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING
8c0f9431		c5860e37a1bcb678	/b	Marie Control
ago	Exit	0		Martin Mary
5				









Containers:

- Self contained units of software.
- Delivered on "any" OS machine.
- Isolated at the process level.
- Unique file system and network.

Docker:

Docker is an open platform for developing, shipping, and running applications.



docker run hello-world

Unable to find image 'hello-world:latest' locally latest: Pulling from library/hello-world

2db29710123e: Pull complete

 ${\tt Digest: sha256:62af9efd515a25f84961b70f973a798d2eca956b1b2b026d0a4a63a3b0b6a3f2a3b1b2b026d0a4a63a3b0b6a3f2ab0b6a3f2ab0b6a5f2ab0$

Status: Downloaded newer image for hello-world:latest

Hello from Docker!

This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:

- 1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
- The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub. (amd64)
- The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
- 4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with: \$ docker run -it ubuntu bash

Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker ID: https://hub.docker.com/

For more examples and ideas, visit: https://docs.docker.com/get-started/



Run a new container. docker run ubuntu:18.04

Nothing happens?

Its process (bash) stops immediately.

Interactive:

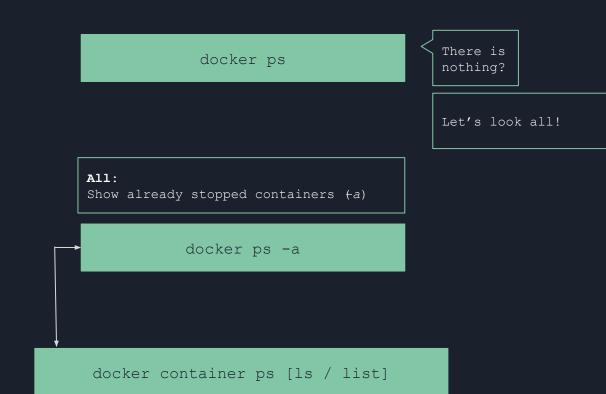
Send STDIN commands (-i) and simulate TTY (-t).

docker run -it ubuntu:18.04

Stop bash process: exit

docker container run -it ubuntu:18.04





List containers



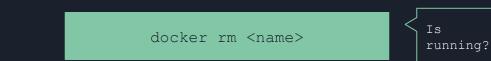
docker run -it --name <name> ubuntu:18.04

Starts a stopped container.

docker start -i <name>

docker container start -i <name>



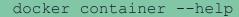


Remove a container





Play with containers 🎂



Manage containers

Commands:

attach Attach local standard input, output, and error streams to a running container

commit Create a new image from a container's changes

cp Copy files/folders between a container and the local filesystem

create Create a new container

exec Run a command in a running container

export Export a container's filesystem as a tar archive

ect Display detailed information on one or more containers

kill Kill one or more running containers logs Fetch the logs of a container

ls List containers

pause Pause all processes within one or more containers

port List port mappings or a specific mapping for the container

prune Remove all stopped containers

rename Rename a container

restart Restart one or more containers
rm Remove one or more containers
run Run a command in a new container
start Start one or more stopped containers

stats Display a live stream of container(s) resource usage statistics

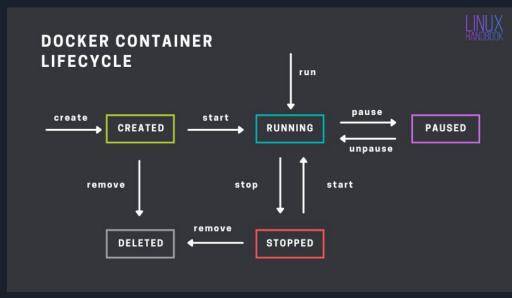
stop Stop one or more running containers

top Display the running processes of a container unpause Unpause all processes within one or more containers update Update configuration of one or more containers

wait Block until one or more containers stop, then print their exit codes



Play with containers 🎂



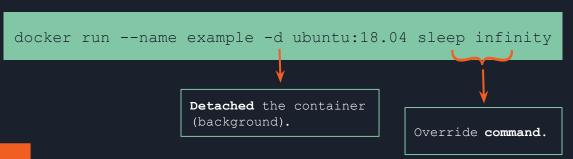
This is all about processes.

https://linuxhandbook.com/container-lifecycle-docker-commands

The container lifecycle is tied to its main process.



Play with containers 🎂



Executes new process to a container.

docker container exec -it /bin/bash

Look the processes: ps -aux

The container lifecycle is tied to its main process.

PID: 1
On the container

Look the processes from
outside:
ps -aux | grep sleep

Kill the process:
sudo kill -9 PID





Where does the containers come from?

Recipes for creating containers.



List images. OOP: Class ⇒ Instance

docker image ls

REPOSITORY ubuntu hello-world

TAG latest

IMAGE ID 18.04 35b3f4f76a24 feb5d9fea6a5

CREATED 3 weeks ago 12 months ago

SIZE 63.1MB 13.3kB



docker image ls

REPOSITORY ubuntu hello-world

TAG 18.04 latest IMAGE ID 35b3f4f76a24 feb5d9fea6a5 CREATED

3 weeks ago

SIZE 63.1MB

12 months ago 13.3kB

Repository:

Project

Tag:

Version





Go to hub.docker.com/

Search any image that you want!

Registries!

The Registry is a stateless, highly scalable server side application that stores and lets you distribute Docker images

- Docker Hub
- AWS ECR
- Azure Container Registry

Like GitHub or GitLab.



docker pull osrf/ros:rolling-desktop-full

Play with it!

Pull an image.

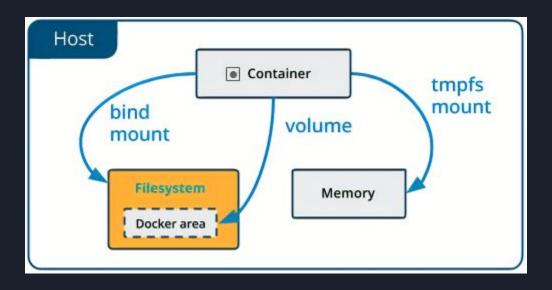
(Default Docker hub)

Pull the images that you want and work on them.





How can I persist data?







Bind mounts

File or directory on the host machine is mounted into a container.

Create a bind mount.

Absolute path!

docker run -it -v /path:/c path container





Bind mounts

File or directory on the host machine is mounted into a container.

Create a bind mount.

Absolute path!

docker run -it -v /path:/c path container





Bind mounts

File or directory on the host machine is mounted into a container.

Create a bind mount.

Absolute path!

docker run -it -v /path:/c path container





Bind mounts

File or directory on the host machine is mounted into a container.

Create a bind mount.

Absolute path!

docker run -it -v /path:/c path container





Bind mounts

File or directory on the host machine is mounted into a container.

Files inside the container are created under container user (default root).





Volumes

File or directory on the host machine, completely managed by Docker.

Create, delete, configure.

Set limits!





Create a volume.

docker volume create data

docker volume ls

docker volume -v data:/c path container

docker run --mount source=data, target=/c path container





Create a volume.

docker volume create data

docker volume ls

docker volume -v data:/c path container

docker run --mount **source=data**, target=/c path container





docker volume create data

docker volume 1s

docker volume -v data:/c_path container

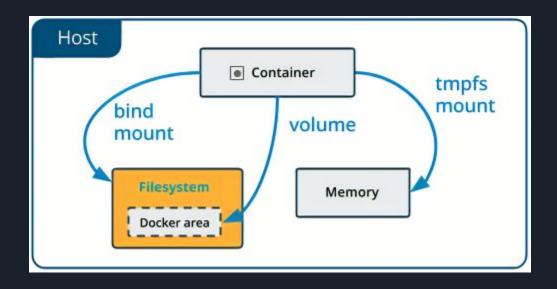
docker run --mount source=data, target=/c path container

Create a volume.





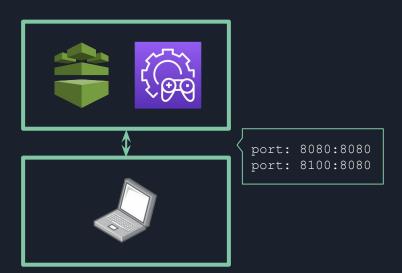
How can I persist data?







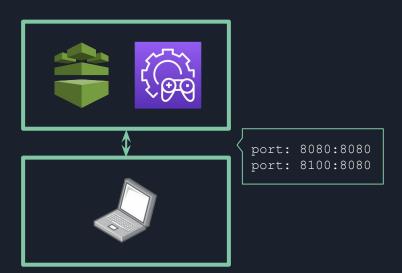
How can use communication protocols Networks







How can use communication protocols Networks



Let's take a breath



How we can create our own image?

Dockerfiles!

Docker can build images automatically by reading the instructions from a Dockerfile.



How we can create our own image?

Dockerfiles!

Docker can build **image**s automatically by reading the **instructions** from a Docker**file**.

Create any environment that you want.



FROM - Initial base image

RUN - Execute a given command

ENV - Set an build-time environment

WORKDIR - Set the container working dir

USER - Set the container user

Dockerfile references
https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/#env

INSTRUCTIONS



EXERCISE

Let's complete the simulation. Dockerfile

Docker image layers:
Think as a commit

Docker image layers:

- Only contain changes
- Compile once (if not changed)
- Data saved in a layer can't be removed
- Many options to make it optimal!

- Docker cache
- Multi-Stage
- BuildKit
- Etc





Build a Image

docker run -it gazebo_tb3 /bin/bash

Command

We can change it with: COMMAND



So many commands **≥**! ⇒ Compose.

Define a yaml file with all the docker instruction.

docker-compose.yaml

docker-compose.override.yaml

Let's take a look at it

Thanks