

## EXPERIMENT – 5

### FEATURE SCALING IN GIVEN DATASET

Aim:

To provide feature scaling for a given dataset

Procedure:

- Upload the given csv file
- Import the necessities like numpy and Pandas
- Use pandas to read\_csv and make it as an data frame
- Now use SimpleImputer to fill missing values

Program:

```
[ ]  
✓ 0s from google.colab import files  
      uploaded=files.upload()  
      import numpy as np  
      import pandas as pd  
      file=next(iter(uploaded))  
      df=pd.read_csv(file)  
      df
```

Choose Files No file chosen Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.  
Saving pre\_process\_datasample - pre\_process\_datasample (1).csv to pre\_process\_datasample - pre\_process\_datasample (1) (1).csv

	Country	Age	Salary	Purchased
0	France	44.0	72000.0	No
1	Spain	27.0	48000.0	Yes
2	Germany	30.0	54000.0	No
3	Spain	38.0	61000.0	No
4	Germany	40.0	NaN	Yes
5	France	35.0	58000.0	Yes
6	Spain	NaN	52000.0	No
7	France	48.0	79000.0	Yes
8	Germany	50.0	83000.0	No
9	France	37.0	67000.0	Yes

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```
[ ]  
✓ 0s df.head()
```

	Country	Age	Salary	Purchased
0	France	44.0	72000.0	No
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2	Germany	30.0	54000.0	No
3	Spain	38.0	61000.0	No
4	Germany	40.0	NaN	Yes

```
[ ]  
✓ 0s df.Country.fillna(df.Country.mode()[0],inplace=True)  
      features=df.iloc[:, :-1].values  
      df.Country.fillna(df.Country.mode()[0],inplace=True)  
      label=df.iloc[:, -1].values  
      from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer  
      age=SimpleImputer(strategy="mean",missing_values=np.nan)  
      Salary=SimpleImputer(strategy="mean",missing_values=np.nan)  
      age.fit(features[:, [1]])  
      SimpleImputer()  
      Salary.fit(features[:, [2]])  
      SimpleImputer()
```

SimpleImputer  
SimpleImputer()

```

11
✓ On
● features[:,[1]]=age.transform(features[:,[1]])
  features[:,[2]]=Salary.transform(features[:,[2]])
  features

array([[ 'France', 44.0, 72000.0],
       [ 'Spain', 27.0, 48000.0],
       [ 'Germany', 30.0, 54000.0],
       [ 'Spain', 38.0, 61000.0],
       [ 'Germany', 40.0, 63777.77777777778],
       [ 'France', 35.0, 58000.0],
       [ 'Spain', 38.77777777777778, 52000.0],
       [ 'France', 48.0, 79000.0],
       [ 'Germany', 50.0, 83000.0],
       [ 'France', 37.0, 67000.0]], dtype=object)

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✓ On
● from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
  oh = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False)
  Country=oh.fit_transform(features[:,[0]])
  Country

array([[1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.],
       [1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [1., 0., 0.]])

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✓ On
● final_set=np.concatenate((Country,features[:,[1,2]]),axis=1)
  final_set

array([[1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 44.0, 72000.0],
       [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 27.0, 48000.0],
       [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 30.0, 54000.0],
       [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 38.0, 61000.0],
       [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 40.0, 63777.77777777778],
       [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 35.0, 58000.0],
       [0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 38.77777777777778, 52000.0],
       [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 48.0, 79000.0],
       [0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 50.0, 83000.0],
       [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 37.0, 67000.0]], dtype=object)

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✓ On
● from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
  sc=StandardScaler()
  sc.fit(final_set)
  feat_standard_scaler=sc.transform(final_set)
  feat_standard_scaler

array([[ 1.22474487e+00, -6.54653671e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
         7.58874362e-01,  7.49473254e-01],
       [-8.16496581e-01, -6.54653671e-01,  1.52752523e+00,
        -1.71150388e+00, -1.43817841e+00],
       [-8.16496581e-01,  1.52752523e+00, -6.54653671e-01,
        -1.27555478e+00, -8.91265492e-01],
       [-8.16496581e-01, -6.54653671e-01,  1.52752523e+00,
        -1.13023841e-01, -2.53200424e-01],
       [-8.16496581e-01,  1.52752523e+00, -6.54653671e-01,
        1.77608893e-01,  6.63219199e-16],
       [ 1.22474487e+00, -6.54653671e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
        -5.48972942e-01, -5.26656882e-01],
       [-8.16496581e-01, -6.54653671e-01,  1.52752523e+00,
         0.00000000e+00, -1.07356980e+00],
       [ 1.22474487e+00, -6.54653671e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
        1.34013983e+00,  1.38753832e+00],
       [-8.16496581e-01,  1.52752523e+00, -6.54653671e-01,
        1.63077256e+00,  1.75214693e+00],
       [ 1.22474487e+00, -6.54653671e-01, -6.54653671e-01,
         0.00000000e+00,  0.00000000e+00]])

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✓ On
● from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
  mms=MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
  mms.fit(final_set)
  feat_minmax_scaler=mms.transform(final_set)
  feat_minmax_scaler

array([[1., 0., 0., 0.73913043, 0.68571429],
       [0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0., 0.13043478, 0.17142857],
       [0., 0., 1., 0.47826087, 0.37142857],
       [0., 1., 0., 0.56521739, 0.45079365],
       [1., 0., 0., 0.34782609, 0.28571429],
       [0., 0., 1., 0.51207729, 0.11428571],
       [1., 0., 0., 0.91304348, 0.88571429],
       [0., 1., 0., 1., 1.],
       [1., 0., 0., 0.43478261, 0.54285714]])

```

Result:

Thus the python program to do feature scaling in given dataset is executed and verified successfully