

## EXPERIMENT NO:1(A)

### MATPLOTLIB LIBRARY – DATA VISUALIZATION

#### AIM :

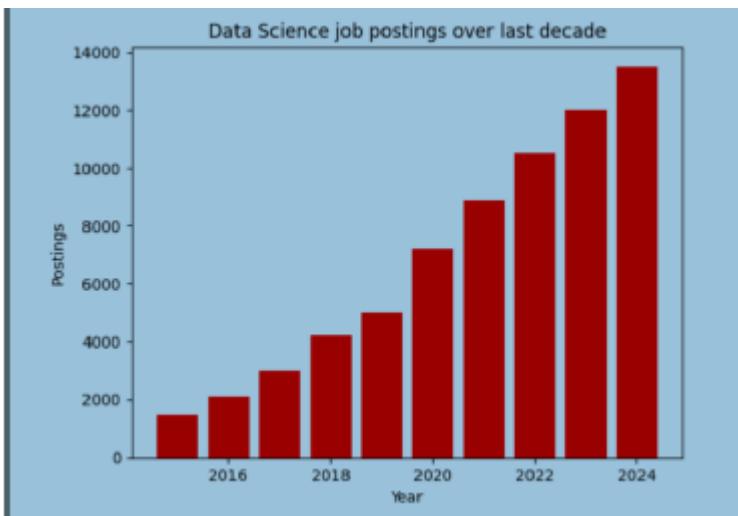
To analyze the trends of data science job postings over the last decade

#### PROCEDURE:

- Import Numpy and Matplotlib
- Give some dummy data and make it as Data Frame
- Use Bar plot for year over postings
- Give attributes like xlabel,ylabel,title ,etc
- Finally show the bar plot
- 

#### PROGRAM :

```
[1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as p
data={
    'Year':[2015,2016,2017,2018,2019,2020,2021,2022,2023,2024],
    'Postings':[1500,2100,3000,4200,5000,7200,8900,10500,12000,13500]
}
df=p.DataFrame(data)
yr=df['Year']
post=df['Postings']
plt.bar(yr,post,color='red')
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Postings")
plt.title("Data Science job postings over last decade")
plt.show()
```



RESULT :

Thus the python program to visualize data using bar plot is executed and verified

### EXPERIMENT-1(B)

#### MATPLOT LIBRARY – DATA VISUALIZATION

AIM :

To analyze and visualize distribution of various roles of Data Science

PROCEDURE :

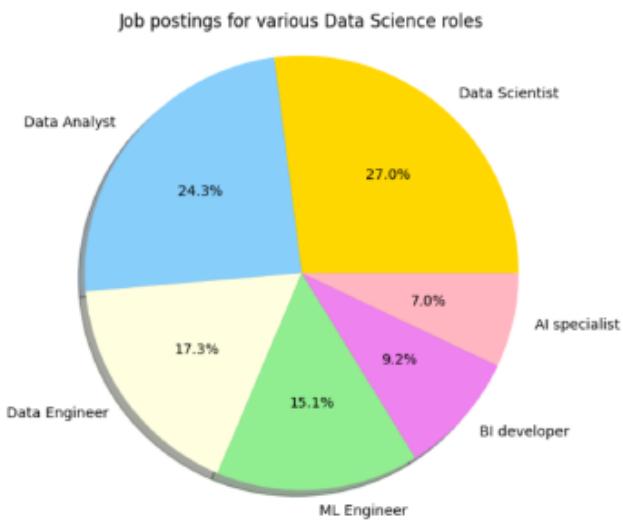
- Import Pandas and Matplotlib
- Create a dataset
- Visualize through pie chart for job postings for various Data Science roles
- Use some attributes like colors ,title ,figure size etc

PROGRAM :

```

[ ] ✓ Ds
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
data={
    'Roles':["Data Scientist",'Data Analyst','Data Engineer','ML Engineer','BI developer','AI specialist'],
    'Post':[5000,4500,3200,2800,1700,1300]
}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
role=df['Roles']
post=df['Post']
colors=['gold','lightskyblue','lightyellow','lightgreen','violet','lightpink']
plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
plt.pie(post,labels=role,colors=colors,shadow=True,startangle=0,autopct='%.1f%%')
plt.title('Job postings for various Data Science roles')
plt.axis('equal')
plt.show()

```



## RESULT :

Thus the python program to analyze and visualize postings of data science roles is executed and verified

## EXPERIMENT-1(C)

### DISPLAY THE STRUCTURED , UN STRUCTURED AND SEMI-STRUCTURED DATA

#### Aim :

To differentiate structured , unstructured and semi structured data.

#### Procedure :

- Import Matplotlib and Pandas
- Create a DataFrame for structured data and print it
- Likewise create Data Frame for unstructured and normalize it using json attribute and print it
- Now create unstructured data and print it

## Program:

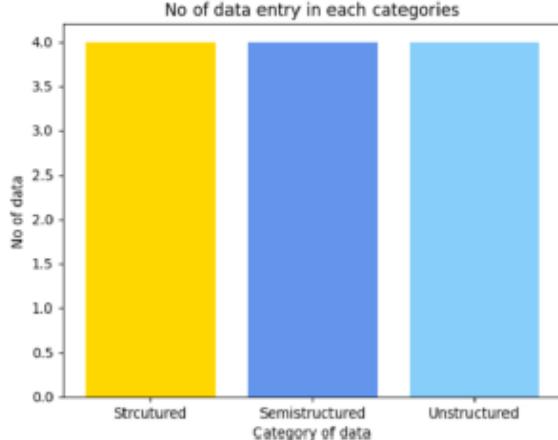
```
[1]: 
  1  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  2  import pandas as pd
  3  structured={
  4      'Jerseyno':[45,7,18,33],
  5      'Name':['Rohit','MS','Virat','Hardik'],
  6      'Age':[38,44,36,31]
  7  }
  8  df=pd.DataFrame(structured)
  9  print("Structured Data:\n")
10  print(df)
11  semistructured=[
12      {'Name':'Rohit','Jerseyno':45,'Age':38},
13      {'Name':'MS','Jerseyno':7,'Age':44},
14      {'Name':'Virat','Jerseyno':18,'Age':36},
15      {'Name':'Hardik','Jerseyno':33,'Age':31},
16  ]
17  dff=pd.json_normalize(semistructured)
18  print("\nSemistructured Data:\n")
19  print(dff)
20  unstructured=['Rohit is a cricketer with jersey no 45.His age is 38',
21                 'MS is a cricketer with jersey no 7. His age is 44',
22                 'Virat is a cricketer with jersey no 18.His age is 36',
23                 'Hardik is a cricketer with jersey no 33.His age is 31']
24  print("Unstructured Data:\n")
25  print(unstructured)
26  count=[len(structured['Age']),len(semistructured),4]
27  data=['Structured','Semistructured','Unstructured']
28  plt.bar(data,count,color=['gold','cornflowerblue','lightskyblue'])
29  plt.xlabel("Category of data")
30  plt.ylabel("No of data")
31  plt.title("No of data entry in each categories")
32  plt.show()

Structured Data:
   Jerseyno    Name  Age
0        45  Rohit  38
1         7    MS  44
2        18  Virat  36
3        33 Hardik  31

Semistructured Data:
  Name Jerseyno  Age
0  Rohit      45  38
1    MS        7  44
2  Virat      18  36
3  Hardik     33  31

Unstructured Data:
['Rohit is a cricketer with jersey no 45.His age is 38', 'MS is a cricketer with jersey no 7. His age is 44', 'Virat is a cricketer with jersey no 18.His age is 36', 'Hardik is a cricketer with jersey no 33.His age is 31']
```

['Rohit is a cricketer with jersey no 45.His age is 38', 'MS is a cricketer with jersey no 7. His age is 44', 'Virat is a cricketer with jersey no 18.His age is 36', 'Hardik is a cricketer with jersey no 33.His age is 31']



## Result:

Thus the python program to differentiate the characteristics of structured , unstructured and semi-structured data

