

# WhyMSL

May 18, 2011

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## 1 ConjectureOp

```
module ConjectureOp

definitions

types

    bla = token;

end ConjectureOp
```

Function or operation	Coverage	Calls
ConjectureOp	0.0%	0
ConjectureOp.vdmsl	0.0%	0

## 2 WhyM

```
/*
-----
08/05/2011 (Leo) - first version based on Cliff's BBN 1749 (from 06/05/2011)
10/05/2011 (Leo) - copy-paste into "WhyMCliff" + update notions after discussions with Andrius
12/05/2011 (Leo) - meeting with Cliff for discussion: explained up to Evidence
13/05/2011 (Leo) - froze WhyM0 + added notions of Proof/Disproof/Gap/Attempt etc in detail
-----
*/
```

```

module WhyM

definitions

types

-----
--- Cliff's "world"
--- * AI4FM strategy language

Sigma :: map Id to Theory; -- state for models of why operations

-----
--- Theory
--- * Theory records intent information and inference
--- * link with underlying log data, here just a pointer
--- * hints are sequence of whys, and represent positive knowledge
--- * clues are instantiate whys, yet they are just pieces of the jigsaw
--- * strategies are not to be updated, except when/with learning
---   (i.e., they are those created during proof and fixed).
---
--- * should uses/specialised be like "inherited" features? See Isabelle Locale?

Theory ::
  specialises : Id          -- dependencies down
  log      : Log           -- associated log (pointer)
  uses     : set of Id      -- dependencies up
  ttypes   : set of Id      -- known types
  operators : map Operator to OpDefn -- tagged/known ops
  results  : map Id to Conjecture -- proved conjectures
  strategies : set of (Why * Hints) -- relates why with hints

-- TODO: also comparative/ordering/ranking notions
--   between various Theory components / structs
;

-----
--- Operators
--- * Augumented from tool term structure with meta-tagging?

Operator ::
  id : Id
  cat : OpCategory
  assoc : OpAssoc
  syntax : OpSyntax
  prec : nat;

OpCategory = <Relation> | <Function>; --| <Generic>;
OpSyntax = <Infix> | <Posfix> | <Mixfix> | <Nofix>;
OpAssoc = <ASSOC_LEFT> | <ASSOC_RIGHT>; --| <ASSOC_NONE>;

OpDefn ::
  type: Signature
  defn: Definition;

-- exrta meta-information given by the user about a defined term
Definition ::
  term: Term          -- text from tool Term structure
  props: set of DefProp -- set of properties of interest (e.g., does commute with OpY)  TODO: SHAPE, PLEASE!
  aprops: set of DefProp -- set of anti-properties of interest (e.g., doesn't commute with OpX)
  concept: Concept    -- what does it define?
  structure: set of Structure -- expected use of definition
  origin: DefOrigin   -- where the definition comes from?
  intent: seq of char -- user textual description of definition
  related: set of DefLink -- related terms/definitions/lemmas?

```

```

witnesses: map Id to Pred -- possible witnesses for all quantified variables of interest?
inv deft == is not yet specified -- links Pred vars with dom Id from witness
;

-- properties of interest for the definition? like assoc/comm/dist etc.
-- what parameters to have, if any?
DefProp = token;

-- what kind of definition is this? useful to scoring mechanisms and strategy choices?
Concept =
  <CORE> -- concept considered "core" by the user
| <EXTENSION> -- extension of a core concept
| <INVARIANT> -- invariant of data structure? +/-
| <TOY> -- part of a toy-problem abstraction
-- TODO: what else? could these be learned/created?
;

-- most likely/expected use of definition during a proof
Structure =
  <CONSTRUCTOR> -- constructor
| <DESTRUCTOR> -- destructor
| <FUNCTIONAL> -- function ? unnecessary?
| <POINTWISE> -- definition is given/used pointwise
| <SET_BASED> -- definition is for set based reasoning
| <SEQ_BASED> -- definition is for seq/list based reasoning
| <EXTENSIONAL> -- equality as quantified comparison (e.g., x=y iff (ALL i: x @ i:y) and...)
| <LIEBINITZ> -- equality as substitution of equals-for-equals
-- TODO: what else? could these be learned?
;

-- definition source: problem itself, or user insight, or other tool/theory
DefOrigin = <EXTENSIONAL> | <INTENTIONAL> | <EXTERNAL>;

-- definition links: other definitions; conjectures; theories
DefLink = Definition | Conjecture | Theory;

-----
--- Conjectures
--- * Augumented from tool term structure with meta-tagging + Evidence
---
--- * justifications map a given proof (Id) to a set of possible proof evidence
---   (i.e., Cliff's proof as either structured / declarative / axiom-use, etc)
---   note this also allows for mixed Proof/Disproof within evidence set (!)
---
--- * a set of clues is given as places where the conjecture might be useful
---   ? what leads to a clue? proof attempt or another conjecture?

-- conjecture as in sequent calculus plus extra model Why info.
-- assuming only "goal" identify a conjecture (used ":-")
Conjecture ::
  hypothesis :- seq of Sequent -- list of known hypothesis
  goal : Sequent -- goal to be proved
  justification :- map Id to set of Evidence -- body of evidence
  shape :- set of MetaType -- ?
  inference :- set of Inference -- how to use this conjecture in other proofs?
  --technology dependant, if not tool dependant?
  uses :- set of Clue -- conj. applicability
  inv conj ==
    conj.shape <> {} -- conjectures *must* have a shape
  and
    -- justifications must have at least some evidence
    forall i in set dom conj.justification &
      conj.justification(i) <> {};

```

```

-- Origin = <TYPE> | <FEASIBILITY> | <REFINEMENT_APPL> | <REF_FEASIBILITY> | <INIT> | ... ???

-- Contextualised predicate: what can be (implicitly) inferred? what's its relevance?
Sequent ::
  pred : Pred
  ctx  : Context;

-- Underlying information per sequent
Context ::
  inferred : seq of Sequent -- what can be inferred by the pred in ctx
  step : nat      -- proof step number / depth
  rank : nat      -- some ordering notion (e.g., lexicograph)
  relevance: nat   -- user/AI defined notion of ranking?

-- TODO: use google-style page ranking? map-reduce style? etc.
-- TODO: Cliff suggest to use "graph-like" structure, rather than inferred above
;

-- what kind of conjecture is this?
-- or should it be "Structure"?
-- TODO: still undecided about this one.
MetaType =
  <EXPLORATORY> -- user is playing around
  | <TOY>       -- toy-problem / abstraction
  | <LEMMA>     -- known subpart of a problem
  | <THEOREM>   -- main/top-level goal of interest
;

-- how is this conjecture to be used by the prover/solver?
-- or are these just part of the "Why" type itself?
Inference =
  <FORWARD>
  | <BACKWARD>
  | <REWRITE>
  | <TYPE_JUDGEMENT>
;

/*
* tagging inference from Disproof? Extension of the model?
- history : p-where = where was it used and succeeded? theory; goal; proof script; etc
  np-where = where was it used and failed?
  terms    = set of term structure (in case of formulae variation?)
  proofs   = set of proof scripts attempts
- weights : hr-based results using various other tags?
*/

-----
--- Evidence
--- * more than just proof script (Attempt): record of proof scaffoldings
--- * both positive and negative; passive and active
--- * scores as a function of the user / system
---
-- * Always start with Proof. Go to Disproof if you dare! (lower chess score risk)
--
-- * SCENARIOS:
-- 1) proof Attempt : belief conjecture is true, can't manage to finish proof (no evidence)
-- 2) disproof Hunch : belief conjecture is false/wrong by intuition (no evidence)
-- 3) disproof Insight : disproof Hunch +confirmation - prescribes Clue from Hunch (with evidence)
-- 4) disproof as proof: disproof Hunch discarded - evolve Disproof to proof Attempt
-- 5) disproof as test : disproof Hunch -confirmation - creates a counter example (with evidence)
---
--- Disproof
--- * is Insight/Hunch on the goal (e.g., belief/faith: maybe be right/wrong/misleading)
--- * is NOT a unfinished proof!! [Paradox over !!P <> P]
-- * ranked by strength (of belief); pros/cons given

```

```

-- [R0] counter-example as "Test"          [strongest rank]
--   = explicit values falsifying a goal
--   = helpful for machine learning (HR / AM)
--
-- [R1] false goal/contr. hyp as "Attempt"
--   = explicitly failed proof?
--   = ex. justifiably false goal or contradictory hyp
--
-- [R2] prescriptive as "Insight"          = implicitly failed proof? dead-end example
--   = high-level knowledge of previous failure
--   = general (e.g., per family of terms / operators)
--   = harder evidence than guess, yet softer evidence than R1/R0
--   = ex. op. dist. only when goal shrinks/expands
--   = ex. cat doesn't commute"; it works at home :-D
--
-- [R3] putative as "Hunch"                [weakest rank]
--   = experience based-dead end
--   = care is needed to avoid misguidance (deterrent: chess score idea by user)
--   = problem/structure dependent, yet generalisable?
--   = can evolve into a prescribed insight (go up ranks)
--   = ex. "bulk promotion" example from ONFI flash hardware [R3]->[R2]
--   = ex. "FPU calculator" example from IEEE std v1/v2      [R3 success]
--   = ex. "THE application" example from Tokeneer (failure) [R3 failed]
--   = ex. easy one "x <= y --> x < y" [R3 success] arithmetic why
--
-- * notion of negative-why: it's why(not P) rather than not (why P)! don't dist!
--   n-why-tag x seq of Sequent x Goal x Attempt
--
-- * to make it precise: it is a user decision to choose/change ranks
--   = users are to be scored according to the "precision" of their hunches?
--
-- * Where negative-"Clues" come from?
--   only from highest ranks and/or user prescribed?
--
-- * this is the data to be used for learning for suggestions to the user?
--
-- Proof
-- * is rigorous transformation (even just AXIOM tag) of the goal
-- * it includes unfinished proofs!!!
-- * contains specific evidence: proof script + tool-session-tag (SMT?)
-- * ranked by strength (of belief) as well:
--   [R0] proof "Script" or tool-session tag (TP, SMT, etc)
--     = explicit / complete proof script
--
--   [R1] proof "Attempt"
--     = explit user decision tagged as "unfinished" proof
--     = subgoals as isolated part of Attempt (e.g., proof Zoom)
--
--   [R2] new Conjecture from proof Attempt
--     = lemma prescription given proof subgoal
--
-- * notion of why intent: why-tag x seq of Sequent x Goal x Attempt
--   may contain tag for incompleteness / trusted / axiom
--
-- * Where "Clues" come from?
--   as either a proof Zoom or a suggested new conjecture? Or both?
--
-- * Gaps as just a special kind of attempt?
--
-- * again, to make it precise: it is a user decision or ranked score? Chess player style score
--
-- SIDE: add a role of witnesses within scripts - like in RODIN explicit witness request for quant?
--
-- positive or negative evidence --- all attempt based

```

```

Evidence = Proof | Disproof;

-- (rigorous) positive evidence:
Proof = Attempt
--inv prf == (prf.why.pos and prf.worth >= 0 and
-- Evidence
--/ Trust
--/ Sketch
| Gap
| Test
-- proofs have positive Why (as Why(P)) and cannot be accepted "on trust" - these are Disproofs?
-- if the user believes it to be true, but can't finish, use <SORRY> instead.
-- I don't want to differentiate between a unfinished proof (<SORRY> and "trusted" proof from somewhere)
inv prf == (prf.why.pos and prf.worth.tag <> <TRUSTED>);

-- (loose) negative evidence: all are particular forms of proof attempts
Disproof =
  Test -- active (counter example)
  | Insight -- passive (prescriptive solution; cat doesn't commute)
  | Hunch -- passive (solution on experience)
--/ Attempt -- incomplete disproof characterisation??
inv dprf == (not dprf.why.pos and dprf.worth.tag <> <SORRY>);

-- still evolving set of tags... = ways to differentiate between attempts
-- trouble between duplication x different notions (they are not DUALS, necessarily)
EvidenceTag =
  <AXIOM> -- axiomatic (for Proof only)
  | <TRUSTED> -- user insight (for Disproof only)
  | <SORRY> -- unfinished proof (for Proof only)
  | <QED> -- finished proof (Disproof = Test/Contradiction; Proof = finished goal)
;

--?
AttemptKind =
  <BLIND> -- exploratory/don't care: auto, prove-by-reduce, grind, etc
  | <GUIDED> -- grounded WhyM info/evidence for given term
  | <CLUES> -- putative WhyM info/clues for given term
  | <BECAUSE> -- negative WhyM info/????? for given term
;

-- evidence data
AttemptData ::
  rank: int -- rank as described above (with Rank, may not need EvidenceTag)
  score: Score -- learned/inferred score
  tag: EvidenceTag -- what kind of evidence is this?
;

-- sequence of tokens - keep it abstract
Script = seq of token;

-- Attempt as intent * Terms involved/highlighted * steps
Attempt ::
  why : Why -- captured intent
  --hyps: seq of Sequent -- involved hypothesis [maybe don't need this--- it's in context from Conjecture?]
  --goal: Sequent -- current goal [but, could be transformed from the conjecture...]
  tool: Tool -- source tool (SMT/TP/Oracle)
  kind: AttemptKind -- what kind of attempt is this?
  worth: AttemptData -- what is this attempt worth?
  script: Script -- hard evidence?
;
-- operation: length(script) = number proof steps?

/*

```

```

Evidence = Attempt
inv evd ==
  if evd.why.pos then
    evd.worth.rank >= 0
  else
    evd.worth.rank < 0;

Trusted = Evidence
inv trst ==
  if trst.why.pos then
    evd.worth.rank

Evidence / Trust / Sketch
*/

-- An insight is a special attempt with negative Why as "not Why(P)"
Insight = Attempt
-- insights are TRUSTED negative Whys
inv att == --isAttemptInsight(ins); -- allows both positive and negative
  att.worth.tag = <TRUSTED> => not att.why.pos;

-- A hunch is a special attempt with negative Why and lower rank (higher value).
Hunch = Attempt
-- hunches are insights with lower rank (e.g., <= in case of other hunches as insights)
inv hun == isAttemptInsight(hun) and
  (forall i in set { att | att:Attempt & isAttemptInsight(att) } & i.worth.rank <= hun.worth.rank);

Test = Attempt
-- tests must be definite, hence QED
inv tst == tst.worth.tag = <QED> and
  if tst.why.pos then
    -- as positive evidence, it has weakest rank among Attempts
    (forall i in set { att | att:Attempt } & i.worth.rank <= tst.worth.rank)
  else
    -- as negative evidence, it has strongest rank among Attempts
    (forall i in set { att | att:Attempt } & tst.worth.rank <= i.worth.rank)
;

-- bridging gaps in proofs?
-- * way of introducing controlled uncertainty?
--Gap ::
-- origin : seq of Sequent -- associated sequents
-- infunk : seq of Sequent -- inferred/given unknowns
-- sgoal : Sequent -- source goal to bridge
-- tgoal : Sequent -- target goal to reach
-- link : Conjecture -- where is this gap for??
-- ;
-- TODO: a gap is a kind of unfinished proof? or a kind of new conjecture?
-- I guess we don't need it and it will appear within Proof/Disproof.

-- a gap is a "jump" within a proof attempt ?
Gap = Attempt
inv gp == (gp.why.pos and gp.worth.tag = <SORRY>);

-- score as calculated relevance either as a user defined function or system-infered suggestion on:
-- * number of times appearing in rewrites
-- * % of terms changing x times applied
-- * AM power-curve of strategies/heuristics
-- * HR concept scoring
-- * dead-end from logs
Score ::
  fixed: int --
  domain: int

```

```

learned: int
inv sc == is not yet specified;

-----
--- Why
-- * ontology of proof intent with scores

-- corroborative data about Why tags?
Hints = seq1 of Why;

-- tentative aspect of Attempt
Clue :: intent : Why
  rationale : set of (Evidence | Test)
  score : Score;

-- (weighted) ontological tagging
Why :: kind: WhyTag -- justification category
  score: Score -- relevance/importance
  pos: bool -- positive / negative intent
;

-- should we have separate or composite Why categories?
WhyTag = --Operators
  <OP_ORDER> | <OP_COMB> | <DIST_OP> | <DIFF_OP> | <COMM_OP> |
    -- Witnesses / quantifiers
  <FORALL_NEEDED> | <EXISTS_NEEDED> |
    -- Strategies
  <INDUCTION> | <NF_REDUCTION> | <LR_REWRITE> |
    -- Transformations
  <DATATYPE_MAPPING> | <EQ_TRANSF> |
    -- Decision procedures
  <ARITHMETIC> | <SMT> | <QUICKCHECK> |
    -- Eureka introduction: inferred? user tags?
  <EUREKA> | <THOR_HAMMER> |
    -- Log / plans / AI ?
  <INF_FROM_LOG> | <HR_CLUE> |
    -- Negative? Should it be a diff tag? NWhyTag?
  <NOT_THEOREM>;

-----
--- Auxiliary term structure
---
--- ? try not to depend on any expr/pred term structure, but rather what is
---   needed abstractly.
-- ? maybe necessary if learning is about structure; or not if ontological.

/*
-----
-- Expr tree (explicit)
Expr = Const | Var | Cond; --/ OperatorDefn?

Const :: nat | bool;
Var  :: id: Id
  tp: [<Bool> | <Nat>];
Cond :: test: Expr
  yes : Expr
  no  : Expr
inv mk_Const(b, y, n) ==
  ((is_Const(b) and is_bool(b)) or
   (is_Var(b) and b.tp = <Bool> )) --is_Bool(b.tp))
and
  (is_Expr(y) and is_Expr(n));

-----
-- Pred tree (explicit)

```



```

Pred = Atom | And | Not | ForAll;

Atom = bool | Eq;

Eq :: lhs : Expr
    rhs : Expr;

And :: lhs : Pred
    rhs : Pred;

Not :: p : Pred;

ForAll :: vars: seq of Var
    pred: Pred
inv mk_ForAll(v, -) ==
    --(is_Var(v) and is_Pred(p) and -- do I need those typing things?
    forall i, j in set elems v & i <> j;
*/

TermData ::
    bv: set of Id -- bounded variables
    fv: set of Id -- free variables
    inv td == td.bv inter td.fv = {} and
    td.bv union td.fv <> {};

Atom ::
    vars: TermData -- information of interest?
    body: token; -- abstract structure

-----
-- Expr tree (implicit)
Expr ::
    exp: Atom -- expression structure
    typ: Signature -- type information
    val: Value; -- current bindings?

-----
-- Pred tree (implicit)
PredTerm ::
    pred: Atom -- predicate structure
    val: bool; -- current bindings?

EqTerm ::
    lhs: Expr
    rhs: Expr; -- equality is special?

Pred = PredTerm | EqTerm;

Term = Expr | Pred;

-- TODO: cross-fertilise these data structure with Isabelle / Mural term structure?

-----
-- Underspecified terms

-- Id's are used to "tag" various structures.
Id = token;

-- Follows from TP/tool type hierarchy?
Signature = token;

-- Follows from TP/tool proof scripts?
--Attempt = token;

-- ??? string to the executable ???

```

```

Tool = token;

--- log-data (PSP-inspired)
Log = token;

-- binding values to variables / expr; depends on type system
Value = token

-- TODO:CHECK: what's better style, named types for everything
-- (e.g., IdSet) or direct use (e.g., set of Id)?
--
--IdSet = set of Id;
--OperatorMap = map Operator to OpDefn;
--ConjectureMap = map Id to Conjecture;
--
-- TODO: how to make such constant sets?
--values
-- allInsights: set of Attempt = { att | att:Attempt & is_Insight(att) };

functions

-- TODO: do I need this extra layer of type checking for attempt given as is_XXX(att)? Not?

-- disproof attempts are trusted and with negative Why (as "not Why(P)")
--isValidInsight: Attempt -> bool
--isValidInsight(att) == (/is_Insight(att) and*/ att.worth.tag = <TRUSTED> and not att.why.pos);

-- a test is definite, hence QED as the only option. it might be either positive or negative
--isValidTest: Attempt -> bool
--isValidTest(att) == (/is_Test(att) and*/ att.worth.tag = <QED>);

-- a valid proof must be positive evidence and cannot be given on trust
--isValidProof: Attempt -> bool
--isValidProof(att) == (is_Proof(att) and att.worth.tag <> <TRUSTED> and att.why.pos);

-- if a given attempt is a proof, then it is finished if QED tagged
--finishedProof: Attempt -> bool
--finishedProof(att) == (isValidProof(att) => att.worth.tag = <QED>);

-- *USE => in FINISHED PROOF TO MAKE (not finishedProof) unfinished proof*
--unfinishedProof: Attempt -> bool
--unfinishedProof(att) == (isValidProof(att) and att.worth.tag <> <QED>);

-- attempts taken on trust can only be negative evidence
-- conversely, if not taken on trust, then it is positive evidence
isAttemptInsight: Attempt -> bool
isAttemptInsight(att) == att.worth.tag = <TRUSTED> => not att.why.pos;

linked: Attempt * Sigma -> bool
linked(a, s) == is not yet specified;

complete: Attempt * Sigma -> bool
complete(a, s) == is not yet specified;

analyse: Conjecture -> set of Why
analyse(c) == is not yet specified;

evolve: Disproof -> Proof
evolve(d) == is not yet specified;

/*
rankHyp : Conjecture * Ordering -> Conjecture
-- order the hypothesis in some way
*/

```

```

/*
* generate POs
* start [new] proof
* got stuck: review / inform / judge
  - proof critics? others
* proof plan execution
  - splitting / induction / rewriting
* proof engineering needed
* identification
  - missing hypothesis
  - ranking hypothesis
  - disproofs (via intuition)
  - counter examples (explicit)
* Eureka introduction
* Thor's hammer (force through; isar Sorry)
* classify PO / goal
  - attempts: blind = auto, p-by-reduce, grind, etc
    with-intent(X) = grounded WhyM info for X
    using-clues(Y) = putative WhyM info for Y
    becauseof(Z) = negative WhyM info for Z
  - metatype: exploration = user is playing around
    toy [abstraction]= toy-problem construction (!! )
    lemma [subpart] = known subpart
* create [choose] strategy
  - split, induct, rewrite, generalise
* tagging terms / lemmas (user burden: rationale = better learning?)
  - op/defn : isFcn/Op, Const, Dest, etc
  - prop-sets : p-assoc(op1, op2), p-commu, p-dist-l/r,
  - anti-props: np-assoc(op1, op2), etc..
  - conceptual: core = considered basic by the user
    extension = refinement of "core"
    invariant = general property predicate/term
  - structural: pointwise = explicit consider every point of set or function
    set-based = set-theoretical proof/structure (don't expand to elements)
    extension = equality as quantified comparison (x=y iff (ALL i: x @ i : y) etc)
    liebnitz = equality as substitution over equals-for-equals
  - inference : rule = to be used a rewrite rule? forw/backw?
    judgement = to be used as type judgements?
  - origin : extensional = from the problem text itself
    intentional = from user insight
  - intent : desc = textual description of how this is to be used?
    related = link to related terms / lemmas / defs (possible to infer?)
  - witnesses : concrete examples for quantifiers / predicates?
* tagging inference
  - history : p-where = where was it used and succeeded? theory; goal; proof script; etc
    np-where = where was it used and failed?
    terms = set of term structure (in case of formulae variation?)
    proofs = set of proof scripts attempts
  - weights : hr-based results using various other tags?
* disproofs
  - passive (insight), active (counter-example), gaps, etc
* ontology of lemmas / terms
  - Paolo's provenance stuff?
  - WhyM scoring function?
  - success / failure applicability rate?
* classification of lemmas / terms
  - postmortem analysis: weight/score adjustments
  - suggestion of lemmas; patches; fixes; strategies; etc
* propose gap
  - justified / tentative lemmas?
  - inferred from theory usage / clues?
* proof refactoring / reconstruction / clean-up / synthesis
  - look for Iain Whitehouse(?) Edinburgh work on Isar transf.
  - look for MSR guy from UV10 talking about synthesis techniques

```

```

* armageddon introduction
- badly stuck / lost; worth resetting the world :-) !!
* metamorphosis introduction
- isomorphic lemma / proof suggestion
- equivalence lemmas for proof engineering (e.g., eq def easier to prove)
- change / refine underlying datatype

* LEARNING (!!!)
- HR concept formation and relevance-measurement using WhyM data (e.g., Disproof/Gap)
- AM power-curves and concept formation ideas?
- Improved notions for scoring (see TP term indexing, strategies, SMT stuff, etc)

# DNA analogy: 2% gene encoding; 98% "garbage DNA"->"DNA mechanics"
  (proof scripts); (proof sessions)->(proof intent/why)

# TOOL-ARCHITECTURE:
- WhyM in VDM (Overture) enables:
  + formal documentation of proof intent (meta-proving specification)
  + trace / animation analysis options
  + POG for intra consistency (WhyM is sound / feasible)
  + POG for exo consistency (WhyM suggesting extra POs PScripts)
  + closer to FM tools for actual proof (TP / SMT / etc)
  + JML / Java code generation of WhyM
  + formal link with PSP-inspired logging?

- Ecore/EMF/Epsilon world
  + loose manipulation / transformation of WhyM instances
  + visual appeal / user interfacing
  + shared effort on MDA (model driven architectures)
  + meta-modelling support (EVL, EWL, EOL, ECL, etc).
  + AI transformations
  + Method agnostic (not in VDM, say).

*/
end WhyM

```

Function or operation	Coverage	Calls
WhyM	0.0%	0
analyse	0.0%	0
complete	0.0%	0
evolve	0.0%	0
isAttemptInsight	0.0%	0
linked	0.0%	0
WhyM.vdmsl	0.0%	0

### 3 WhyM0

```

module WhyM0

definitions

```

## types

```
-----
--- Cliff's "world"
--- * AI4FM strategy language

Sigma :: map Id to Theory; -- state for models of why operations

-----

--- Theory
--- * Theory records intent information and inference

Theory :: specialises : Id      -- dependencies down
log    : Log      -- associated log
uses   : set of Id  -- dependencies up
ttypes : set of Id  -- known types
operators : map Operator to OpDefn -- tagged/known ops
results : map Id to Conjecture -- proved conjectures
strategies : set of (Why * (seq of Why)) -- ??
--inv TODO

-- TODO: also comparative/ordering/ranking notions
-- between various Theory components / structs
;

-----

--- Operators
--- * Augmented from tool term structure with meta-tagging?

Operator :: id : Id
cat      : OpCategory
assoc    : OpAssoc
prec     : nat;

OpCategory = <Relation> | <Function>; --| <Generic>;
OpAssoc    = <ASSOC_LEFT> | <ASSOC_RIGHT>; --| <ASSOC_NONE>;

OpDefn :: type: Signature
defn: Definition;

-----

--- Conjectures
--- * Augmented from tool term structure with meta-tagging + Evidence

-- conj as in seq. calculus plus extra model Why info.
-- assuming only "goal" identify a conjecture (used ":-")
Conjecture :: hypothesis :- seq of Sequent
goal       : Sequent

-- judgement (as field name) = overloaded term (used by TP)
--
-- have evidence as sets: Alan's n-proofs per conjecture?
-- plus more than one possible disproof as well?
justification :- map Id to set of Evidence
shape         :- set of MetaType
uses          :- set of Clue
inv conj ==
-- all conjectures *must* have a shape
conj.shape <> {}
and
-- all justifications must have some evidence
forall i in set dom conj.justification &
conj.justification(i) <> {};

-- Contextualised predicate: what can be (implicitly) inferred? what's its relevance?
```

```

Sequent :: pred : Pred
      ctx : Context;

-- Underlying information per sequent
Context :: inferred : seq of Sequent -- what can be inferred by the pred in ctx
      step : nat      -- proof step number / depth
      rank : nat      -- some ordering notion (e.g., lexicograph)
      relevance: nat   -- user/AI defined notion of ranking?

-- TODO: use google-style page ranking? map-reduce style? etc.
;

-----
--- Evidence
--- * more than just proof script (Attempt): record of proof scaffolding
--- * both positive and negative; passive and active
--- * scores as a user/system function

Evidence = Proof | Disproof | Gap;

EvidenceTag = <AXIOM> | -- axiomatic
      <TRUSTED> | -- user insight
      Tool | -- tool based (SMT/TP/Oracle)
      Attempt -- script based (Isar)
      ;

-- (rigorous) positive evidence documentation
Proof = EvidenceTag ;

-- (loose) negative evidence: may be just user insight
Disproof = Insight | -- passive (user insight)
      Test -- active (counter example)
      ;

-- Route * (Terms involved/highlighted) * Depth/Step no.
Insight = EvidenceTag * set of Sequent * nat
-- cannot use axioms
inv ins ==
  (ins.#1 <> <AXIOM>);

-- Counter example from goal
-- * what is a test predicate here? A counter example? Should it be (seq of Pred)?
-- pred : (seq of Expr) * Expr * (set of Conjecture) -> bool [Cliff's original]
-- * score as a function of its use/importance?
--
Test :: value : Expr      -- actual counter example
      origin : seq of Sequent -- associated sequents
      score : Score;      -- calculated relevance

-- score as a user defined function? or system-inferred suggestion on
-- * number of times appearing in rewrites
-- * % of terms changing x times applied
-- * AM power-curve of strategies/heuristics
-- * HR concept scoring
-- * dead-end from logs
Score = int
inv sc == is not yet specified;

-- bridging gaps in proofs?
-- * way of introducing controlled uncertainty?
Gap :: origin : seq of Sequent -- associated sequents
      infunk : seq of Sequent -- inferred/given unknowns
      sgoal : Sequent      -- source goal to bridge
      tgoal : Sequent      -- target goal to reach
      link : Conjecture    -- where is this gap for??

```

```

;

-----
--- Why
-- * ontology of proof intent with scores

-- tentative aspect of Attempt
Clue :: intent : Why
  rationale : set of (Evidence | Test)
  score : Score;

-- (weighted) ontological tagging
Why :: kind: WhyTag -- justification category
  score: Score -- relevance/importance
;

-- should we have separate or composite Why categories?
WhyTag = --Operators
  <OP_ORDER> | <OP_COMB> | <DIST_OP> | <DIFF_OP> | <COMM_OP> |
    -- Witnesses / quantifiers
  <FORALL_NEEDED> | <EXISTS_NEEDED> |
    -- Strategies
  <INDUCTION> | <NF_REDUCTION> | <LR_REWRITE> |
    -- Transformations
  <DATATYPE_MAPPING> | <EQ_TRANSF> |
    -- Decision procedures
  <ARITHMETIC> | <SMT> | <QUICKCHECK> |
    -- Eureka introduction: inferred? user tags?
  <EUREKA> | <THOR_HAMMER> |
    -- Log / plans / AI ?
  <INF_FROM_LOG> | <HR_CLUE>;

-----
--- Auxiliary term structure (for playing around)

-----
-- Expr tree
Expr = Const | Var | Cond; --/ OperatorDefn?

Const :: nat | bool;
Var :: id: Id
  tp: [<Bool> | <Nat>];
Cond :: test: Expr
  yes : Expr
  no : Expr
inv mk_Cond(b, y, n) ==
  ((is.Const(b) and is.bool(b)) or
   (is.Var(b) and b.tp = <Bool> /*is_Bool(b.tp)*/) )
and
  (is.Expr(y) and is.Expr(n));

-----
-- Pred tree
Pred = Atom | And | Not | ForAll;

Atom = bool | Eq;

Eq :: lhs : Expr
  rhs : Expr;

And :: lhs : Pred
  rhs : Pred;

Not :: p : Pred;

```

```

ForAll :: vars: seq of Var
  pred: Pred
inv mk_ForAll(v, -) ==
  --(is_Var(v) and is_Pred(p) and -- do I need those typing things?
  forall i, j in set elems v & i <> j;

-- TODO: cross-fertilise these data structure with Isabelle / Mural term structure

-----
-- Underspecified terms

-- Id's are used to "tag" various structures.
Id = token;

-- Follows from TP/tool type hierarchy?
Signature = token;

-- Follows from TP/tool term structure?
Definition = token;

-- Follows from TP/tool proof scripts?
Attempt = token;

-- ??? string to the executable ???
Tool = token;

--- log-data (PSP-inspired)
Log = token;

-- ???
MetaType = token;

-- TODO:CHECK: what's better style, named types for everything
--      (e.g., IdSet) or direct use (e.g., set of Id)?
--
--IdSet = set of Id;
--OperatorMap = map Operator to OpDefn;
--ConjectureMap = map Id to Conjecture;
--

functions

linked: Attempt * Sigma -> bool
linked(a, s) == is not yet specified;

complete: Attempt * Sigma -> bool
complete(a, s) == is not yet specified;

analyse: Conjecture -> set of Why
analyse(c) == is not yet specified;

/*
rankHyp : Conjecture * Ordering -> Conjecture
-- order the hypothesis in some way
*/

/*
* generate POs
* start [new] proof
* got stuck: review / inform / judge
- proof critics? others
* proof plan execution
- splitting / induction / rewriting
* proof engineering needed

```



- \* identification
  - missing hypothesis
  - ranking hypothesis
  - disproofs (via intuition)
  - counter examples (explicit)
- \* Eureka introduction
- \* Thor's hammer (force through; isar Sorry)
- \* classify PO / goal
  - attempts: blind = auto, p-by-reduce, grind, etc
    - with-intent(X) = grounded WhyM info for X
    - using-clues(Y) = putative WhyM info for Y
    - becauseof(Z) = negative WhyM info for Z
  - metatype: exploration = user is playing around
    - toy [abstraction]= toy-problem construction (!!)
    - lemma [subpart] = known subpart
- \* create [choose] strategy
  - split, induct, rewrite, generalise
- \* tagging terms / lemmas (user burden: rationale = better learning?)
  - op/defn : isFcn/Op, Const, Dest, etc
  - prop-sets : p-assoc(op1, op2), p-commu, p-dist-l/r,
  - anti-props: np-assoc(op1, op2), etc..
  - conceptual: core = considered basic by the user
    - extension = refinement of "core"
    - invariant = general property predicate/term
  - structural: pointwise = explicit consider every point of set or function
    - set-based = set-theoretical proof/structure (don't expand **to** elements)
    - extension = equality **as** quantified comparison (x=y iff (ALL i: x @ i : y) etc)
    - liebinitz = equality **as** substitution over equals-**for**-equals
  - inference : rule = **to be** used a rewrite rule? forw/backw?
    - tjudgement = **to be** used **as** type judgements?
  - origin : extensional = **from** the problem text itself
    - intentional = **from** user insight
  - intent : desc = textual description **of** how this is **to be** used?
    - related = link **to** related terms / lemmas / defs (possible **to** infer?)
  - witnesses : concrete examples **for** quantifiers / predicates?
- \* tagging inference
  - history : p-where = where was it used **and** succeeded? theory; goal; proof script; etc
    - np-where = where was it used **and** failed?
    - terms = **set of** term structure (**in** case **of** formulae variation?)
    - proofs = **set of** proof scripts attempts
  - weights : hr-based results using various other tags?
- \* disproofs
  - passive (insight), active (counter-example), gaps, etc
- \* ontology **of** lemmas / terms
  - Paolo's provenance stuff?
  - WhyM scoring function?
  - success / failure applicability rate?
- \* classification of lemmas / terms
  - postmortem analysis: weight/score adjustments
  - suggestion of lemmas; patches; fixes; strategies; etc
- \* propose gap
  - justified / tentative lemmas?
  - inferred from theory usage / clues?
- \* proof refactoring / reconstruction / clean-up / synthesis
  - look for Iain Whitehouse(?) Edinburgh work on Isar transf.
  - look for MSR guy from UV10 talking about synthesis techniques
- \* armageddon introduction
  - badly stuck / lost; worth resetting the world :-) !!
- \* metamorphosis introduction
  - isomorphic lemma / proof suggestion
  - equivalence lemmas for proof engineering (e.g., eq def easier to prove)
  - change / refine underlying datatype
- \* LEARNING (!!!)
  - HR concept formation and relevance-measurement using WhyM data (e.g., Disproof/Gap)

```

- AM power-curves and concept formation ideas?
- Improved notions for scoring (see TP term indexing, strategies, SMT stuff, etc)

# DNA analogy: 2% gene encoding; 98% "garbage DNA"->"DNA mechanics"
  (proof scripts); (proof sessions)->(proof intent/why)

# TOOL-ARCHITECTURE:
- WhyM in VDM (Overture) enables:
  + formal documentation of proof intent (meta-proving specification)
  + trace / animation analysis options
  + POG for intra consistency (WhyM is sound / feasible)
  + POG for exo consistency (WhyM suggesting extra POs PScripts)
  + closer to FM tools for actual proof (TP / SMT / etc)
  + JML / Java code generation of WhyM
  + formal link with PSP-inspired logging?

- Ecore/EMF/Epsilon world
  + loose manipulation / transformation of WhyM instances
  + visual appeal / user interfacing
  + shared effort on MDA (model driven architectures)
  + meta-modelling support (EVL, EWL, EOL, ECL, etc).
  + AI transformations
  + Method agnostic (not in VDM, say).

*/

end WhyM0

```

Function or operation	Coverage	Calls
WhyM0	0.0%	0
analyse	0.0%	0
complete	0.0%	0
linked	0.0%	0
WhyM0.vdmsl	0.0%	0

## 4 WhyMCliff

```

module WhyMCliff

definitions

types
  Sigma :: map Id to Theory;

  Theory :: specialises : Id
    uses  : set of Id
    ttypes : set of Id
    operators : map Operator to OpDefn
    results  : map Id to Conjecture
    strategies : set of (Why * (seq of Why));

  OpDefn :: type: Signature

```

```

defn: Definition;

Conjecture :: hypothesis  : seq of Judgement
goal      : Judgement
justification :- map Id to Proof | Disproof -- should these be ":-" or juts ":"?
shape      :- set of MetaType
uses       :- set of Clue;

Proof = <AXIOM> | <TRUSTED> | Tool | Attempt;
Disproof = <TRUSTED> | Tool | Attempt;

Clue :: intent : Why
evidence: Evidence;

Why = <OP_ORDER> | <OP_COMB> | <DIST_OP> | <DIFF_OP> | <COMMUTE_OP> |
      <FORALL_NEEDED> | <EXISTS_NEEDED> |
      <INDUCTION> | <NF_REDUCTION> | <LR_REWRITE> |
      <DATATYPE_MAPPING> | <EQ_TRANSF>;

-- Id's are used to "tag" various structures.
Id = token;

-- Entities that are to be kept abstract up to this stage
Operator  = token;
Signature = token;
Definition = token;
Judgement = token;
Evidence  = token;

Tool      = token;
Attempt   = token;
MetaType  = token;

functions

linked: Attempt * Sigma -> bool
linked(a, s) == is not yet specified;

linkedImplicit(a: Attempt, s: Sigma) r: bool
pre true
post true;

complete: Attempt * Sigma -> bool
complete(a, s) == is not yet specified;

analyse: Conjecture -> set of Why
analyse(c) == is not yet specified;

end WhyMCliff

```

Function or operation	Coverage	Calls
WhyMCliff	0.0%	0
analyse	0.0%	0
complete	0.0%	0
linked	0.0%	0
linkedImplicit	0.0%	0
WhyMCliff.vdmsl	0.0%	0