**User Guide**

**JALoP over BEEP (v1.x)**

Draft

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# JALoPv1.x

JALoPv1.x is JALoP over BEEP. It has a C Publisher/Subscriber, a Java Publisher/Subscriber, and several data-taps. The Publisher usually resides on a CDS system to securely and reliably transfer journal, audit, and log records generated by the CDS to one or more remote Subscribers.

# Download/Clone Source Code

Create a top-level ‘jalop’ directory to store all JALoP repositories. This will be referred to as <jalop\_root> throughout this document.

% mkdir jalop

% cd jalop/

## GitHub

JALoP Publisher and Subscriber repositories are available on GitHub at this URL – <https://github.com/JALoP>

Clone “JALoP” and “jjnl” repositories using git –

% git clone <https://github.com/JALoP/JALoP.git>

% cd JALoP/

% git checkout -t origin/1.x.x.x

% git clone <https://github.com/JALoP/jjnl.git>

% cd jjnl/

% git checkout –t origin/1.x.x.x

The “jjnl” repository requires Java BEEP Core, which is also available on GitHub.

% git clone <https://github.com/JALoP/beepcore-java.git>

## JALoP CTC-Internal GitLab Repositories

All the JALoP source code repositories are available on the CTC-internal gitlab server on the ISIS network. You must VPN into the ISIS network to access those repositories.

If you have been granted access to the internal gitlab repositories as a developer, you can git clone the repositories as below –

% git clone git@gitlab.cdsc.ctc.com:jalop/jalop.git

% cd jalop/

% git checkout -t origin/1.x.x.x

% git clone git@gitlab.cdsc.ctc.com:jalop/jjnl.git

% cd jjnl/

% git checkout -t origin/1.x.x.x

% git clone git@gitlab.cdsc.ctc.com:jalop/beepcore-java.git

# Build and Install C Publisher (jald) & C Subscriber (jal\_subscribe)

The C Publisher (jald) is the process that negotiates with the Subscriber(s) and sends JAL records to them. This is in “jalop” (or “JALoP” if cloned from GitHub) repository. Clone the repository as mentioned above, if not done yet.

## System Provisioning

### RHEL 7 / CentOS 7

The following instructions will allow a CentOS 7 minimal install to be provisioned to build and run the JALoP C implementation:

* Install EPEL
  + $ sudo yum install epel-release
* Install JALoP dependencies available from repos
  + $ sudo yum install @development libxml2-devel libconfig-devel libuuid-devel openssl-devel libdb-devel xmlsec1-openssl-devel python2-scons lcov libtool-ltdl-devel doxygen libseccomp-devel systemd-devel libcap-devel libcap-ng-devel
* ~~Install bundled JALoP dependencies~~
  + ~~Navigate into your cloned JALoP repo~~
  + ~~Force-install axl RPM that has hard python 2.6 dependency~~
    - ~~$ sudo rpm -i --force --nodeps 3rd-party/axl/RHEL6/RPMS/\*.x86\_64.rpm~~
  + ~~Install nopoll and vortex rpms~~
    - ~~$ sudo yum install 3rd-party/{nopoll,vortex}/RPMS/RHEL6/\*.x86\_64.rpm~~
* Download and install test-dept unit test library.
  + $ git clone https://github.com/norrby/test-dept.git
  + $ cd test-dept
  + $ ./boostrap
  + $ ./configure
  + $ sudo make install
* Build and install axl
  + $ git clone https://github.com/ASPLes/libaxl.git
  + $ cd libaxl
  + $ ./autogen.sh
  + $ sudo make install
* Build and install vortex
  + $ git clone <https://github.com/ASPLes/libvortex-1.1.git>
  + $ cd libvortex-1.1
  + $ ./autogen.sh --disable-{sasl,websocket,xml-rpc,tunnel,pull,http,alive}-support --disable-{py,lua}-vortex --disable-vortex-client
  + $ sudo make install

### RHEL 8 / CentOS 8

The following instructions will allow a CentOS 8 Stream minimal install to be provisioned to build and run the JALoP C implementation:

* RHEL 8: Enable CodeReady Builder
  + $ sudo subscription-manager repos --enable codeready-builder-for-rhel-8-x86\_64-rpms
* CentOS 8: Enable Powertools (unbranded version of RHEL’s CodeReady Builder)
  + $ sudo dnf config-manager --set-enabled powertools
* Install JALoP dependencies available from repos
  + $ sudo dnf install @development libxml2-devel libconfig-devel loglibuuid-devel openssl-devel libdb-devel xmlsec1-openssl-devel libtool-ltdl-devel apr-util-devel libcurl-devel doxygen lcov libseccomp-devel systemd-devel libcap-devel libcap-ng-devel
* Build and install test-dept
  + $ git clone https://github.com/norrby/test-dept.git
  + $ cd test-dept
  + $ ./bootstrap
  + $ ./configure
  + $ sudo make install
* Build and install axl
  + $ git clone https://github.com/ASPLes/libaxl.git
  + $ cd libaxl
  + $ ./autogen.sh --disable-py-axl
  + $ sudo make install
* Build and install vortex
  + $ git clone https://github.com/ASPLes/libvortex-1.1.git
  + $ cd libvortex-1.1
  + $ ./autogen.sh --disable-{sasl,websocket,xml-rpc,tunnel,pull,http,alive}-support --disable-{py,lua}-vortex --disable-vortex-client
  + $ sudo make install
* Install python36-scons
  + $ sudo yum install python36-scons
  + $ sudo pip3 install scons
* Use python36 as python
  + $ sudo alternatives --config python
    - Enter the number for the /usr/bin/python36 selection
* Ensure /usr/local/lib is in the dynamic linker path
  + $ echo /usr/local/lib | sudo tee /etc/ld.so.conf.d/usr-local-lib.conf
  + $ sudo ldconfig

## Build and Install C Publisher & C Subscriber

The “jalop” (or “JALoP” if cloned from GitHub) repository builds the following applications –

* “jald” (the JALoP C Publisher)
* “jal-local-store” (the JAL-Local-Store)
* “jaldb\_tail”
* “jal\_dump”
* “jal\_purge”
* “jalp\_test” (a test Producer)
* “jal\_subscribe” (the JALoP C Subscriber)

It also builds the following shared libraries –

* “libjal-common.so”
* “libjal-db.so”
* “libjal-network.so”
* “libjal-producer.so”
* “libjal-utils.so”

Follow the instructions below to build and install the above-mentioned components -

* Change to the jalop top directory –
  + % cd <jalop\_root>/jalop/ (or, cd <jalop\_root>/JALoP/, if cloned from github).
* Checkout the “1.x.x.x” branch of jalop (if not already checked out. Check “git branch” output) -
  + % git checkout 1.x.x.x
* Clean up and build jalop -
  + % scons –c # to clean up.
  + % scons
* Install the publisher -
  + % sudo ./install\_rhel\_x86\_64.sh

## Configure C Publisher

Make a copy of <jalop\_root>/jalop/test-input/jald.cfg and adjust according to your Subscriber’s IP, port, etc. This is to avoid changing the sample configuration file in the git source tree. Here is an example of jald.cfg file –

|  |
| --- |
| # The path to the private key, used for TLS.  private\_key = "./test-input/cert\_and\_key";  # The path to the public cert, used for TLS.  public\_cert = "./test-input/cert";  # The directory containing the certificates for the remote peers.  remote\_cert\_dir = "./test-input/certs";  # The path to the root of the database.  db\_root = "/root/testdb";  # The path to a directory containing the JALoP schemas.  schemas\_root = "./schemas";  # The port the Publisher will listen on.  port = 8444L;  # The IP address (interface) the Publisher will to listen on, or 0.0.0.0 to listen on all.  host = "127.0.0.1";  # For subscribe, the maximum number of records to send before sending a 'digest' message  pending\_digest\_max = 10L;  # For subscribe, the maximum number of seconds to wait, before sending a 'digest' message  pending\_digest\_timeout = 100L;  # How long to wait, in seconds, before polling for records after finding no records  poll\_time = 1L;  # A list of supported digest algorithms. These algorithms should be ordered by preference  # in a single double-quoted string with a space separating the algorithms.  # Valid values are "sha256", "sha384", and "sha512"  digest\_algorithms = "sha256";  # List of allowed Subscriber peer configurations  peers = ( {  hosts = ("127.0.0.1");  subscribe\_allow = ("journal", "audit", "log");  } ); |

Check the section “Run the Publisher and Subscriber to Transfer JAL Records” below.

## Configure JAL-Local-Store

The JAL-Local-Store (jal-local-store) is a process that receives and stores JAL Data sent from the JAL Producer applications. It has a Berkeley Database (BDB) to store and process the JAL records. The jal-local-store process must be started before the Publisher process (jald).

Make a copy of <jalop\_root>/jalop/test-input/local\_store.cfg and update accordingly. This is to avoid changing the sample configuration file in the git source tree. Here is an example local store configuration file –

|  |
| --- |
| private\_key\_file = "./test-input/rsa\_key";  public\_cert\_file = "./test-input/cert";  system\_uuid = "34c90268-57ba-4d4c-a602-bdb30251ec77";  hostname = "test.jalop.com";  db\_root = "./testdb";  schemas\_root = "./schemas/";  # The jal-local-store process, at startup, will check if it is  # running under systemd along with a systemd socket unit file configuration.  # If so, there is no need to define any socket parameters below, they will be ignored.  # Systemd will create the socket file for jal-local-store.  #  # If there is no systemd socket, jal-local-store will attempt to create it.  # Enter the file system path where the socket file will be created  # socket\_owner and socket\_group will default to the user and group  # the jal-local-store process is running as and socket mode will default to 0666.  socket = "./jal.sock";  #  # Uncomment to define a socket\_owner other than the default (the user the process is running as)  # The username used must exist on the system.  #socket\_owner = "jalls";  #  # Uncomment to define a socket\_group other than the default (the group the process user belongs to).  # The groupname used must exist on the system.  #socket\_group = "jalproducer";  #  # Uncomment to define socket\_mode other than the default (0666).  # This must be a string representing exactly 4 digits.  # Each digit must be in the range of 0-7.  #socket\_mode = "0420";  #  # example socket file listing after being created  # sr--w----. 1 jalls jalproducer 0 Jan 23 13:15 /var/run/jalop/jal.sock  # Process will cd to / (root directory), fork, and will run as a daemon.  # When running the process as daemon, and even though the jal-local-store  # will resolve relative paths for you, it is always safer to use  # absolute paths for configurations in this file that require file system paths.  daemon = true;  sign\_sys\_meta = false;  manifest\_sys\_meta = false;  # Digest algorithm to use to generate digests in system metadata  sys\_meta\_dgst\_alg = “sha256”;  # Flow control functionality turned off if accept\_delay\_thread\_count set to zero.  # Below are the default values if not set.  #accept\_delay\_thread\_count = 10;  #accept\_delay\_increment = 100;  #accept\_delay\_max = 10000000;  # File storing PID of jal-local-store when daemonized.  #pid\_file = "/var/log/jalop/jls-pid.txt";  # Log directory of jal-local-store when daemonized.  log\_dir = ".";  # seccomp will restrict the jal-local-store process to the defined system calls.  # When the process is in the setup phase, at startup, it will be restricted to the  # initial\_seccomp\_rules and final\_seccomp\_rules system call sets. After the setup phase and before the process  # is doing its routine work, it will be further restricted to only the final\_seccomp\_rules system call set.  #  enable\_seccomp = true;  # this rule will restrict the process from setting flags on a file  restrict\_seccomp\_F\_SETFL = true;  initial\_seccomp\_rules = ["geteuid","getgid","capget","capset","chmod","chown","arch\_prctl","bind","brk","chdir","dup2","execve","flock","getcwd","getdents","getdents64","getrlimit","ioctl","listen","lstat","prctl","prlimit64","rename","rt\_sigaction","rt\_sigprocmask","seccomp","select","set\_tid\_address","setsid","statfs","sysinfo"];  final\_seccomp\_rules = ["sched\_yield","accept","access","brk","clone","close","connect","exit","exit\_group","fcntl","fdatasync","fstat","futex","getpid","getppid","getrandom","getsockopt","gettid","getuid","lseek","madvise","mkdir","mmap","mprotect","munmap","open","openat","poll","pread64","pwrite64","read","recvmsg","rt\_sigreturn","set\_robust\_list","socket","stat","unlink","write"]; |

## Configure C Subscriber

Make a copy of <jalop\_root>/jalop/test-input/jal\_subscribe.cfg and update accordingly. This is to avoid changing the sample configuration file in the git source tree. Here is an example C subscriber configuration file –

|  |
| --- |
| # The path to the private key, used for TLS.  private\_key = “<repo\_root>/test-input/TLS\_CA\_Signed/client/jal\_subscriber\_v1\_client.key.pem;  # The path to the public cert, used for TLS.  public\_cert = “<repo\_root>/test-input/TLS\_CA\_Signed/client/jal\_subscriber\_v1\_client.cert.pem;  # Directory containing the certificates for the remote peers.  remote\_cert = “<repo\_root>/test-input/TLS\_CA\_Signed/client/trust\_store\_dir”;  # The path to the root of the database.  db\_root = “./testdb”;  # The path to a directory containing the JALoP schemas.  schemas\_root = “./schemas”;  # The port to connect on.  port = 1234L;  # The hostname or IP address of the Publisher to subscribe to.  host = “127.0.0.1”;  # For subscribe, the maximum number of records to send before sending a ‘digest’ message  pending\_digest\_max = 10L;  # For subscribe, the maximum number of milliseconds to wait, before sending a `digest` message  # 1000L = 1 second  pending\_digest\_timeout = 1000L;  # The supported record types.  data\_class = [ “audit”, “log”, “journal” ];  # Mode to request data in. May be “archive” or “live”  mode = “archive”;  # The time before jal\_subscribe ends (HH:MM:SS). Specify 00:00:00 to run continuously.  session\_timeout = “00:00:00”;  # This window size for the beep channels created  # will be set to this number \* 1024 (1k)  # Beep recommends a minimal size of 4k  window\_size = 4;  # A list of supported digest algorithms. These algorithms should be orderd by preference  # in a single double-quoted string with a space separating the algorithms.  # Valid values are “sha256”, “sha384”, and “sha512”  digest\_algorithms = “sha256”;  # seccomp will restrict the jal\_subscribe process to the defined system calls.  # When the process is in the setup phase, at startup, it will be restricted to the  # initial\_seccomp\_rules, both\_seccomp\_rules, and final\_seccomp\_rules system call sets. After the setup phase and before the process  # is doing its routine work, it will be further restricted to only the both\_secomp\_rules and final\_seccomp\_rules system call sets.  enable\_seccomp = false;  seccomp\_debug = false;  initial\_seccomp\_rules = [ “bind”, “recvmsg”, “access”, “arch\_prctl”, “brk”, “execve”, “flock”, “fstat”, “fstatfs”, “lseek”, “prctl”, “rt\_sigprocmask”, “seccomp”, “set\_tid\_address” ];  both\_seccomp\_rules = [ “open”, “ioctl”, “clone”, “close”, “fcntl”, “getpid”, “mmap”, “mprotect”, “munmap”, “openat”, “prlimit64”, “read”, “rt\_sigaction”, “set\_robust\_list”, “stat”, “write” ];  final\_seccomp\_rules = [ “fsync”, “mkdir”, “gettid”, “getppid”, “getuid”, “getrlimit”, “sched\_yield”, “rename”, “select”, “getdents”, “getpeername”, “connect”, “epoll\_create”, “epoll\_ctl”, “epoll\_wait”, “exit”, “exit\_group”, “fdatasync”, “futex”, “getsockname”, “madvise”, “nanosleep”, “pread64”, pwrite64”, “recvfrom”, “rt\_sigreturn”, “sendto”, “setsockopt”, “shutdown”, “socket” ]; |

# Build and Install BeepCore Java

## System Provisioning

Install the following packages (if not done already) –

% sudo yum install java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel ant maven

## Clone “beepcore-java” repository from GitHub

% cd <jalop\_root>/

% git clone <https://github.com/JALoP/beepcore-java.git>

## Build and Install BeepCore Java

Build –

% cd <jalop\_root>/beepcore-java/

% ant dist-tgz

Install –

% cd build/beepcore-0.9.20/lib/

% ./install\_jars.sh

This should install 3 JAR files to ~/.m2/repository/ as shown in the example output below –

[INFO] Installing /home/marefin/jalop/beepcore-java/beepcore.jar to /home/marefin/.m2/repository/org/beepcore-java/beepcore/0.9.20/beepcore-0.9.20.jar

[INFO] Installing /home/marefin/jalop/beepcore-java/beeptls-jsse.jar to /home/marefin/.m2/repository/org/beepcore-java/beeptls-jsse/0.9.20/beeptls-jsse-0.9.20.jar

[INFO] Installing /home/marefin/jalop/beepcore-java/concurrent.jar to /home/marefin/.m2/repository/EDU/oswego/cs/dl/util/concurrent/1.3.4/concurrent-1.3.4.jar

Verify that the 3 JAR files mentioned above are successfully installed; if for some reason those are not installed, manually install (copy) them to intended destination as shown above.

# Build and Install Java Subscriber (jnl\_test-1.1.x.x.jar)

## Clone “jjnl” repository from GitHub

This is the “jjnl” repository. Clone the repository as below (if not done already) –

% cd <jalop\_root>/

% git clone <https://github.com/JALoP/jjnl.git>

% cd jjnl

% git checkout –t origin/1.x.x.x

## Build and Install Java Subscriber (jnl\_test)

* Build -
  + % cd <jalop\_root>/jjnl/jnl\_parent/
  + % mvn clean
  + % mvn package
* Install (optional) -
  + % cd <jalop\_root>/jjnl/jnl\_lib/
  + % mvn install

## Configure Java Subscriber

% cd <jalop\_root>/jjnl/jnl\_test/

Copy ./src/test/resources/sampleSubscriber.json here and update accordingly. This is to avoid changing the sample config file in git source tree. If not running with TLS, comment out or remove the “ssl” section below.

An example of sampleSubscriber.json given below –

|  |
| --- |
| {  "address": "127.0.0.1",  "port": 8444,  "subscriber": {  "sessionTimeout": "00:00:00",  "dataClass": [ "audit", "log", "journal" ],  "digestAlgorithms": [ "SHA256", "SHA384", "SHA512" ],  "pendingDigestMax": 1,  "pendingDigestTimeout": 120,  "output": "./output",  "mode": "archive",  }  "ssl": {  "Key Algorithm": "SunX509",  "Key Store Passphrase": "changeit",  "Key Store Data Type": "file",  "Key Store": "./certs/server.jks",  "Trust Algorithm": "SunX509",  "Trust Store Passphrase": "changeit",  "Trust Store Data Type": "file",  "Trust Store": "./certs/remotes.jks",  }  } |
|  |

Check the section “Run the Publisher and Subscriber to Transfer JAL Records” below.

# Run Publisher and Subscriber to Transfer JAL Records

Follow the steps below to run the C Publisher and Java Subscriber to transfer JAL records.

## Disable SELinux or set to Permissive (For Testing Only)

=================================================

Permanent: have "SELINUX=disabled" or “SELINUX=permissive” in "/etc/selinux/config" file, then restart VM.

Temporary: Enter the command "/usr/sbin/setenforce 0"

## Stop Firewall (For Testing Only)

==========================================

RHEL/CentOS 6.x

Stop: % sudo service iptables stop

Disable: % sudo chkconfig iptables off

RHEL/CentOS 7.x, 8.x

Stop: % sudo service firewalld stop

Or, % sudo systemctl stop firewalld

Disable: % sudo systemctl disable firewalld

## Start JAL-LOCAL-STORE

========================================

# May need to clean up the first time. Make sure no jal-local-store is running. For examples -

$ cd <jalop\_root>/jalop/

$ pkill jal-local-store

$ sudo rm -rf ./jal.sock # remove old JAL socket, if any.

$ sudo rm -rf /root/testdb # clean up existing <db\_root>/ directory.

$ sudo mkdir /root/testdb # For the first time, create <db\_root>/

Make a copy of ./test-input/local\_store.cfg here and update accordingly. This is to avoid changing the sample configuration file in the git source tree.

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal-local-store --debug --no-daemon -c ./local\_store.cfg &

## Insert Records into JAL-Local-Store

$ cd <jalop\_root>/jalop/

### Insert Log Records

========================================

$ sudo ./release/bin/jalp\_test -j ./jal.sock -a ~/jalop/jalop/test-input/sample2.cfg -p ~/jalop/jalop/test-input/big\_payload.txt -n 100 –t l

### Insert Audit Records

========================================

$ sudo ./release/bin/jalp\_test -j ./jal.sock -a ~/jalop/jalop/test-input/sample2.cfg -p ~/jalop/jalop/test-input/big\_payload.txt -n 100 -t a

### Insert Journal Records

========================================

$ sudo ./release/bin/jalp\_test -j ./jal.sock -a ~/jalop/jalop/test-input/sample2.cfg -p ~/jalop/jalop/test-input/big\_payload.txt -n 100 -t j

## Check for Inserted Records in JAL-Local-Store

==============================================

$ sudo ./release/bin/jaldb\_tail -n 1000000 -h /root/testdb/ -t l | wc -l

$ sudo ./release/bin/jaldb\_tail -n 1000000 -h /root/testdb/ -t a | wc -l

$ sudo ./release/bin/jaldb\_tail -n 1000000 -h /root/testdb/ -t j | wc -l

Or,

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h /root/testdb -b 2030-11-11T11:11:11 -x -t l | wc -l

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h /root/testdb -b 2030-11-11T11:11:11 -x -t a | wc -l

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h /root/testdb -b 2030-11-11T11:11:11 -x -t j | wc –l

## Start C Publisher

========================================

$ cd <jalop\_root>/jalop/

Make a copy of ./test-input/jald.cfg here and update accordingly. This is to avoid changing the sample configuration file in the git source tree.

$ sudo ./release/bin/jald -s -d -c ./jald.cfg --no-daemon 2>&1 | tee publisher.log

Enter “man jald” for help.

## Start Subscriber

=========================================

Java subscriber (jnl\_test)

=========================================

$ cd <jalop\_root>/jjnl/jnl\_test/

Make a copy of ./jnl\_test/target/test-classes/sampleHttpSubscriber.json here and update accordingly. This is to avoid changing the sample configuration file in the git source tree.

java -jar target/jnl\_test-1.1.0.1.jar ./sampleSubscriber.json 2>&1 | tee subscriber.log

=========================================

or C subscriber (jal\_subscribe)

=========================================

$ cd <jalop\_root>/jalop

Make a copy of ./test-input/jal\_subscribe.cfg here and update accordingly. This is to avoid changing the sample configuration file in the git source tree. If running on same machine as publisher, you need to specify a different location for the database. The publisher and subscriber need to use separate databases.

sudo ./release/bin/jal\_subscribe -s -d –c ./jal\_subscribe.cfg 2>&1 | tee subscriber.log

Enter “man jal\_subscribe” for help.

## Purge Records from Local Store

========================================

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h ./testdb/ -d -f -c -b 2030-11-11T11:11:11 -t l

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h ./testdb/ -d -f -c -b 2030-11-11T11:11:11 -t a

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h ./testdb/ -d -f -c -b 2030-11-11T11:11:11 -t j

OR,

$ now=$(date -u "+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S.%N")

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h ./testdb/ -d -f -c -b "$now" -t l

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h ./testdb/ -d -f -c -b "$now" -t a

$ sudo ./release/bin/jal\_purge -h ./testdb/ -d -f -c -b "$now" -t j

## Run C Publisher (jald) with GDB

========================================

$ export LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH="/home/marefin/jalop/jalop/debug/lib/"

$ gdb -ex=r --args ./debug/bin/jald -d -s -c ./jald.cfg --no-daemon

## Run C Publisher (jald) with Valgrind

======================================

$ valgrind --tool=memcheck --leak-check=full --verbose --track-origins=yes --log-file=valgrind\_out.txt ./debug/bin/jald -d -s -c ./jald.cfg --no-daemon

# JALoP Data-Taps

The JALoP data-taps capture and send JAL records to the JALoP Local Store (jal-local-store). Each data-tap depends on JALoP libraries, so JALoP v1 or v2 libraries must be build and installed prior to building a data-tap repository. Generally, each of the data-taps requires the JALoP socket and db\_root addresses that jal-local-store (JLS) uses. Note that jal-local-store must be already running for any data-tap to send JAL records to it via the socket.

## jalop-coreutils

Available on InteLink and JALoP development Git Server.

This has the JALoP version of GNU tail and GNU tee commands.

### Build & Install

% cd <jalop\_root>/jalop-coreutils/

% autoreconf -fiv #for RHEL7

% ./bootstrap –-skip-po #for RHEL8

% ./configure --disable-gcc-warnings

% make -j

% make check

% [[ -e /tmp/install ]] || mkdir /tmp/install

% make install DESTDIR=/tmp/install

% cp /tmp/install/usr/local/bin/{tee,tail} /usr/local/bin

### Run tee and tail

Note that the jal-local-store (JLS) process must be running already to receive and insert records.

# Based on <db\_root> location, user may need ‘sudo’ in the following instructions.

% echo "This is a test message to tee into JLS" | tee -j --path=<path to JALoP socket> --schema-root=<path to JALoP schema directory>

% echo -e "Test message1\nTest message2" > file\_to\_tail

$ tail -j --path=<path to JALoP socket> --schema-root=<path to JALoP schema directory> ./file\_to\_tail

Use jaldb\_tail to check for newly inserted records -

% jaldb\_tail -t l -h <db\_root>

Use jal\_dump to verify that the log records came from auditd -

% jal\_dump -u <UUID found using jaldb\_tail> -h <db\_root)-t l –d z

## jalop-jalauditd

Available on the NCDSMO InteLink site and JALoP development Git Server. This is also available at GitHub.com/JALoP/JALoP-Auditd-Plugin.

### Build & Install

Note that JALoP v1 or v2 must be built and installed before attempting to build this data tap.

% cd <jalop\_root>/jalop-jalauditd (or JALoP-Auditd-Plugin)

% make clean

% make

% sudo make install

This shall install the followings –

* The binary /sbin/jalauditd (or /usr/sbin/jalauditd)
* The configuration files for RHEL7 and RHEL8 go into different directories. make install will install the configuration files in the following locations and will need to be copied to appropriate directory:
  + /etc/jalauditd/jalauditd.conf
  + /etc/audit/plugins.d/audisp-jalauditd.conf
* For RHEL7 the configuration files should be:
  + /etc/audisp/jalauditd.conf
  + /etc/audisp/plugins.d/audisp-jalauditd.conf
* For RHEL8 the configuration files should be:
  + /etc/jalauditd/jalauditd.conf
  + /etc/audit/plugins.d/audisp-jalauditd.conf
* The jalauditd.conf file is initially empty; you will need to edit this file, see below.

### Configure jalauditd

The configuration file jalauditd.conf is initially empty. There can be 4 settings in this file as shown below.

socket = “/path/to/jalop/socket”;  
schemas = “/path/to/schemas/root”;  
keypath = “/path/to/key”;  
certpath = “/path/to/cert”;

If the socket and schemas locations are not specified above, default locations specified  
by the JAL Producer Library (JPL) will be used. Below are the default socket and schemas locations –

socket = “/var/run/jalop/jalop.sock”

schemas = “/usr/share/jalop/schemas”

If keypath or certpath are not specified, no key or cert will be used for signing.

**IMPORTANT**: These settings must be consistent with the jal-local-store configuration file.

### Run jalauditd

Note that the jal-local-store (JLS) process must run to receive and insert records sent by jalauditd via the socket.

Restarting (as root or sudo) auditd automatically runs the jalauditd child process.

% service auditd restart (or, systemctl restart auditd)

Use jaldb\_tail to check for newly inserted records -

% sudo jaldb\_tail –f -t l -h <db\_root>

Use jal\_dump to verify that the log records came from auditd -

% sudo jal\_dump -u <UUID found using jaldb\_tail> -h <db\_root)-t l –d z

See <jalop\_root>/jalop-jalauditd/README file for more details.

## jalop-rsyslog

Available on InteLink and JALoP development Git Server.

### Build & Install

Note that JALoP must be built and installed before attempting to build the rsyslog plugin.

$ sudo yum install git automake libtool libestr-devel

If you have access to a libfastjson-devel package, you can install that and skip to Build omjal plugin:

$ sudo yum install libfastjson-devel

#### Libfastjson headers

If you cannot install libfastjson-devel, the libfastjson headers must be made available to the rsyslog plugin in another way.

$ git clone <https://github.com/rsyslog/libfastjson.git>  
 $ cd libfastjson  
 $ sudo mkdir /usr/include/libfastjson  
 $ sudo cp ./\*.h /usr/include/libfastjson  
 $ sudo ln -s /usr/lib64/libfastjson.so.4 /usr/lib64/libfastjson.so

On RHEL 7 / CentOS 7:

$ export JSON\_C\_CFLAGS=”-g”

$ export JSON\_C\_LIBS=”/usr/lib64/libfastjson.so”

On RHEL 8 / CentOS 8:

$ export LIBFASTJSON\_CFLAGS=”-g”

$ export LIBFASTJSON\_LIBS=”/usr/lib64/libfastjson.so”

#### Build omjal plugin

Build the omjal plugin:

$ cd jalop-rsyslogd  
 $ export CPPFLAGS=”-I/usr/include/libfastjson”  
 $ sh autogen.sh  
 $ make

### Configure omjal plugin

Add the following configuration section to /etc/rsyslog.conf:

|  |
| --- |
| $ModLoad omjal # calls JAL for rsyslog pass through to JALoP $ActionOmjalSocket /var/run/jalop/jalop.sock $ActionOmjalSchemas /share/jalop/schemas $ActionOmjalKey <path\_to\_key> # Optional $ActionOmjalCert <path\_to\_key> # Optional \*.\* :omjal: |

$ModLoad omjal  
 States that the omjal plugin shall be loaded

$ActionOmjalSocket /var/run/jalop/jalop.sock  
 Specifies the socket to be used to forward the messages to the JALoP local store. If this option is omitted from the file, it will use the default value specified in the JALoP library.

$ActionOmjalSchemas /share/jalop/schemas  
 Specifies the directory where the schema information is located. If this option is omitted from the file, it will use the default value specified in the JALoP library.

$ActionOmjalKey <path\_to\_key>  
 Specifies the path to the key to be used for signing. If this option is omitted from the file, then no key will be used.

$ActionOmjalCert <path\_to\_key>  
 Specifies the path to they certificate to be used for signing. If this option is omitted from the file, then no certificate will be used.

\*.\* :omjal:;logJAL  
 <msg\_filter\_expression>:<output\_module>:<parameters>;<template\_name>

\*.\* specifies that all messages will be sent to this module. If, for example, you wanted to handle mail messages, mail.\* would handle that.

See <https://www.rsyslog.com/doc/v8-stable/configuration/filters.html> for more information.

### Install omjal plugin

Install the omjal plugin:

$ cd jalop-rsyslogd  
$ make install

The rsyslog package installs libraries to /usr/lib64/rsyslog. If your environment uses a different location, either manually copy the library from .libs/omjal.so or change the libdir flag in autogen.sh

After installation, and after starting the ***jal-local-store***, restart the rsyslog service:

$ sudo systemctl restart rsyslog

To ensure that rsyslogd is connecting to jal-local-store, you can run jal-local-store with the debug (-d) flag. When jal-local-store is ready, the message Thread\_count: 1 will appear. After rsyslogd is connected, the message Thread\_count: 2 will appear.

To create messages in rsyslogd, the logger command can be used. For example:

logger “This is your message content.”

Use jaldb\_tail to check for newly inserted records -

% sudo jaldb\_tail –f -t l -h <db\_root>

Use jal\_dump to verify that the log records came from auditd -

% sudo jal\_dump -u <UUID found using jaldb\_tail> -h <db\_root> -t l –d z

## jalop-log4cxx

Available on InteLink and JALoP development Git Server.

### Build & Install

Note that JALoP must be built and installed before attempting to build the jalop-log4cxx library.

$ sudo yum install apr-util-devel

On RHEL 7 / CentOS 7:

$ sudo yum install cmake3

$ sudo yum install centos-release-scl

$ sudo yum install devtoolset-8-gcc-c++ --enablerepo=’centos-sclo-rh’

$ sudo scl enable devtoolset-8 ‘bash’

On RHEL 8 / CentOS 8:

$ sudo yum install cmake

Build the library:

On RHEL 7 / CentOS 7:

$ cd jalop-log4cxx

$ cmake3 -D CMAKE\_CXX\_COMPILER=/opt/rh/devtoolset-8/root/usr/bin/g++ -D CMAKE\_INSTALL\_PREFIX=/usr CMakeLists.txt

$ make

On RHEL 8 / CentOS 8:

$ cd jalop-log4cxx  
 $ cmake -D CMAKE\_INSTALL\_PREFIX=/usr CMakeLists.txt  
 $ make

Install the library:

$ sudo make install

To uninstall the library:

$ sudo make uninstall

### Create, Build & Run a Test Executable

An example test executable is created during the CMake build at /path/to/jalop-log4cxx/src/examples/cpp/jalp-appender. To test using this executable, skip ahead to the instructions on starting the jal\_local\_store and running the executable.

To create a new test executable, do the following:

Create a separate folder for the test executable. This can be separate from the jalop-log4cxx folder:

$ mkdir ~/log4cxx-test  
 $ cd ~/log4cxx-test

Copy required files from jalop-log4cxx:

$ cp /path/to/jalop-log4cxx/src/main/cpp/jalpappender.cpp .

Create a main.cpp for the text executable. Use the following as an example:

|  |
| --- |
| #include <log4cxx/logger.h> #include <log4cxx/propertyconfigurator.h> #include <log4cxx/jalpappender.h>  using namespace log4cxx;  LoggerPtr logger(Logger::getLogger(“Test”));  int main(int argc, char \*\*argv) {  PropertyConfigurator::configure(argv[1]);  LOG4CXX\_INFO(logger, “qwerty”)  return 0; } |

Build the test executable:

$ g++ main.cpp jalpappender.cpp -llog4cxx -ljal-producer -o log4cxx-test

Create a configuration file for the test executable. Use the following as a starting point:

|  |
| --- |
| log4j.rootLogger=DEBUG,A1  log4j.appender.A1=org.apache.log4j.JalpAppender  log4j.appender.A1.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout log4j.appender.A1.layout.ConversionPattern=%-4r [%t] %-5p %c %x - %m%n |

The following are optional parameters than can be added to the log4cxx config file:

After starting the ***jal-local-store***, run the test executable:

$ ./log4cxx-test path/to/test.cfg

This will send one record to jal-local-store before closing the connection. Verify the record with the following:

$ jaldb\_tail -h /path/to/testdb -t l -d a

|  |
| --- |
| log4j.appender.A1.PATH – The path to jalop.sock log4j.appender.A1.HOSTNAME – The hostname of the machine that the JALoP local store is on log4j.appender.A1.APPNAME – The name of the process that is logging data log4j.appender.A1.SCHEMA\_ROOT – The path to the JALoP schemas log4j.appender.A1.KEY\_PATH – The path to the RSA key used for signing log4j.appender.A1.CERT\_PATH – The path to the Certificate used for signing |

This will print the app metadata for the records. The record inserted by the test executable does not create a payload from the string in LOG4CXX\_INFO. It ends up in the message tag in the app metadata.

## jalop-jaljournald

Available on NCDSMO InteLink site and JALoP development GitLab Server.

### Build & Install

Dependencies: JALoP v1 or v2 shared libraries must be built and installed.

* /usr/lib64/<jalop shared object files>
* /usr/include/<jalop headers>
* systemd-devel rpm

% cd <jalop\_root>/jalop-jaljournald

% make clean

% make

% sudo make install

This shall install the followings –

* The binary /bin/jaljournald
* The jaljournald configuration file /etc/jalop/jaljournald.cfg. This file initially has some default values; you will need to edit this file, see below.

### Configure jaljournald

The jalauditd configuration file /etc/jalauditd/jalauditd.conf iinitially has some default values; The settings in this file as shown below.

# verbose logging

debug = false;

# Start collecting logs from head, boot, or tail. Default: tail

# head: will get all journal logs available from multiple boots

# and then continuously poll to get all logs as they arrive

# boot: will get all logs from current boot and then continuously poll to get all logs as they arrive.

# tail: will continuously poll to get all logs as they arrive.

init\_point = “tail”;

# collect all journal fields. Default: MESSAGE only

metadata = false;

# socket path that jal-local-store will be listening.

socket = “/path/to/jalop/socket”;

# jalop schema path

schemas = “/path/to/schemas/root”;

# hostname to record in log

hostname = “localhost”;

# appname to record in log

appname = “jalop-journald”;

# poll delay between checking for new journal logs

# in milliseconds 1000 = 1 second

delay = 1000;

If the socket and schema\_path locations are not specified above, default locations specified  
by the JAL Producer Library (JPL) will be used. Below are the default socket and schema\_path locations –

socket = “/var/run/jalop/jalop.sock”

schema\_path = “/etc/jalop/schemas”

**IMPORTANT**: These settings must be consistent with the jal-local-store configuration file.

### Run jaljournald

Note that the jal-local-store (JLS) process must run to receive and insert records sent by jaljournald via the socket. Also, make sure the jal-local-store socket path matches the jaljournald socket path and you have write permissions on that socket path.

Example command-line

% jaljournald –c <path-to-config> --debug --metadata

Use jaldb\_tail to check for newly inserted records -

% sudo jaldb\_tail –f -t l -h <db\_root>

Use jal\_dump to verify that the log records came from journald -

% sudo jal\_dump -u <UUID found using jaldb\_tail> -h <db\_root)-t l –d z