Modified Ibarra-Medina-Krawinkler deterioration model with peak-oriented hysteretic response – Suitable for the simulation of RC structural components that exhibit peak-oriented hysteretic response

### (DLL executable for any OpenSees version)

# Refined C++ code validated with MATLAB-based equivalent

This command is used to construct an IMKPeakOriented material. This material model simulates the modified Ibarra-Medina-Krawinkler deterioration model with peak-oriented hysteretic response (Ibarra et al. 2005; Lignos and Krawinkler 2011, 2013).

#### **Command Syntax:**

uniaxialMaterial IMKPeakOriented \$Mat\_Tag \$Ke \$Up\_pos \$Upc\_pos \$Uu\_pos \$Fy\_pos \$FmaxFy\_pos \$FresFy\_pos \$Upc\_neg \$Upc\_neg \$Upc\_neg \$FmaxFy\_neg \$FresFy\_neg \$Lamda\_S \$Lamda\_C \$Lamda\_A \$Lamda\_K \$c\_S \$c\_C \$c\_A \$c\_K \$D\_pos \$D\_neg

#### **Model Parameters Definitions:**

\$Mat_Tag	Integer identifying the material
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\$Ke Elastic stiffness

\$dp pos Pre-capping deformation in positive loading direction

\$dpc\_pos Post-capping deformation in positive loading direction

\$du\_pos Ultimate deformation in positive loading direction

\$Fy\_pos Yield strength in positive loading direction

\$FmaxFy\_pos Maximum-to-yield strength ratio in positive loading direction

\$FresFy\_pos Residual-to-yield strength ratio in positive loading direction

\$dp\_neg Pre-capping deformation in negative loading direction

\$dpc\_neg Post-capping deformation in negative loading direction

\$du\_neg Ultimate deformation in negative loading direction

\$Fy\_neg Yield strength in negative loading direction

\$FmaxFy\_neg Maximum-to-yield strength ratio in negative loading direction

\$FresFy\_neg Residual-to-yield strength ratio in negative loading direction

\$Lamda\_S Cyclic deterioration parameter for strength deterioration

\$Lamda\_C Cyclic deterioration parameter for post-capping strength deterioration

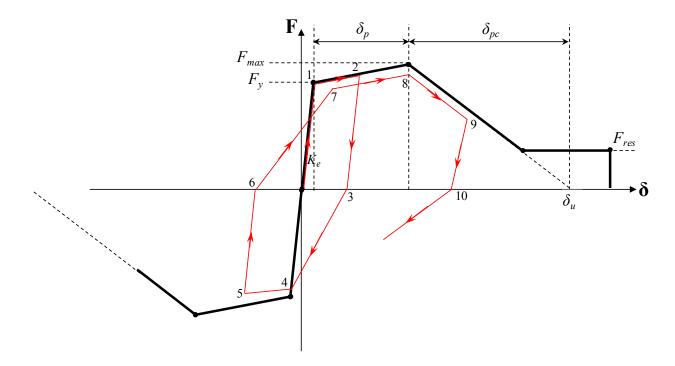
\$Lamda\_A Cyclic deterioration parameter for accelerated reloading stiffness deterioration

\$Lamda K Cyclic deterioration parameter for unloading stiffness deterioration

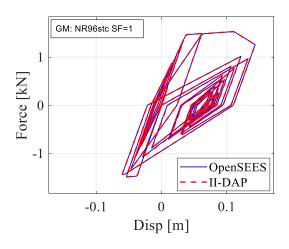
\$c\_S Rate of strength deterioration

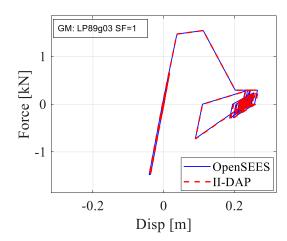
\$c_C	Rate of post-capping stregth deterioration
\$c_A	Rate of accelerated reloading stiffness deterioration
\$c_K	Rate of unloading stiffness deterioration
\$D_pos	rate of cyclic deterioration in the positive loading direction (this parameter is used to create asymmetric hysteretic behavior for the case of a composite beam). For symmetric hysteretic response use 1.0.
\$D_neg	rate of cyclic deterioration in the negative loading direction (this parameter is used to create asymmetric hysteretic behavior for the case of a composite beam). For symmetric hysteretic response use 1.0.

NOTE: All material model parameters in the negative direction shall be specified in positive values.



## Validation with II-DAP Version 1.1 available from here:





## **References:**

- Ibarra, L. F., Medina, R. A., and Krawinkler, H. (2005). "Hysteretic models that incorporate strength and stiffness deterioration." *Earthquake Engineering & Structural Dynamics*, 34(12), 1489-1511, Doi: 10.1002/eqe.495.
- Lignos, D. G., and Krawinkler, H. (2011). "Deterioration modeling of steel components in support of collapse prediction of steel moment frames under earthquake loading." *Journal of Structural Engineering*, 137(11), 1291-1302, Doi: 10.1061/(ASCE)ST.1943-541X.0000376.
- Lignos, D. G., and Krawinkler, H. (2013). "Development and utilization of structural component databases for performance-based earthquake engineering." Journal of Structural Engineering, 139(8), 1382-1394, Doi: 10.1061/(ASCE)ST.1943-541X.0000646.