EE24BTECH11030 - KEDARANANDA

Question:

A die is rolled. Find the probability that a number greater than or equal to one will appear.

Solution:

Theoretical solution:

Total outcomes = 6.

Favorable outcomes = 6.

$$P(\text{Number} \ge 1) = \frac{\text{Favorable outcomes}}{\text{Total outcomes}} = \frac{6}{6} = 1.$$

Computational solution:

The PMF for a fair die is:

$$P(X = x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n}, & k \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (0.1)

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Conclusion

The probability of rolling a number greater than or equal to one is the sum of all PMF values:

$$P(X \ge 1) = \sum_{k=1}^{6} P_X(k) = \frac{6}{6} = 1.$$
 (0.2)

Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF)

The cumulative distribution function (CDF) F(x) of a discrete random variable X, representing the outcome of a die roll, is defined as:

The CDF for the die roll is:

$$P_X(k) = P(X \le k) = \begin{cases} 0, & k < 1 \\ \frac{k}{n}, & 1 \le k < n \\ 1, & k \ge n \end{cases}$$
 (0.3)

Where n is 6.

: probability that a number greater than or equal to one will appear is ; from (0.3)

$$P(X \ge 1) = 1 - P(X < 1) = 1 \tag{0.4}$$

