EE24BTECH11030 - J.KEDARANANDA

Question:

Let **P** and **Q** be the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points A(2, -2) and B(-7, 4) such that **P** is nearer to **A**. Find the coordinates of **P** and **Q**

(10, 2016)

Solution:

Variable	Description	Formula
x_1, y_1	x,y coordinate of P respectively	$\frac{k(\mathbf{B})+(\mathbf{A})}{k+1}$
x_2, y_2	x,y coordinate of Q respectively	$\frac{k(\mathbf{B})+(\mathbf{A})}{k+1}$

TABLE 0: Variables Used

Here according to problem value of k is 0.5 for \mathbf{P} and 2 for \mathbf{Q} respectively.

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{1\mathbf{B} + 2\mathbf{A}}{3} = \frac{1\binom{-7}{4} + 2\binom{2}{-2}}{3} = \frac{\binom{-3}{0}}{3}$$
(0.1)

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -1\\0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} = \frac{2\mathbf{B} + 1\mathbf{A}}{3} = \frac{2\binom{-7}{4} + 1\binom{2}{-2}}{3} = \frac{\binom{-12}{6}}{3}$$
(0.3)

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.4}$$

Hence the coordinates of **P** are (-1,0) and of **Q** are (-4,2)

l

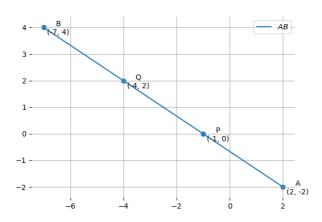


Fig. 0.1: Stem Plot of y(n)