

Q-5

Given an unsorted array of alphabets containing duplicate elements. Find which element has max number of occurrence.

Algorithm →

Start

function count-char(arr, size, k)

initialize count[k+1] = {0} and flag = 0

for (i = 0 ; i < size ; i++)

in the loop, increment count[arr[i] - 'a']
as ++count[arr[i] - 'a']

end loop

for (ch = 97 ; ch <= 122 ; ch++)

if count[ch - 97] > 1 then
flag++ ;

end loop

max = count[0]

for (i = 1 ; i < k ; i++)

if count[i] > max
max = count[i]
key = i

end loop

if flag == 0 then print "no duplicates"

else print(char)(key + 97) and max.

-5

you have two sorted arrays of size m & n . Find list of elements which are common to both.

Algorithm \rightarrow

for ($i=0$; $i < m$; $i++$)

in loop

flag = -1

for ($j=0$; $j < n$; $j++$)

in loop

if ($arr1[i] == arr2[j]$)

then

if ($arr2[j] == flag$)

then

continue;

else

print $arr1[i]$

flag = $arr1[i]$

end loop

End loop

stop