Assignment 1

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- 1) A couple has two children,
 - a) Find the probability that both children are males, if it is known that at least one of the children is male.
 - b) Find the probability that both children are females, if it is known that the elder child is a female.

Solution: If the couple has two children, then the sample space is,

$$S = \{(M, M), (M, F), (F, M), (F, F)\}\$$
 (0.0.1)

a) Let *A* denote the event of both children being Male, *B* denote the event of atlease one of the children being Male

$$A = \{(M, M)\}\tag{0.0.2}$$

$$B = \{(M, M), (M, F), (F, M)\}\ (0.0.3)$$

$$A \cap B = \{ (M, M) \} \tag{0.0.4}$$

$$\Pr(AB) = \frac{1}{4}$$
 (0.0.5)

$$\Pr(B) = \frac{3}{4} \tag{0.0.6}$$

The required probability is given by,

$$Pr(A \mid B) = \frac{Pr(AB)}{Pr(B)}$$
 (0.0.7)

$$=\frac{1}{3}$$
 (0.0.8)

b) Let *C* denote the event of both children being Female, *D* denote the event of elder child being Female

$$C = \{(F, F)\}\tag{0.0.9}$$

$$D = \{(F, M), (F, F)\}$$
 (0.0.10)

$$C \cap D = \{(F, F)\}\$$
 (0.0.11)

$$\Pr(CD) = \frac{1}{4} \tag{0.0.12}$$

$$\Pr(D) = \frac{1}{2} \tag{0.0.13}$$

The required probability is given by,

$$Pr(C \mid D) = \frac{Pr(CD)}{Pr(D)}$$
(0.0.14)

$$=\frac{1}{2}$$
 (0.0.15)