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Assignment 1

Jaswanth Chowdary Madala

1) Find the coordinates of the focus, axis of the parabola, the equation of the directrix and the length of the latus rectum of $y^2 = -8x$

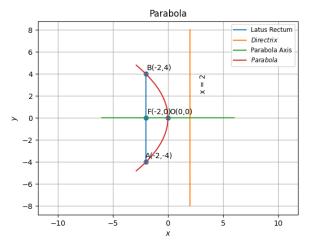


Fig. 1: Graph

Solution: The given equation of the parabola can be rearranged as

$$y^2 + 8x = 0 (0.0.1)$$

The above equation can be equated to the generic equation of conic sections

$$g(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \qquad (0.0.2)$$

Comparing coefficients of (??) and (??), we get the parameters as given in table ??

Parameter	Value
V	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
u	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
f	0

TABLE 1

a) Focus: Since V is already diagonalized, the

Eigen values λ_1 and λ_2 are given as

$$\lambda_1 = 0 \tag{0.0.3}$$

$$\lambda_2 = 1 \tag{0.0.4}$$

and the eigenvector matrix

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{I}.\tag{0.0.5}$$

$$\mathbf{p_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \sqrt{\lambda_2} \mathbf{p}_1 \tag{0.0.7}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.8}$$

Since

$$c = \frac{\left\|\mathbf{u}^2\right\| - \lambda_2 f}{2\mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{n}},\tag{0.0.9}$$

Substituting values of $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{n}, \lambda_2$ and f in (??), we get

$$c = \frac{4^2 - 1(0)}{2(4 \quad 0)\begin{pmatrix} 1\\0 \end{pmatrix}} = 2 \tag{0.0.10}$$

The focus **F** of parabola is expressed as

$$\mathbf{F} = \frac{ce^2\mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u}}{\lambda_2} \tag{0.0.11}$$

$$= \frac{2(1)^2 \binom{1}{0} - \binom{4}{0}}{1} \tag{0.0.12}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -2\\0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.13}$$

b) Directrix: The directrix is given by

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} = c \tag{0.0.14}$$

$$\implies \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 2 \tag{0.0.15}$$

c) Axis: The equation for the axis of parabola, passing through **F** and orthogonal to the

directrix is given as

$$\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} \left(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{F} \right) = 0 \tag{0.0.16}$$

where \mathbf{m} is the normal vector to the axis and also the slope of the directrix.

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.17}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.18}$$

$$(0 \quad 1) \left(\mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = 0$$
 (0.0.19)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \qquad (0.0.20)$$

d) Latus rectum: The latus rectum of a parabola is given by

$$l = \frac{\eta}{\lambda_2} = \frac{2\mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{p_1}}{\lambda_2} \tag{0.0.21}$$

$$= \frac{2(4 \ 0)(1)}{1} \tag{0.0.22}$$

$$= 8 \text{ units}$$
 (0.0.23)