## 1

## Assignment 1

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If a line intersects two concentric circles (circles with the same centre) with centre O at A,
 B, C and D, prove that AB = CD.

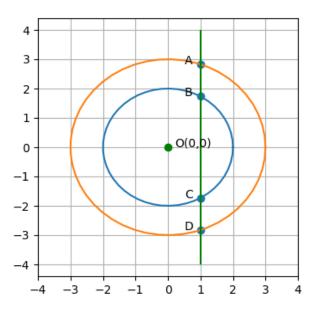


Fig. 1: Graph

**Solution:** Let the equations of two concentric circles be,

$$\|\mathbf{x}\|^2 = 4 \tag{0.0.1}$$

$$||\mathbf{x}||^2 = 9 \tag{0.0.2}$$

Let the equation of the line be,

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.3}$$

The parameter  $\mu$  of the points of intersection of line (0.0.4) with the conic section (0.0.5)

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{h} + \mu \mathbf{m} \tag{0.0.4}$$

$$g(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \qquad (0.0.5)$$

is given by the equation

$$\mu^2 \mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m} + 2\mu \mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u}) + g(\mathbf{h}) = 0$$
(0.0.6)

The points of intersection of circle (0.0.1) and the line (0.0.4) **B**, **C** are given by,

$$V = I, u = O, f = -4$$
 (0.0.7)

$$\mathbf{h} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.8}$$

Substituting the above expressions (0.0.7), (0.0.8) in (0.0.6), we get

$$\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{m} = 1 \tag{0.0.9}$$

$$\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} \left( \mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u} \right) = 0 \tag{0.0.10}$$

$$g(\mathbf{h}) = -3 \tag{0.0.11}$$

$$\mu^2 - 3 = 0 \tag{0.0.12}$$

$$\mu = \pm \sqrt{3} \tag{0.0.13}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.14}$$

The points of intersection of circle (0.0.2) and the line (0.0.4) **A**, **D** are given by,

$$V = I, u = O, f = -9$$
 (0.0.15)

$$\mathbf{h} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.16}$$

Substituting the above expressions (0.0.14), (0.0.15) in (0.0.6), we get

$$\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{m} = 1 \tag{0.0.17}$$

$$\mathbf{m}^{\mathsf{T}} \left( \mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u} \right) = 0 \tag{0.0.18}$$

$$g(\mathbf{h}) = -8 \tag{0.0.19}$$

$$\mu^2 - 8 = 0 \tag{0.0.20}$$

$$\mu = \pm 2\sqrt{2} \tag{0.0.21}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.22}$$

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} \right\|$$
 (0.0.23)  
=  $2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}$  (0.0.24)

$$= 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} \tag{0.0.24}$$

$$\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{D}\| = \left\| \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} \right\|$$
 (0.0.25)  
=  $2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}$  (0.0.26)

$$= 2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} \tag{0.0.26}$$

Hence AB = CD. The parameters used in the construction are shown in the below table 1

Parameter	Value
A	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$
В	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}$
С	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}$
D	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$
О	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

TABLE 1