## Assignment 1

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- 1) A couple has two children,
  - a) Find the probability that both children are males, if it is known that at least one of the children is male.
  - b) Find the probability that both children are females, if it is known that the elder child is a female.

**Solution:** Consider the random variables X, Y, which denotes the first child, second child gender respectively as described in table 1.

RV	Values	Description
X	{0, 1}	0: Male, 1: Female
Y	{0, 1}	0: Male, 1: Female

TABLE 1: Random variables X

The probabilities for the random variables X, Y is listed in table 1.

Event	Probability
Pr(X=0)	$\frac{1}{2}$
Pr(X=1)	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\Pr\left(Y=0\right)$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Pr(Y=1)	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\Pr\left(X + Y = 0\right)$	$\frac{1}{4}$
$\Pr\left(X + Y = 2\right)$	$\frac{1}{4}$
Pr(X = 0  or  Y = 0)	$\frac{3}{4}$

TABLE 1: Probabilities

The probability Pr(X = 0 or Y = 0) is given by

$$= \Pr(X = 0) + \Pr(Y = 0) - \Pr(X + Y = 0)$$
(0.0.1)

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= \frac{3}{4}$$
(0.0.2)

$$= \frac{3}{4} \tag{0.0.3}$$

a) The event of both children being Male is when X + Y = 0. The event of atleast one of the children being Male is when X = 0 or Y = 0.

$${X + Y = 0} \cap {X = 0 \text{ or } Y = 0} \equiv {X + Y = 0}$$
(0.0.4)

The required probability is given by,

$$Pr(X + Y = 0 | X = 0 \text{ or } Y = 0)$$
 (0.0.5)

$$= \frac{\Pr(X + Y = 0)}{\Pr(X = 0 \text{ or } Y = 0)}$$
(0.0.6)

$$=\frac{1}{3} \tag{0.0.7}$$

b) The event of both children being Female is when X + Y = 2. The event of elder child being Female is when X = 1.

$$\{X+Y=2\}\cap\{X=1\}\equiv\{X+Y=2\}$$
 (0.0.8)

The required probability is given by,

$$Pr(X + Y = 2 \mid X = 1) \tag{0.0.9}$$

$$= \frac{\Pr(X + Y = 2)}{\Pr(X = 1)}$$
 (0.0.10)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{0.0.11}$$