

## Lesson 02 Demo 06

### Implementing CRUD Operations on a Circular Linked List

**Objective:** To implement a circular linked list in JavaScript, with CRUD functionalities including node addition, traversal, value modification, and node deletion to strengthen your understanding of circular data structure operations

**Tools required:** Visual Studio Code (VS Code) and JavaScript

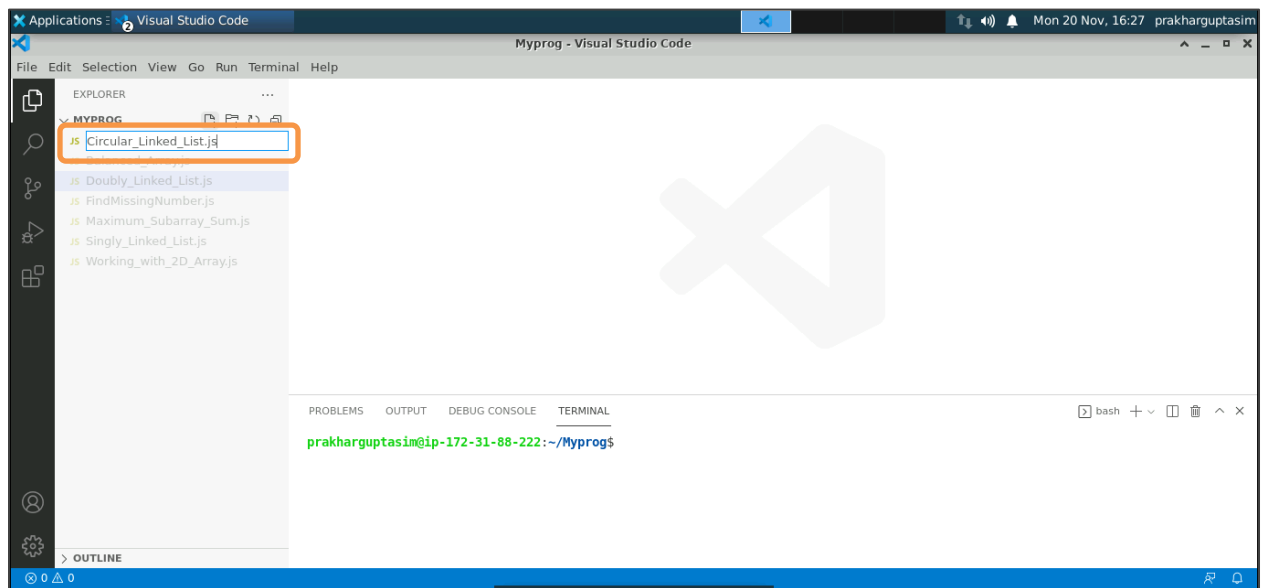
**Prerequisites:** Completion of Lesson 02 Demo 01

Steps to be followed:

1. Create a JavaScript file and execute it

#### Step 1: Create a JavaScript file and execute it

- 1.1 Open the Visual Studio Code editor and create a JavaScript file named **Circular\_Linked\_List.js**



1.2 Add the following code to the file:

```
class ListNode {
  constructor(data) {
    this.data = data;
    this.next = null;
  }
}

class CircularLinkedList {
  constructor() {
    this.head = null;
  }

  // Create: Add a new node to the list
  add(data) {
    const newNode = new ListNode(data);
    if (!this.head) {
      this.head = newNode;
      newNode.next = this.head;
    } else {
      let current = this.head;
      while (current.next !== this.head) {
        current = current.next;
      }
      current.next = newNode;
      newNode.next = this.head;
    }
  }

  // Read: Traverse and display elements of the list
  read() {
    if (!this.head) {
      return;
    }
    let current = this.head;
    do {
      console.log(current.data);
```

```
        current = current.next;
    } while (current !== this.head);
}
```

// Update: Modify the value of a node at a given position

```
update(position, data) {
    if (!this.head) {
        return;
    }
```

```
    let current = this.head;
    let count = 0;
    do {
        if (count === position) {
            current.data = data;
            return;
        }
        current = current.next;
        count++;
    } while (current !== this.head);
```

```
    console.log("Position not found");
}
```

// Delete: Remove a node from the list at a specified position

```
delete(position) {
    if (!this.head) {
        return;
    }
```

```
    if (position === 0) {
        if (this.head.next === this.head) {
            this.head = null;
        } else {
            let current = this.head;
            while (current.next !== this.head) {
                current = current.next;
            }
        }
    }
```

```

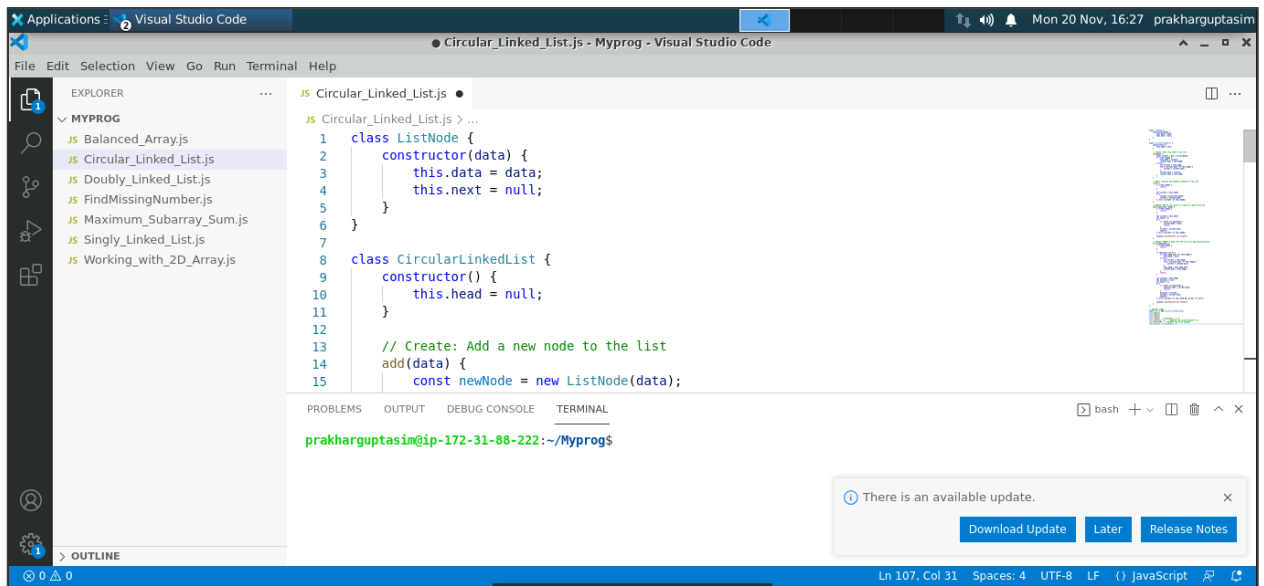
        this.head = this.head.next;
        current.next = this.head;
    }
    return;
}

let current = this.head;
let previous = null;
let count = 0;
do {
    if (count === position) {
        previous.next = current.next;
        return;
    }
    previous = current;
    current = current.next;
    count++;
} while (current !== this.head && current !== null);

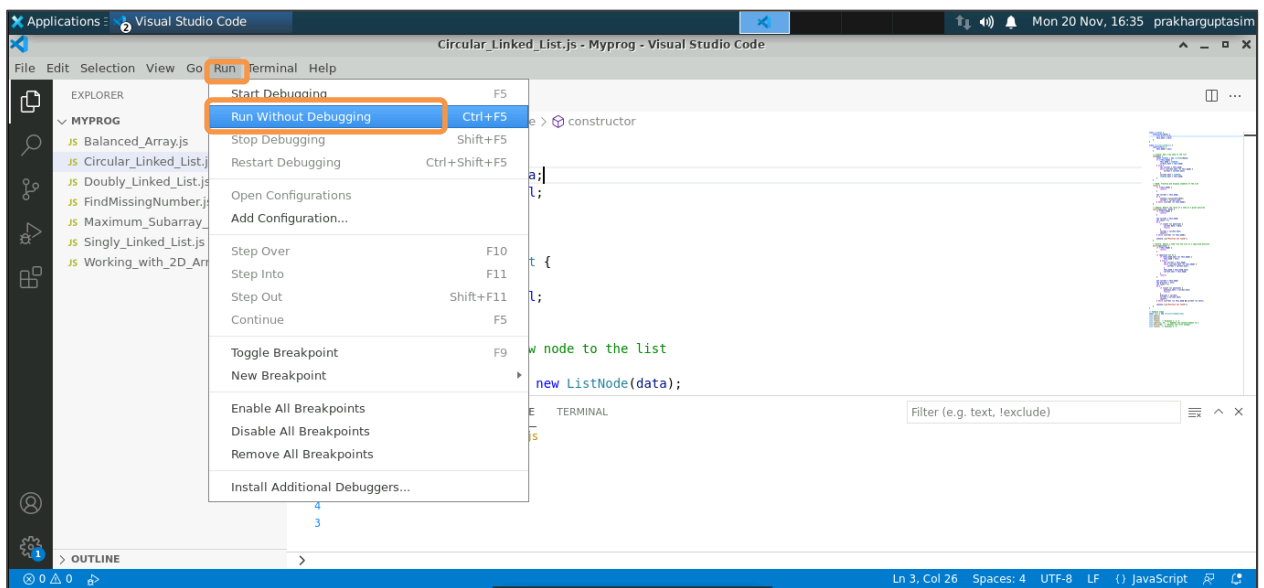
console.log("Position not found");
}
}

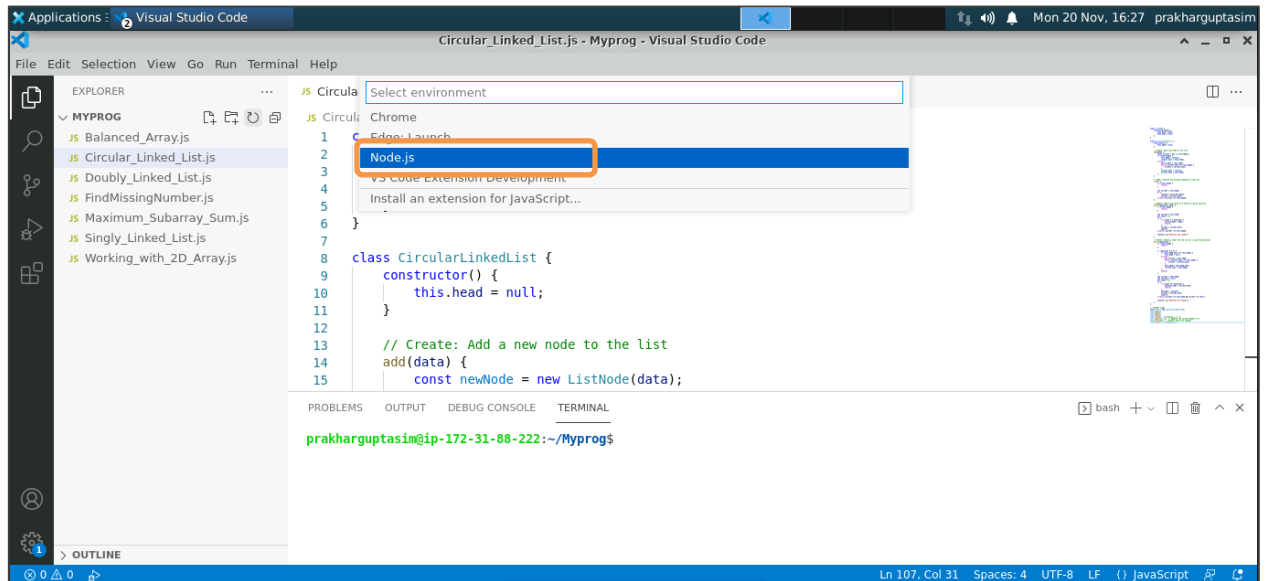
// Example usage
const list = new CircularLinkedList();
list.add(1);
list.add(2);
list.add(3);
list.read(); // Displays 1, 2, 3
list.update(1, 4); // Updates the second element to 4
list.delete(0); // Deletes the first element
list.read(); // Displays 4, 3

```

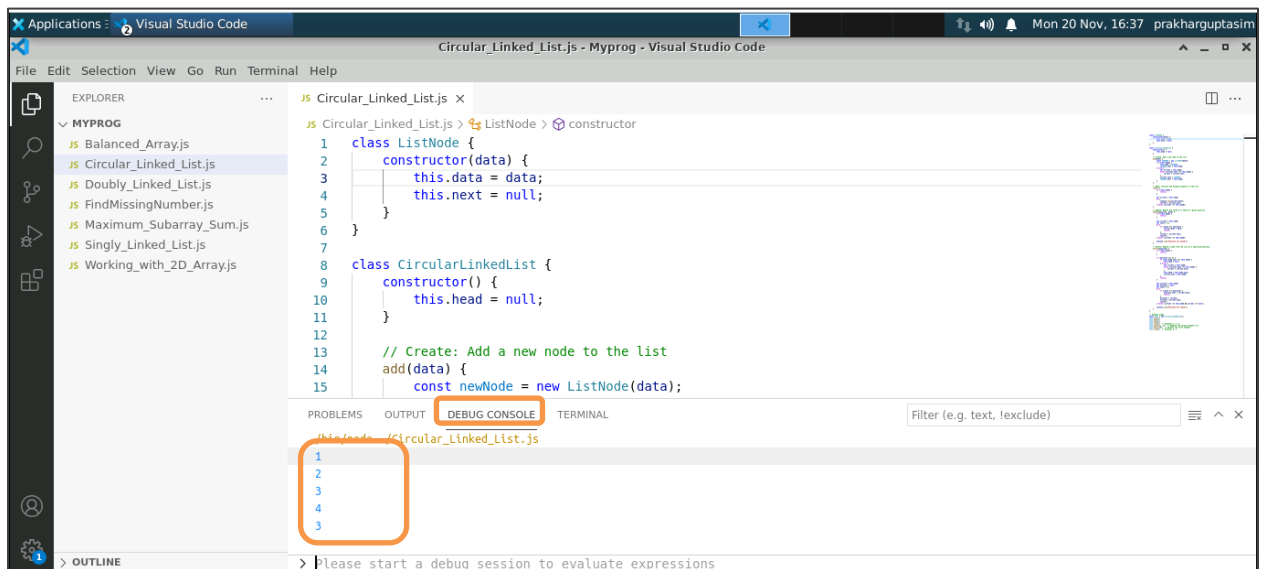


1.3 Click **Run** and then **Run Without Debugging**. Select **Node.js** to check the output in the **DEBUG CONSOLE**.





1.4 View the output in the **DEBUG CONSOLE** as shown below:



By following these steps, you have successfully performed the CRUD operations on a circular linked list, strengthening your understanding of circular data structure operations. In this process, the **add()** method appends a new node at the end of the list, the **read()** method traverses and prints the list, the **update()** method modifies the value at a given position, and the **delete()** method removes a node at a specified position.