

## Lesson 04 Demo 09

### Implementing a Linear Search Algorithm

**Objective:** To use linear search in JavaScript for finding values in small or unsorted data, such as contact lists

**Tools required:** Visual Studio Code and Node.js

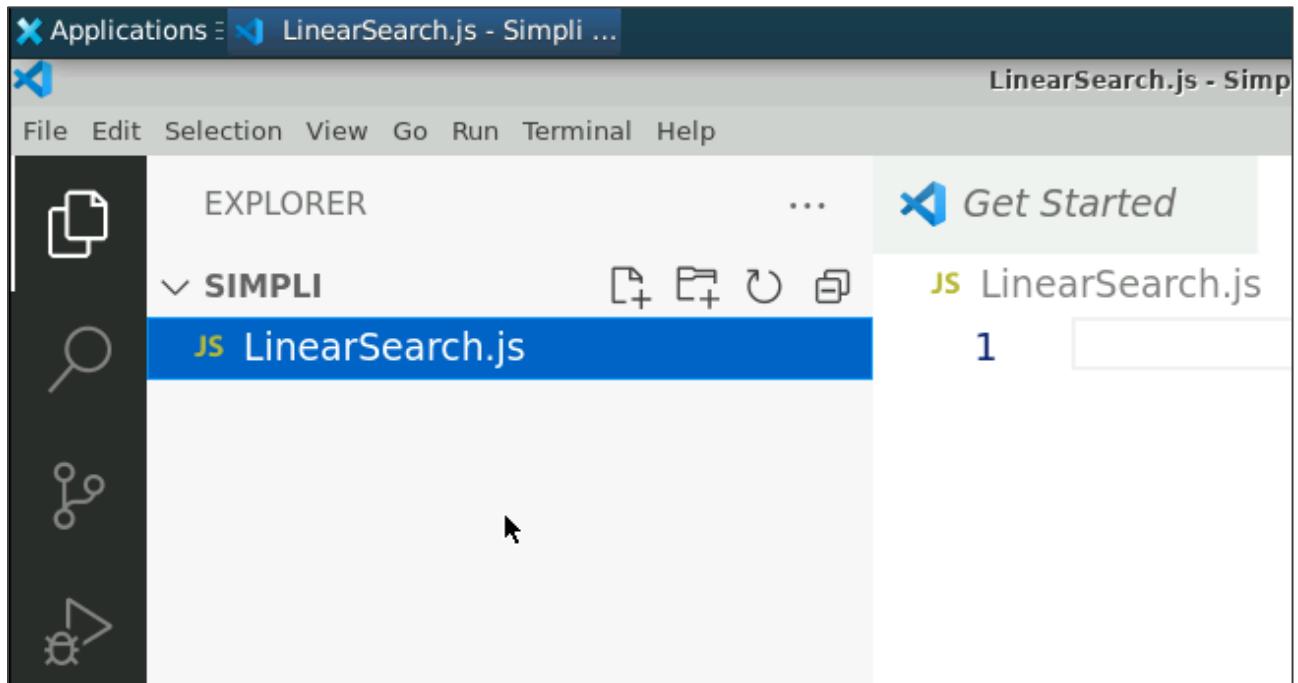
**Prerequisites:** Basic understanding of arrays and loops in JavaScript

Steps to be followed:

1. Create a JavaScript file and execute it

#### Step 1: Create a JavaScript file and execute it

1.1 Open the Visual Studio Code editor and create a JavaScript file named **LinearSearch.js**



1.2 Add the following code to the file:

```
// Function to perform linear search on an array
// Time Complexity: O(n) - linear time complexity
// In the worst case, the function may need to iterate through the entire array.
// Space Complexity: O(1) - constant space complexity
// The function only uses a constant amount of extra space regardless of the input size.

function linearSearch(arr, target) {
    for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
        if (arr[i] === target) {
            return i;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}

// Example usage
const arr = [1, 3, 5, 8, 9];

// Measure the execution time of linearSearch function
console.time("linearSearch");
const index = linearSearch(arr, 5);
console.timeEnd("linearSearch");

// Output the result
console.log("Index:", index);
```

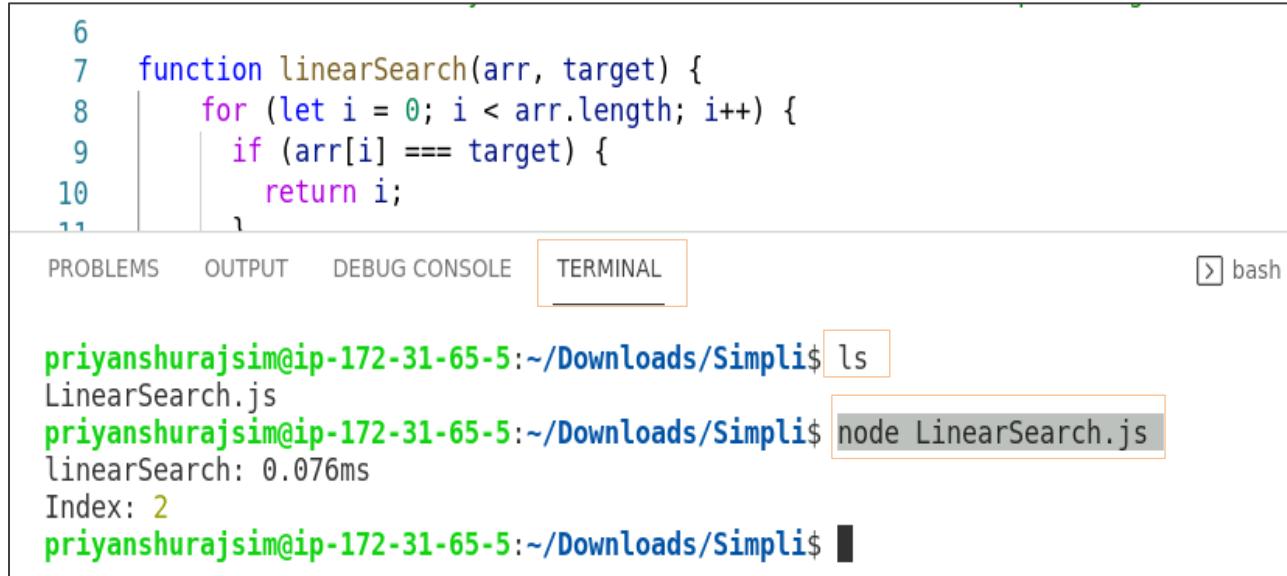
```

js LinearSearch.js > ...
1  // Function to perform linear search on an array
2  // Time Complexity: O(n) - linear time complexity
3  // In the worst case, the function may need to iterate through the entire array.
4  // Space Complexity: O(1) - constant space complexity
5  // The function only uses a constant amount of extra space regardless of the input size.
6
7  function linearSearch(arr, target) {
8    for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
9      if (arr[i] === target) {
10        return i;
11      }
12    }
13    return -1;
14  }
15
16  // Example usage
17  const arr = [1, 3, 5, 8, 9];
18
19  // Measure the execution time of linearSearch function
20  console.time("linearSearch");
21  const index = linearSearch(arr, 5);
22  console.timeEnd("linearSearch");
23
24  // Output the result
25  console.log("Index:", index);

```

1.3 Press **Ctrl + S** to save the file and then execute it in the **TERMINAL** using the commands given below:

**ls**  
**node LinearSearch.js**



```

6
7  function linearSearch(arr, target) {
8    for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
9      if (arr[i] === target) {
10        return i;
11      }
12    }
13    return -1;
14  }

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL bash

priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-65-5:~/Downloads/Simpli$ ls
LinearSearch.js
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-65-5:~/Downloads/Simpli$ node LinearSearch.js
linearSearch: 0.076ms
Index: 2
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-65-5:~/Downloads/Simpli$ 

```

By following these steps, you have successfully used the linear search algorithm in JavaScript to locate items in unsorted data such as contact lists, and learned that it has a time complexity of  $O(n)$  and space complexity of  $O(1)$ .