

Lesson 04 Demo 09

Implementing a Linear Search Algorithm

Objective: To use linear search in JavaScript for finding values in small or unsorted data, such as contact lists

Tools required: Visual Studio Code and Node.js

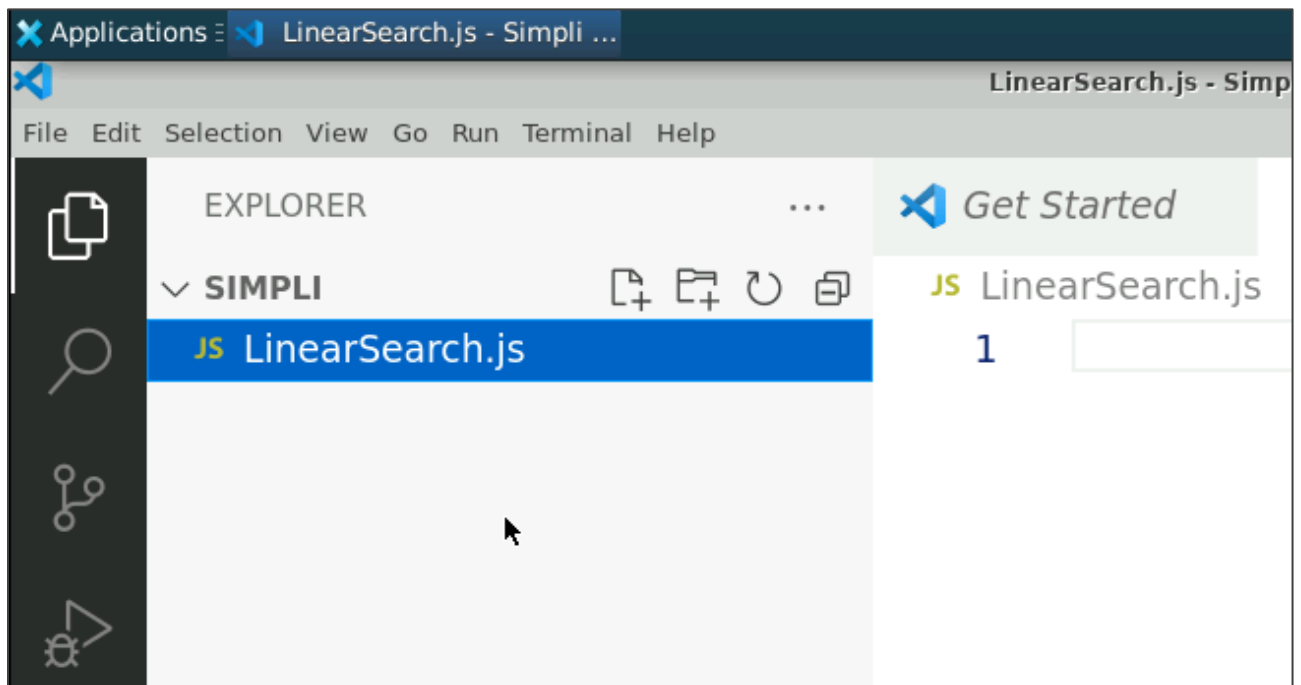
Prerequisites: Basic understanding of arrays and loops in JavaScript

Steps to be followed:

1. Create a JavaScript file and execute it

Step 1: Create a JavaScript file and execute it

- 1.1 Open the Visual Studio Code editor and create a JavaScript file named **LinearSearch.js**



1.2 Add the following code to the file:

```
// Function to perform linear search on an array
// Time Complexity: O(n) - linear time complexity
// In the worst case, the function may need to iterate through the entire array.
// Space Complexity: O(1) - constant space complexity
// The function only uses a constant amount of extra space regardless of the input
size.

function linearSearch(arr, target) {
  for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
    if (arr[i] === target) {
      return i;
    }
  }
  return -1;
}

// Example usage
const arr = [1, 3, 5, 8, 9];

// Measure the execution time of linearSearch function
console.time("linearSearch");
const index = linearSearch(arr, 5);
console.timeEnd("linearSearch");

// Output the result
console.log("Index:", index);
```

```

JS LinearSearch.js > ...
1  // Function to perform linear search on an array
2  // Time Complexity: O(n) - linear time complexity
3  // In the worst case, the function may need to iterate through the entire array.
4  // Space Complexity: O(1) - constant space complexity
5  // The function only uses a constant amount of extra space regardless of the input size.
6
7  function linearSearch(arr, target) {
8      for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
9          if (arr[i] === target) {
10             return i;
11         }
12     }
13     return -1;
14 }
15
16 // Example usage
17 const arr = [1, 3, 5, 8, 9];
18
19 // Measure the execution time of linearSearch function
20 console.time("linearSearch");
21 const index = linearSearch(arr, 5);
22 console.timeEnd("linearSearch");
23
24 // Output the result
25 console.log("Index:", index);

```

1.3 Press **Ctrl + S** to save the file and then execute it in the **TERMINAL** using the commands given below:

ls

node LinearSearch.js

```

6
7  function linearSearch(arr, target) {
8      for (let i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
9          if (arr[i] === target) {
10             return i;
11         }
12     }
13     return -1;
14 }

```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE **TERMINAL** bash

```

priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-65-5:~/Downloads/Simpli$ ls
LinearSearch.js
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-65-5:~/Downloads/Simpli$ node LinearSearch.js
linearSearch: 0.076ms
Index: 2
priyanshurajsim@ip-172-31-65-5:~/Downloads/Simpli$

```

By following these steps, you have successfully used the linear search algorithm in JavaScript to locate items in unsorted data such as contact lists, and learned that it has a time complexity of $O(n)$ and space complexity of $O(1)$.