Database Management System

Course code	PCC-CSE-201G				
Category	Professional Core Course				
Course title	Database Management System				
Scheme and Credits	L	Т	Р	Credits	
	3	0		3	
Class work	25 Marks				
Exam	75 Marks				
Total	100 Marks				
Duration of Exam	03 Ho	urs			

Objectives of the course

- a. To understand the different issues involved in the design and implementation of a database system.
- b. To study the physical and logical database designs, database modeling, relational, hierarchical, and network models
- c. To understand and use data manipulation language to query, update, and manage a database
- d. To develop an understanding of essential DBMS concepts such as: database security, integrity, concurrency, distributed database, and intelligent database, Client/Server (Database Server), Data Warehousing.
- e. To design and build a simple database system and demonstrate competence with the fundamental tasks involved with modeling, designing, and implementing a DBMS.

Note: Examiner will set nine questions in total. Question one will be compulsory. Question one will have 6 parts of 2.5 marks each from all units and remaining eight questions of 15 marks each to be set by taking two questions from each unit. The students have to attempt five questions in total, first being compulsory and selecting one from each unit.

Unit: 1

Database system architecture: Data Abstraction, Data Independence, Data Definition Language (DDL), Data Manipulation Language (DML). **Data models:** Entity-relationship model, network model, relational and object oriented data models, integrity constraints, data manipulation operations.

Unit: 2

Relational query languages: Relational algebra, Tuple and domain relational calculus, SQL3, DDL and DML constructs, Open source and Commercial DBMS - MYSQL, ORACLE, DB2, SQL server.

Relational database design: Domain and data dependency, Armstrong's axioms, Normal forms, Dependency preservation, Lossless design.

Query processing and optimization: Evaluation of relational algebra expressions, Query equivalence, Join strategies, Query optimization algorithms.

Unit: 3

Storage strategies: Indices, B-trees, hashing,

Transaction processing: Concurrency control, ACID property, Serializability of scheduling, Locking and timestamp based schedulers, Multi-version and optimistic Concurrency Control schemes, Database recovery.

Unit: 4

Database Security: Authentication, Authorization and access control, DAC, MAC and RBAC models, Intrusion detection, SQL injection.

Advanced topics: Object oriented and object relational databases, Logical databases, Web databases, Distributed databases, Data warehousing and data mining.

Suggested books:

"Database System Concepts", 6th Edition by Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, McGraw-Hill.

Suggested reference books

"Principles of Database and Knowledge – Base Systems", Vol 1 by J. D. Ullman, Computer Science Press.

"Fundamentals of Database Systems", 5th Edition by R. Elmasri and S. Navathe, Pearson Education

"Foundations of Databases", Reprint by Serge Abiteboul, Richard Hull, Victor Vianu, Addison-Wesley

Course Outcomes

- 1. For a given query write relational algebra expressions for that query and optimize the developed expressions
- 2. For a given specification of the requirement, design the databases using E R method and normalization.
- 3. For a given specification, construct the SQL queries for Open source and Commercial DBMS -MYSQL, ORACLE, and DB2.
- 4. For a given query optimize its execution using Query optimization algorithms
- 5. For a given transaction-processing system, determine the transaction atomicity, consistency, isolation, and durability.
- 6. Implement the isolation property, including locking, time stamping based on concurrency control and Serializability of scheduling.