



# MY SQL PROJECT

# what is data

- Data is Raw fact which describes the attribute (properties) of an entity (object , living or non living things)

# What is database

- Database is a place or medium where the data is stored in systematic and organized manner.
- We can perform four operations on the database they are,
  - Create
  - Read
  - Update
  - Delete

These operations are know as CRUD operations.

# What is SQL

## Structured Query Language

Sql is structured query language, which is a computer language for storing, manipulating and retrieving data stored in relational database.

Sql is the standard language for relation database system. All relational database management systems like Mysql, MS Access, oracle , sybase, informix, postgres and sql server use Sql as standard database language

# What is DBMS

- DBMS is a system which is used to maintain and manage database.
- DBMS provides two important features security and authorization.
- In DBMS data is stored in the form of files. Query language is used to communicate or interact with the DBMS.

# RDBMS

- Relational modal was invented by a computer scientist E.F CODD.
- In relational modal all the data should be stored in the form of tables.
- If any DBMS follows the relational modal it becomes RDBMS.

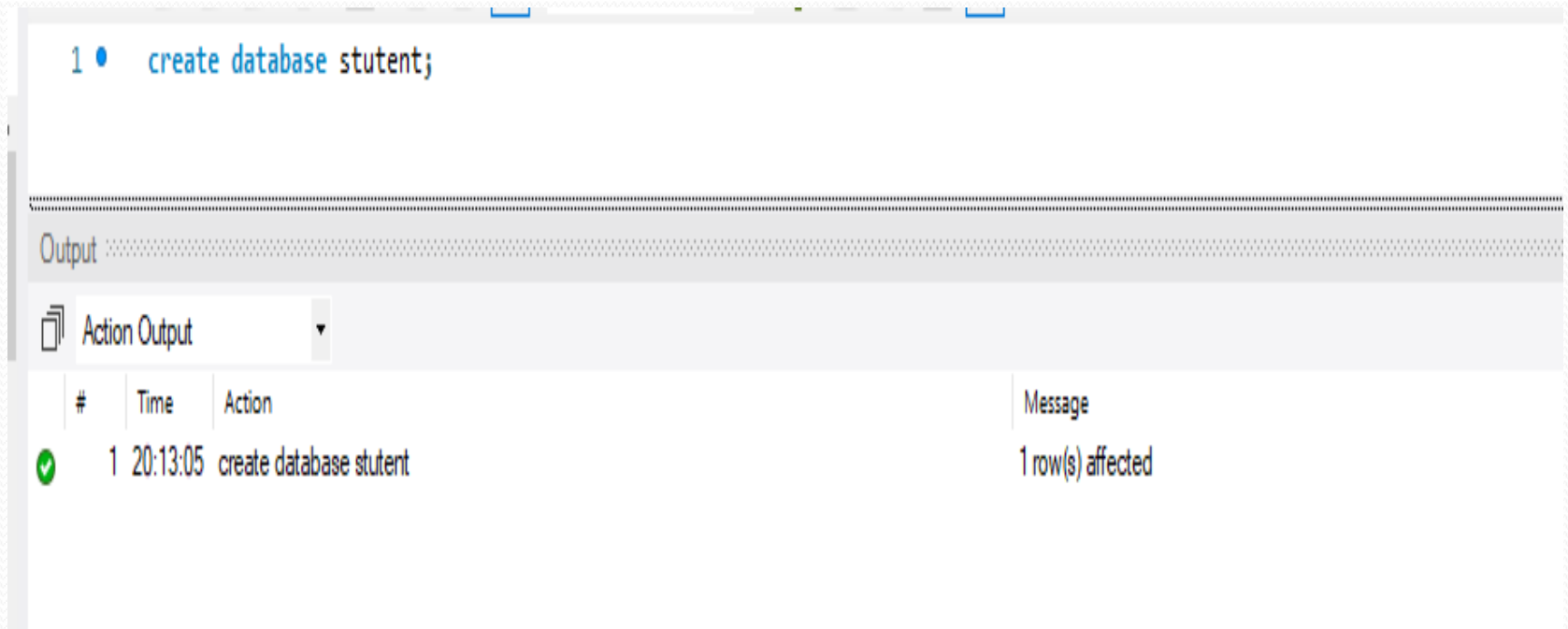
# Main Commands

- Create database
- Show database
- Drop database
- Alter database
- Show tables
- Insert values
- Drop tables
- Alter table
- Alter table modify

Alter table drop  
Alter table rename  
Update table  
delete statement

# Create database

- The create database is used to create a new SQL database





# Show database

- Lists the database that are accessible by the MYSQL RDBMS

```
1 • create database stuent;  
2 • use student;  
3 • show databases;  
4
```

Output

📄 Action Output ▼

	#	Time	Action	Message
✓	1	20:13:05	create database stuent	1 row(s) affected
✓	2	20:24:04	show databases	44 row(s) returned

# Create tables , show tables

- The create table statement is used to create a new table in a database

```
4 • create table emp_data(emp_id int, emp_name varchar(20), designation_id int, dep_no int, date_of_join date, primary key(emp_id));
5 • show tables;
6
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

Tables\_in\_employee

emp\_data

Output







Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Du
✓ 1	20:13:05	create database student	1 row(s) affected	0.0
✓ 2	20:24:04	show databases	44 row(s) returned	0.01

# Insert values

- **Commands:** insert into emp\_det values

```
4 • create table emp_det(emp_id int, emp_name varchar(20), designation_id int, dep_no int, date_of_join date, primary key(emp_id));
5 • show tables;
6 • insert into emp_det values
7   (17001, 'Geetha', 3001, 50, '2022/05/10'),
8   (17002, 'Guru', 3002, 50, '2022/05/12'),
9   (17003, 'Gokul' , 3003 , 50 , '2022/05/15'),
10  (17004, 'Mani' , 3004 , 60 , '2022/05/20'),
11  (17005, 'Moorthy' , 3005 , 50 , '2022/05/23'),
12  (17006, 'Amutha' , 3006 , 50 , '2022/06/05'),
13  (17007, 'Jaga' , 3003 , 70 , '2022/06/06'),
14  (17008, 'Pavithra' , 3007 , 60 , '2022/06/07'),
15  (17009, 'Arthi' , 3005 , 50 , '2022/06/08'),
16  (17010, 'Kabilan' , 3006 , 70 , '2022/06/09'),
17  (17011, 'Manasi' , 3001 , 70 , '2022/06/10').
```

Result Grid					
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>					
Edit:   					
Export/Import:  					
Wrap Cell Content: 					
	emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23

# Alter table

- Command :alter table emp\_det add email varchar(200);

```
41 • select * from emp_det;  
42 • alter table emp_det add email varchar(200);  
43 • select * from emp_det;
```

Result Grid						
		Filter Rows:		Edit:		Export/Import:
						Wrap Cell Content:
	emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	NULL
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	NULL
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	NULL
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	NULL
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	NULL
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	NULL
	17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	NULL
	17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07	NULL
	17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08	NULL

# My SQL General Functions

- Where

Command: `select * from emp_det where dep_no = 50;`

```
41 • select * from emp_det;  
42 • alter table emp_det add email varchar(200);  
43 • select * from emp_det;  
44 • select * from emp_det where dep_no = 50;
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	NULL
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	NULL
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	NULL
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	NULL
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	NULL
	17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08	NULL
	17012	Suja	3002	50	2022-06-11	NULL
	17016	Madhavi	3002	50	2022-06-15	NULL
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

# or

- Or command is used to display only the both values are mentioned in the table

Command: select \* from emp\_det where dep\_no=20 or emp\_id=3

```
41 • select * from emp_det;  
42 • alter table emp_det add email varchar(200);  
43 • select * from emp_det;  
44 • select * from emp_det where dep_no = 50;  
45 • select * from emp_det where dep_no=50 or designation_id=3002;
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	NULL
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	NULL
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	NULL
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	NULL
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	NULL
17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08	NULL
17012	Suja	3002	50	2022-06-11	NULL
17016	Madhavi	3002	50	2022-06-15	NULL
17017	Swetha	3002	70	2022-06-16	NULL

emp\_det 8 x

# And

- Display the values by comparing the column depends upon the command is used

```
command : select * from emp_det where dep_no = 70
        and designation_id = 3005;
```

```
45 • select * from emp_det where dep_no=50 or designation_id=3002;
```

```
46 • select * from emp_det where dep_no = 70 and designation_id = 3005;
```

47

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
▶	17024	Devi	3005	70	2022-06-23	NULL
	17029	Priya	3005	70	2022-06-28	NULL
	17031	srinivasan	3005	70	2022-06-30	NULL
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

emp\_det 10

# In

- Command: `select * from emp_det where emp_name in ('geetha','guru');`

```
45 • select * from emp_det where dep_no=50 or designation_id=3002;  
46 • select * from emp_det where dep_no = 70 and designation_id = 3005;  
47 • select * from emp_det where emp_name in ('geetha','guru');  
48
```

Result Grid						
		Filter Rows:		Edit:		Export/Import:
						Wrap Cell Content:
	emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	NULL
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	NULL
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

emp\_det 11 x



# Not In

- Command: select \* from emp\_det where emp\_name not in ('mani','arthi');

```
46 • select * from emp_det where dep_no = 70 and designation_id = 3005;  
47 • select * from emp_det where emp_name in ('geetha','guru');  
48 • select * from emp_det where emp_name not in ('mani','arthi');  
49
```

Result Grid						
Filter Rows:		Edit: Export/Import: Wrap Cell Content:				
emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email	
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	NULL	
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	NULL	
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	NULL	
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	NULL	
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	NULL	
17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	NULL	
17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07	NULL	
17010	Kabilan	3006	70	2022-06-09	NULL	
17011	Manasi	3001	70	2022-06-10	NULL	
17012	Suja	3002	50	2022-06-11	NULL	
17013	Arun	3003	60	2022-06-12	NULL	
17014	Deepa	3004	60	2022-06-13	NULL	
17015	Sindhu	3005	80	2022-06-14	NULL	
17016	Madhavi	3002	50	2022-06-15	NULL	

emp\_det 12 x

# Count

- Command: select branch\_id count(amount) total\_salary from sal\_det group by branch\_id

```
82 • select * from emp_det where dep_no = 70 and designation_id = 3005;
83 • select * from emp_det where emp_name in ('geetha','guru');
84 • select * from emp_det where emp_name not in ('mani','arthi');
85 • select branch_id, count(amount) total_salary from sal_det group by branch_id;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:  | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	branch_id	total_salary
▶	241	8
	242	7
	243	10
	244	8

# Distinct

- Command: select distinct amount from sal\_det;

```
85 • select branch_id, count(amount) total_salary from sal_det group by branch_id;  
86 • select Distinct amount from sal_det;
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:

	amount
▶	35000
	14000
	28000
	18000
	30000
	23000

# Order by

- Command: select \* from emp\_det order by emp\_name
- Command : select \* from emp\_det order by emp\_name desc

```
85 • select branch_id, count(amount) total_salary from sal_det group by branch_id;
86 • select Distinct amount from sal_det;
87 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name ;
88 |
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	NULL
17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08	NULL
17013	Arun	3003	60	2022-06-12	NULL
17014	Deepa	3004	60	2022-06-13	NULL
17025	Devan	3006	60	2022-06-24	NULL
17024	Devi	3005	70	2022-06-23	NULL
17032	ganesan	3006	80	2022-07-01	NULL
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	NULL
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	NULL

emp\_det 15 x

Output

```
87 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name ;
88 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name desc;
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
17027	Venkatesh	3003	80	2022-06-26	NULL
17021	Veeramani	3002	80	2022-06-20	NULL
17023	Veera	3002	80	2022-06-22	NULL
17017	Swetha	3002	70	2022-06-16	NULL
17012	Suja	3002	50	2022-06-11	NULL
17031	srinivasan	3005	70	2022-06-30	NULL
17015	Sindhu	3005	80	2022-06-14	NULL
17018	Selvi	3002	70	2022-06-17	NULL
17028	Raja	3004	60	2022-06-27	NULL

emp\_det 15 x

Output

# Group by

- Command: select designation\_id ,count(dep\_no) from emp\_det group by designation\_id;

```
87 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name ;  
88 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name desc;  
89 • select designation_id , count(dep_no) from emp_det group by designation_id;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	designation_id	count(dep_no)
▶	3001	4
	3002	10
	3003	4
	3004	3
	3005	6
	3006	5
	3007	1

# Limit

- Command: `select * from emp_det limit 0,3;`
- Command: `select * from emp_det order by emp_name limit 0,6;`

```
90 • select * from emp_det limit 0,3;
91 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name limit 0,6;
92
93
94
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	NULL
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	NULL
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	NULL
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

```
90 • select * from emp_det limit 0,3;
91 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name limit 0,6;
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	email
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	NULL
17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08	NULL
17013	Arun	3003	60	2022-06-12	NULL
17014	Deepa	3004	60	2022-06-13	NULL
17025	Devan	3006	60	2022-06-24	NULL
17024	Devi	3005	70	2022-06-23	NULL
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

# Like

- Command: select emp\_name from emp\_det where emp\_name like 'm%'
- Command: select emp\_name from emp\_det where emp\_name not like 'm%'

```
92 • select emp_name from emp_det where emp_name like 'm%';
93 • select emp_name from emp_det where emp_name not like 'm%';
94
95
96
97
```

Result Grid

emp_name
Mari
Moorthy
Manasi
Madhavi
mariya

```
91 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name limit 0,6;
92 • select emp_name from emp_det where emp_name like 'm%';select emp_name from emp_det where emp_name not like 'm%';
93
```

Result Grid

emp_name
Geetha
Guru
Gokul
Amutha
Jaga
Pavithra
Arthi
Kabilan
Suja
Arun
Deepa
Sindhu
Swetha
Selvi
Pooja
Lakshmi
Veeramani

# Between

- Command: select \* from sal\_det where amount between 12000 and 25000

```
91 • select * from emp_det order by emp_name limit 0,6;  
92 • select emp_name from emp_det where emp_name like 'm%';select emp_name from emp_det where emp_name not like 'm%';  
93 • select * from sal_det where amount between 12000 and 25000;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount
▶	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000
	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000
	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000
	18014	17014	2022-07-14	242	18000
	18016	17016	2022-07-16	241	14000
	18017	17017	2022-07-17	243	14000
	18018	17018	2022-07-18	243	14000
	18019	17019	2022-07-19	243	14000
	18020	17020	2022-07-20	243	14000
	18021	17021	2022-07-21	244	14000
	18022	17022	2022-07-22	244	14000
	18023	17023	2022-07-23	244	14000
	18025	17025	2022-07-25	242	23000
	18028	17028	2022-07-28	242	18000

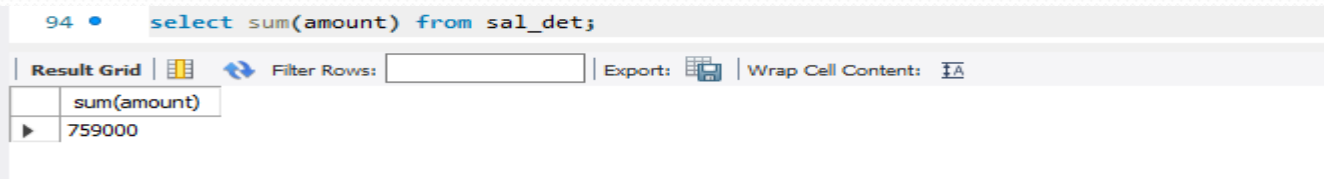
sal\_det 22



# My SQL calculate functions

## Sum

Command: `select sum(amount) from sal_det;`



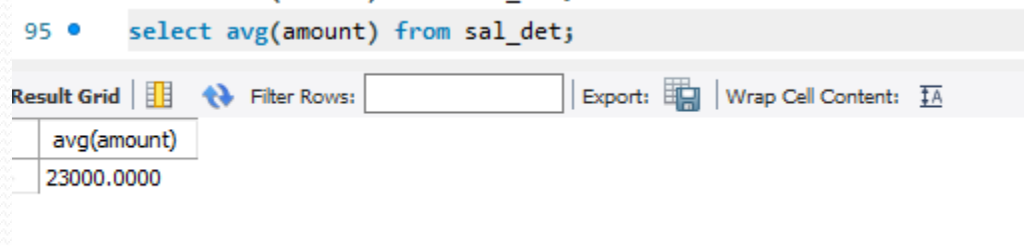
94 • `select sum(amount) from sal_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

sum(amount)
759000

## Average

Command: `select avg(amount) from sal_det;`



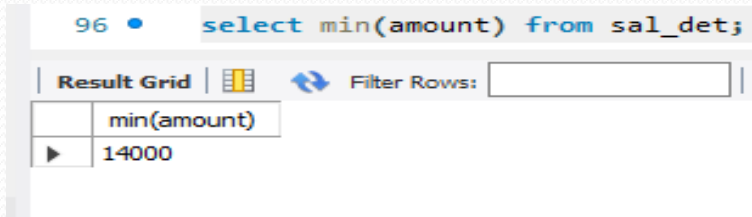
95 • `select avg(amount) from sal_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

avg(amount)
23000.0000

## Min

Command: `select min(amount) from sal_det;`



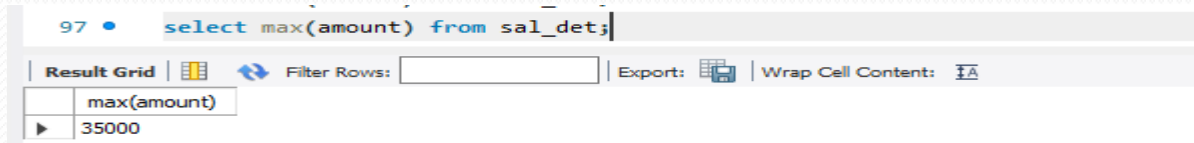
96 • `select min(amount) from sal_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows:

	min(amount)
▶	14000

## Max

Command: `select max(amount) from sal_det;`



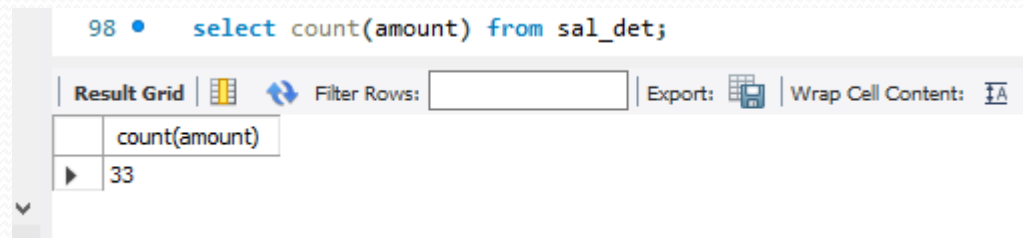
97 • `select max(amount) from sal_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	max(amount)
▶	35000

## Count

Command: `select count(amount) from sal_det;`



98 • `select count(amount) from sal_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	count(amount)
▶	33

# My SQL string function

## Lcase

Command: `select lower(emp_name) from emp_det;`



99 • `select lower(emp_name) from emp_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Contents: |

lower(emp_name)
geetha
guru
gokul
mani
moorthy
amutha
jaga
pavithra
arthi
kabilan

## Ucase

Command: `select upper(emp_name) from emp_det;`



100 • `select upper(emp_name) from emp_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Contents: |

upper(emp_name)
GEETHA
GURU
GOKUL
MANI
MOORTHY
AMUTHA
JAGA
PAVITHRA
ARTHI
KABILAN

## Left

Command: `select left (emp_name,2) as string_left from emp_det;`



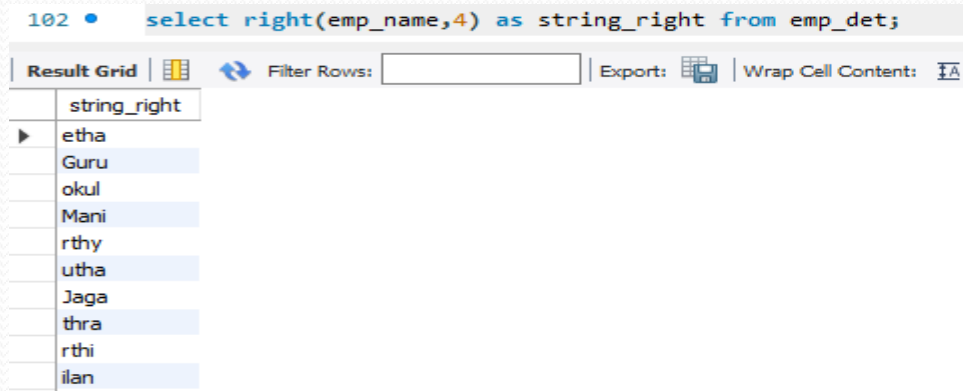
101 • `select left (emp_name,2) as string_left from emp_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Exports: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	string_left
▶	Ge
	Gu
	Go
	Ma
	Mo
	Am
	Ja
	Pa

## Right

Command: `select right(emp_name,4) as string_right from emp_det;`



102 • `select right(emp_name,4) as string_right from emp_det;`

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Exports: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	string_right
▶	etha
	Guru
	okul
	Mani
	rthy
	utha
	Jaga
	thra
	rthi
	ilan

## Concet

Command: select concet  
(emp\_id,"\_",emp\_name,"\_",dep\_no,"\_",) as concatenation  
from emp\_det;



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```
103 • select concat (emp_id,"_",emp_name,"_",dep_no,"_",) as concatenation from emp_det;  
104  
105
```

Below the query editor is a "Result Grid" showing the output of the query. The grid has one column labeled "concatenation". The data is as follows:

concatenation
17001_Geetha_50_
17002_Guru_50_
17003_Gokul_50_
17004_Mani_60_
17005_Moorthy_50_
17006_Amutha_50_
17007_Jaga_70_
17008_Pavithra_60_

## Trim

Command: select trim(branch\_id) as trimmed from sal\_det



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

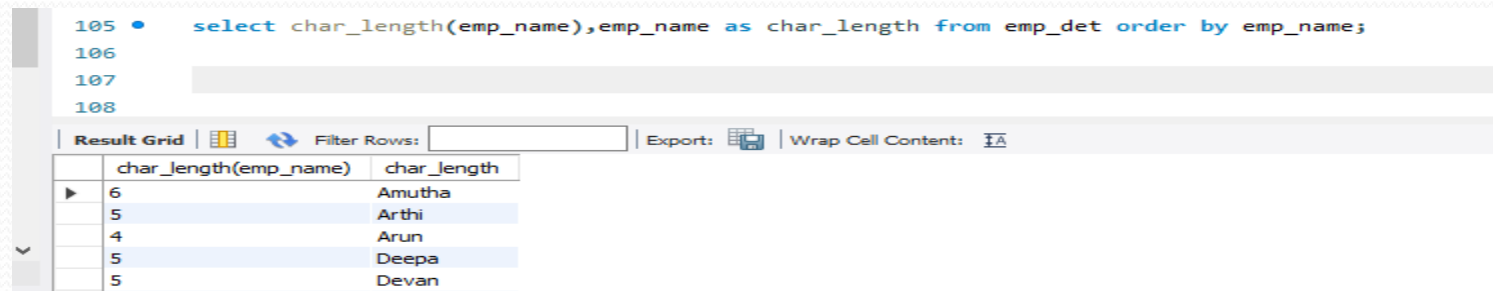
```
104 • select trim(branch_id) as trimmed from sal_det;
```

Below the query editor is a "Result Grid" showing the output of the query. The grid has one column labeled "trimmed". The data is as follows:

trimmed
241
241
241
242
241
241
243
242
241
243

## Char\_length

Command: select char\_length(emp\_name),emp\_name as char\_length from emp\_det order by emp\_name;

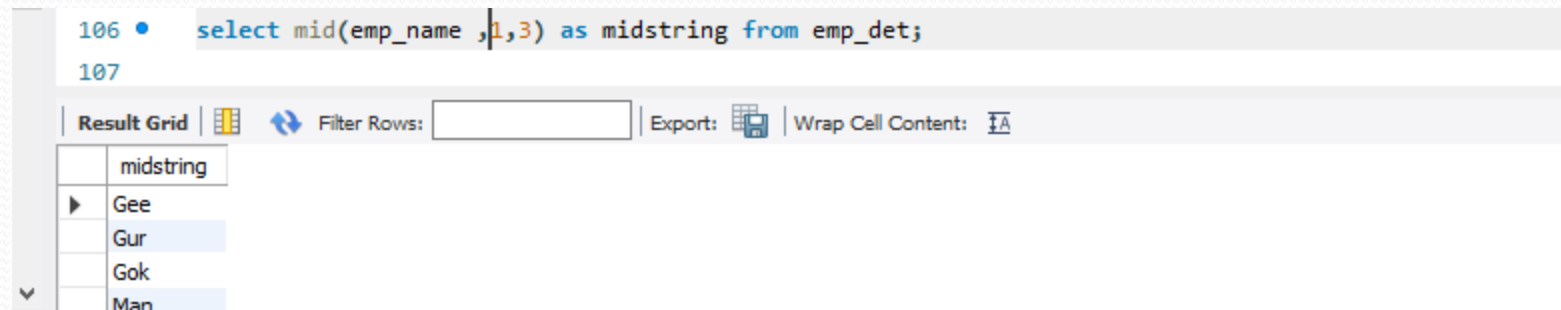


The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following command: `select char_length(emp_name),emp_name as char_length from emp_det order by emp_name;`. Below the command, the results are displayed in a table with two columns: `char_length(emp_name)` and `char_length`. The results are ordered by `emp_name`.

char_length(emp_name)	char_length
6	Amutha
5	Arthi
4	Arun
5	Deepa
5	Devan

## Mid

Command: select mid(emp\_name ,1,3) as midstring from emp\_det;



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following command: `select mid(emp_name ,1,3) as midstring from emp_det;`. Below the command, the results are displayed in a table with one column: `midstring`. The results are ordered by `emp_name`.

midstring
Gee
Gur
Gok
Man

# Length

Command: select length(emp\_name) as length\_string  
from emp\_det

```
107 • select length(emp_name) as length_string from emp_det
```

```
108
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:



	length_string
▶	6
	4
	5
	4
	7
	6



6

4

5

4

7

6

# My SQL date functions

## Date

Command: `select* from emp_det  
where(date_of_join)='2022/05/12';`



The screenshot shows a MySQL query editor with the following query: `select* from emp_det where(date_of_join)='2022/05/12';`. The result grid displays one row of data.

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12

## Month

Command: `select * from emp_det where  
month(date_of_join)='05'`



The screenshot shows a MySQL query editor with the following query: `select * from emp_det where month(date_of_join)='05';`. The result grid displays five rows of data.

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23



## Year

Command: select \* from emp\_data where year(date\_of\_join)='1981';

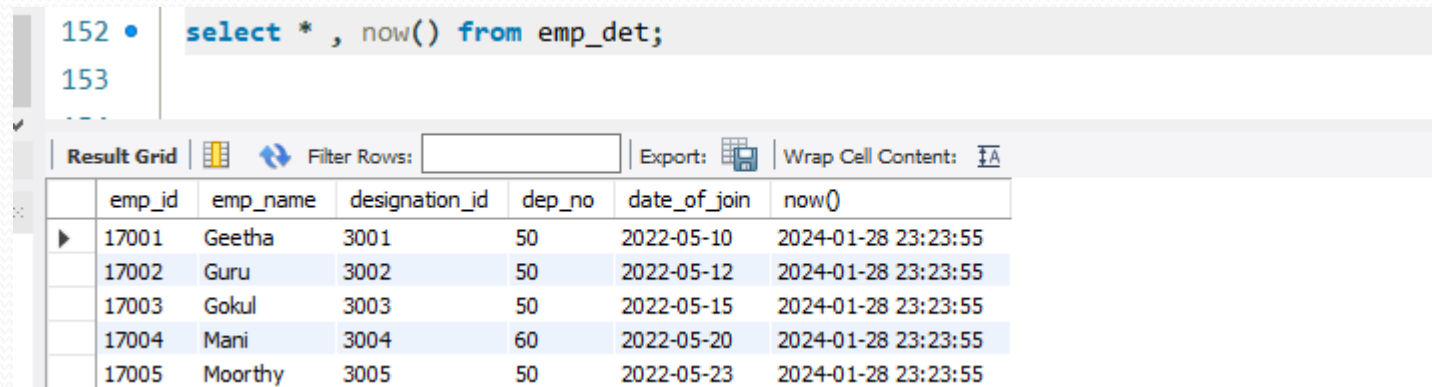


The screenshot shows a database query interface. The SQL command entered is `select * from emp_det where year(date_of_join)=2022;`. The results are displayed in a table with the following data:

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23

## Now

Command :select \* , now() from emp\_det;

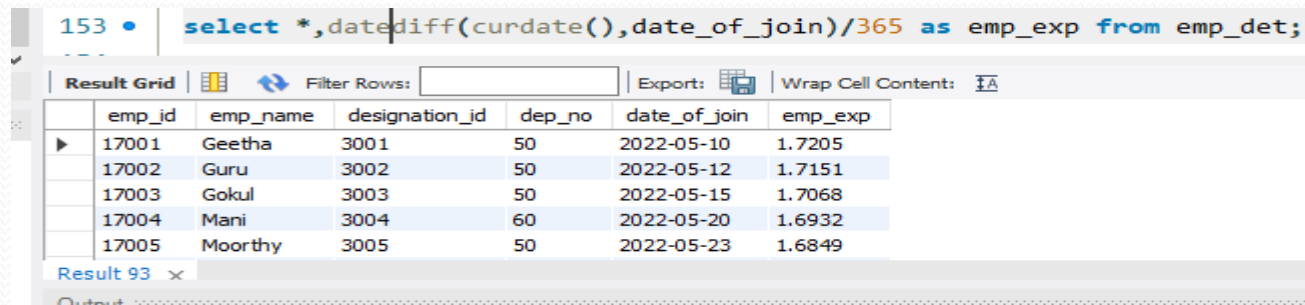


The screenshot shows a database query interface. The SQL command entered is `select * , now() from emp_det;`. The results are displayed in a table with the following data:

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	now()
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	2024-01-28 23:23:55
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	2024-01-28 23:23:55
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	2024-01-28 23:23:55
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	2024-01-28 23:23:55
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	2024-01-28 23:23:55

## Datediff

Command : `select *,datediff(curdate(),date_of_join)/365 as emp_exp from emp_det`

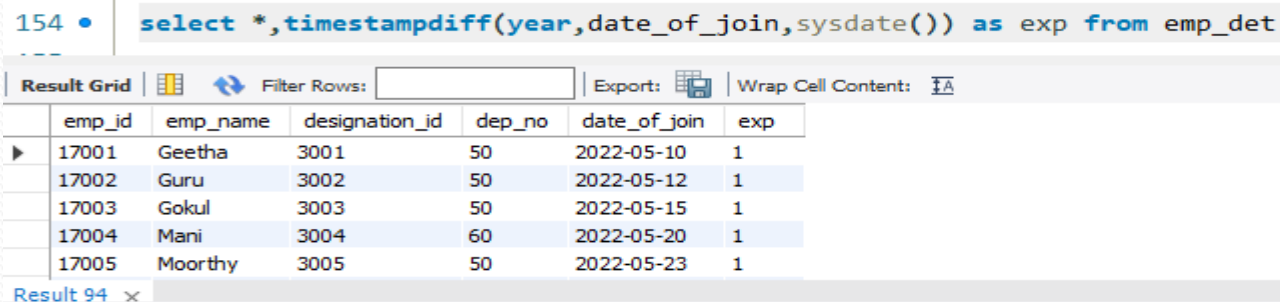


The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the command: `select *,datediff(curdate(),date_of_join)/365 as emp_exp from emp_det;`. Below the command, a 'Result Grid' displays the results of the query. The grid has columns for emp\_id, emp\_name, designation\_id, dep\_no, date\_of\_join, and emp\_exp. The results show five employees with their respective dates of joining and calculated experience in years.

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	emp_exp
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	1.7205
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	1.7151
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	1.7068
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	1.6932
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	1.6849

## Timestampdiff

Command: `select *,timestampdiff(year,date_of_join,sysdate()) as exp from emp_det`



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the command: `select *,timestampdiff(year,date_of_join,sysdate()) as exp from emp_det`. Below the command, a 'Result Grid' displays the results of the query. The grid has columns for emp\_id, emp\_name, designation\_id, dep\_no, date\_of\_join, and exp. The results show five employees with their respective dates of joining and calculated experience in years.


emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	exp
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	1
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	1
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	1
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	1
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	1

# Logical functions

If

Command : `select * , if(amount >=35000,'high salary','low salary') as sal_result from sal_det;`

```
108 • select * , if(amount >=35000,'high salary' , 'low salary') as sal_result from sal_det;
109
```

Result Grid						
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>						
Export:  Wrap Cell Content: <a href="#">IA</a>						
	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount	sal_result
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	high salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	low salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	low salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	low salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	low salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	low salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	low salary
	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000	low salary
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000	low salary
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000	low salary
	18011	17011	2022-07-11	243	35000	high salary
	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000	low salary

## If with and conditions

Command: select \*, if((amount >= 35000) and (branch\_id>=241),'high salary','low salary') as result from sal\_det;

```
110 • select *, if((amount >= 35000) or (branch_id>=241),'high salary','low salary') as result from sal_det;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount	result
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	high salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	low salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	low salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	low salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	low salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	low salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	low salary
	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000	low salary
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000	low salary
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000	low salary
	18011	17011	2022-07-11	243	35000	high salary
	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000	low salary

## If with or conditions

Command: select \*, if((amount >= 35000) or (branch\_id>=241),'high salary','low salary') as result from sal\_det;

```
110 • select *, if((amount >= 35000) or (branch_id>=241),'high salary','low salary') as result from sal_det;  
111
```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount	result
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	high salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	high salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	high salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	high salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	high salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	high salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	high salary
	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000	high salary
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000	high salary
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000	high salary
	18011	17011	2022-07-11	243	35000	high salary
	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000	high salary

# Join queries

## Inner join:

Command: `select * from emp_det inner join sal_det on emp_det.emp_id = sal_det.emp_id;`

```
112 • select * from emp_det inner join sal_det on emp_det.emp_id = sal_det.emp_id;
113 • select * from emp_det left join sal_det on
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: |

	emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount
▶	17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000
	17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
	17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
	17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
	17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000
	17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000
	17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000
	17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000
	17010	Kabilan	3006	70	2022-06-09	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000
	17011	Manasi	3001	70	2022-06-10	18011	17011	2022-07-11	243	35000
	17012	Suja	3002	50	2022-06-11	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000

Result 48 x

## Left join

Command: select \* from emp\_det left join sal\_det on emp\_det.emp\_id = sal\_det.emp\_id;

```
113 • select * from emp_det left join sal_det on emp_det.emp_id = sal_det.emp_id;
114
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000
17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000
17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000
17009	Arthi	3005	50	2022-06-08	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000

## Right join

Command: select \* from emp\_det right join sal\_det on emp\_det.emp\_id=sal\_det.sal\_id;

```
114 • select * from emp_det right join sal_det on emp_det.emp_id = sal_det.emp_id;
115
116
117
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation_id	dep_no	date_of_join	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2022-05-10	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000
17002	Guru	3002	50	2022-05-12	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2022-05-15	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000
17004	Mani	3004	60	2022-05-20	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2022-05-23	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
17006	Amutha	3006	50	2022-06-05	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000
17007	Jaga	3003	70	2022-06-06	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000
17008	Pavithra	3007	60	2022-06-07	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000

# Procedures concepts

```
delimiter //  
create procedure store_data1()  
Begin  
select *, case  
when amount >= 35000 then 'high salary'  
when amount >= 25000 then 'average salary '  
when amount >= 10000 then 'low salary'  
end as sal_grade from sal_det;  
select * from sal_det where amount = 30000;  
select * from sal_det where amount <= 20000;  
end //  
delimiter ;  
call store_data1 ;
```



Result Grid						
Filter Rows:			Export:		Wrap Cell Content:	
	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount	sal_grade
▶	18001	17001	2022-06-10	241	35000	high salary
	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000	low salary
	18003	17003	2022-06-15	241	28000	average salary
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000	low salary
	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000	average salary
	18006	17006	2022-07-06	241	23000	low salary
	18007	17007	2022-07-07	243	28000	average salary
	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000	low salary
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000	average salary
	18010	17010	2022-07-10	243	23000	low salary
	18011	17011	2022-07-11	243	35000	high salary
	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000	low salary

Result 63 × Result 64 Result 65

Result Grid					
Filter Rows:			Export:		Wrap Cell Content: <a href="#">IA</a>
	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount
▶	18005	17005	2022-06-23	241	30000
	18009	17009	2022-07-09	241	30000
	18015	17015	2022-07-15	244	30000
	18024	17024	2022-07-24	243	30000
	18029	17029	2022-07-29	243	30000
	18031	17031	2022-07-31	243	30000

135

Result Grid					
Filter Rows:			Export:		Wrap Cell Content: <a href="#">IA</a>
	sal_id	emp_id	sal_date	branch_id	Amount
▶	18002	17002	2022-06-12	241	14000
	18004	17004	2022-06-20	242	18000
	18008	17008	2022-07-08	242	18000
	18012	17012	2022-07-12	241	14000
	18014	17014	2022-07-14	242	18000
	18016	17016	2022-07-16	241	14000
	18017	17017	2022-07-17	243	14000
	18018	17018	2022-07-18	243	14000
	18019	17019	2022-07-19	243	14000
	18020	17020	2022-07-20	243	14000
	18021	17021	2022-07-21	244	14000
	18022	17022	2022-07-22	244	14000

Result 63 Result 64 Result 65 ×

# Triggers

An SQL trigger is a database object that is associated with a table and automatically executes a set of SQL statements when a specific event occurs on that table

## **Triggers timings;**

before insert

after insert

before update

after update

alter delete

# Before insert

```
129
130 delimiter //
131 • create trigger salary_checking1
132 before insert on sal_det
133 for each row
134 ⊖ if new<= 20000 then
135   set new.amount =null;
136 end if //
137 delimiter ;
138 • insert into sal_det values
139 (18001,17001,'2022/06/10',241,35000),
140 (18002,17002,'2022/06/12',241,14000),
141 (18003,17003,'2022/06/15',241,28000);
142
```

# Alter insert

```
delimiter //  
create trigger emp_backup  
after insert on emp_det  
for each row  
begin  
insert into emp_backup (emp_id emp_name,designation_id,dep_no)values  
(new.emp_id ,new emp_name,new designation_id,new.dep_no);  
end  
delimiter ;  
• select * from emp_backup
```

Emp_id	Emp_name	Designation_id	Dep_no	Date_of_join
17001	Geetha	3001	50	2016-01-01
17002	Guru	3002	50	2016-01-01
17003	Gokul	3003	50	2016-01-01
17004	Mani	3004	60	2016-01-01
17005	Moorthy	3005	50	2016-01-01



*Thank  
you!*