**Topic**: Trigonometric derivatives

Question: Find the derivative of the trigonometric function.

$$y = 4\sec x - 3x^2 \tan x$$

### **Answer choices:**

$$A y' = 4 \sec x \tan x - 3x^2 \sec^2 x$$

$$B y' = 4 \sec x \tan x - 6x \sec^2 x$$

C 
$$y' = 4 \sec x \tan x - 3x^2 \sec^2 x - 6x \tan x$$

D 
$$y' = (4 - 6x)\tan x - 3x^2 \sec^2 x$$



Solution: C

Let's look at one term at a time. The derivative of  $4 \sec x$  is

 $4 \sec x \tan x$ 

To find the derivative of  $-3x^2 \tan x$ , we'll need to use product rule. If  $f(x) = -3x^2$  and f'(x) = -6x, and  $g(x) = \tan x$  and  $g'(x) = \sec^2 x$ , then we can plug directly into the product rule formula.

$$f(x)g'(x) + f'(x)g(x)$$

$$(-3x^2)(\sec^2 x) + (-6x)(\tan x)$$

$$-3x^2 \sec^2 x - 6x \tan x$$

Putting these derivatives together, we get

$$y' = 4 \sec x \tan x - 3x^2 \sec^2 x - 6x \tan x$$



**Topic**: Trigonometric derivatives

Question: Find the derivative of the trigonometric function.

$$y = 2\sin x \csc x$$

## **Answer choices:**

$$\mathbf{A} \qquad y' = 0$$

$$B y' = -4 \cot x$$

$$C y' = 4 \cot x$$

$$D y' = -2\cot x + 2\tan x$$

## Solution: A

Use the product rule with

$$f(x) = 2\sin x$$

$$f'(x) = 2\cos x$$

and

$$g(x) = \csc x$$

$$g'(x) = -\csc x \cot x$$

Then the derivative is

$$y' = f(x)g'(x) + f'(x)g(x)$$

$$y' = (2\sin x)(-\csc x \cot x) + (2\cos x)(\csc x)$$

$$y' = -2\sin x \csc x \cot x + 2\cos x \csc x$$

$$y' = -2\cot x + 2\cot x$$

$$y' = 0$$

**Topic**: Trigonometric derivatives

**Question**: Find the derivative of the trigonometric function.

$$y = 7 \cot x$$

## **Answer choices:**

$$A y' = -7\csc^2 x$$

$$B y' = 7\csc^2 x$$

$$C y' = 7 \csc x$$

$$D y' = -7 \csc x$$

# Solution: A

The derivative of  $y = \cot x$  is  $y' = -\csc^2 x$ . So the derivative will be

$$y' = 7(-\csc^2 x)$$

$$y' = -7\csc^2 x$$

