

# TaskTrail Project Report

By Jackson Aulds

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## Introduction

### Project Goals

TaskTrail is a web-based project management system designed to help individuals and teams track tasks and deadlines. The goal is to create a responsive and feature-rich platform that allows task tracking, status updates, and deadline management.

### Business Use Case

In small to medium teams, project visibility and accountability tend to be lacking due to disorganized tools or non-collaborative systems. TaskTrail fills this gap by offering a lightweight and user-friendly task manager with user-based access and live status updates — a viable alternative to heavier platforms like Jira or Asana. Especially easier to use for those who are not tech savvy.

### Problem Statement

Existing project management tools are either too complex or too limited for lean teams and individual users. TaskTrail aims to provide the right balance of simplicity, usability, and power to help users stay productive without a steep learning curve.

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# System Design

## Functional Architecture

- **Frontend:** Django Templates (HTML/CSS/JS)
- **Backend:** Django (Python)
- **Database:** SQLite (development), PostgreSQL (production)
- **Cache:** Redis
- **Server/Runtime:** Gunicorn + Nginx (for production)

## Key Use Cases

- User registration and login
- Creating and updating tasks
- Changing task status (Not Started → In Progress → Completed)
- Viewing task dashboards
- Caching frequent views with Redis

## Key Features

- Authentication with Django's built-in auth system
  - Task creation and update forms
  - Task status change buttons
  - Redis caching for frequently accessed views
  - Unit testing using Django's testing framework
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# Implementation

## Technology Choices

- **Backend:** Django (Python)
- **Frontend:** HTML5, Bootstrap, JavaScript
- **Database:** SQLite (for development), PostgreSQL (for production)
- **Caching:** Redis via [django-redis](#)
- **Deployment Tools:** Gunicorn, Nginx, Docker, Render

## Key Implementation Notes

- The [update\\_task\\_status](#) view updates task status using a form and the task's primary key.
  - Access to task-modifying views is protected using Django's [@login\\_required](#) decorator.
  - Tasks are linked to users through a foreign key relationship.
  - Redis is used to store results of expensive queries such as frequently accessed homepage data.
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# Testing & Deployment

## Testing Summary

- `test_taskstatus_update`: Validates that task status updates correctly using the update view.
- `test_update_task_requires_login`: Ensures unauthorized users are redirected when accessing protected views.

## Docker Setup

### Dockerfile

```
FROM python:3.13.2
```

```
ENV VIRTUAL_ENV=/opt/venv
```

```
RUN python -m venv $VIRTUAL_ENV
```

```
ENV PATH="$VIRTUAL_ENV/bin: $PATH"
```

```
ENV APP_HOME=/app
```

```
RUN mkdir $APP_HOME
```

```
RUN mkdir $APP_HOME/static
```

```
WORKDIR $APP_HOME
```

```
EXPOSE 8000
```

```
COPY requirements.txt $APP_HOME/requirements.txt
```

```
RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
```

```
COPY . $APP_HOME/
```

### docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3.8'
```

```
services:
```

```
  db:
```

```
    image: postgres:15.2
```

```
    restart: always
```

```
    env_file:
```

```
      - .env
```

```
    ports:
```

```
      - "127.0.0.1:${DATABASE_PORT}:${DATABASE_PORT}"
```

```
    environment:
```

- PGPORT=\${DATABASE\_PORT}
- POSTGRES\_DB=\${DATABASE\_NAME}
- POSTGRES\_USER=\${DATABASE\_USER}
- POSTGRES\_PASSWORD=\${DATABASE\_PASS}

volumes:

- postgres\_volumn:/var/lib/postgresql/data

api:

build: .

command: >

- sh -c "python manage.py migrate &&  
python manage.py collectstatic --noinput &&  
gunicorn base.wsgi:application --bind 0.0.0.0:8000"

ports:

- 8000:8000

volumes :

- ./app

depends\_on:

- db

nginx:

build: ./nginx

volumes :

- ./static:/app/static
- ./media:/app/media

ports:

- 81:80

depends\_on:

- web

volumes:

postgres\_volumn:

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# Conclusion & Literature

## Lessons Learned

- Security is a complex issue and there are many ways to break through
- Writing unit tests ensures long-term code reliability and helps security
- Django's admin interface simplifies project and user management

## Future Work

- Add user roles and permissions for multi-tier access
- Expose REST APIs for mobile and third-party integrations
- Add analytics and reporting features for projects

## References

- [Django Documentation](#)
- [Docker Documentation](#)
- Our Course Website and Projects