AI 程序设计@NJU

实验 3 Python 控制结构和函数参考答案

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1. 寻找特殊数对
def fac(n):
   s = 0
   for i in range(1, n):
       if n%i == 0:
          s += i
   return s
n = int(input())
for i in range(1, n+1):
   m = fac(i)
   k = fac(m)
   if i == k and i < m:
       print("{}-{}".format(i, m))
2. 输出九九乘法口诀表
for i in range(1, 10):
   for j in range(1, 10):
       print("{}*{}={}".format(i,j,i*j), end = ' ')
   print('')
3. 找完数
from math import sqrt
def get_child(num):
   temp = num
   lst = [1]
   for i in range(2, temp):
       if temp % i == 0:
          lst.append(i)
   return 1st
for num in range(2, int(input())):
   if sum(get_child(num)) == num:
       print(num)
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4. 统计字符个数
str1 = input()
str1 = str1.lower()
lst = []
# 借助 ASCII 码值
for i in range(97, 123):
   lst.append(str1.count(chr(i)))
print(lst)
5. 求矩阵对角线元素和
lst = []
n = int(input())
for i in range(n):
   temp = []
   for j in input().split():
      temp.append(int(j))
   lst.append(temp)
# 注意不要用 sum 作为变量名
s = 0
for i in range(n):
   for j in range(n):
       if i == j or i+j == n-1:
          s += lst[i][j]
print(s)
6. 角谷猜想
n = int(input())
while n != 1:
   if n%2 == 0:
       n = n/2
      print("%d/2=%d"%(n*2, n))
   else:
       print("%d*3+1=%d"%(n, n*3+1))
       n = n*3+1
7. 统计单词词频
s = input()
# 用列表记录标点的方式方便处理非单个字符的标点符号例如...
for i in [',','.','!','?','....']:
   s = s.replace(i, ' ')
s = s.lower()
```

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words = s.split()
d = \{\}
for word in words:
   d[word] = d.get(word, 0) + 1
# wordset = set(words)
# d = {}.fromkeys((wordset),0)
# for item in words:
    d[item] += 1
# 需要排序,不能直接遍历 d. items(),因为字典是无序的,即不能保证一定排序
result = sorted(d.items(), key = lambda d:(d[1], d[0]))
for item in result:
   print(item[0], item[1])
8. 数数字
n = int(input())
# 用空串连接各数字,这种方式方便记录超过1位长度的数字,后续算法简单
s = ''
for i in range(1, n+1):
   s += str(i)
for num in range(10):
   print(s.count(str(num)), end = ' ')
9. 寻找前 n 个默尼森数
import math
def isprime(x):
   if x == 1:
      return False
   k = int(math.sqrt(x))
   for j in range(2, k+1):
      if x \% j == 0:
         return False
   return True
count = 1
p = 1
while count <= 5:
   p += 1
   if isprime(p):
       if isprime(2**p - 1):
          print(p, 2**p - 1)
          count += 1
```

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10. 循环移动字符串

def move_substr(s, flag, n):
    if n > len(s):
        warning = "the n is too large"
        return warning
    else:
        if flag == 1:
            newstr = s[n:] + s[:n]
        if flag == 2:
            newstr = s[-n:] + s[:-n]
        return newstr

if __name__ == '__main__':
    args = input().split(',')
    s = args[0]
    flag = int(args[1])
```

print(move_substr(s, flag, n))

n = int(args[2])