

## Select Statement problem1 - Oracle SQL Developer

```
SELECT ER.EVENTNO, ER.DATEHELD, COUNT(*) FROM EVENTREQUEST "ER"  
INNER JOIN EVENTPLAN "EP" ON EP.EVENTNO=ER.EVENTNO  
WHERE EP.WORKDATE BETWEEN '1-DEC-2018' AND '31-DEC-2018'  
GROUP BY ER.EVENTNO, ER.DATEHELD  
HAVING COUNT(*)>1;
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle SQL Developer interface. The main window displays a SQL query in the 'Worksheet' tab. The query is as follows:

```
SELECT ER.EVENTNO, ER.DATEHELD, COUNT(*) FROM EVENTREQUEST "ER"  
INNER JOIN EVENTPLAN "EP" ON EP.EVENTNO=ER.EVENTNO  
WHERE EP.WORKDATE BETWEEN '1-DEC-2018' AND '31-DEC-2018'  
GROUP BY ER.EVENTNO, ER.DATEHELD  
HAVING COUNT(*)>1;
```

Below the query, the 'Query Result' tab shows the results of the query. The results are displayed in a table with the following columns: EVENTNO, DATEHELD, and COUNT(\*). The table contains one row of data:

| EVENTNO | DATEHELD  | COUNT(*) |
|---------|-----------|----------|
| E106    | 12-DEC-18 | 2        |

The status bar at the bottom indicates that the file is saved at 'C:\Users\Bikki\AppData\Roaming\SQL Developer\Module4\_quiz1.sql' and that the query was executed successfully, fetching 1 row in 0.002 seconds.