Script Programming Practise

Q1

1 a) Create a web page that produces the table shown in fig.

Products Details

Product Name	Qty.	Price	Cost
Stickers	1000	0.01	10.00
Staples (box)	100	1.00	100.00
Subtotal			110.00
Tax		8%	8.80
Grand Total		l .	\$118.80

(b) Write a JavaScript code using DOM to change the product name Stickers with Stapler and change the colour of the text Stapler into red.

```
<html>
<title>pod detail</title>
</head>
<strong>product detail</strong>
product name
   qty.
   price
   cost
</thead>
sticker
   1000
   0.01
```

```
10.00
staples(box)
   100
   1.00
   100.00
subtotal
   110.00
tax
   8%
   8.80
grandtotal
   $118.80
<button id="qb">
     Click to change
</button>
<script>
     var btn = document.getElementById("qb");
     btn.addEventListener("click", function () {
       var product = document.getElementById("product");
       product.innerHTML = "Stapler";
       product.style.color = 'red';
     })
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Alternate answer:

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Que1</title>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<strong>product detail</strong>
<thead>
product name
 qty.
 price
 cost
</thead>
sticker
 1000
 0.01
 10.00
staples(box)
 100
 1.00
 100.00
subtotal
 <
 <
 110.00
tax
 8%
 8.80
grandtotal
 $118.80
>click on the button to change<br>>
<br>
```

```
<button id="button" onclick="myfunction()">Click to change</button>
</body>
<script>
    function myfunction(){
    document.getElementById("product").innerHTML="Stapler";
    document.getElementById("product").style.color="red";
}
</script>
</html>
```

- 2. a) Given an array A1=[4,0,2,5,4,3,5,0,7,8]. Write a JavaScript program to divide a given array of positive integers into two parts. 1st element goes to first part, 2nd element goes to second part, and 3rd element goes to first part and so on. Calculate the sum of two parts and store into an array of size two.
- (b). Write a JavaScript program to generate Fibonacci series up to 'n' numbers. You have to get the 'n' value from the user by using prompt box.

Part a

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <title>Question 2</title>
</head>
<body>
    <div id="s1" style="border: 5px solid yellow;">
        <h1>Split 1</h1>
    </div>
    <div id="s2" style="border: 5px solid red;">
        <h1>Split 2</h1>
    </div>
    <script>
        var arr = [4, 0, 2, 5, 4, 3, 5, 0, 7, 8];
        var div1 = new Array();
        var div2 = new Array();
        for(var i=0; i< arr.length; i++) {</pre>
```

```
if (i%2 == 0)
                div1.push(arr[i]);
            else
                div2.push(arr[i]);
        var s1 = 0;
        var s2 = 0;
        for(var i=0; i<div1.length;i++) {</pre>
            document.getElementById('s1').innerHTML += div1[i] + " ";
            document.getElementById('s2').innerHTML += div2[i] + " ";
            s1 += div1[i];
            s2 += div2[i];
        var res = [s1, s2];
        document.getElementById('s1').innerHTML += "<br>Total Sum: " +
res[0] + " ";
       document.getElementById('s2').innerHTML += "<br>>Total Sum: " +
res[1] + " ";
</body>
</html>
```

Part b

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <title>Fibonacci</title>
</head>
<body>
    <script>
        var a1 = 0;
        var a2 = 1;
        var temp;
        var n = parseInt(prompt("Enter n:"));
        for(var i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            temp = a1 + a2;
            document.writeln(temp + " ");
            a1 = a2;
            a2 = temp;
    </script>
</body>
</html>
```

- 3. (a) Create a web page to display 2 X 3 table. Within the table you have to display 6 images of Indian Tourist spots. Each image has a link to the corresponding site of the tourist spot. Each image must at least 50 X 50 in size. You have to display the tourist spot name when the images are not loaded.
- (b) Create a web page with two text boxes and one button control. One text box is used to get the radius of circle and another text box used to display the area of circle. Write a JavaScript program to calculate and display the area of circle in second text box when the user clicks the calculate button.

Part b:

Alternate Answer using forms

4.Create a database called Customers with table name customer in MySQL. The fields are Cust_Id, Cust_Name, Mobile, email and address. Write an Ajax program post request using JQuery. Insert all the fields to the database using JQuery.

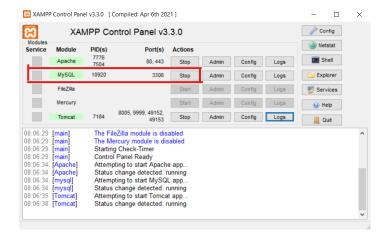
Steps for creating a database in XAMPP

Step 1:

Run XAMPP

Step 2:

Run MySQL in XAMPP

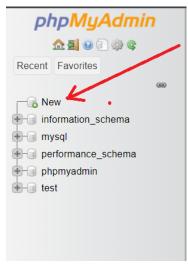


Step 3:

Click on the Admin button for MySQL

Step 4:

Click on the new button in the left side of the screen



Step 5:

Create the database with name Customer

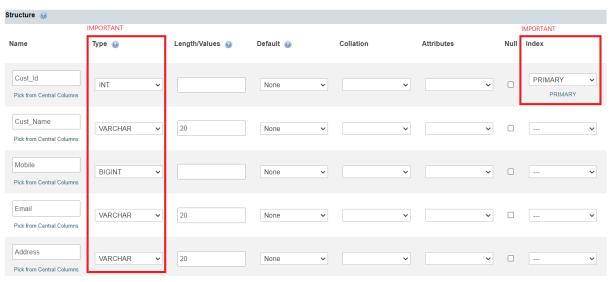
Step 6:

Create a table with name customer and number of columns as 5



Step 7:

Give the following values for the columns, make sure the type and Index value is as given in the image below - Very Important!



Click on save.

Your database is now created

Now writing the actual code for interacting with the database...

Step 1:

Navigate to C://xampp/tomcat/webapps

Step 2:

Create a folder called test-db
This is where we are going to type our code

Step 3:

There is going to be 2 pieces of code here, one for the frontend and another for inserting the files in the backend

frontend.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
   <title>JQuery DB</title>
   <script
     src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.6.3.min.js"
     integrity="sha256-pvPw+upLPUjgMXY0G+800xUf+/Im1MZjXxxg0cBQBXU="
     crossorigin="anonymous"
   ></script>
 </head>
 <body>
   <form>
       Enter Customer ID:<input type="number" name="cust-id"</p>
required/>
       Enter Customer Name:<input type="text" name="cust-name"</p>
required/>
       Enter Customer Mobile:<input type="number" name="cust-mobile"</p>
required/>
       Enter Customer Email:<input type="email" name="cust-email"</p>
required/>
       Enter Customer Address:<input type="text" name="cust-addr"</p>
required/>
   </form>
   <button id="submit">Submit</button>
   <div id="success-div"></div>
   <script>
       $("#submit").click(() => {
           var url = "http://localhost:9999/submit.jsp?id=" +
$("input[name='cust-id']").val() +
                        "&name=" + $("input[name='cust-name']").val() +
                        "&mobile=" +
$("input[name='cust-mobile']").val() +
                        "&email=" + $("input[name='cust-email']").val()
                        "&addr=" + $("input[name='cust-addr']").val();
           $.ajax({
               url: url,
```

Is the above code too confusing? If it is, please message me ill add a simplified version simplified-frontend.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
   <title>JQuery DB</title>
   <script
     src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.6.3.min.js"
     integrity="sha256-pvPw+upLPUjgMXY0G+800xUf+/Im1MZjXxxg0cBQBXU="
     crossorigin="anonymous"
   ></script>
 </head>
 <body>
   <form>
       Enter Customer ID:<input type="number" name="cust-id"</p>
required id="input-id"/>
       Enter Customer Name:<input type="text" name="cust-name"</p>
required id="input-name"/>
       Enter Customer Mobile:<input type="number" name="cust-mobile"</p>
required id="input-mobile"/>
       Enter Customer Email:<input type="email" name="cust-email"</p>
required id="input-email"/>
       Enter Customer Address:<input type="text" name="cust-addr"</p>
required id="input-addr"/>
   </form>
   <button id="submit">Submit</button>
   <div id="success-div"></div>
   <script>
       function generateURL() {
           var id = $("#input-id").val();
           var name = $("#input-name").val();
```

```
var mobile = $("#input-mobile").val();
            var email = $("#input-email").val();
            var addr = $("#input-addr").val();
            var url = "http://localhost:9999/db-test/submit.jsp?id=" +
id
            + "&name=" + name
            + "&mobile=" + mobile
            + "&email=" + email
           + "&addr=" + addr;
            return url;
        var actual url = generateURL();
        function sendAJAXRequest() {
          $.ajax({
           url: actual_url,
            success: function () {
              $("#success-div").text = "Inserted!";
         })
        $("#submit").click(sendAJAXRequest());
   </script>
 </body>
</html>
```

submit.jsp

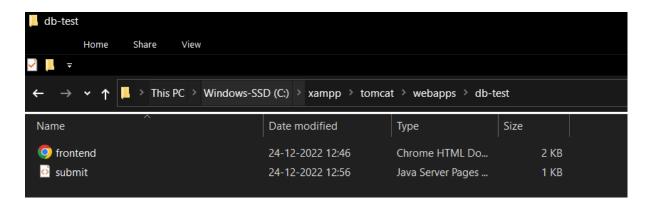
```
Statement stmt = connection.createStatement();
    String query = "INSERT INTO

customer(Cust_Id,Cust_Name,Mobile,Email,Address)

VALUES('"+id+"','"+name+"','"+mobile+"','"+email+"','"+addr+"');";
    stmt.executeUpdate(query);

%>
</body>
</html>
```

Your final directory should look like this



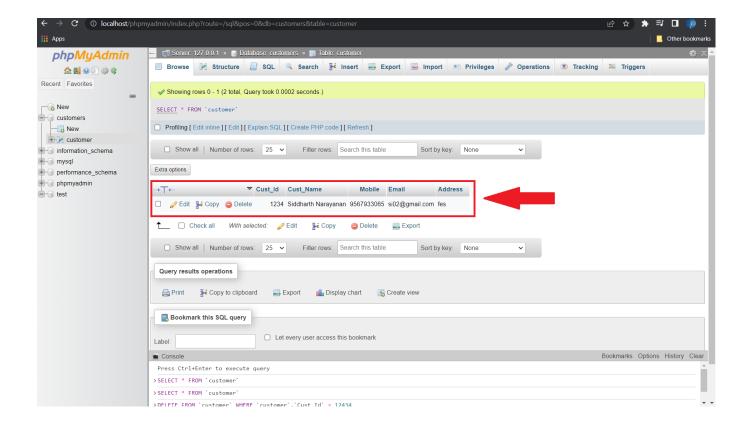
Running the actual program

Go back to XAMPP and click on Admin next to the tomcat bar Once the page opens, add the following to the end of the URL - /test-db/frontend.html



In my case it is localhost:9999, it will be different for you

Once you open the page, you can fill the form and submit it Now to check if data is inserted correctly, go back to sql page and check the customer table It should look like this



5. Create a web Page using html and JavaScript that prompts for one name at a time. The User enters maximum of 10 names and then click Cancel to indicate that he/she has finished. You can use array to store all names. Write an external JavaScript file to display the number of names entered and display all names in alphabetical order.

HTML CODE:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <title>que5</title>

    <body>
        <h3 id="demo"></h3>

        <script src="que5.js"></script>

        <body>
        <body>
```

JAVASCRIPTCODE:

```
var y;
var arr = [];

for(var x=0;x<10;x++)
{
    y= prompt("Enter the names:");
    if(y==null)
    {
        break;
    }
        arr.push(y);
}
x=arr.length;
arr.sort();
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML=arr;
document.getElementById("demo1").innerHTML="The count is:"+x;</pre>
```

Q6

6.Implement Java bean program for (i) reversing digits (ii) to find whether the number is odd or even. Maintain separate files for java (Business logic) and one jsp file to use the logic. The directory structure and placing of classes and package name can be made as your wish.

Creating Beans...

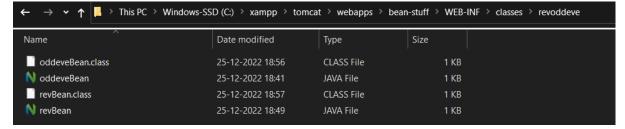
- Create the following directory structure inside your xampp/tomcat/webapps folder
- Create a folder called bean-stuff (You can name this anything)
- Inside bean-stuff create a folder called WEB-INF
- Inside WEB-INF create a folder called classes
- Inside classes create a folder called **revoddeve** (you can name this anything)
- Inside revoddeve is where you type your actual java code
- I am creating 2 beans here, oddeveBean.java and revBean.java

revBean.java

oddeveBean.java

```
package revoddeve;
import java.io.Serializable;
public class oddeveBean implements Serializable{
    public oddeveBean() {}
    public String oddOrEven(int digit) {
        if(digit%2 == 0) {return "even";}
        return "odd";
    }
    public static void main(String args[]) {}
}
```

- Open command prompt in this folder and compile these two files with javac
- Your final directory structure should look like this after compiling



Now we have to write the code for the frontend

Navigate to xampp/tomcat/webapps/bean-stuff and create a file called **frontend.jsp**

Frontend.jsp

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="utf-8" %>
<%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c" %>
<html>
   <head>
        <title>Reverse and Odd/Even</title>
   </head>
    <body>
        <form action="frontend.jsp" method="post">
            <div id="rev">
                Enter Digits to Reverse: <input type="number"</p>
name="rev-digits"/> 
            </div>
            <div id="oddeve">
                Enter Number to check odd or even: <input</p>
type="number" name="oddeve-digits"/> 
            </div>
            <input type="submit" name="submit" value="submit"/>
        <jsp:useBean id="revBean" class="revoddeve.revBean"/>
        <jsp:useBean id="oddeveBean" class="revoddeve.oddeveBean"/>
            if (request.getParameter("submit") != null) {
               int revdigits =
Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("rev-digits"));
                int oddevedigits =
Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("oddeve-digits"));
               out.println(revBean.reverseDigits(revdigits));
                out.println(oddeveBean.oddOrEven(oddevedigits));
       %>
   </body>
</html>
```

Thats it! Now open click admin in your XAMPP tomcat and add /bean-stuff/frontend.jsp in the browser bar

← → C ① localhost:9999/bean-stuff/frontend.jsp	
∰ Apps	
Enter Digits to Reverse:	
Enter Number to check odd or even:	
submit	

4. Write an Ajax Post request to send one name and one number to .jsp file. Retrieve both the inputs in the .jsp file. Using the retrieved number perform factorial of 5 and display the resultin the requested page.

ajax_post.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
   <title>Ajax Post Request</title>
</head>
<body>
   Enter name<input type="text" name="name" id="name"/>
   Enter number<input type="number" name="number" id="number"/>
   <div id="res"></div>
   <button id="submit-btn" onclick="sendPost()">Submit</button>
   <script>
       function sendPost() {
           console.log("sending..");
           var name = document.getElementById("name").value;
           var number = document.getElementById("number").value;
           var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
           xhttp.open("POST", "submit.jsp?name=" + name + "&number=" +
number, true);
           xhttp.onreadystatechange = function () {
               if (xhttp.status == 200 && xhttp.readyState == 4) {
                   document.getElementById("res").innerHTML =
"Factorial is: " + xhttp.responseText;
           xhttp.send();
   </script>
</body>
</html>
```

submit.jsp

```
<%@page contentType="text/plain" pageEncoding="utf-8"%>
<%
    int num = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("number"));
    String name = request.getParameter("name");</pre>
```

```
int result = 1;
while(num != 0) {
    result *= num;
    num -= 1;
}
out.print(result);
%>
```