

CASdesigner manual

August 23, 2016

[CASdesigner](#) is a web tool to help you design donor DNA cassettes for genomic integration. These cassettes can be used to delete or replace existing genes, or to introduce genes into well-characterized empty loci. In all cases, CASdesigner provides primers which can be used to construct cassettes by Gibson assembly, PCR overlap, or homologous recombination. The markerless cassette can be integrated with the aid of a Cas9/gRNA plasmid (pCut) specifying the chromosomal target of the desired edit. These plasmids are available from the [JBEI Public Registry](#).

We also provide experimental data on ~100 parts including integration sites, promoters, and protein tags that can be used with CASdesigner. When possible, we have standardized the construction and definition of parts for ease of use. These data are available from the [JBEI Public Experimental Data Depot](#).

The CASdesigner Team
casdesigner@lbl.gov

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Acknowledgements, licensing, and citing our tool

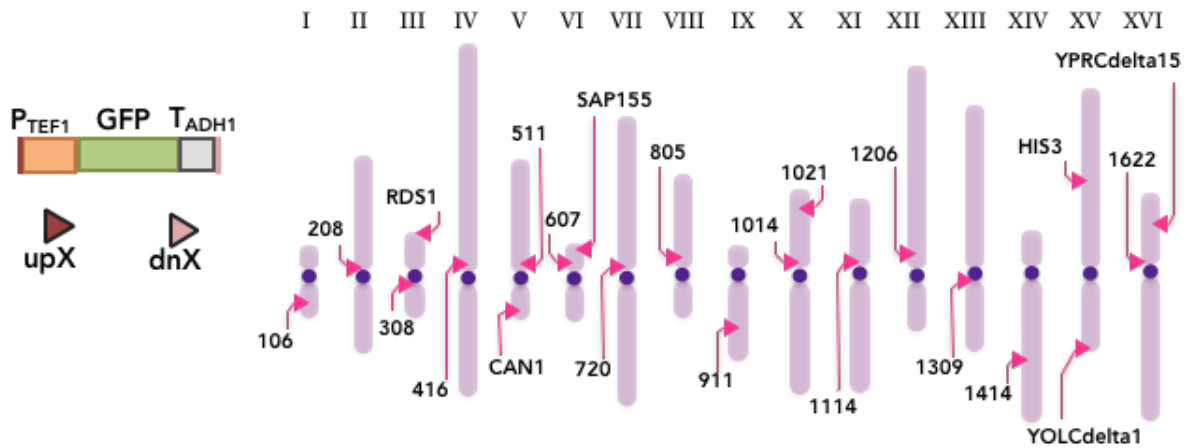
CASdesigner is part of the following study, which we kindly ask you cite in any reports in which employ it:

A Cas9-based toolkit to program expression context in Saccharomyces cerevisiae
Amanda Reider Apel*, Leo d’Espaux*, Maren Wehrs*, Daniel Sachs, Rachel A. Li,
Gary J. Tong, Megan Garber, Oge Nnadi, William Zhuang, Nathan J. Hillson, Jay
D. Keasling, and Aindrila Mukhopadhyay. *Submitted*.

The software tool was created and coded by Leo d’Espaux, William Zhuang, and Oge Nnadi. The data included in this manual were collected by Maren Wehrs, Amanda Reider Apel, Leo d’Espaux, and Rachel Li. CASdesigner is provided open-source under a [BSD license](#), and is available from [github](#). We kindly thank Gos Micklem for permission to use [Intermine](#) to fetch yeast sequences.

Integration Loci

We have characterized 23 integration loci. The integration deletes the 20-nt guide sequence and the subsequent 14 bp. Here are data for a GFP cassette integrated into various loci and tested in different media and time points. For each integration site, we have a pCut plasmid available from the [JBEI Public Registry](#).



	YPD		CSM		Int Eff	Guide Sequence
	8hr	24hr	8hr	24hr		
208a	1.00	0.27	0.67	0.47	0.99	GTCCGCTAAACAAAAGATCT
1622b	0.80	0.17	0.61	0.23	1.00	TAAAGCCACCACATCGCAAA
YPRCd15c	0.79	0.18	0.66	0.34	0.87	AATCCGAACAACAGAGCATA
308a	0.78	0.23	0.57	0.40	0.98	CACCTGTCAAACAGAATATA
1021b	0.78	0.16	0.50	0.29	0.72	CCTCTGTGTGGTGGTAATTG
911b	0.77	0.15	0.60	0.32	1.00	GTAATATTGTCTTGTTCCTCC
1014a	0.74	0.16	0.56	0.31	0.42	TTATGTGCGTATTGCTTTCA
HIS3b	0.71	0.13	0.54	0.30	0.98	AATATAGAGTGTACTAGAGG
YOLCd1b	0.70	0.10	0.50	0.39	0.33	CTAGAATTTCCATTTTGCGT
416d	0.70	0.28	0.54	0.30	0.99	TAGTGCACCTTACCCACGTT
1309a	0.69	0.17	0.54	0.22	0.99	CCTGTGGTGACTACGTATCC
SAP155b	0.62	0.15	0.66	0.29	0.83	GGTTTTTCATACTGGGGCCGC
805a	0.60	0.20	0.51	0.33	0.01	TTATTTGAATGATATTAGT
CAN1y	0.59	0.23	0.63	0.35	0.40	GATACGTTCTCTATGGAGGA
1206a	0.58	0.15	0.52	0.26	0.01	CGAACATTTTCCATGCGCT
SAP155c	0.57	0.21	0.56	0.29	0.51	ATGAAAGACAACATATAGGGC
106a	0.54	0.13	0.39	0.22	1.00	ATACGGTCAGGGTAGCGCCC
607c	0.53	0.18	0.78	0.23	0.02	CTATTTTGTCTTTCTGCACA
1114a	0.52	0.12	0.51	0.26	0.46	CTTGTGAAACAAATAATTGG
720a	0.52	0.19	0.56	0.28	0.98	CAACAATTGTTACAATAGTA
1414a	0.47	0.10	0.75	0.27	0.82	GCGCCACAGTTTCAAGGGTC
RDS1a	0.46	0.17	0.42	0.23	0.16	ATTCAATACGAAATGTGTGC
511b	0.33	0.17	0.45	0.25	0.96	CAGTGTATGCCAGTCAGCCA

Promoters

We have characterized 37 promoters. Here are data for a GFP expressed from a fixed locus (1021b) tested in different media and time points. You can also use promoters from any native *S. cerevisiae* gene by referring to its common name, e.g., GPD1. In all cases, CASdesigner includes as the promoter the 600 bp upstream the start codon of that gene.

	YPD				CSM				YPG			Fold
	4hr	8hr	24hr	48hr	4hr	8hr	24hr	48hr	8hr	24hr	48hr	
TDH3	1.00	0.96	0.66	0.86	1.07	0.84	0.60	0.49	0.70	0.66	0.89	0.86
CCW12	0.90	0.89	0.21	0.18	0.87	0.68	0.30	0.18	0.93	0.30	0.32	0.20
ENO2	0.68	0.50	0.18	0.18	0.63	0.43	0.23	0.15	0.34	0.14	0.27	0.27
TEF1	0.55	0.43	0.14	0.15	0.48	0.37	0.16	0.12	0.41	0.14	0.10	0.27
TEF2	0.48	0.38	0.19	0.29	0.50	0.31	0.27	0.19	0.56	0.26	0.24	0.61
RPL3	0.45	0.32	0.11	0.13	0.33	0.21	0.13	0.07	0.44	0.15	0.12	0.29
PGK1	0.43	0.37	0.46	0.46	0.38	0.45	0.43	0.21	0.37	0.40	0.38	1.07
HHF2	0.37	0.37	0.25	0.22	0.34	0.29	0.19	0.13	0.44	0.22	0.16	0.60
TPI1	0.30	0.25	0.11	0.15	0.29	0.21	0.12	0.09	0.26	0.13	0.11	0.51
YEF3	0.26	0.29	0.21	0.29	0.33	0.29	0.20	0.17	0.26	0.25	0.23	1.11
HHF1	0.24	0.25	0.12	0.13	0.27	0.23	0.12	0.08	0.28	0.13	0.11	0.54
ASC1	0.22	0.19	0.05	0.04	0.18	0.11	0.06	0.03	0.20	0.05	0.04	0.20
SSA1	0.20	0.14	0.32	0.45	0.22	0.30	0.25	0.24	0.28	0.39	0.52	2.26
HSP26	0.20	0.06	0.79	0.91	0.24	0.30	0.39	0.28	0.13	0.81	1.07	4.56
PDC1	0.16	0.12	0.02	0.02	0.19	0.11	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.02	0.06	0.15
PCK1	0.15	0.01	0.40	0.26	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.44	0.31	1.77
HSP82	0.15	0.14	0.31	0.29	0.13	0.18	0.20	0.12	0.12	0.21	0.32	1.96
HSP104	0.13	0.14	0.34	0.47	0.16	0.22	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.40	0.63	3.61
SSB2	0.13	0.09	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.07	0.04	0.02	0.14	0.04	0.04	0.42
ADH2	0.12	0.01	0.35	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.34	0.40	3.28
ACT1	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.08	0.04	0.13	0.10	0.11	1.04
HXT7	0.10	0.10	0.22	0.20	0.10	0.18	0.17	0.10	0.47	0.20	0.17	1.95
CIT1	0.09	0.04	0.29	0.30	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.14	0.29	0.26	3.47
CIT2	0.06	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.20	0.09	0.08	0.06	0.02	0.08	0.16	1.68
EFT1	0.04	0.01	0.22	0.16	0.11	0.08	0.10	0.07	0.03	0.15	0.16	3.46
CYC1	0.04	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.10	0.09	0.18	1.38
SPI1	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.03	2.87
HSP30	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.05	0.01	0.06	0.15	4.35
GAL1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.27	0.50	0.36	0.16

Terminators

We do not have data for terminators. However you can specify any *S. cerevisiae* gene by common name and CASdesigner will use its terminator, defined as the 250 bp downstream the named gene.

Protein Tags

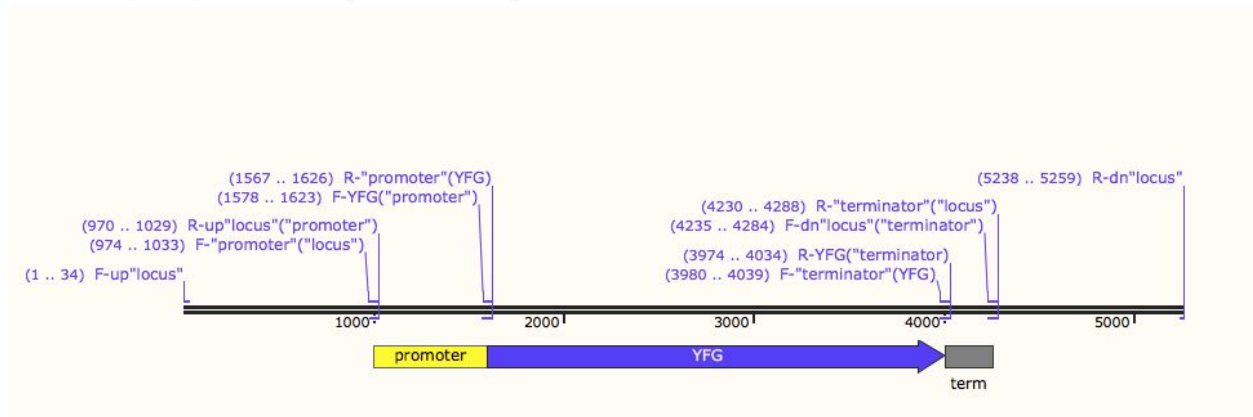
We have several localization tags, MBP solubility tags, Ubiquitin-based stability tags, and GFP tags. These will be added to CASdesigner soon.

Cassette construction

The markerless cassette will contain your genetic edit flanked by 1kb homology regions. In the case of a deletion, the donor DNA is just these homology regions fused so as to delete the protein-coding sequence from start to stop codon.

A “standard cassette” consists of a 600-bp promoter, your protein-coding sequence, and a 250-bp terminator. The promoter and terminator sequences are always the same size and can be PCRd from genomic DNA. CASdesigner creates primer sequences with an annealing temperature of 57°C (to the template). Except for terminal primers, these sequences also include 5’ overhangs providing 30-60 bp of inter-fragment homology. These fragments can be assembled by homologous recombination inside the cell, Gibson assembly, or PCR sewing. We’ve had good success transforming up to ~4 fragments into one site.

Our primer nomenclature is described in Figure 1. Generally, F is used for the forward primer, and R for the reverse. The letter is followed by the feature the primer anneals to, and then, in parentheses, the feature the overhang confers homology to. As an example, F-YFG(TDH3ps) is the forward primer annealing to YFG, and conferring homology to TDH3ps. A PCR reaction amplifying YFG with the primers F-YFG(TDH3ps) and R-YFG(ADH1ts) results in a DNA fragment with 5’ homology to the TDH3 promoter, and 3’ homology to the ADH1 terminator. The total melting temperature and length of overhang vary for each primer. All primers are <60 nt.



Feedback

To report bugs, inquire about collaborations, and provide any feedback, please e-mail casdesigner@lbl.gov or create a support ticket directly via [github](https://github.com).