

# Customer Analytics

Data collection and RFM & CLV

- Direct Marketing - 1960s
- Data Granularity
- Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

# Recency, **F**requency & **M**onetary Value

- **Recency**

- Last time someone made a purchase or did some other kind of economically valuable activity

- **Frequency**

- How many purchases or economically beneficial activities made over a set period of time

- **Monetary Value**

- Average monetary value

# How much will donors give in the future?

How does it depend on their past patterns?

ID	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
100001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100002	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100003	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100004	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100005	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	?	?	?	?	?
100006	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100007	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100008	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100009	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100010	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
...												
111102	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111103	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111104	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?

ID	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
100001	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100002	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100003	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100004	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100005	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	?	?	?	?	?
100006	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100007	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100008	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100009	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100010	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
...												
111102	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111103	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111104	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?

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100003	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100004	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100005	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	?	?	?	?	?
100006	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100007	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100008	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100009	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100010	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
...												
111102	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111103	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111104	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?



# Let's first look at “Bob”

What can we predict about his giving in 2002-2006

[illegible]

# What can we tell about “Sarah”?

ID	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
<b>SARAH</b>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100002	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100003	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100004	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100005	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	?	?	?	?	?
100006	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100007	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
<b>BOB</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
...												
111102	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111103	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111104	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?

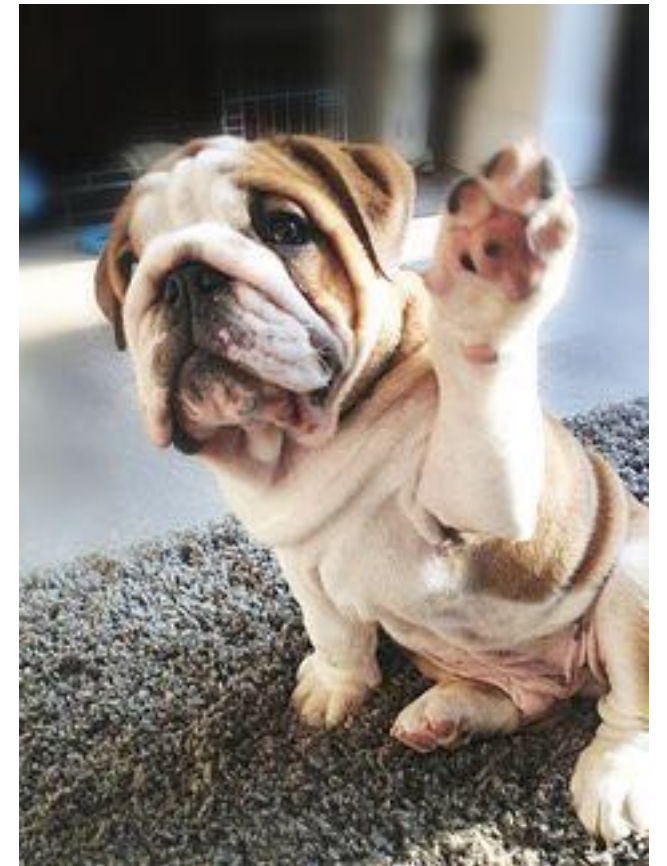


# How do “Mary” and “Sharmila” compare?

ID	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
SARAH	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100002	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100003	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
MARY	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100005	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	?	?	?	?	?
100006	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100007	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
BOB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
SHARMILA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100010	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
...												

Which one will be more valuable and by how much?

- If you think that **Mary** is the one who will be more valuable in the future
- If you think that **Sharmila** will be the more valuable one
- Any of you thinks that will be a tie? Any of you thinks that **Mary** and **Sharmila** will be worth pretty much the same?



# How do “Mary” and “Sharmila” compare?



ID	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
SARAH	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100002	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100003	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
MARY	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100005	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	?	?	?	?	?
100006	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100007	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
BOB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
SHARMILA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100010	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
...												

Which one will be more valuable and my how much?

# Recency & Frequency

- **What does it mean when there's one or more “no donation” at the end of a sequence?**
  - The donor **lapsed** (i.e., left the donor pool)
  - The donor is **dormant** (i.e., decided not to give that year, didn't think of giving, etc.)
  - We don't know, but can build a model to come up with a “best guess”

**Answer:** We never know for sure whether the donor is lapsed or not; based on **recency** and **frequency** of their donation, we can make an educated guess about the probability of lapsing, so we can decide where to devote resources



# How do “Mary” and “Chris” compare?

ID	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
SARAH	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100002	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
100003	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?
MARY	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
100005	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	?	?	?	?	?
100006	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
100007	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	?	?	?	?	?
BOB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
...												
111102	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
CHRIS	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	?	?	?	?	?
111104	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	?	?	?	?	?



# Managerial Questions

- Who are my customers?
- Which customer should I target and spend most of the marketing budget on?
- What's the future value of my customers?

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**Segmentation**

**Scoring**

**Customer  
Lifetime Value**

# Segmentation

**What managerial goal  
do I want to achieve?**

- **RFM Segmentation**
  - Recency
  - Frequency
  - Monetary Value

# Limitations of Statistical Segmentation

- Customers change continuously and modify their behavior
- Involved
- Stability over time

# Developing a Managerial Segmentation

- **Simple:**

Do not create too many segments. If you do, your segmentation will become too complex and hard to use.

- **Relevant:**

The segments you define need to be relevant to your managers using segmentation.



# Goal

**Identify, segments or groups of customers, that should receive more or less attention.**

**Catalogs**

**Coupons**

**Emails**

**Phone calls**

**Direct mail solicitations**

How should we split or segment our database?

# Who are my customers?

- How much do they spend?
- How likely they'll buy from us in the future?

# Managerial Segmentation



**INACTIVE**

Recency  
37+ mo

**COLD**

Recency  
25-36 mo

**WARM**

high value  
 $\$ \geq 100$

**WARM**

low value  
 $\$ < 100$

**NEW**

warm

Recency  
13-24 mo

**ACTIVE**

high value  
 $\$ \geq 100$

**ACTIVE**

low value  
 $\$ < 100$

**NEW**

active

Recency  
< 12 months

# Describe segments

- **Segment centroid**
- **Segment profile**
- **“Persona”**  
A stereotypical individual who represents the entire segment



# Segments & Revenue Generation

- How much does each segment contributes to today's revenues?
- *Forward looking* analysis of revenue generation:  
**Which segment today would likely contribute to tomorrow's revenues?**
  - Will your active, high-value customers remain loyal and profitable next year?
  - How much revenue will your newly acquired customers generate a year from now?
  - Should you expect a lot of revenues from your currently inactive customers or should they be considered lost?

# Scoring Model

- Probability that a customer is going to buy something.
- How much money will they spend if they do buy something?

# Customer Lifetime Value

Why does it matter?

Net present value of all future streams of profits that a customer generates over the life of their business with the company.



**ACTIVE, HIGH VALUE**



**ACTIVE, LOW VALUE**



**WARM**



**COLD**



**INACTIVE**

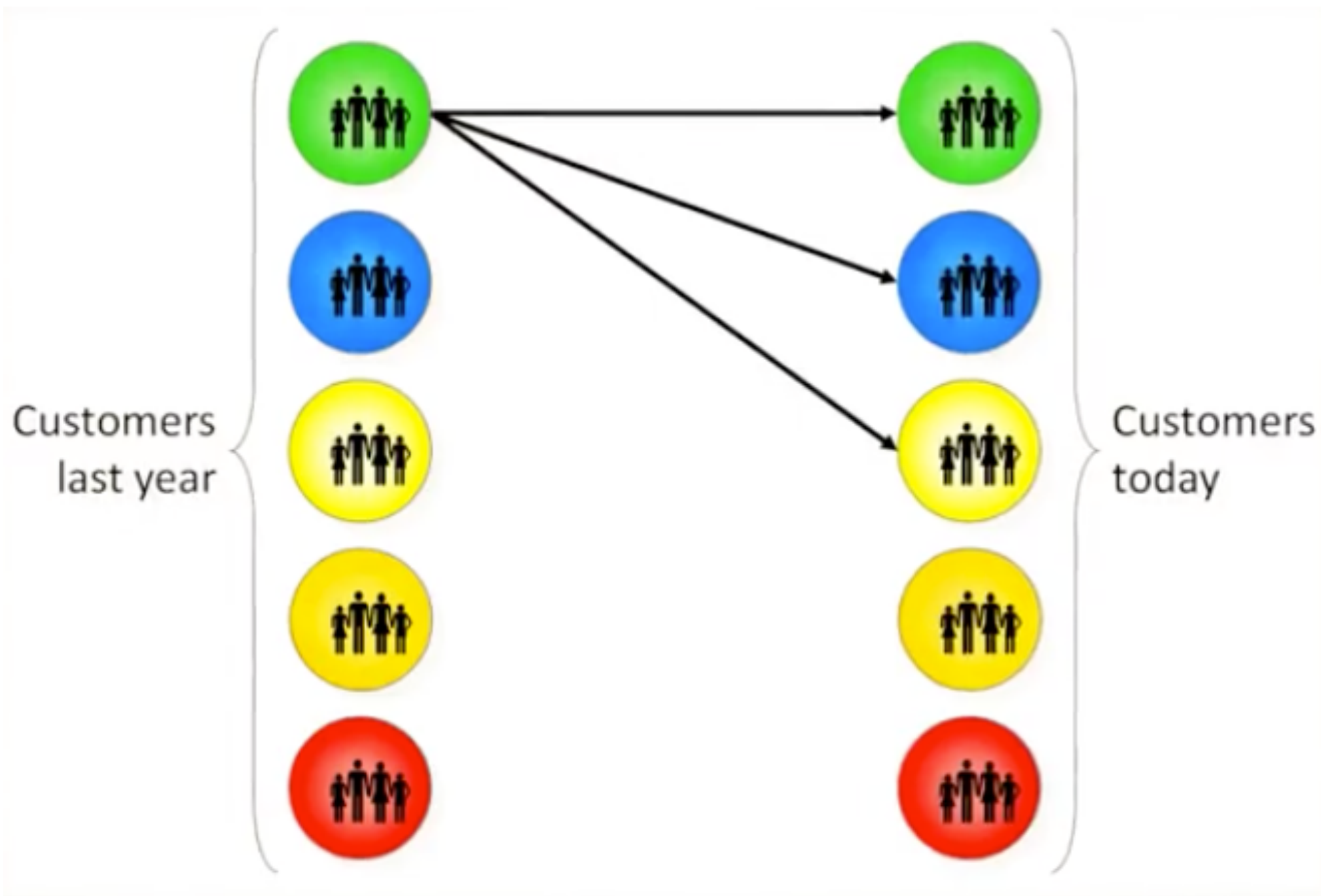
Customers  
last year

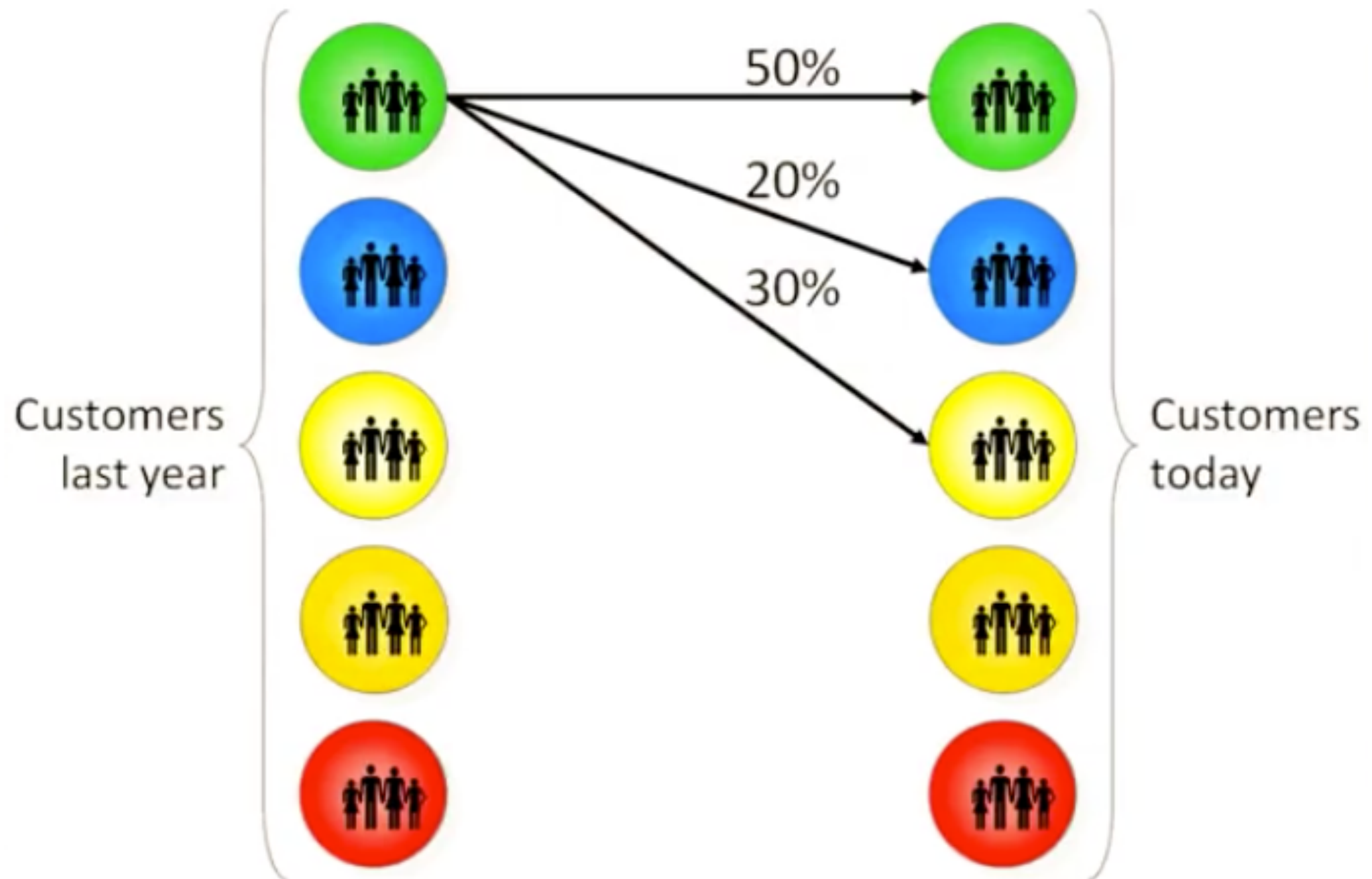


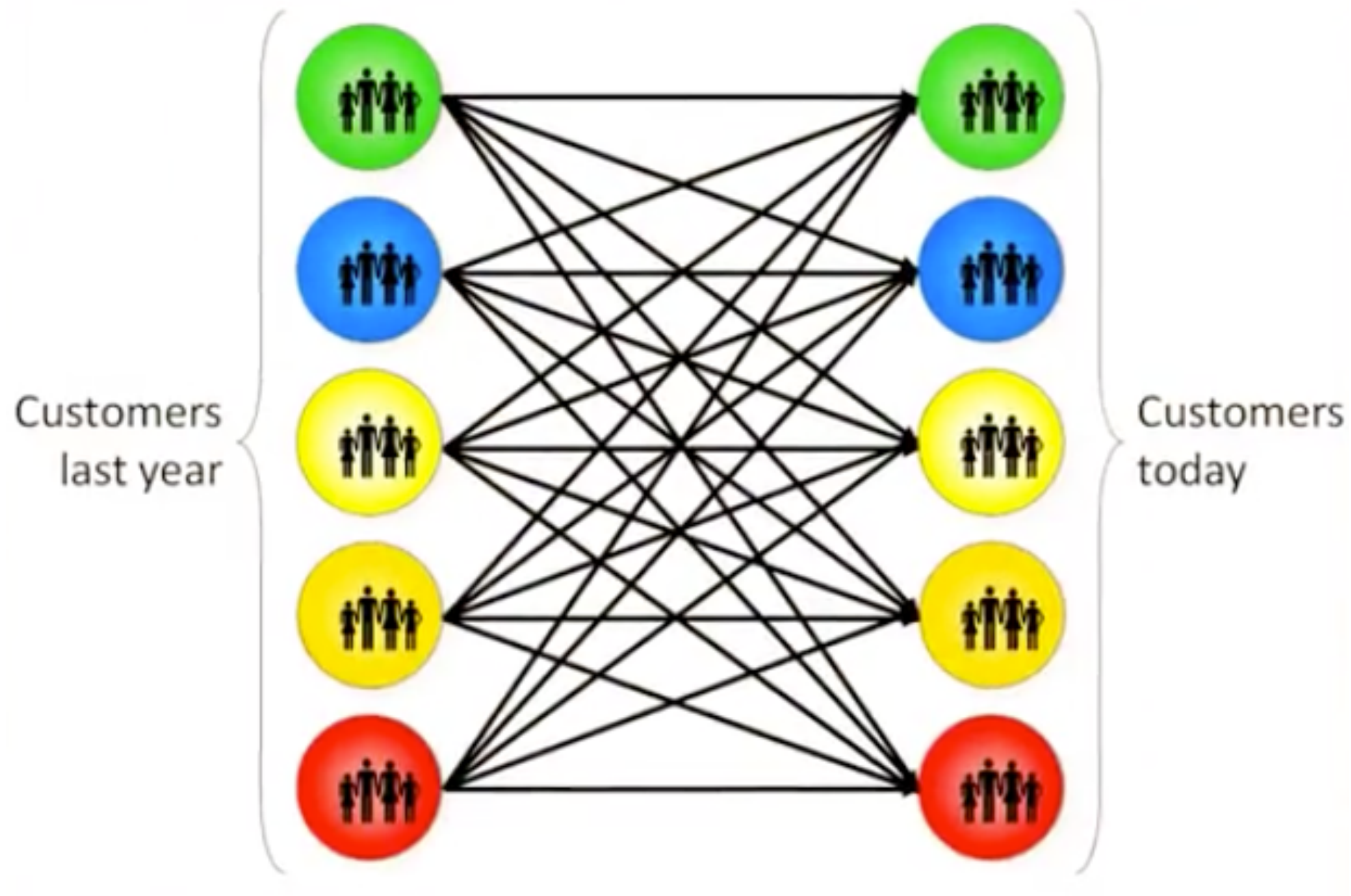
Customers  
today







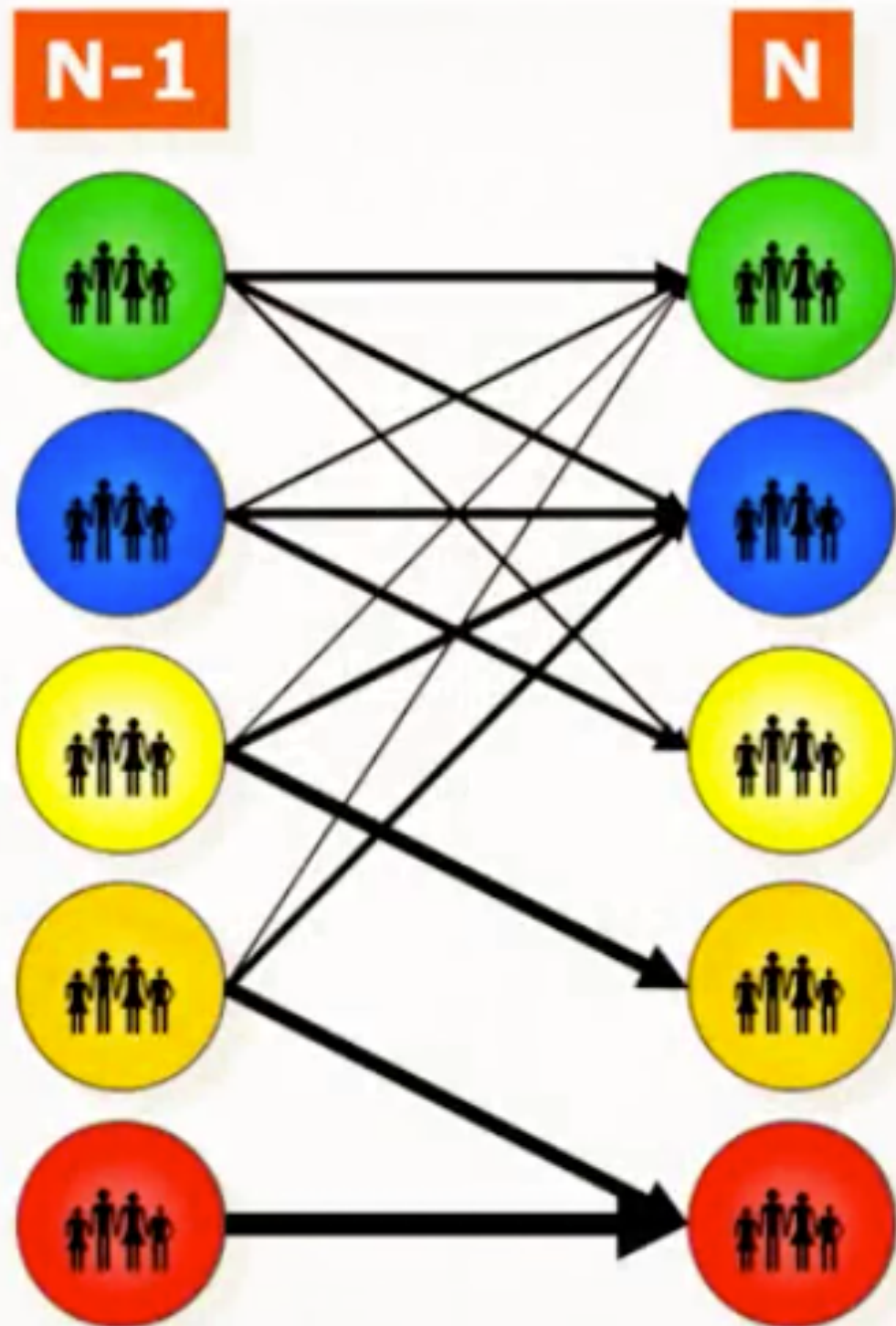




# Transition Matrix

	Active Top	Active Bottom	Warm	Cold	Inactive
Active Top	50%	20%	30%		
Active Bottom	10%	50%	40%		
Warm	5%	25%		70%	
Cold	1%	9%			90%
Inactive					100%





**Transition matrix**  
How many customers you have in each segment to date

# Assigning & Discounting revenue

- Revenue generated by a customer can be fully explained and predicted by the segment to which they belong.
- Discount revenues
  - What discount rate?

# Customer Lifetime Value

- Average revenue/year per segment (average\_revenue)
- Prediction of membership per segment (segment)

## **Average x Segment**

- Compute the sum for each column to obtain yearly revenues
- Don't forget to discount yearly revenues

$$\text{Revenue} \times 1/(1+\text{discount rate})^t$$



# Data Case

- You can find the data [here](#).
  - Labels: customer\_id, purchase\_amount, date\_of\_purchase
  - Discount rate 10%
- Project revenues for the next 10 years.
- What would the database be worth by 2025 (cumulated revenues, discounted)?
- Even # teams (Team 2, Team 4) will present to a technical audience
- Odd # teams (Team 1, Team 3 & Team 5) will present to a non-technical audience.
- Submit your notebook and slides by Thursday, July 13th by 12pm.