

The fusioncategories package^{*}

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Abstract

The fusioncategories package is a package for fusion category data.
This document provides a brief overview of the package and its features.

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^{*}This document corresponds to fusioncategories v0.1.0, dated 2024-07-28.

The fusioncategories package

1 Options

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| <code>delimiter</code> | <code>default: ,</code> |
|------------------------|-------------------------|

Sets the delimiter for the subscripts, superscripts, left indices, and right indices.

2 Functions

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| <code>\CreateSymbol</code> | <code>\CreateSymbol{<Symbol name>}{<subscripts?>}{<superscripts?>}{<left indices?>}{<right indices?>}</code> |
|----------------------------|--|

Creates a new symbol command with the specified argument types. For example,:

`\CreateSymbol{N}{true}{true}{}{}` creates the command:
`\NSymbol`, which can be used as follows:
`\NSymbol{a,b}{c}` produces: N_{ab}^c .

Arguments that are wanted should be marked with `1` or `true`, and arguments that are not wanted must be left blank or marked with `false`.

All commands created with `\CreateSymbol` also accept an optional star argument to place an overline over the symbol.

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| <code>\NSymbol</code> | <code>\NSymbol[<options>]{<subscripts>}{<superscripts>}</code> |
|-----------------------|--|

Produces a symbol with the specified subscripts and superscripts.

`\NSymbol{a,b}{c}` produces: N_{ab}^c .

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| <code>\XSymbol</code> | <code>\XSymbol[<options>]{<subscripts>}{<superscripts>}{<right indices>}</code> |
|-----------------------|---|

Produces a symbol with the specified subscripts, superscripts, and right indices.

`\XSymbol{a,b}{c}{\alpha}` produces: $[X_{ab}^c]_{\alpha}$.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| <code>\FSymbol</code> | <code>\FSymbol[<options>]{<subscripts>}{<superscripts>}{<left indices>}{<right indices>}</code> |
|-----------------------|---|

Produces a symbol with the specified subscripts, superscripts, left indices, and right indices.

`\FSymbol{a,b,c}{d}{\alpha,e,\beta}{\mu,f,\nu}` produces: $\overset{\beta}{\underset{\alpha}{e}} \left[F_{abc}^d \right]_{\mu}^{\nu} f$.

`\FSymbol*{a,b,c}{d}{\alpha,e,\beta}{\mu,f,\nu}` produces: $\overset{\beta}{\underset{\alpha}{e}} \left[\overline{F_{abc}^d} \right]_{\mu}^{\nu} f$.

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| <code>\RSymbol</code> | <code>\RSymbol[⟨options⟩]{⟨subscripts⟩}{⟨superscripts⟩}{⟨left indices⟩}{⟨right indices⟩}</code> |
| | Produces a symbol with the specified subscripts, superscripts, left indices, and right indices. |
| | <code>\RSymbol{a,b}{c}{\alpha}{\beta}</code> produces: ${}_{\alpha}\left[R_{ab}^c\right]_{\beta}$. |

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The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

| | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | C | | N |
| <code>\CreateSymbol</code> | <i>2</i> | <code>\NSymbol</code> | <i>2</i> |
| | D | | R |
| <code>delimiter</code> | <i>2</i> | <code>\RSymbol</code> | <i>3</i> |
| | F | | X |
| <code>\FSymbol</code> | <i>2</i> | <code>\XSymbol</code> | <i>2</i> |

Change History

| | |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| v0.1.0 | |
| General: Initial version | <i>1</i> |