

CSCI 200: Foundational Programming Concepts & Design

Lecture 27



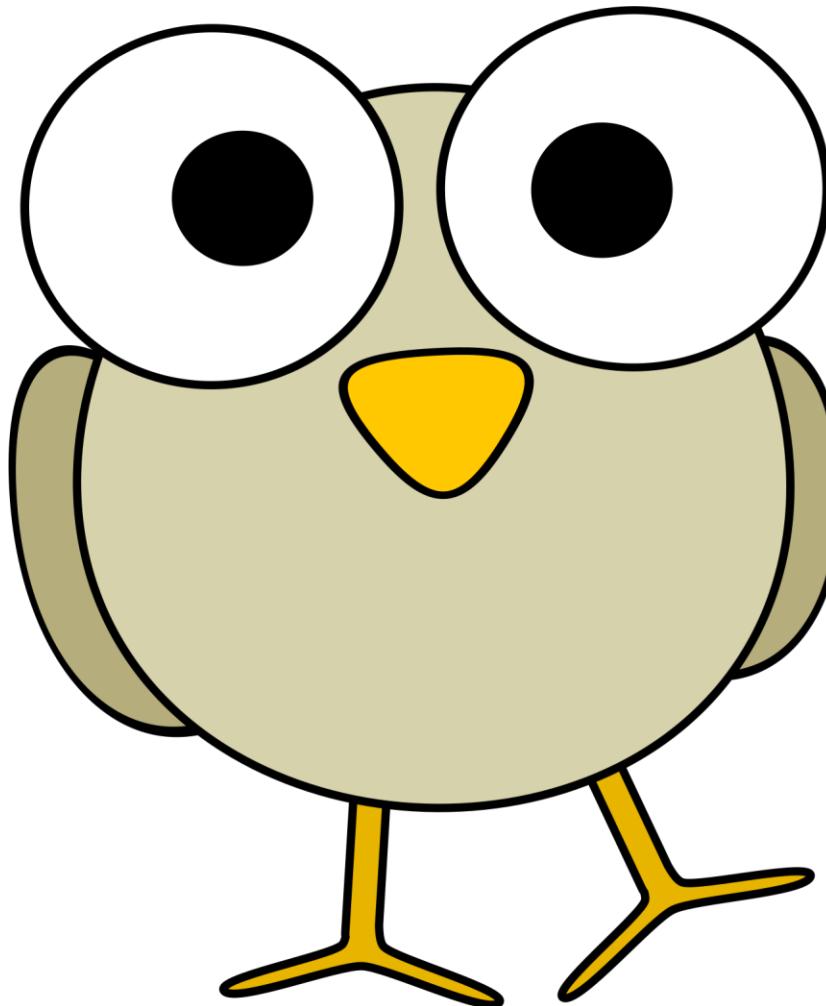
Making & Using Libraries

Previously in CSCI 200



- Inheritance
 - Child class inherits members from Parent class

Questions?



Learning Outcomes For Today



- Explain what a library archive is
- Discuss reasons why headers & implementations can be bundled into a library archive and distributed
- Build and install a third-party library (SFML) to use within a C++ program (to display graphics)

On Tap For Today



- Using Libraries
- The SFML Library
- Practice

On Tap For Today



- Using Libraries
- The SFML Library
- Practice

Warehouse



```
#include "Box.h"  
#include <vector>  
  
class Warehouse {  
public:  
    ...  
private:  
    std::vector<Box*> *_pBoxen;  
    ...  
};
```

Warehouse



```
#include "Box.h"  
#include <vector>  
  
class Warehouse {  
public:  
    ...  
private:  
    std::vector<Box*> *_pBoxen;  
    ...  
};
```

- Where is **Box.h** header file located?

Warehouse



```
#include "Box.h"  
#include <vector>  
  
class Warehouse {  
public:  
    ...  
private:  
    std::vector<Box*> *_pBoxen;  
    ...  
};
```

- Where is **Box.h** header file located?
 - Alongside **Warehouse.h**

Warehouse



```
#include "Box.h"  
#include <vector>  
  
class Warehouse {  
public:  
    ...  
private:  
    std::vector<Box*> *_pBoxen;  
    ...  
};
```

- Where is **vector** header file located?

Including Headers



```
#include "LocalHeader.h"
```

```
#include <SystemHeader.h>
```

Finding System Headers



- Windows: Inside MinGW hierarchy
- OS X: Inside XCode hierarchy

```
jpaone@Havenwood-2:~ % ls -l /Library/Developer/CommandLineTools/usr/include/c++/v1
jpaone@Havenwood-2 ~ % 
__bit_reference          fenv.h
__bsd_locale_defaults.h filesystem
__bsd_locale_fallbacks.h float.h
__config                  forward_list
__cxxabi_config.h         fstream
__debug                   functional
__errc                    future
__functional_03            initializer_list
__functional_base          inttypes.h
__functional_base_03       iomanip
__hash_table               ios
__libcpp_version           iosfwd
__locale                  iostream
__mutex_base               istream
__node_handle              iterator
__nullptr                 latch
__split_buffer             limits
__sso_allocator            limits.h
__std_stream               list
__string                  locale
__threading_support        locale.h
__tree                     map
```

Warehouse



```
#include "Box.h"  
#include <vector>  
  
class Warehouse {  
public:  
    ...  
private:  
    std::vector<Box*> *_pBoxen;  
    ...  
};
```

- Where is **Box** implementation located?

Warehouse



```
#include "Box.h"  
#include <vector>  
  
class Warehouse {  
public:  
    ...  
private:  
    std::vector<Box*> *_pBoxen;  
    ...  
};
```

- Where is **Box** implementation located?
 - Alongside in **Box.cpp**

Warehouse



```
#include "Box.h"  
#include <vector>  
  
class Warehouse {  
public:  
    ...  
private:  
    std::vector<Box*> *_pBoxen;  
    ...  
};
```

- Where is **vector** implementation located?

Finding System Libraries



- Again, from MinGW / XCode
- `libstdc++` contains the C++ Standard Libraries

```
jpaone@Havenwood-2 ~ % ls /usr/lib
charset.alias                               libstdc++.6.dylib
cron                                         log
dsc_extractor.bundle                         pam
dtrace                                         pkgconfig
dyld                                         python2.7
groff                                         rpcsvc
libLeaksAtExit.dylib                         ruby
libMTLCapture.dylib                         sasl2
libffi-trampolines.dylib                   sqlite3
libmalloc.dylib                            ssh-keychain.dylib
lib hunspell-1.2.0.dylib                   swift
libiodbc.2.dylib                           system
libiodbcinst.2.dylib                        updaters
libobjc-trampolines.dylib                 xpc
libpython.dylib                            zsh
```

Archive File



- What's a library archive file?
 - Collection of object files
- What's an object file?
 - Compiled binary representation of C++ source code

Why Use Archive Files As Libraries?



- Single source of truth / Reuse
 - Headers & Implementations live in one place for ALL programs to access & use
- Distribution
 - Share a stable version of classes/functions for others to use

Distribution



1. Share header files

- Serves as form of documentation for interface that is available
- Necessary for other programs to include to be able to compile with your declared components

2. Share precompiled object files

- Implementation doesn't change (compile once, use many)
- Abstract (& hide) details of implementation (may contain proprietary algorithm)

Header Best Practices



- Headers should be minimal, only include what is absolutely necessary for interface
- Don't include any headers in your header that aren't required in that file
 - Anything that can go into source file should
- Don't use **using namespace** which forces others to as well

Informing the Compiler



- Tell the compiler where to look for header files
- Compiler command template

```
$ (CXX) $ (CFLAGS) -o $ (OBJ_NAME) -c $ (SRC_NAME) -I$ (INC_PATH)
```

- For instance

```
g++ -Wall -g -std=c++17 -o main.o -c main.cpp -Iz:\CSCI200\include
```

- Specify location in Makefile

Informing the Linker



- Tell the linker where to look for library files
- Linker command template

```
$ (CXX) -o $ (TARGET_NAME) $ (OBJECT_NAMES) -L$ (LIB_PATH) $ (LIBS)
```

- For instance

```
g++ -o SFMLExample.exe main.o -LZ:\CSCI200\lib -lsfml-system
```

- Specify location and libraries in Makefile

Makefile Updates



```
# customize your build

TARGET = TestLibrary
SRC_FILES = main.cpp
CXX = g++
CXXFLAGS = -Wall -Wextra -Wpedantic -g -std=c++17
INC_PATH = Z:\CSCI200\include # location where headers are
LIB_PATH = Z:\CSCI200\lib      # location where archive files are
LIBS = -lTestLib              # name of archive file to load

# do not edit below here

OBJECTS = ${SRC_FILES:.cpp=.o}
DEL = ...

all: ${TARGET}

${TARGET}: ${OBJECTS}
    ${CXX} -o $@ $^ -L${LIB_PATH} ${LIBS}

.cpp.o:
    ${CXX} ${CXXFLAGS} -o $@ -c $< -I${INC_PATH}

clean:
    ${DEL} ${TARGET} ${OBJECTS}
```

On Tap For Today



- Using Libraries
- The SFML Library
- Practice

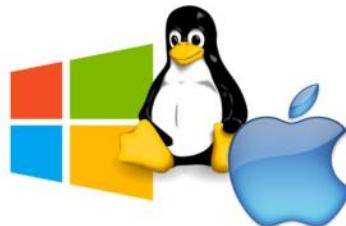
SFML



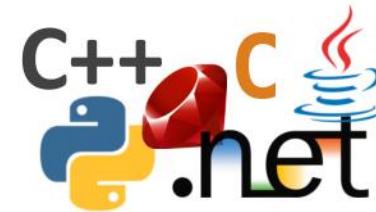
- Simple & Fast Multimedia Library



Multimedia



Multiplatform



Multilanguage

What is SFML?



- <http://www.sfml-dev.org>
- Multimedia = Graphics & Audio
- Used for:
 - Games
 - Data Visualization
 - Networking
 - And much much more!

SFML Libraries



- SFML source code download consists of:
 - SFML-3.0.2/
 - include/
 - lib/
 - *Bunch of other stuff*
- Need to copy the
 - header files from include/
 - library files from lib/
- This is the start of Lab4C

Important Version Note



- Using v3.0.2 for this semester
 - Make sure any tutorials, references, resources are using v3.0 and not v2.6 or earlier

SFML Header



- Include like any other library file

```
#include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>
```

- Provides functions and complex data types that are used to display graphics
- (Other SFML headers exist as needed)

Sample SFML Program



```
01 #include <SFML/Graphics.hpp>
02
03 int main() {
04     // add File I/O commands here so they occur once!
05     sf::Vector2u windowSize(640, 640);
06     sf::RenderWindow window( sf::VideoMode( windowSize ),
07                             "Window Title" ); // create & open a window
08     while( window.isOpen() ) {
09         window.clear(); // clear the existing contents of the window
10         // add drawing commands here so they draw every frame
11         window.display(); // display the window on screen
12         // check for user interaction
13         while( const std::optional<sf::Event> event = window.pollEvent() ) {
14             if( event->isClosed() ) { // user press window X
15                 window.close(); // close the window
16             }
17         }
18     }
19 }
```

Drawing Shapes



- Circle

```
sf::CircleShape circ;  
circ.setRadius( 20.f );  
circ.setPosition( sf::Vector2f(45.f, 90.f) );  
circ.setFillColor( sf::Color::Yellow );  
window.draw( circ );
```

- Rectangle

```
sf::RectangleShape rect;  
rect.setSize( sf::Vector2f(150.f, 75.f) );  
rect.setPosition( sf::Vector2f(115.f, 120.f) );  
rect.setFillColor( sf::Color::Blue );  
window.draw( rect );
```

Adding Color



- Use the `setFillColor()` function
- Use the `setOutlineColor()` and `setOutlineThickness()` functions
- Several options:
 - Built-in values:
`sf::Color::Red`, `sf::Color::Green`,
etc.
 - Custom value:
`sf::Color(red, green, blue)`

Drawing Text: Part I



- First, we need to load a font to use
- And make sure it loaded properly

```
sf::Font myFont;  
  
if( !myFont.openFromFile( "data/arial.ttf" ) ) {  
    cerr << "Could not load font" << endl;  
  
    return -1;  
}
```

Drawing Text: Part II



- Now set up our Text object using the font

```
Text myLabel( myFont );
```

- Make use of text functions to set properties

```
myLabel.setString( "Hello World!" );
```

```
myLabel.setFillColor( sf::Color::Green );
```

```
myLabel.setPosition( sf::Vector2f(400.f, 150.f) );
```

- And tell window to draw it

```
window.draw( myLabel );
```

Displaying a Picture: Part I



- First, load the image into memory
 - Like text, we needed to load the font into memory

```
sf::Texture myTexture;

if( !myTexture.loadFromFile( "data/bubble.png" ) ) {
    cerr << "Could not load image" << endl;
    return -2;
}
```

Displaying a Picture: Part II



- Now add it to a Sprite and draw!
 - Sprite is like RectangleShape with a picture
 - Ta Da!

```
sf::Sprite mySprite( myTexture );  
  
mySprite.setPosition( sf::Vector2f(200.f, 250.f) );  
  
mySprite.setScale( sf::Vector2f(0.3f, 0.3f) );  
  
mySprite.setColor( sf::Color::Green );  
  
window.draw( mySprite );
```

Animation: Part I



- Need to store position as a variable

```
sf::Vector2f spritePos(0.f, 0.f);  
  
while( window.isOpen() ) {  
    // in draw loop  
    mySprite.setPosition( spritePos );  
    window.draw( mySprite );  
}
```

Animation: Part II



- Each iteration of draw loop = one frame

```
#include <SFML/System/Clock.hpp>

// before draw loop

sf::Vector2f spritePos(0.f, 0.f);

sf::Clock programClock;
sf::Time lastTime = programClock.getElapsedTime();

while( window.isOpen() ) {

    // in draw loop
    mySprite.setPosition( spritePos );
    window.draw( mySprite );

    sf::Time currTime = programClock.getElapsedTime();
    if( (currTime - lastTime).asMilliseconds() > THRESHOLD ) {
        spritePos.x += dx;
        spritePos.y += dy;
        lastTime = currTime;
    }
}
```

Interaction = Event Handling



- Ways user can interact
 - Via keyboard
 - Key press
 - Key release
 - Via mouse
 - Button press
 - Button release
 - Mouse movement
 - And others (window minimize, lose focus, etc.)

Keyboard Interaction



- Can have user close window via keyboard

```
// in draw loop

while( std::optional<Event> event = window.pollEvent() ) {
    if( const Event::KeyPressed * keyPressed =
        event->getIf<Event::KeyPressed>() ) {
        if( keyPressed->scancode == Keyboard::Scan::Q ) {
            window.close();
        }
    }
}
```

Mouse Clicks



- Have sprite jump to mouse click location

```
// in draw loop

while( std::optional event = window.pollEvent() ) {

    if( const sf::Event::MouseButtonPressed * mouseButtonPressed =
        event->getIf<sf::Event::MouseButtonPressed>() ) {

        // mouseButtonPressed->button - which button was pressed
        // mouseButtonPressed->position - mouse location when press occurred
    }
}
```

Event Handling



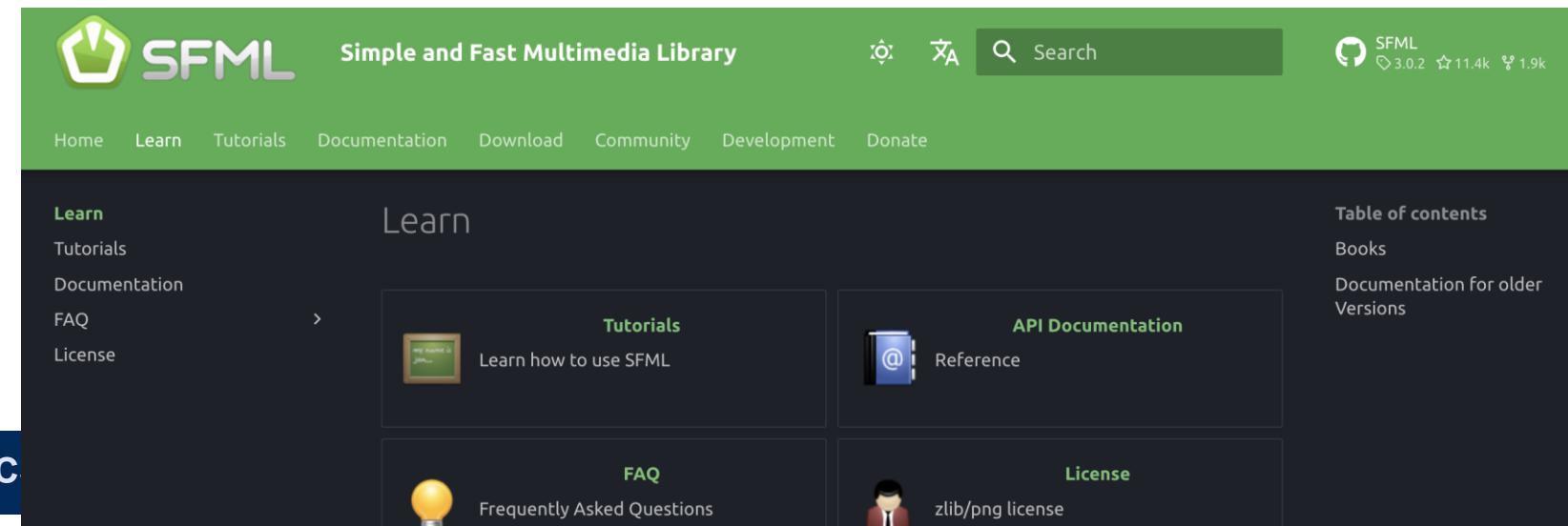
- Check all event types

```
while( std::optional<sf::Event> event = window.pollEvent() ) {  
    if( event->is<sf::Event::Closed>() ) {  
        // close window  
    } else if( const sf::Event::KeyPressed * keyPressed =  
               event->getIf<sf::Event::KeyPressed>() ) {  
        // do something based on which key is pressed  
    } else if( const sf::Event::MouseButtonPressed * mouseButtonPressed =  
               event->getIf<sf::Event::MouseButtonPressed>() ) {  
        // do something based on mouse click location/button  
    }  
    // check other events that could occur  
}
```

SFML Documentation



- Tutorials: <https://www.sfml-dev.org/tutorials/3.0/>
- API Documentation: <https://www.sfml-dev.org/documentation/3.0.2/>
- FAQ: <https://www.sfml-dev.org/faq.php>



The screenshot shows the official SFML website homepage. At the top, there's a green header bar with the SFML logo, the text "Simple and Fast Multimedia Library", a search bar, and a GitHub link showing the repository has 11.4k stars and 1.9k forks. Below the header, a navigation menu includes links for Home, Learn, Tutorials, Documentation, Download, Community, Development, and Donate. On the left, a sidebar under the "Learn" heading lists Tutorials, Documentation, FAQ, and License. The main content area features a "Learn" section with a "Tutorials" card (showing a school desk icon) and an "API Documentation" card (showing a person icon). At the bottom, there are cards for "FAQ" (lightbulb icon) and "License" (person icon).

Building Against SFML – Makefile



```
# if not placed in system folders
# location where SFML headers are
INC_PATH = Z:\CSCI200\include
# location where SFML archive files are
LIB_PATH = Z:\CSCI200\lib

# name of archive files to load
LIBS = -lsfml-window -lsfml-graphics -lsfml-system -lsfml-audio -lsfml-network
```

On Tap For Today



- Using Libraries
- The SFML Library
- Practice

To Do For Next Time



- L4C
 - Build and install SFML on your machine
 - OS dependent but cross-platform
 - YMMV - ask for help on Ed!
- A4
 - Draw balls bouncing around the screen
 - Add/remove balls
- Ask for help on Ed about setting up SFML!